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Considerations and priorities for incorporating the patient perspective on remission in Rheumatoid Arthritis: An OMERACT 2020 Special Interest Group report

Bethan Jones^{1, 2}, Caroline A Flurey¹, Susanna Proudman³, Ricardo J. O. Ferreira^{4, 5}, Marieke Voshaar^{6,7}, Wijnanda Hoogland⁷, Hema Chaplin⁸, Niti Goel⁹, Merete Lund Hetland^{10, 11}, Catherine Hill³, Bindee Kuriya^{12, 13} Kate Mather¹⁴, Linda Rasch¹⁵ Beverley Shea¹⁶, Jasvinder A. Singh^{17, 18, 19}, Josef S Smolen²⁰, Jose AP da Silva²¹, Savia de Souza²², Tanja Stamm²³, Paul Studenic^{24, 20}, Maarten de Wit⁷, Peter Tugwell²⁵, Maarten Boers¹⁵

Corresponding author:

Dr Caroline Flurey
Faculty of Health and Applied Sciences
Frenchay Campus
Coldharbour Lane
University of the West of England
Bristol, UK
BS16 1QY
Caroline2.Flurey@uwe.ac.uk
(+44) 0117 3281795

Affiliations:

- 1. Faculty of Health and Applied Sciences, University of the West of England, Bristol,
- 2. Academic Rheumatology, Bristol Royal Infirmary, UK.
- 3. Rheumatology Unit, Royal Adelaide Hospital and Discipline of Medicine, University of Adelaide, South Australia, Australia 5000.
- 4. Rheumatology department, Centro Hospitalar e Universitário de Coimbra, Coimbra, Portugal.
- 5. Health Sciences Research Unit: Nursing (UICISA: E), Escola Superior de Enfermagem de Coimbra, Coimbra, Portugal.
- 6. Department of Pharmacy, Radboudumc, Nijmegen, the Netherlands.
- 7. OMERACT Patient Research Partner, The Netherlands
- 8. Health Psychology Section, Institute of Psychiatry, Psychology and Neuroscience, King's College London, UK.
- 9. Duke University School of Medicine, Durham, NC
- 10. DANBIO and Copenhagen Center for Arthritis Research (COPECARE), Center for Rheumatology and Spine Diseases, Centre of Head and Orthopedics, Rigshospitalet, Copenhagen, Denmark
- 11. Department of Clinical Medicine, Faculty of Health and Medical Sciences, University of Copenhagen, Copenhagen, Denmark
- 12. Department of Medicine, University of Toronto. Canada
- 13. Mount Sinai Hospital, Toronto, Ontario, Canada
- 14. Patient Research Partner, Canada
- 15. Department of Epidemiology & Data Science; and Amsterdam Rheumatology and Immunology Center, Amsterdam University Medical Centers, Vrije Universiteit, Amsterdam, The Netherlands
- 16. School of Epidemiology and Public Health, University of Ottawa, Ottawa ON, Canada
- 17. Medicine Service, VA Medical Center, Birmingham, AL USA.

- 18. Department of Medicine at the School of Medicine, University of Alabama at Birmingham (UAB), USA
- 19. Department of Epidemiology at the UAB School of Public Health, Birmingham, AL, USA.
- 20. Division of Rheumatology, Department of Medicine 3, Medical University of Vienna, Austria
- 21. Institute for Clinical and Biomedical research (iCBR), Faculty of Medicine, University of Coimbra, Portugal
- 22. Centre for Rheumatic Diseases, Weston Education Centre, Kings College London, UK.
- 23. Section for Outcomes Research, Center for Medical Statistics, Informatics and Intelligent Systems, Medical University of Vienna, Vienna, Austria
- 24. Division of Rheumatology, Department of Medicine (Solna), Karolinska Institutet, Stockholm, Sweden.
- 25. Department of Medicine, University of Ottawa, Ottawa, Canada.

ABSTRACT

Objective: To determine how best to incorporate the patient perspective into rheumatoid arthritis remission criteria.

Methods: At OMERACT 2020, several studies, including a longitudinal multi-centre study testing the validity of adding patient-valued domains to the ACR/EULAR criteria, were presented and discussed by the virtual Special Interest Group.

Results: Overall consensus was that there is insufficient evidence to change the remission criteria at this point. Future work should focus on measurement of the new domain of independence, clarifying the value of the patient global assessment, and optimizing the input of domains that patient value in the criteria.

Conclusion: Incorporating the patient perspective into remission criteria should be further explored.

Keywords: OMERACT, rheumatoid arthritis, patient perspective, remission, patient-reported outcomes, independence, quality of life.

INTRODUCTION

Remission is the desired outcome in rheumatoid arthritis (RA) treatment. At Outcome Measures in Rheumatology (OMERACT) 10 (2010), concerns were raised as to whether the American College of Rheumatology/European Alliance of Associations for Rheumatology (ACR/EULAR) remission criteria (Felson *et al.*, 2011; Van Tuyl *et al.*, 2011), including tender and swollen joint count, C-reactive protein and patient global assessment of disease activity (PtGA) adequately incorporate the patient perspective. The OMERACT 'Remission in RA: Patient Perspective' Working Group (WG) was formed to explore what patients consider to be essential criteria for describing remission, and whether this differs from the remission criteria used by ACR/EULAR (Van Tuyl *et al.*, 2011). The timeline of work in RA remission from 2006 to 2021 can be seen in *Figure 1*.

