# CARDIFF UNIVERSITY 

## PRIFYSGOL AERDYB

# Transcriptional Control of Tissue Resident Macrophage Phenotype 

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## Summary

## Background

Tissue-resident macrophages take residence in tissues during early embryogenesis, developing independently in within their final tissue resulting in tissue-specific transcriptomes. Tissue-specific transcription factor expression, such as GATA-binding-protein-6 (GATA6) in peritoneal cavity macrophages and Spalt-like-1 (SAL1) in microglia have previously been identified.

Musculoaponeurotic-fibrosarcoma oncogene homolog (Maf) transcription factor family is enriched in several tissue-resident macrophage enhancer-genes. Previously identified as important for macrophage terminal differentiation, Maf is a potent activator of interleukin-10 (II10), with overexpression of Maf suggested to suppress interleukin-12 (II12) transcription in macrophages.

## Rationale

The role of Maf in tissue-resident macrophages, and what impact loss of Maf has on the transcriptome of tissue-resident populations has yet to be investigated.

## Experimental Approach

To investigate the role of Maf, specific lentiviral overexpression constructs were generated and validated. These constructs were utilised to validate the characterisation of conditional and constitutive CX3C-chemokine receptor 1 (Cx3cr1)-restricted knockout mouse lines.

The role of Maf was investigated in two populations: microglia and peritoneal tissueresident macrophages (CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }}, \mathrm{F} 4 / 80^{\text {high }}, \mathrm{Tim}^{+}$).

## Results

Maf was demonstrated to exhibit differential phenotypic control of these populations. Microgliosis was observed in Mafliff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ compared to Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice, together with loss of $\mathrm{MHCII}^{+} \mathrm{CD} 206^{\text {low }}$ border-associated macrophage (BAM) population. Interestingly, no significant changes in homeostatic phenotype and development were observed in peritoneal tissue-resident macrophages.

Transcriptomic analysis of $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{C r e /+}$ and $\mathrm{Maf} f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{+/+}$mice revealed a more proinflammatory-primed transcriptome under naïve conditions, which correlated with the reduction in II-10 expression. Whilst Maf-deficiency had little effect on naïve
peritoneal tissue-resident macrophages, it appeared to play an important role in regulation of the inflammatory monocyte-derived macrophage transcriptome in zymosan-induced peritonitis.

## Implications

Across multiple transcriptomic analyses several genes associated with alternativeactivation of macrophages were demonstrated to be downregulated in $\mathrm{Maf} f^{f / f /} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ mice. Suggestive of Maf influencing an alternative-activated macrophage phenotype and transcriptome across distinct macrophage populations of different ontogenies.

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## Chapter 1

## General Introduction

### 1.1. Overview of Tissue Resident Macrophages

### 1.1.1. Brief History of Macrophages

Macrophages are myeloid immune cells first identified by Elie (llya) Metchnikoff, who discovered the process of phagocytosis and the cells responsible for it in 1892 (1). However macrophages are responsible for far more than just being "big-eaters" as their name suggests. Macrophages are located throughout the body's tissues and have been demonstrated to be key in the removal of apoptotic cells and debris, antigen presentation to adaptive immune cells, producers of both pro- and anti-inflammatory mediators, injury repair and responsible for maintaining tissue homeostasis.

Ralph van Furth and Zanvil Cohn demonstrated that the majority of macrophages were replenished from bone marrow derived monocytes, and later established the mononuclear phagocyte system (MPS) (2). Where macrophages, circulating monocytes and their precursor cells in the bone marrow were grouped together based on similarities in their morphology, function, origin and their ability to phagocytose (2).

This theory was further expanded with the discovery of macrophage-dendritic cell precursors (MDPs) (3), and the discovery of common myeloid progenitor (CMPs), a bone marrow monocyte-restricted precursor (4). This dogma however began to be disputed following the presence of primitive macrophages in the yolk sac (5), indicating the monocyte-to-macrophage differentiation did not apply to all adult macrophage populations. Early fate mapping experiments $(6,7)$ and evidence of tissue resident macrophage local proliferation within tissues $(8,9)$, ultimately indicating an alternative origin for tissue resident macrophages.

### 1.1.2. Haematopoiesis and Early Macrophage Development

Three successive, but overlapping, waves of haematopoietic progenitor development have been identified (10). Defined as primitive, pro-definitive/erytho-myeloid progenitors (EMPs), and definitive/hematopoietic stem cells (HSCs) . Macrophages from these waves can be defined by the expression of three key genes, Runt-related transcription factor 1 (Runx1), V-Myb avian myeloblastosis viral oncogene homolog/transcriptional activator (Myb) and Neurogenic locus notch homolog protein 1 (Notch1) (11).

Primitive haematopoiesis occurs in the absence of all three transcription factors (11). Primitive macrophages are considered immature but displaying macrophage morphology.

Primitive macrophages are present in blood islands of the yolk sac at embryonic day 9 (E9) (12) and in the foetal liver from E10 to E17 $(12,13)$, originally thought to derived from the mesoderm. Foetal liver macrophages from E17 demonstrate more differentiation with similar features to those in adult tissue resident macrophages (14). As immature monocytes are not detected until E12 onwards and present in the foetal liver at E16, this disputed the MPS theory as being the sole source of all macrophages (11).

EMPs in the yolk sac of mouse embryos at E8.25, are distinguishable from HSCs by their lack of Lymphocyte antigen 6A-2/6E-1 (Ly-6A.2/Ly-6E.1) surface expression (15). EMPs are Runx1 dependent for emergence, however Myb and Notch1 independent (16). EMPs can differentiate into macrophages within the yolk sac with embryonic-derived immature macrophages detectable at E9.0 $(12,13)$, and mature macrophages can be found in the yolk sac and brain from E9.5, and in the foetal liver by E10.5 (17). EMPs colonise the foetal liver from E9.0 onwards where they have been demonstrated to play a significant role in hematopoietic cell production including macrophages (18).

HSCs emerge from the aorto-gonado-mesonephros (AGM) region on E10.5 (19), where they migrate to colonise the foetal liver until E12.5 (19) and begin to expand rapidly before subsequently colonising the bone marrow for maintenance throughout adulthood. HSCs are Runx1 dependent and require Notch1 for emergence from the AGM $(15,20)$. Foetal and adult HSCs also require Myb expression for self-renewal and maintenance (21). All three waves have been determined to generate tissue resident macrophages either directly or indirectly in the case of monocyte derived macrophages.