First, qualitative focus groups were conducted to identify what remission ("disease activity as good as gone") meant to people with RA (Van Tuyl et al., 2013).

Participants defined remission under three broad themes: reduction/absence of symptoms; reduction of impact of their disease; and a "return to normality" of life.

Within these, a list of 26 domains were identified. Second, a survey study asked RA patients from six countries (n=274) to rank these 26 domains in order of importance (Van Tuyl et al., 2017). Domains most frequently included in the top three by participants were: pain, fatigue, and independence. The third phase was to identify candidate instruments for these domains, and explore their value in assessing RA remission in an international longitudinal cohort study (Rasch et al., Submitted).

We aimed to explore how to best incorporate the patient perspective into RA remission criteria following the presentation of these data at OMERACT 2020.

PRESENTING EVIDENCE

This was an OMERACT special interest group (SIG) meeting, informed by primary and secondary research studies, presented below.

Scoping literature review: Two scoping literature reviews were conducted (led by Remission Fellow BJ) to:

- identify any studies (qualitative and quantitative) that aimed to incorporate
 the patient perspective into an existing core outcome set for a long-term
 physical health condition.
- identify any studies (qualitative and quantitative) that explored the patient perspective of the definition of remission in RA to ensure the work of the remission group was still necessary and relevant.

In July 2019 comprehensive literature searches were conducted for both reviews using online databases: MEDLINE, EMBASE and CINAHL Plus, and reviewing citations from key publications in the field. For both reviews, the search strategy covered from 2011 (publication year of ACR/EULAR remission criteria) until July 2019 (when the searches were conducted). Both reviews only included results with adult participants, and had no limit on study design.

The search strategy for the inclusion of the patient perspective into a core set was: core set AND (patient perspective OR opinion* OR preference OR PRO* OR patient reported outcome*).

The search strategy for the patient perspective on remission in RA review was: remission AND rheumatoid arthritis AND (patient perspective OR opinion* OR preference OR PROM OR Patient-reported OR "Patient reported" OR PRO OR patient-evaluated OR "patient evaluated").

CONSORT diagrams outlining the number of eligible papers at each stage for Searches One and Two are presented in *Figures 2 and 3* respectively. Search One identified three published papers from the OMERACT remission in RA working group (Van Tuyl *et al.*, 2015; Rasch *et al.*, 2017; Van Tuyl *et al.*, 2016). Search Two did not identify any studies that aimed to incorporate the patient perspective into a preexisting core set. Therefore, this review identified no substantial new evidence beyond the work of this group.

Meta-analysis of PtGA and remission. An individual patient data meta-analysis from 11 randomised controlled trials (led by Remission Fellow RF: Ferreira et al., 2020) concluded that the current remission definition that includes the PtGA, in addition to tender and swollen joint counts and C-reactive protein, performs better than a remission definition that excludes PtGA, for predicting a good functional outcome (change ≤0.0 units in the Health Assessment Questionnaire-Disability Index [HAQ-DI] from month 12 and 24). However, adding PtGA to the remaining three remission criteria reduced the predictive accuracy (sum of true positive and true negative rates) for good radiographic outcomes (from 51.1% to 40.5%), with a potential risk for overtreatment.

Longitudinal cohort study: A longitudinal cohort study of RA patients with low disease activity (Disease Activity Score 28 joint count [DAS28]<3.2) or patient—perceived remission (i.e., answering 'yes' to the question "Would you say that at this moment your disease activity is as good as gone, yes or no?") was led by Remission past-Fellow LR and Co-chair MB. Participants (n=246) were recruited from four countries, with two sites providing longitudinal data at three (n=152) and six months (n=142). Validated instruments to measure pain and fatigue were selected, and a numerical rating scale was created to measure independence. These were tested in addition to ACR/EULAR Boolean-based remission (with and without PtGA) for prediction of functional outcome (HAQ-DI). Radiographic damage progression was an intended outcome measure but due to significant missing data was not analysed. Different disease activity scenarios (i.e., stable vs unstable in patient-perceived remission and in DAS28<2.6, at 0-3 and 3-6 months) were used and different sensitivity analyses were tested. Further details on this study can be found in the affiliated paper (Rasch et al, submitted).

Special Interest Group: 46 participants attended the virtual SIG (27th Oct 2020). Of these, 16 were patient research partners (PRPs). The WG's previous research (described above) was summarized (CF), and MB presented a more detailed account of the longitudinal study findings and responded to questions. Delegates contributed to group discussion either verbally or in a text chat stream running simultaneously throughout the meeting. At the end, a series of questions were posed to the attendees with the teleconferencing polling function used for voting (yes/no) (Table 1).

GROUP DISCUSSIONS

<u>Independence</u>

The measure used for independence in the longitudinal study is not validated, and therefore identified by the WG as a potential area of future research for discussion in the SIG. It was suggested that measurement of independence could be subjective and influenced by contextual factors such as access to social support networks and mobility aids, weather, time of day/year, and other conditions or injuries. Patients with longer disease duration and greater joint damage may have permanent loss of independence, which would reduce ability to reach remission:

"Achieving independence is wonderful and indeed what we are striving for, but as a domain for remission it then means that a patient with established RA will never be in remission, despite when pain and fatigue are gone" (patient delegate)

"Independence is a challenging one as loss of independence may still remain" (patient delegate)

A broader concept of independence that included quality of life and the ability to adjust to self-management was also discussed:

"I also wonder how much independence is helpful versus the term quality of life." (patient delegate)

"In a way I like to propose a new definition of health as "the ability to adjust and to self-manage" more than the more global term 'independence'." (patient delegate)

Patient Global Assessment (PtGA)

The influence of the PtGA on determining remission in RA has received much

attention in the literature (Boers, 2020; Nikiphorou *et al.*, 2016). Overall, two main suggestions were made: 1. To increase the PtGA cutoff from one to two out of 10 for remission criteria (Studenic *et al.*, 2020), supported by data from the validation study (Rasch *et al.*, Submitted), which found a substantial proportion of patients in self-declared remission score their PtGA as two; 2. To develop a patient's perspective of remission criteria separate from the physician's perspective (Ferreira *et al.*, 2019).

Some PRPs mentioned they were unsure how to consider impact of multiple conditions in the PtGA; and whether to take the domains of pain, fatigue, and independence into account when answering the PtGA. There was consideration of whether altering the anchor of the PtGA or to directly ask whether patients' RA was "as good as gone" might incorporate these domains identified as important from a patient perspective into remission criteria:

"As a patient with RA, I agree that my own criteria for the patient global score differs at times so I imagine each patient's criteria varies as well." (patient delegate)"

"I never know what I should be thinking about when giving my patient global score."

(patient delegate)

"It's hard to attribute fatigue to one disease over the other so the scale is always hard to complete" (patient delegate)

<u>Factors influencing measurement of remission</u>

Delegates noted that patients may not experience off-drug remission, highlighting impact of on- versus off-drug remission as an area for future research. The concept

of modifiers for remission, including medication, was welcomed by many in the group.

"Why can't there be various modifiers/qualifiers for "Remission" depending on context and trial? Time period, on/off meds" (Health professional delegate)

The duration of reduced or no symptoms was also raised by PRPs as important in defining remission. The existing criteria do not have specific requirements on time, and it was clarified that there was no agreement among patients in the initial focus groups regarding how long the RA symptoms would need to be absent for it to be considered RA remission (Van Tuyl *et al.*, 2013), therefore duration was not taken forward into further studies by this WG. Further research may be needed to reach consensus on a minimum clinically relevant duration of no symptoms:

"It can also have a huge impact on someone being told they are in remission and understanding if they truly are in remission ...or just having a good day" (patient delegate)

Wider implications

It was noted that while RA remission criteria are intended for use in clinical trials, they may have wider implications if used in clinical practice. For example, RA patients deemed to be in remission may be denied social security support or disability pension payments; or changes to employment duties or education may occur. Delegates were reminded that the goal of OMERACT is to develop outcome measures for clinical trials and while the criteria may filter into clinical practice, they

are not intended for clinical practice:

"I don't like the term remission as people equate it with remission in cancer and think you can go back to work, stop benefits, etc." (patient delegate)

Result of voting during session

The SIG voted on five questions. Thirty-nine participants (including 16 PRPs) voted on questions 1-4, and 38 participants voted on question 5. Table 1 reports delegate voting results for the entire group including patient stakeholders as well as for patient stakeholders separately.

Delegates reached consensus that there is insufficient evidence from existing data to propose a change to the remission criteria (92). However, consensus was also reached that independence is an important domain (92) and that efforts should be made to validate a numeric rating scale for independence (90) (Table 1). Additionally, consensus was reached that work should continue on the PtGA for remission criteria (95).

Future of the working group and next steps

The Remission in RA: Patient Perspective WG has now met its initial aim to identify the domains that are important to patients regarding the concept of remission. The suggested future direction of the WG is to develop and test a measure of independence for RA, firstly through further qualitative work to explore how patients understand and define the domain of independence in more depth. Additional work on the PtGA in relation to remission is also needed, but this may be beyond the scope of this WG and researchers have already begun to address this in the

literature (Hirsh *et al.*, 2019; Ferreira *et al.*, 2020). Exploring the value of a separate patient-perspective measure of remission is also a potential area for future research, although this was not voted on in the SIG.

Conclusion

In conclusion, there is insufficient evidence from the current data to propose a change to the existing ACR/EULAR remission criteria. However, independence is an important domain in need of further research to clarify the meaning with patients and to identify the best way to measure this. Work should also continue on the patient global assessment in relation to remission.