### 1.1.3. Tissue Resident Macrophages Transcriptional Control

Tissue resident macrophages are a heterogeneous population of immune cells with tissue specific functions, however stem from a core pre-macrophage stage before developing into their tissue specific niche fulfilling populations. Pre-macrophages are established by lineage determining transcription factors, with the most notable of these being CCAAT/enhancer-binding proteins (C/EBPs) and PU. $1(22,23)$.

PU. 1 (encoded by Spi-1) is an essential transcription factor for the development of all macrophages, where it acts as a scaffold for histone modifiers (24), ultimately establishing an enhancer landscape where several other transcription factors perform their function through interactions with PU.1. Additionally PU. 1 regulates a large number of myeloid genes including colony stimulating factor receptor (Csf1r) (25). CSFR1 can act as the
receptor for both interleukin-34 (IL-34) and monocyte colony-stimulating factor (M-CSF). M-CSF is required for the survival and proliferation of most macrophages populations(26), whereas IL-34 has been identified to be specifically required for the development of microglia (27) and Langerhans cells (28).

However tissue resident macrophage populations are specialised to the tissue they reside in, through a combination of tissue specific growth factors and specific transcription factors. This thesis will concentrate on two tissue resident macrophage populations, microglia and peritoneal tissue resident macrophages, with their respective development discussed below. In brief other tissue resident macrophages have been summarised in Table 1.1.1 (based on 28-30).

| Tissue | Resident <br> Macrophage | Tissue Specific <br> Factors | CSFR1 ligand | Transcription <br> Factors |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brain | Microglia | TGF-b | IL-34 and M-CSF | SALL1, IRF8, SMAD2/3 |
| Bone | Osteoclast | RANKL | M-CSF | NFATC1, NFkB, MITF, c-FOS, C/EBPa |
| Heart | Cardiac <br> Macrophages | Unknown | M-CSF | Unknown |
| Peritoneal Cavity | Large Peritoneal <br> Macrophages | Retinoic Acid | M-CSF | GATA6, C/EBPb |
| Liver | Kupffer Cells |  | M-CSF | ID3, IRF8 |
| Lung | Alveolar Macrophages | GM-CSF | M-CSF | PPARy, BACH2, C/EBPb |
| Skin | Langerhans Cells | TGF-b | IL-34 | RUNX3, ID2 |
| Spleen | Marginal Zone Macrophages | Heme | M-CSF | LXRa |
|  | Red Pulp Macrophages | Heme | M-CSF | SPI-C, IRF8/4 |

Table 1.1.1 Summary table of tissue resident macrophages and their respective tissue specific factors and transcription factors

### 1.1.4. Role of Tissue Resident Macrophages

Tissue resident macrophages sense the microenvironment, maintaining tissue homeostasis and have been demonstrated to be critical during mouse development, just as through clearance of senescent and apoptotic cells during organogenesis $(31,32)$, and have been shown to be critical in regulating vessel morphogenesis and maturation during development.

Whilst tissue resident macrophages share many of these properties across different tissues, they also have highly tissue specific functions. For example osteoclasts, Kupffer cells or alveolar macrophages are highly adapted to their tissue with specific purposes. Osteoclasts continuously reabsorb and restructuring bone mass $(33,34)$, Kupffer cells take up dying red blood cells from the circulation and recycling iron (35), whilst alveolar macrophages have been demonstrated to be critical for the removal of particles form the alveoli and pulmonary surfactant $(36,37)$.

Tissue macrophages perform an essential role in the identification of pathogens, and are considered at the frontline of host defense utilising their phagocytic mechanism clearance (38). Following recognition of microbial challenge, tissue resident macrophages initiate an influx of other inflammatory immune cells including leukocytes, neutrophils and also monocytes which act as a source for inflammatory macrophages. The significance of resident macrophages in initiating inflammatory immune responses has been demonstrated when depletion studies result in impaired chemokine production and neutrophil influx in experimental inflammation (39-41). However it is important to note that in these depletion studies multiple populations of macrophages will likely be deleted.

### 1.2. Microglia

### 1.2.1. Origin of Microglia

Microglia were first described by Nissl in 1899 (42), however del Rio-Hortega was the first to refer to these cells as microglia in 1932 (43). Compared to other tissue resident macrophages microglia ontogeny has been heavily investigated, particularly in recent years, and has been demonstrated to be yolk sac derived from EMPs between E7-8 (10), before infiltrating the brain at E9 (7). Additionally a subpopulation of Hoxb8+ microglia have been suggested to enter the brain at E12.5 from a latter wave of yolk sac haematopoiesis (44). This early colonisation is before the establishment of the blood brain barrier at E13.5 (45).

Runx1-Mer-Cre-Mer fate mapping models and utilisation of tamoxifen administration at E7.0 illustrated that macrophages derived from these primitive macrophages infiltrate the whole embryo (6), contributing to almost all tissue resident macrophages. However labelled microglia persist into adulthood, whereas most other tissue resident macrophages are unlabelled in adult tissues (6). This has suggested local self-renewal, without significant peripheral contribution.

However, whilst microglia were believed to be solely derived from E7.5 Runx1+ yolk sac progenitors with little contribution from other haematopoiesis stages, competing theories of reestablishment of microglia following ablation suggests that the original dogma of microglia homogony and ontogeny may not as straightforward as first thought. When adult mice are ablated with diphtheria toxin or a CSF-1 receptor kinase inhibitor microglia can self-restore (46-48). Three main theories have been considered, firstly if peripheral bone marrow derived macrophages infiltrate the brain and differentiate into microglia $(46,47,49)$. Secondly if a small population of local progenitors remain after depletion (50), ultimately resulting in generation of replacement microglia, or alternatively a small number of microglia remain following ablation, proliferate rapidly and expand.

In microglial development transforming growth factor beta (TGF-b) (51) has been identified as a tissue specific factor. Mice which lack TGF-b have been shown to result in significantly reduced number of microglia (52), and TGF-b has been demonstrated to be required to upregulate several microglial genes in vitro. Additionally combination of both M-CSF and TGF-b result in upregulation of more microglial genes than M-CSF alone in ex vitro cultures, indicating that both signals are essential for microglial development (52).

Although it has been shown that TGF-b signalling actually maintain microglia an inactivated state rather than providing survival signal, which is regulated by SMAD2/3 through TGF-b (53).