Declaration of competing interests:

Dr. Hetland reports grants from AbbVie, grants and personal fees from Biogen, grants from BMS, personal fees from CellTrion, grants from Eli Lilly, personal fees from Janssen, personal fees from MSD, grants and personal fees from Pfizer, grants from Roche, personal fees from Samsung Biopis, grants from Sandoz, grants from Novartis, outside the submitted work; Prof. Singh reports personal fees from Crealta/Horizon, Medisys, Fidia, Two labs Inc, Adept Field Solutions, Clinical Care options, Clearview healthcare partners, Putnam associates, Focus forward, Navigant consulting, Spherix, MedIQ, UBM LLC, Trio Health, Medscape, WebMD, and Practice Point communications; and the National Institutes of Health and the American College of Rheumatology, other from TPT Global Tech, Vaxart pharmaceuticals and Charlotte's Web Holdings, Inc., other from Amarin, Viking and Moderna pharmaceuticals, outside the submitted work; Prof Smolen received grants to his institution from Abbvie, AstraZeneca, Janssen, Lilly, Merck Sharpe & Dohme, Pfizer, and Roche and provided expert advice for, or had symposia speaking

engagements with, AbbVie, Amgen, AstraZeneca, Astro, Bristol-Myers Squibb, Celgene, Celltrion, Chugai, Gilead, ILTOO Pharma, Janssen, Lilly, Merck Sharp & Dohme, Novartis-Sandoz, Pfizer, Roche, Samsung, Sanofi, and UCB; Dr. Studenic reports grants from Abbvie, outside the submitted work;

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Bethan Jones: Methodology, Investigation, Formal analysis, Writing – original draft, Writing – review and editing **Caroline Flurey**: Conceptualization, Methodology, Investigation, Resources, Writing – reviewing & editing; Visualization, Supervision; Project Administration Susanna Proudman: Methodology, Investigation, Resources, Writing – review & editing, Supervision, Project administration Ricardo J. O. Ferreira: Conceptualization, Formal analysis, Writing – Reviewing & Editing Marieke **Voshaar:** Conceptualization, Writing – Reviewing & Editing **Wijnanda Hoogland:** Conceptualization, Writing – Reviewing & Editing Hema Chaplin: Writing – Reviewing & Editing Niti Goel: Writing – Reviewing & Editing Merete Hetland: Writing – Reviewing & Editing Catherine Hill: Writing – Reviewing & Editing Bindee Kuriya: Writing – Reviewing & Editing Kate Mather: Writing – Reviewing & Editing **Linda Rasch:** Conceptualization, Methodology, Formal analysis, Investigation, Writing - Reviewing & Editing **Beverley Shea:** Methodology, Writing - Reviewing & Editing Jasvinder A. Singh: Conceptualization, Methodology, Writing – Reviewing & Editing, Josef S Smolen: Conceptualization, Writing – Reviewing & Editing Jose AP da Silva: Investigation, Writing – Reviewing & Editing Savia de Souza: Writing – Reviewing & Editing **Tanja Stamm**: Writing – Reviewing & Editing **Paul Studenic**: Writing - Reviewing & Editing Maarten de Wit: Conceptualization, Writing -

Reviewing & Editing **Peter Tugwell:** Conceptualization, Methodology, Investigation, Writing – Reviewing & Editing **Maarten Boers:** Conceptualization, Methodology, Validation, Writing – Reviewing & Editing

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 Journal of Rheumatology. 38 (8), pp. 1735–1738. doi:10.3899/jrheum.110394.

Table 1: Delegate voting results from virtual Remission SIG at OMERACT 2020

Question	Weighted total Yes			Patients only n=17 (%)		Professionals only n=22 (%)	
	% (pPts +						
	pHCP)/2)						
	%	Yes	%	Yes	%	Yes	%
Do you agree that:							
a decision on the current criteria needs to be taken now?	24	10	26	2	12	8	36
there is insufficient evidence from the data to change	91	36	92	14	82	22	100
the ACR/EULAR remission criteria at this time?							
independence is an important domain?	91	36	92	14	82	22	100
the current numeric rating scale for independence	90	35	90	16	94	19	86
should be further validated?							
Should we continue to work on patient global assessment?*	95	36	95	17	100	19	90

^{*}NB: only 21 professionals completed the final question.

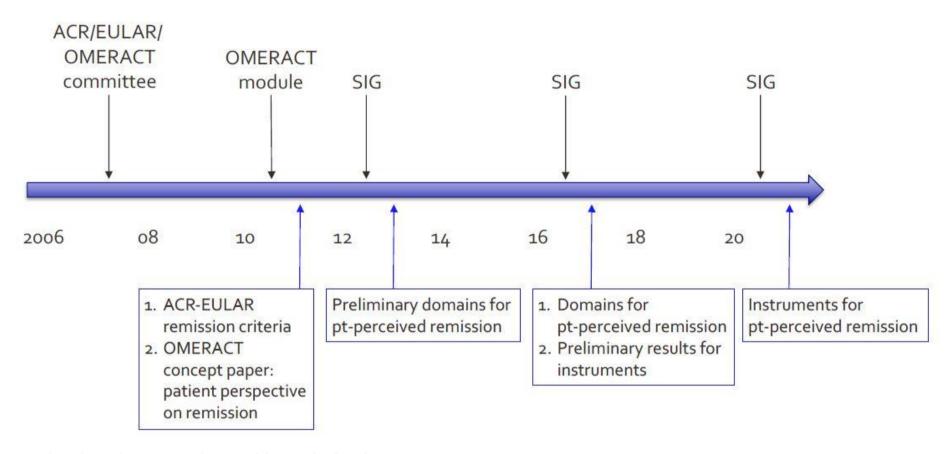


Figure 1: Timeline of rheumatoid arthritis remission from 2006 to 2021

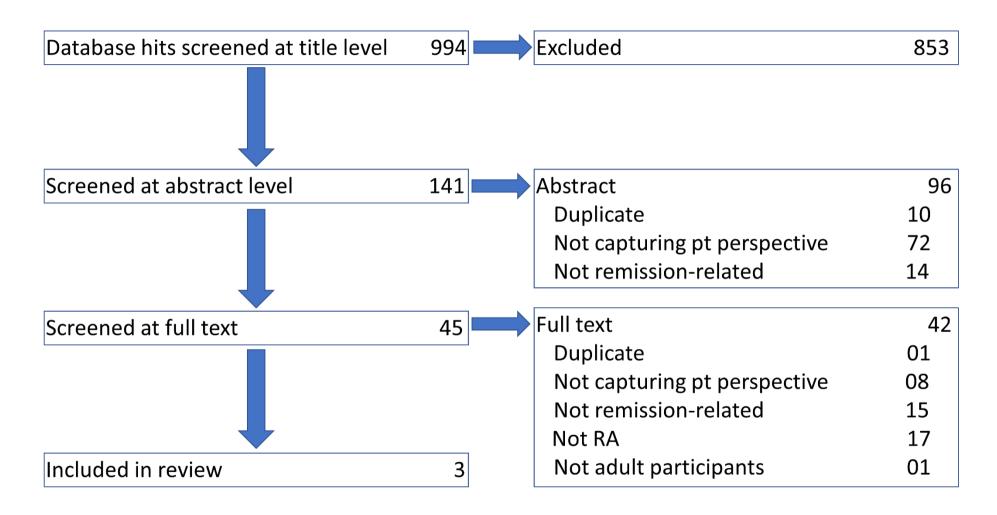


Figure 2: CONSORT diagram for Search One: Patient perspective of RA remission

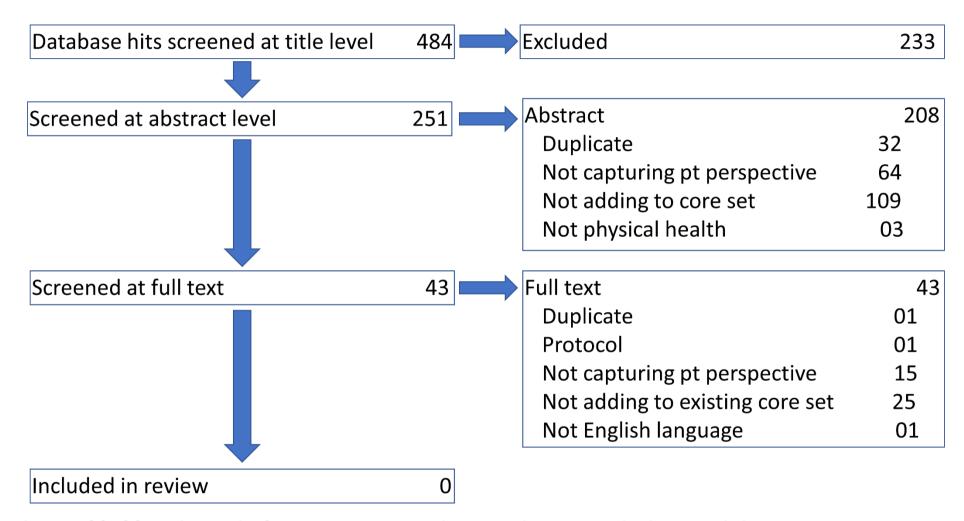


Figure 3: CONSORT diagram for Search Two: Incorporating the patient perspective into an existing core set

Supplementary material

Supplementary Table 1: Papers excluded at full text screening for Search ${\bf 1}$