CSF1R signalling has been proposed to be a more important signal in the adult, as deletion results in a rapid loss of microglia. In Csf1 ${ }^{\text {op/op }}$ mice however only a moderate reduction in the microglia population was demonstrated in distinct regions of the brain (54). This indicated that an absence of M-CSF can be compensated for through an alternative mechanism. Deletion of IL-34 considerably impairs microglia development in specific brain regions which do not overlap with those of the Csf1 ${ }^{\text {op/op }}$ model, suggestive of distinct spatial expression of M-CSF and IL-34 resulting in spatial loss of microglia (27).

Sal-like 1 (Sall1), a zinc finger transcription factor, has been identified as a key microgliaspecific transcription factor (53). Microglia deficient in Sall1 have demonstrated upregulation of genes associated with other macrophage populations and reduced expression of microglia signature genes (53). Monocyte derived microglia-like cells have been shown to not express Sall1, suggesting it to be a specific marker for embryonicallyderived microglia (53). Furthermore this suggests that both ontogeny and microenvironment influence the tissue resident macrophage profile.

Between human and mouse microglia there some important differences, with portmortum and surgical tissues indicating a number of significant transcriptional differences $(55,56)$. However several important core microglia genes are conserved including Spi-1, Sall1 and interferon regulatory factor 8 (Irf8), which have all been identified as a key tissue specific transcription factors for microglia (Table 1.1.1) $(55,56)$.

### 1.2.2. Microglial Function

The functions of microglia are wide and varied. In naïve steady state conditions microglia are highly ramified cells, with multiple branches and processes. These ramification have been shown to be in continuous motion, protruding or retracting to cover long distances surveying the brain $(57,58)$. Microglial processes come in contact with other cells of the brain including neurons and astrocytes (59-61).

Microglia have been demonstrated to be key in early development of the central nervous system (CNS). As with all macrophages, microglia phagocytose apoptotic cells such as neural stem cells generated during neurogenesis through TYRO3, AXL and MER $(62,63)$. Mice which are deficient for $A x l$, or Mer demonstrate accumulation of apoptotic neurons,
but also result in an increased number of active neurons suggesting microglia also play a role in maintaining the number of viable neurons (62).

During postnatal development microglia continue to maintain the CNS. Whether through elimination of redundant neurons as discussed above or shaping the neuronal synapses through synaptic pruning (64). Synaptic pruning occurs through a number of mechanisms including two components of the complement cascade, complement component 1q (C1q) and complement component 3 (C3) (65).

Astrocytes produce the majority of transforming growth factor beta (TGF-b) in the brain, with astrocyte-derived TGF-b demonstrated to results in neurons to upregulate C1q and C3 expression, which acts as a tag on synapses for recognition through complement receptor 3 (CR3) on microglia or in direct engulfment utilising the opsonisation of the complement cascade (66). Mice which lack either CR3 or C3 have been demonstrated to be unable to effectively prune synapses (65). Microglia also mediate synaptic pruning via C-X3-C motif chemokine receptor 1 (CX3CR1), which is exclusively expressed on microglia in the CNS (64). CX3CR1 interacts with its sole ligand C-X3-C motif chemokine ligand 1 (CX3CL1) is predominantly expressed on neuronal cell surface (67), ultimately resulting in phagocytosis.

Upon injury to the brain, such as laser-induced microlesions, have shown to stimulate microglia directing the microglial processes toward the site of injury to form a "ball-andchain" structures that phagocytose the damaged tissue (68). Systemic inflammatory stimuli or larger injuries also induce microglia to change their shape from a highly ramified cell to a more amoeboid shape, with an enlarged cell body and shortened processes limiting coverage area (69).

Microglia secrete several chemokines, cytokines, and neurotropic factors that contribute to the immune response. Microglia as the most prevalent immune cell in the brain is believed to be the principal source of proinflammatory cytokines such as IL-1, IL-6 and TNF, as well as regulatory cytokines such as IL-12 and IL-18 (70). Whilst the majority of studies have focused on the proinflammatory response of microglia, anti-inflammatory cytokines including IL-10 are encoded by microglia (71), indicating their importance in not only initiating but also regulating inflammation within the brain and maintaining homeostasis.

Due to microglia being the largest population of immune cells in the brain, their ability to release both proinflammatory and anti-inflammatory factors, and demonstrated to be key in early and postnatal development of the CNS, microglia have been heavily investigated in neurodegenerative diseases.

### 1.3. Peritoneal Tissues Resident Macrophages

### 1.3.1. Origin of Peritoneal Tissue Resident Macrophages

It is fair to say that peritoneal macrophages are probably the most well studied of all mouse macrophage populations, in terms of cell biology, development, and inflammatory responses. However the exact ontogeny of peritoneal tissue resident macrophages is not entirely clear.

Macrophages of the peritoneal cavity have been defined into two macrophage subsets that coexist in peritoneal cavity in adult mice. These two population are often referred to as large peritoneal macrophages (LPM) and small peritoneal macrophages (SPM) according to their size (72). LPMs account for approximately ${ }^{\sim} 90 \%$ of peritoneal cavity macrophages under naïve steady state conditions and express high levels of CD11b and F4/80 (72). Whereas SPMs expresses lower levels of F4/80, but also express high levels of major histocompatibility complex II (MHCII), which is not expressed on LPMs (72). High F4/80 expression on macrophages has previously been correlated with being derived from the yolk sac or foetal liver, and not of bone marrow origin (7).

Many studies have tried to determine if these CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }}$ F4/80 high LMPs are peritoneal tissue resident macrophages, and whether they are EMP derived from the yolk sack or foetal liver, or alternatively HSC/monocyte derived. However due to the presence of these two macrophage populations in the peritoneal cavity, this resulted in conflicting results. Several early studies indicated that CD11 ${ }^{\text {high }} \mathrm{F} 4 / 80^{\text {high }}$ peritoneal tissue resident macrophages are maintained locally through self-renewal in adult life $(73,74)$. However later studies suggested that whilst tissue resident macrophages such as those of the liver, lung or kidney were EMP derived, that peritoneal tissue resident macrophages did not $(16,75)$. This was further supported with chimeric C57BL/6-CD45.1 mice, where the majority of both peritoneal macrophage populations expressed CD45.1, indicated that both subsets differentiate from bone marrow-derived monocytes following ablation by irradiation (76).