Author	Date	Title	Reason for exclusion
Bartlett S.J.	2018	Lifestyle and MTX use are the	Not capturing patient
		strongest predictors of not	perspective
		achieving remission in the first year	
		of rheumatoid arthritis: Results	
		from the Canadian early arthritis	
		cohort (CATCH).	
Bingham et al.	2011	Identifying preliminary domains to	Not remission specific
		detect and measure rheumatoid	
		arthritis flares: report of the	
		OMERACT 10 RA Flare Workshop.	
Bubb et al.	2018	Incorporation of patient reported	Not remission specific
		outcomes data in the care of us	
		veterans with rheumatoid arthritis:	
5 11 .	2212	A randomized, controlled trial.	
Buhkari	2019	Is remission achievable in most	Not capturing patient
		patients with rheumatoid arthritis?	perspective
Dulcoule of al	2014	Results suggest not. Flares in Rheumatoid Arthritis:	Not remission and side
Bykerk et al.	2014		Not remission specific
		Frequency and Management. A	
Byrne	2019	Report from the BRASS Registry. Increasing the impact of behavior	Not remission specific
Бугпе	2019	change intervention research: Is	Not remission specific
		there a role for stakeholder	
		engagement?	
Castrejon et al.	2013	Can remission in rheumatoid	Not capturing patient
castrejon et an	2013	arthritis be assessed without	perspective
		laboratory tests or a formal joint	perspective
		count? Possible remission criteria	
		based on a self-report RAPID3	
		score and careful joint examination	
		in the ESPOIR cohort.	
Cheung P.,	2019	The patient acceptable symptom	Not remission specific
		state (PASS) in Asian rheumatoid	
		arthritis (RA) patients.	
De Wit et al.	2016	Feasibility and added value of	Not RA specific
		meaningful patient involvement in	
		the development of a core	
		outcome set for psoriatic arthritis.	
De Wit et al.	2016	Meaningful involvement of	Not RA specific
		patients in the development of a	
		core outcome set for psoriatic	
		arthritis.	

Felson	2012	Defining remission in rheumatoid arthritis.	Not capturing patient perspective
Felson et al.	2011	American college of rheumatology/European league against rheumatism provisional definition of remission in rheumatoid arthritis for clinical trials.	Not capturing patient perspective
Ferreira et al.	2017	Drivers of patient global assessment in patients with rheumatoid arthritis who are close to remission: An analysis of 1588 patients.	Not capturing patient perspective
Gossec et al.	2018	Phrasing of the patient global assessment in the rheumatoid arthritis ACR/EULAR remission criteria: an analysis of 967 patients from two databases of early and established rheumatoid arthritis patients.	Not capturing patient perspective
Gudu et al.	2017	Definition of remission and minimal disease activity in psoriatic arthritis: A systematic literature review.	Not RA specific
Hatemi, Gulen;	2017	Developing a Core Set of Outcome Measures for Behçet Disease: Report from OMERACT 2016.	Not RA specific
Heiberg et al.	2008	Identification of disease activity and health status cut-off points for the symptom state acceptable to patients with rheumatoid arthritis	Not remission-related
Hewlett S.,	2019	Dose reduction of biologic therapy in inflammatory arthritis: A qualitative study of patients' perceptions and needs.	Not remission-related
Højgaard et al.	2018	A systematic review of measurement properties of patient reported outcome measures in psoriatic arthritis: A GRAPPA-	Not RA specific
Holland et al.	2018	OMERACT initiative. Applicability of the PSAID12 questionnaire as a core outcome measurement in psa clinical trials: An evaluation using omeract filter	Not RA specific
Horta-Baas et al.	2017	2.1 instrument selection criteria. Evaluation of the activity of rheumatoid arthritis in clinical	Not RA specific

		practice. Agreement between self- rated clinimetric evaluation and	
		clinical evaluation with activity	
		indexes: DAS28, CDAI and SDAI.	
		<evaluacion actividad="" de="" la="" la<="" td=""><td></td></evaluacion>	
		artritis reumatoide en la atencion	
		clinica habitual. Concordancia	
		entre la autoclinimetria y la	
		evaluacion clinica con los indices	
		de actividad: DAS28, CDAI y SDAI.>	
Hsaio et al.	2017	Incorporating the patient's	Not remission specific
Idzerda et al.	2014	perspective in outcomes research. Can we decide which outcomes	Not remission-related
luzerua et al.	2014	should be measured in every	Not remission-related
		clinical trial? A scoping review of	
		the existing conceptual	
		frameworks and processes to	
		develop core outcome sets.	
Kapadia et al.	2015	Development of a core set of	Not adults
		outcomes in children with severe	
		neurodisability and feeding tune	
		dependency: A systematic review.	
Kloppenburg et	2015	Report from the OMERACT Hand	Not RA specific
al.		Osteoarthritis Working Group: Set	
		of Core Domains and Preliminary Set of Instruments for Use in	
		Clinical Trials and Observational	
		Studies.	
Leung A.M.H.,	2016	Defining criteria for rheumatoid	Not capturing patient
,		arthritis patient derived disease	perspective
		activity score that correspond to	
		Disease Activity Score 28 and	
		Clinical Disease Activity Index	
		based disease states and response	
Macefield et al.	2014	criteria.	Not remission related
Macerieia et ai.	2014	Developing core outcomes sets: methods for identifying and	Not remission-related
		including patient-reported	
		outcomes (PROs).	
Merkel et al.	2011	The OMERACT core set of outcome	Not RA specific
		measures for use in clinical trials of	'
		ANCA-associated vasculitis.	
Miedany et al.	2013	Treat to target of psoriatic arthritis:	Not RA specific
		Core set criteria of minimal disease	
		activity.	
Orbai	2017	Ensuring representativeness of the	Not remission-related
		patients' perspectives in the final	