Within the same study however, CCAAT/enhancer binding protein $b$ (C/EBPb) deficient mice $\left(\mathrm{Cebpb}^{-/-}\right)$demonstrated loss of the CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }} \mathrm{F} 4 / 80^{\text {high }}$ tissue resident macrophage population in the peritoneal cavity and increased numbers of the SPM population (76). This was suggestive of alternative transcriptional control and therefore possibly distinct ontogenies for the two peritoneal macrophage population. It was demonstrated that SPMs from wildtype mice adoptively transferred into these Cebpb ${ }^{-/-}$mice could differentiate into CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }}$ F4/80 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ tissue resident macrophage population (76). Therefore it is believed that under naïve steady state conditions SPMs could contribute to generate CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }} \mathrm{F} 4 / 80^{\text {high }}$ tissue resident macrophage.

Cx3cr1 expression has been utilised for the investigation of SPM and LPM populations, and shows active expression on SPMs and indicated past expression of CX3CR1 on LPMs through GFP expression in Cx3cr1 ${ }^{\text {CreRosa26R-FGFP }}$ mice (76). This data indicated that SPMs to be recent descendants of CX3CR1 expressing precursors and therefore are short-lived cell. In comparison LPMs are indicated to have a more distant ontogeny to the progenitor cell, corroborating they originate from the yolk sac or foetal liver (76).

Additionally fate mapping studies have utilised Cx3cr1 mice with a GFP reporter or conditional/constitutive active Cre recombinase, to further elucidate macrophage populations, including those of the peritoneal cavity (9). Ultimately demonstrating that tissue resident macrophage populations in the liver, spleen, lung and peritoneal cavity are established are established during embryonic development, and are maintained through adulthood in naïve steady state conditions independent of replenishment from bone marrow-derived (9).

Longevity and proliferation of peritoneal macrophage populations have been studied utilising bromodeoxyuridine (BrdU)-labelling. Labelled CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }} \mathrm{F} 4 / 80^{\text {high }}$ peritoneal tissue resident macrophages demonstrated continued presence after 14 days, suggesting that they are a long-lived population, and therefore suggestive of being maintained through proliferation (76). SPMs however were conversely detected at low number after 6-10 days, suggests that these cells have a low proliferation rate and are short-lived cells (76).

Analysis of nuclear protein Ki67 and phosphorylated histone H 3 ( pHH 3 ) staining, an indicator of a discrete stage of mitosis, revealed the number of proliferating CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }}$ F4/80 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ macrophages decreases in 12 -week-old mice compared with proliferation capacity in 2 week old mice (77). After 12-16 weeks, the number of

CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }}$ F4/80 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ macrophages in the peritoneal cavity is self-maintained through a low rate of proliferation (77). CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }}$ F4/80 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ LPMs are therefore considered to be tissue resident macrophages either derived from yolk sac or foetal liver, due their long life and ability to self-renew through local proliferation, and to be predominantly independent of bone marrow-derived monocytes (8).

Whereas lymphocyte antigen 6 complex (Ly6C) expressing monocytes recruited to the peritoneal cavity have been demonstrated to give rise to SPMs during inflammatory conditions $(9,72)$. Ly $6 C^{+}$monocytes are thought to migrates through a C-C chemokine receptor type 2 (CCR2)-dependent pathway, whilst Ly6C- monocytes have been indicated to migrate in response to CX3CR1 signalling (78). Under naïve steady state conditions monocytes have been shown to not contribute to the CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }} \mathrm{F} 4 / 80^{\text {high }}$ tissue resident macrophage pool in the peritoneal cavity (79).

Following identification of specific transcriptional control of peritoneal tissue resident macrophages through the zinc finger transcription factor GATA-binding protein 6 (Gata6), which has been described to be key for maturation and function (80). Gata6 was shown to be selectively expressed by CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }} \mathrm{F} 4 / 80^{\text {high }}$ LPMs, with the number of CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }}$ F4/80 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ LPMs reduced in the peritoneal cavity in Gata6-deficient mice (81). Transcriptional activation of Gata6 has been shown to be regulated in a two-step process through environmental factors. Retinoic acid, present in the omentum, binds the retinoic acid receptor which in turn binds the poised Gata6 promotor.

Ex-vivo cultured peritoneal tissue resident macrophages lose their expression of Gata6; however this can be restored by supplementing culture media with retinoic acid, suggestive of its importance as an tissue specific environmental factor in peritoneal tissue resident macrophages (81). Additionally mice fed a vitamin A-deficient diet demonstrated a reduction in Gata6 expression and a reduced number of peritoneal tissue resident macrophages (82). Essentially illustrating retinoic acid as a omentum derived factor necessary to drive expression of Gata6, which in turn activates peritoneal tissue resident macrophage specific genes. In addition to the regulation of gene expression in CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }}$ F4/80 high peritoneal macrophages, Gata6 has been demonstrated to be involved in the control of the proliferation, survival, and metabolism of CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }} \mathrm{F} 4 / 80^{\text {high }}$ LPMs (80).

Few studies have been undertaken on human peritoneal tissue resident macrophage ontogeny and transcriptional control in comparison to those from mice, however CD14 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ CD16 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ macrophages are believed to be the homologous human population of CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }}$

F4/80 high murine tissue resident macrophages due to their high levels of GATA6 expression (83).

### 1.3.2. Peritoneal Tissue Resident Macrophage in Inflammation

Under steady state conditions the peritoneal cavity comprises of the previously discussed two populations of macrophages (LPMs and SPMs), B-cells, T-cells, natural killer cells, dendritic cells and eosinophils, with macrophages represent 30-35\% of total peritoneal cavity cells (84). Following stimuli such as infection, or inflammatory signals, results in a dramatic alteration in cell numbers and frequencies of the peritoneal cavity macrophage populations.

Commonly referred to as the "disappearance reaction", CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }} \mathrm{F} 4 / 80^{\text {high }}$ tissue resident macrophage numbers are rapidly lost upon infection or inflammatory stimuli (85). CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }} \mathrm{F} 4 / 80^{\text {high }}$ tissue resident macrophage disappearance from peritoneal cavity is not attributed to cell death, but rather to their migration to the omentum, in a retinoic acid and Gata-6-dependent response $(72,81)$. CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }}$ F4/80 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ tissue resident macrophages basal number return after stimulation, suggesting that LPMs can return to peritoneal cavity from the omentum to resolve an infectious or inflammatory process (72,77,80,81,84).