		results generated from clinical research-challenges from the	
Orbai et al.	2016	perspective of researchers. Report of the GRAPPA-OMERACT psoriatic arthritis working group from the GRAPPA 2015 Annual	Not RA specific
Ow et al	2011	Meeting. Domains of health-related quality of life important and relevant to multiethnic english-speaking asian	Not RA specific
Paanalahti et al.	2014	systemic lupus erythematosus patients: A focus group study. Validation of the Comprehensive ICF Core Set for stroke by exploring the patient's perspective on functioning in everyday life: a	Not RA specific
Sanderson et al	2012	qualitative study. The development of the rheumatoid arthritis patient priorities in pharmacological intervention outcome measures.	Not remission-related
smith et al.	2018	A Core Outcome Set for Multimorbidity Research (COSmm).	Not RA specific
Tillet et al.	2014	Enhanced patient involvement and the need to revise the core set - Report from the psoriatic arthritis	Not RA specific
Tillet et al.	2015	working group at OMERACT 2014. Review of the psoriatic arthritis working group at OMERACT 12: A report from the GRAPPA 2014 annual meeting.	Not RA specific
Tillet et al.	2015	Review of the psoriatic arthritis working group at OMERACT 12: A report from the GRAPPA 2014 annual meeting.	Duplicate study
Tunis et al.	2017	Engaging Stakeholders and Promoting Uptake of OMERACT Core Outcome Instrument Sets.	Not remission-related
Van Tuyl	2014	Measurement of stiffness in patients with rheumatoid arthritis in low disease activity or remission: a systematic review.	Not remission-related
Weigl and Wild	2018	European validation of The Comprehensive International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health Core Set for Osteoarthritis from the perspective	Not RA specific

		of patients with osteoarthritis of the knee or hip.	
Zogala et al.	2018	Patient-reported outcome measures used in rheumatoid arthritis cohorts and registries around the world: An environmental scan from the outcome measures in rheumatology critical outcomes in longitudinal observational studies working group.	Not remission-related

Supplementary Table 2: Papers excluded at full text screening for Search 2

Author	Date	Title	Reason for exclusion
Aggarwal et al.	2017	2016 American College of Rheumatology/European League Against Rheumatism criteria for minimal, moderate, and major clinical response in adult dermatomyositis and polymyositis: An International Myositis Assessment and Clinical Studies Group/Paediatric Rheumatology International Trials Organisation Collaborative Initiative. 2016 American College of Rheumatology/European League Against	Not capturing patient perspective Duplicate
		Rheumatism criteria for minimal, moderate, and major clinical response in adult dermatomyositis and polymyositis: An International Myositis Assessment and Clinical Studies Group/Paediatric Rheumatology International Trials Organisation Collaborative Initiative.	
Aiachini et I.	2016	Validation of the ICF Core Set for Vocational Rehabilitation from the perspective of patients with spinal cord injury using focus groupsInternational Classification of Functioning	Not adding to existing core set
Aydin et al.	2019	Update on Outcome Measure Development in Large-vessel Vasculitis: Report from OMERACT 2018.	Not adding to existing core set
Aydin, Sibel Zehra et al	2015	Update on Outcome Measure Development for Large Vessel Vasculitis: Report from OMERACT 12.	Not adding to existing core set
Baker K. et al	2015	Restoring or threatening a normal life: Withdrawing medication from patients with rheumatoid arthritis in remission.	Not adding to existing core set
Barlett et al.	2013	Preliminary data supporting the feasibility and construct validity of promis fatigue scale and RA core set variables in an academic rheumatoid arthritis clinic.	Not adding to existing core set
Benham H.	2019	Treat-to-target in rheumatoid arthritis: Evaluating the patient perspective using the Patient Opinion Real-Time Anonymous Liaison system: The RA T2T PORTAL study.	Not adding to existing core set

Christalle et al.	2018	Assessment of patient centredness through patient-reported experience measures (ASPIRED): protocol of a mixed-methods study.	Protocol
Contreras-	2017	Patient's perspective of sustained	Not adding to
Yáñez		remission in rheumatoid arthritis.	existing core set
Curtis et al.	2013	Patient perspectives on achieving treat-	Not adding to
		to-target goals: A critical examination of	existing core set
		patient-reported outcomes.	
Dinglas et al.	2018	Understanding patient-important	Not adding to
		outcomes after critical illness: A	existing core set
		synthesis of recent qualitative, empirical,	
		and consensus-related studies.	
Direskeneli et	2011	Development of outcome measures for	Not adding to
al.		large-vessel vasculitis for use in clinical	existing core set
		trials: opportunities, challenges, and	
		research agenda.	
Falahee M., et	2019	Preferences of Patients and At-risk	Not adding to
al		Individuals for Preventive Approaches to	existing core set
E.L.	2042	Rheumatoid Arthritis.	Nat and day
Felson	2012	Defining remission in rheumatoid	Not capturing
Farmaina at al	2010	arthritis.	patient perspective
Ferreira et al.	2018	The impact of patient global assessment in the definition of remission as a	Not capturing
			patient perspective
		predictor of long-term radiographic damage in patients with rheumatoid	
		arthritis: protocol for an individual	
		patient data meta-analysis	
Gaujoux-Viala	2012	What are the reasons of discrepancies	Not adding to
Gaajoan Tiala	2012	between patients and physicians in their	existing core set
		perceptions of rheumatoid arthritis	
		disease activity and what is the impact of	
		this discordance on remission, function	
		and structure at 1 year?.	
Gossec et al.	2014	Doctor, will my fatigue be better if I'm in	Not adding to
		remission? An exploratory analysis of	existing core set
		1284 Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA) patients	
		indicates fatigue is the only aspect of	
		patient-perceived impact to remain	
		significant in ACR/EULAR boolean	
		remission.	
Gromnica-Ihle	2011	Treat-to-target from the patient	Not English
and Rink		perspective. <treat-to-target aus="" sicht<="" td=""><td>language</td></treat-to-target>	language
ا خم مامسال	2010	der Betroffenen.>	Not oddio - t -
Hirsh et al.	2019	Limited Health Literacy and Patient	Not adding to
	I	Confusion About Rheumatoid Arthritis	existing core set