Meanwhile there is an increase in frequency and cell number of SPMs, through recruitment of bone marrow-derived inflammatory $\mathrm{Ly} 6 \mathrm{C}^{+}$monocytes as discussed above $(9,72,76,77,84)$. To add further complication, following inflammation in the peritoneal cavity, monocyte-derived SPMs have been suggested to contribute to CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }}$ F4/80 $0^{\text {high }}$ tissue resident peritoneal macrophages, however this has demonstrated to be sexually dimorphic with more SPMs contributing in males than in females (86). The extent to which SPMs contribute to the replacement of CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }}$ F4/80 high LPMs is believed to depend on the magnitude of initial CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }} \mathrm{F} 4 / 80^{\text {high }}$ tissue resident macrophage disappearance $(87,88)$.

Inflammation-recruited monocyte derived SPMs which survive following mild inflammation exhibited striking long-term differences to the incumbent CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }}$ F4/80 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ tissue resident macrophages including high MHCII and low Gata6 expression (88). However they rapidly adopted a GATA6 ${ }^{+} \mathrm{MHClI}^{\text {low }}$ peritoneal tissue resident-like phenotype, including TIM4 and VSIG4 expression, following transfer into naïve macrophage-depleted mice (88).

## 1.4. v-Maf musculoaponeurotic fibrosarcoma oncogene homolog (Maf)

### 1.4.1. Maf Gene in Mus Musculus

v-Maf musculoaponeurotic fibrosarcoma oncogene homolog (Maf) is located on Chromosome 8:qE1 of the mouse genome. The Maf gene encodes two isoforms generated through alternative splicing (89). These two isoforms are referred to as Maf short form (ENSMUSTO0000109104) and Maf long form (ENSMUSTOOOOO069009). The Maf short form is encoded by one exon constituted of 370 amino acids, while the long form is encoded by two exons (Figure 1.4.1A), forming consensus coding sequences (CCDC) of 1113bp for the short form or 1133bp for long form.

The two encoded proteins differ in their carboxy terminal, with the long form containing an additional 10 amino acids. Since the short form is expressed at higher levels (as determined by fragments per kilobase of transcript per million (FPKM) values of 6.93054 for Maf short form and 3.22905 Maf long form) in naïve peritoneal tissue resident macrophages of C57BL/6 mice (unpublished data), the efforts of this thesis will be founded on the short classical isoform.


Figure 1.4.1: v-Maf musculoaponeurotic fibrosarcoma oncogene homolog (Maf)
A) Schematic of v-Maf musculoaponeurotic fibrosarcoma oncogene homolog (Maf) splice variants of long and short form, with exons (red), untranslated regions (white) and introns (black line) highlighted. B) Basic leucine zipper (b-ZIP) super-family, and the two subfamilies: large and small MAF proteins. Adapted from (90).

### 1.4.2. MAF Protein

In the mouse embryo, MAF is dynamically expressed in multiple tissues with different onsets of expression. MAF is widely expressed in regions such as the eye, spinal cord, cartilage, spleen, kidney, heart, lung, intestine, muscle, uterus, and liver (91,92)

The MAF family was identified in 1989 in an AS42 transforming retrovirus, from a naturally occurring musculoaponeurotic fibrosarcoma of a chicken (93), with the gene being named after musculoaponeurotic fibrosarcoma. The MAF oncoproteins are basic leucine zipper (b-ZIP) transcription factors that belong to the b-ZIP super-family, that includes activator protein 1 (AP-1), activating transcription factors/cAMP response element binding proteins (ATF/CREB), enhancer binding proteins (C/EBP), cap'n'collar (CNC), proline and acidic amino acid-rich (PAR) families (Figure 1.4.1B). The MAF family can be subdivided into two subfamilies: large and small MAF proteins (6). Small MAF proteins include MAFF, MAFG and MAFK, whilst the large MAF proteins are MAFA, MAFB, MAF and NRL (Figure 1.4.1B).

The protein encoded by Maf possesses a b-ZIP domain close to its C-terminus. Large MAFs share an N-terminal transcriptional domain, approximately 100 amino acid, rich in serine, proline and tyrosine. Maf contains a linker between the transactivation domain and the ancillary DNA-binding domain composed of histidine repeats and rich in glycine residues (94). b-ZIP domains are characterised by a series of leucines spaced 7 residues apart along an $\alpha$-helix, resulting in adjacent leucine residues to occur on every second turn on the same side of the helical structure. Long side chains of leucine residues interact with other leucine residue side chains on another compatible b-ZIP proteins, allowing formation of homodimers and heterodimers (95).

MAF family members recognise DNA sequences 13-14bp in length, almost twice as long as other b-ZIP proteins (96). MAF binding sites, called Maf recognition elements (MAREs), are derivatives of sites recognised by AP-1 and ATF/CREB proteins. The addition of an ancillary binding region in MAF family members, compared to other b-ZIP proteins, results in unusual DNA recognition specificity with exceptionally stable complexes. Cooperative binding mediated by the basic and ancillary regions is thought to adopt a helix-turn-helix structural-recognition motif (97).

### 1.4.3. Role of MAF in Macrophages

The ontogeny and functional diversity of tissue resident macrophages has been well studied (98), including specific transcription factors first proposed by Lavin et al. (30). However the role of Maf in macrophage subtypes and tissue resident macrophages has not yet been fully analysed (20). Previous studies have demonstrated Maf is expressed constitutively by resting monocytes and macrophages (100), however expression varies with low expression in alveolar macrophages (99), and high expression in microglia $(101,102)$. Compared to monocytes, macrophage enhancers are enriched for MAF binding motifs (30), suggesting that MAF may also act in concert with other transcription factors such as PU. 1 to specify a general macrophage phenotype (101).

Foetal liver cells demonstrated that the mature erythroid compartments were significantly reduced in Maf-knockout ( $\mathrm{Maf}^{/-}$) embryos compared with $\mathrm{Maf}^{+/+}$littermates (103). Furthermore the number of erythroblasts surrounding the macrophages in erythroblastic islands were also significantly reduced in Maf/- embryos (103). Maf has been demonstrated to be required for the expression of $\mathrm{F} 4 / 80$ in foetal liver macrophages, and that Maf directly regulates the expression of F4/80 by binding to the half-MARE of the F4/80 promoter in foetal liver macrophages (104), a key marker used for the identification of macrophages.

It has been demonstrated that Maf is a potent activator of interleukin-10 (II10) gene expression in monocytes and macrophages, furthermore overexpression of Maf has been suggested to suppress IL-12 p40 and p35 gene transcription (105). IL-10 is an essential anti-inflammatory cytokine whilst IL-12 is proinflammatory, ultimately indicating Maf has a role in modulating inflammation. Maf has been shown to be important for macrophage terminal differentiation, and macrophages that lack Maf are suggested to be immortalised and proliferate indefinitely in the presence of macrophage colony stimulating factor 1 ( M CSF) (106).

Thus Maf expression may provide insights into the transcriptional regulation underlying macrophage heterogeneity. In Maf-null mice, disruption of the Maf gene affected both prenatal and postnatal survival (107), therefore Maf is both an immunologically and developmentally important gene. Maf displayed a +7.9-fold change between Gata6 knockout and wildtype counterpart in bioinformatic analysis of GeneChip array from peritoneal tissue resident macrophages (unpublished data).

### 1.5. Myeloid Leukaemia Factor 1 (Mlf1)

### 1.5.1. MIf1 Gene in Mus Musculus

Located on Chromosome 3:qE1, Mlf1 gene can encode four splice variants. Mlf1 A (ENSMUST00000061322) is composed of 8 exons constituted of 282 amino acids, whilst MIf1 B (ENSMUST00000077916) is encoded by 7 exons, the third exon being excluded, constituted of 267 amino acids (108) (Figure 1.5.1). The two other splice variants do not result in protein coding (ENSMUST00000126628 and ENSMUST00000142538).

All 4 splice variants were detected in naïve peritoneal tissue resident macrophages of C57BL/6 mice (unpublished data). Mlf1 B isoform is expressed at the highest levels (as determined by FPKM values of 3.53228 for MIf1 B, $2.94764 \mathrm{E}-6$ for MIf1 A, $1.0183 \mathrm{E}-19$ for ENSMUST00000126628 and 3.56907 E-67 for ENSMUST00000142538), the efforts of this thesis will be founded on this isoform.


Figure 1.5.1: Myeloid leukaemia factor 1 (MIf1)

Schematic of myeloid leukaemia factor 1 (MIf1) protein coding splice variants MIf1 A and MIf1 B, with exons (red), untranslated regions (white) and introns (black line) highlighted.

### 1.5.2. MLF1 Protein

Myeloid leukaemia factor 1 (MLF1) was originally identified as a carboxyl-terminal component of the leukemic fusion protein NPM-MLF1 generated by the $t(3 ; 5)(q 25.1 ; q 34)$ chromosomal translocation in patients with acute myeloid leukaemia (AML) (109). In clinical studies MLF1 has been shown to be overexpressed in $>25 \%$ of myelodysplastic syndrome associated AML and the malignant transformation phase of myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS) (110). Information on the physiological function of MLF1 is limited and is derived mostly from studies identifying MLF1 interaction partners.

The 14-3-3 binding site is one of the only known functional features of the MLF1 sequence, along with one nuclear export sequence (NES, 89-98aa) and two nuclear localisation sequences (NLS, 168-174aa and 232-236aa) (111). The presence of NES and NLS sequences
indicate MLF1 is a cytoplasmic-nuclear-shuttling protein. The majority of MLF1 is located in the cytoplasm, and has been reported to interact with several proteins including CSN3 (111), 14-3-3 (112), MLF1 adaptor molecule (MADM) (113), and MLF1-interacting protein (MLFIP) (114). MAF nuclear accumulation in mice has been shown to be dependent on 14-3-3 proteins (112).

It has been strongly suggested that MLF1 is involved in lineage determination, as MLF1 has been isolated as one of the genes involved in lineage switching from erythroleukemic cells to morphological and biochemical features of a macrophage phenotype (115). These findings along with the role of MLF1 in AML and MDS imply that MLF1 normally regulates the development of primitive hematopoietic cells, and its deregulation leads to hematopoietic dysplasia and leukemogenesis.

Bioinformatic analysis of GeneChip array from peritoneal tissue resident macrophages deficient of Gata6 when compared to their wild type counterparts indicate a -4.2-fold change in MIf1 expression (unpublished data).

### 1.5.3. Role of MLF1 in Macrophages

The exact role of MIf1 in mice has not been well characterised. Originally named hematopoietic lineage switch 7 (HIs7), due to overexpression of Mlf1 having been demonstrated to result in inhibition of erythroid differentiation in the erythroleukemic J2E cell line, and promoted M1 monoblastoid cell line to differentiate into myeloid cells (115). Mlf1-knockout mice have been shown to result in no discernible abnormalities under naïve conditions, however demonstrated increase splenic B-cell and T-cell number when compared to wildtype mice, however no difference in myeloid cell number was detected (116).

Murine MLF1 shares ~80\% homology with human MLF1 at protein level, and therefore what little is known regarding Mlf1 in humans and drosophila have provided suggestions for its role. The role of murine MIf1 has been demonstrated to regulate the hematopoietic switch by promoting the degradation of the cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor ( $\mathrm{p} 27^{\text {Kip1 }}$ ), a cell cycle inhibitor preventing cell cycle exit (117). Whereas human MLF1 overexpression induces p53 in primary mouse fibroblasts (111), another major component of cell cycle arrest.

MIf1 in drosophila has been suggested to protect RUNX transcription factors from degradation through the proteasome (118), however the exact mechanism for this is not
understood. It has been suggest that MLF1 protein could favour the interaction between RUNX1 and core-binding factor subunit beta (PEBP2- $\beta$ ), which is required to prevent RUNX1 degradation by the proteasome (119). Human MLF1 has been observed to be expressed in HSCs and CMPs (discussed above), with weaker expression during cell differentiation (110), further suggesting its role in haematopoiesis. Ultimately the exact role of MIf1 in macrophages is unclear, and as of yet the role of MIf1 in tissue resident macrophages has not previously been explored.

### 1.6. Hypothesis and Aims

It is hypothesised that the transcription factors Maf and MIf1 are responsible for sculpting the resident macrophage phenotype, and that manipulation of expression will modulate their homeostatic and inflammatory properties.

Therefore the aims of these thesis are...

- Develop and validate a method to explore the role of MIf1 and Maf in tissue resident macrophages.
- Assess effect on generation or retention of tissue resident macrophages and modified phenotype in $M a f^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ and $\mathrm{Ma} \mathrm{f}^{f / f 1} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice.
- Ascertain whether Maf-deficiency has a significant impact on tissue resident macrophage transcriptome in naïve conditions and following mild immune challenge.