		Patient Global Assessments and Model Disease States.	
Hush et al.	2012	Standardized measurement of recovery from nonspecific back pain.	Not adding to existing core set
Ishiguro N et	2018	Relationship between disease activity	Not adding to
al.		and patient-reported outcomes in	existing core set
		rheumatoid arthritis: Post hoc analyses of overall and Japanese results from two	
		phase 3 clinical trials.	
Katikaneni M.,	2018	Which is the best measure for	Not capturing
		rheumatoid arthritis disease activity? a	patient perspective
		head to head comparison of the six american college of rheumatology	
		recommended disease activity measures.	
Kojima et al.	2017	Patient-reported outcomes as	Not capturing
		assessment tools and predictors of long- term prognosis: a 7-year follow-up study	patient perspective
		of patients with rheumatoid arthritis.	
Kuusalo et al.	2017	Patient-reported outcomes as predictors	Not capturing
		of remission in early rheumatoid arthritis patients treated with tight control treat-	patient perspective
		to-target approach.	
Lee et al.	2011	Pain persists in DAS28 rheumatoid	Not capturing
		arthritis remission but not in ACR/EULAR remission: a longitudinal observational	patient perspective
		study.	
Munters et al.	2011	Patient preference of disability in	Not adding to
Olsen et al.	2016	rheumatoid arthritis. Predictors of Fatigue in Rheumatoid	existing core set Not capturing
Oiseil et al.	2010	Arthritis Patients in Remission or in a	patient perspective
		Low Disease Activity State.	
Orbai et al.	2017	Updating the psoriatic arthritis (PsA)	Not adding to
		core domain set: A report from the PsA workshop at OMERACT 2016.	existing core set
Pietrogrande	2011	Recommendations for the management	Not adding to
et al.		of mixed cryoglobulinemia syndrome in	existing core set
Rasch et al.	2017	hepatitis C virus-infected patients. Validating Rheumatoid Arthritis	Not adding to
Nascri et al.	2017	Remission Using the Patients'	existing core set
		Perspective: Results from a Special	
Robson et al.	2017	Interest Group at OMERACT 2016. OMERACT endorsement of patient-	Not capturing
Nobson et al.	2017	reported outcome instruments in	patient perspective
		antineutrophil cytoplasmic antibody-	
Saketkoo et al.	2014	associated vasculitis.	Not adding to
Jaketkuu et al.	2014	Reconciling healthcare professional and patient perspectives in the development	Not adding to existing core set
		patient perspectives in the development	existing core set

Smith et al.	2018	of disease activity and response criteria in connective tissue disease-related interstitial lung diseases. A Core Outcome Set for Multimorbidity Research (COSmm).	Not adding to existing core set
Steunebrink et al.	2016	Recently diagnosed rheumatoid arthritis patients benefit from a treat-to-target strategy: results from the DREAM registry.	Not capturing patient perspective
Terwee et al.	2016	Content validity of the Dutch Rheumatoid Arthritis Impact of Disease (RAID) score: Results of focus group discussions in established rheumatoid arthritis patients and comparison with the International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health core set for rheumatoid arthritis.	Not adding to existing core set
Tunis et al.	2017	Engaging Stakeholders and Promoting Uptake of OMERACT Core Outcome Instrument Sets.	Not adding to existing core set
Turk et al.	2018	Pain, sleep and emotional well-being explain the lack of agreement between physician- and patient-perceived remission in early rheumatoid arthritis.	Not capturing patient perspective
van der Ven et al.	2017	No clear association between ultrasound remission and health status in rheumatoid arthritis patients in clinical remission.	Not capturing patient perspective
Van Tuyl et al.	2013	Patient-reported Remission in rheumatoid arthritis.	Not capturing patient perspective
Van Tuyl et al.	2018	The controversy of using PGA to define remission in RA.	Not capturing patient perspective
Van Tuyl et al.	2012	Patient-Reported Outcomes in Rheumatoid Arthritis.	Not adding to existing core set
Ward et al.	2015	Measures of arthritis activity associated with patient-reported improvement in rheumatoid arthritis when assessed prospectively versus retrospectively.	Not capturing patient perspective