## Chapter 2

Materials and Methods

### 2.1. Buffers and Solutions

| Solution/Buffer | Ingredients |
| :--- | :--- |
| Mammalian Cell Lysis | 100 mM Tris pH 8.5 |
| Buffer | 5 mM EDTA |
|  | 200 mM NaCl |
|  | $0.2 \%(\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v})$ SDS |
|  | Nuclease free water |
|  | $625 \mathrm{ng} / \mathrm{mL}$ Propidium lodide (PI) |
|  | $500 \mathrm{ng} / \mathrm{mL}$ Live Dead Stain 751 (Fisher) |
| MUSE Staining Solution | 1 DPBS |
| Freezing Media | $10 \%(\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v})$ DMSO |
|  | $90 \%(\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v})$ Heat-Inactivated filtered FBS (Gibco) |


| Ammonium-Chloride- | 150nM NH4 ${ }_{4}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Potassium (ACK) Lysis | 10 mM KHCO 3 |
| Solution | 0.1 mM Na ${ }_{2}$ EDTA |
| Lavage Fluid | 5 mM EDTA |
|  | 10\% FBS |
|  | 1X DPBS |
| Immunofluorescence | 1X Tris-buffered saline (TBS) |
| Permeabilization and | 0.5 \% Triton X-100 |
| Block Solution | 1 \% BSA |
|  | 0.3 M Glycine |
| Immunofluorescence | 1X Tris-buffered saline (TBS) |
| Staining Solution | 0.5 \% Triton X-100 |
|  | 1 \% BSA |

Table 2.1.1 Common Buffers and Solutions.

### 2.2. Mice

All animal work in this thesis was conducted in accordance with UK Home Office Guidelines and Animal [Scientific Procedures] Act 1986 which encompasses EU Directive 2010/63/EU on the protection of animals used for scientific purposes. Animal work was undertaken by trained staff under a Home Office approved establishment licence, project licences (PO5D6A456 and P92CA01DA) and individual's personal licences at Cardiff University's Biological Services (BIOSERV) Unit, in a specific pathogen free (SPF) unit which undergoes quarterly bespoke health screens.

Animals were housed in either open top ventilated cages in racks with shaded tops or scantainers, exceeding the minimum space allocations set out in Annex III of Directive 2010/63/EU and Appendix A to the Council of Europe Convention ETS 123, with a maximum of 5 mice under 30 g in weight per cage. Solid floor polycarbonate cages with an adequate depth of dust-free softwood bedding substrate, in a humid $20-24^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ environment, on a 12 -hour light/dark cycle where chow and water were provided ad libitum, with sunflower seeds for variation and foraging when animals were not undergoing procedure. Nesting material consisting solely of dust-free virgin kraft paper
which was provided in a compacted form that requires shredding, along with $50 \mathrm{~mm} \varnothing$ polycarbonate or recycled fibreboard tunnels and $30 \mathrm{~mm} \varnothing$ aspen balls for added cage complexity and as gnawing material.

Cages were regularly cleaned and replaced with fresh bedding substrate, chow and water, whilst scent-marked nesting material was transferred between cages to reduce stress and refreshed as required. Welfare-related assessments and interventions, if required, were performed by the Named Animal Care and Welfare Officers (NACWOs) and the Named Veterinary Surgeon (NVS).

Details of the age, sex and number of mice used in each experiment or experimental group can be found in the figure legends throughout this thesis. The transgenic mice strains used in this thesis, listed in

Table 2.2.1, $\mathrm{B} 6 \mathrm{~J} . \mathrm{B} 6 \mathrm{~N}(\mathrm{Cg})-\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{\mathrm{tm} 2.1 \mathrm{Cbm}}$ mice were kindly provided from Dan Littman's Laboratory (New York University) in collaboration with Carmen Birchmeier (Max Delbrück Center, Berlin), B6J.B6N(Cg)-Cx3cr1 ${ }^{\text {tm1.1(cre)Jung }}$ and B6J.129P2(C)-Cx3cr1 ${ }^{\text {tm2.1(cre/ERT2) Jung }}$ were originally purchased from The Jackson Laboratory, and all lines were bred inhouse.

| Official Strain Name | Thesis Abbreviation |
| :---: | :---: |
| B6J.B6N(Cg)-Maf ${ }^{\text {tm2.1cbm }}$ | Maf ${ }^{\text {fl }}$ |
| B6J.B6N(Cg)-Cx3cr1 ${ }^{\text {tm } 1.1 \text { (cre) }) \text { ung }}$ | Cx3cr1 ${ }^{\text {Const }}$ |
| B6J.129P2 (C)-Cx3cr1 ${ }^{\text {tm2.1(cre/ERT2)/ung }}$ | Cx3cr1 $1^{\text {ERT }}$ |

Table 2.2.1 Official and abbreviated names of the transgenic mice strains used in this thesis.

### 2.3. Genotyping

Genomic DNA (gDNA) was isolated from ear-punch biopsies taken by BIOSEV staff for animal identification. Biopsies were digested with $50 \mu$ l of mammalian lysis buffer and 100 $\mu \mathrm{g} / \mathrm{ml}$ of proteinase K (from Tritirachium album, Sigma P4850) in 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tubes (Starlab) at $52^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 hour, being shaken at 800 rpm in a Thermoshaker (Grant-bio, PSC24N). Proteinase K was inactivated at $72{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 30 minutes at 800 rpm . Tubes were cooled to room temperature before $400 \mu \mathrm{l}$ of nuclease free water (ThermoFisher Scientific) was added to each sample and thoroughly vortexed. GoTaq ${ }^{\circledR}$ Green Mastermix (Promega) was used for genotyping as per manufacturer's instructions. Specific DNA primer sequences for targets of interest listed in Table 2.3, provided by The Jackson

Laboratory and Dan Littman's Laboratory, were purchased through Sigma Aldrich. Each reaction was conducted in a 0.2 ml PCR tube or 0.2 ml PCR 96-well plate (Starlab) with the addition of $1 \mu \mathrm{l}$ of gDNA.

| Target Primer | Forward Primer ( $5^{\prime}-3^{\prime}$ ) | Reverse Primer ( $5^{\prime}-3^{\prime}$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cx3cr1 ${ }^{\text {CoNST }}$ | GCAGGGAAATCTGATGCAAG | GCAGGGAAATCTGATGCAAG |
| Cx3cr1 ${ }^{\text {Constwt }}$ | CCTCAGTGTGACGGAGACAG |  |
| Cx3cr1 ${ }^{\text {ERTCre }}$ | GTTAATGACCTGCAGCCAAG | ACGCCCAGACTAATGGTGAC |
| Cx3cr1 ${ }^{\text {ERTWT }}$ | AGCTCACGACTGCCTTCTTC |  |
| Mafflox/WT | CGCACCCTGACAACGTG | ATGATCAGGCTCAGGCTTAAA |

Table 2.3.1 PCR primers used for genotyping of transgenic mice strains used in this thesis.

Tubes were placed in a Mastercycler ${ }^{\circledR}$ Nexus Gradient (Eppendorf) PCR machine and the PCR reaction was electrophoresed on a 2\% agarose gel. Agarose powder (Fisher Scientific) was dissolved in 1X Tris-Acetate-EDTA (TAE) buffer (from a 50X stock solution (Fisher Scientific).

To visualise the DNA 1:20,000 dilution SYBR ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Safe (ThermoFisher Scientific) was added to the dissolved agarose and gently mixed before being poured into an appropriately sized Fisherbrand ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ gel mould, with the addition of a comb (Fisher Scientific) to form individual wells. The samples were then loaded alongside 100 base pair (bp) DNA ladder (Promega) and run using the Biorad PowerPac ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ HC High-Current Power Supply at 120 V for $\sim 25$ minutes. The gels were then transferred to a UV transilluminator where they were imaged.

### 2.3.1. Maf Floxed Genotyping

Maf ${ }^{f / / f l}$ mice were originally generated by Carmen Birchmeier (120), however before being provided to us from Dan Littman's Laboratory at New York University, the strain had been backcrossed with C57BL/6 for several generations to generate the B6J.B6N(Cg)-Maf ${ }^{\text {tm2.1Cbm }}$ background. To summarise the generation of the Mafl/fl mice, one loxP site was introduced 1547 bp upstream of the start codon of the CCDS of Maf, and the second together with an FRT flanked neomycin resistance cassette 411bp downstream of the
termination codon. This results in expected genotyping band sizes of 417bp for wildtype or 547bp for floxed mice.


Figure 2.3.1 Schematic of Maf Flox/WT genotyping PCR reaction

### 2.3.2. Cx3cr1 Cre Genotyping

Originally developed by Steffen Jung (9), in the Cx3cr1 ${ }^{\text {CONST }}$ mice a Cre recombinase cassette gene replaced the Cx 3 cr 1 coding exon. In generation of the $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {ERT }}$ mice the CreERT2 cassette gene replaced the first 390 bp of the Cx 3 cr 1 CCDS. Both $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {CONST }}$ and Cx3cr1 ${ }^{\text {ERT }}$ strains were backcrossed for multiple generations onto the C57BL/6 background. For $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {CONST }}$ this results in expected genotyping band size of 302 bp for wildtype and 380 bp of Cre recombinase, and for Cx3cr1 ${ }^{\text {ERT }} 151$ bp wildtype and 230 bp for CreERT2 cassette.


Figure 2.3.2 Schematic of Cx3cr1 Cre/WT genotyping PCR reaction

### 2.4. Cell Culture

All cells were incubated at $37^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in a humid incubator with $5 \% \mathrm{CO} 2$ unless otherwise stated. Dulbecco's Modified Eagle Medium (DMEM) and Roswell Park Memorial Institute 1640 (RPMI) were supplemented with heat-inactivated Foetal Bovine Serum (FBS) and Penicillin-Streptomycin antibiotics (100X) (ThermoFisher Scientific). Unless stated otherwise the cell were maintained in multiwell plates, $\mathrm{T} 75 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ or $\mathrm{T} 175 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ flasks with filter caps (Greiner Bio One).

### 2.4.1. Cryopreservation and Thawing

Cells were centrifuged at $350 \times g$ for 5 minutes; the supernatant was aspirated, and the cell pellet resuspended in 1 ml of freezing media per $3-5 \times 10^{6}$ cells. The suspension was divided into 1 ml aliquots and frozen down in either a Mr. Frosty ${ }^{\top M}$ (Thermofisher) or a CoolCell ${ }^{\oplus}$ LX (Biocision) overnight at $-80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in a New Brunswick ULT freezer. Cryopreserved cells were then moved into liquid nitrogen for longer term storage.

Cells were thawed by warming to room temperature until the ice crystals disappeared. Defrosted aliquots were quickly transferred into 10 ml of the corresponding media and centrifuged at $350 \times g$ for 5 minutes to dilute freezing medium. Supernatant was aspirated and the cells resuspended in the appropriate fresh culture media.

### 2.4.2. Cell Counting and Viability

Muse ${ }^{\circledR}$ Cell Analyzer (Luminex) was utilised to count cell number and measure viability. Samples were prepared by diluting cells 1:20 with Muse staining solution and following a 5-minute incubation at room temperature these samples were run on the Muse ${ }^{\circledR}$ Cell Analyzer as per manufacturer's instructions. Muse staining solution contains both LDS 751 and propidium iodine. LDS 751 is a fluorescent cell-permeant nucleic acid dye allowing for counting of all nucleated cells, PI is a membrane impermeant nucleic acid dye which can therefore be used to exclude non-viable cells.

### 2.4.3. Jurkat Cell Line

The Jurkat cell line is an immortalised human T-lymphocyte line which was established from the peripheral blood of an acute T-cell Leukaemia patient (121). These non-adherent cells were maintained in standard RPMI media and passaged twice-weekly at a 1:20-1:40
dilution, following centrifugation at $350 \times g$ for 5 minutes of the cell suspension and resuspended in fresh RPMI.

### 2.4.4. Human Embryonic Kidney (HEK) 293T Cell Line

Human Embryonic Kidney 293T cell line (HEK 293T) was originally derived from human embryonic kidney cells that were virally transformed to stably express the SV40 large Tantigen (122). HEK 293T cells were cultured in standard DMEM media and passaged every 3-4 days at a 1:3 dilution. Media was aspirated and the cell monolayer was gently washed with Dulbecco's Phosphate Buffered Saline (DPBS) prior to addition of 0.05 \% TrypsinEDTA (Thermofisher) and incubated at $37^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 5 minutes to detach the cells. The cells suspension was then collected into a 50 ml falcon tube and 10 ml of standard DMEM was added to neutralise the Trypsin-EDTA. The cell suspension was then centrifuged at $350 x$ $g$ for 5 minutes, the supernatant was removed before the cells were resuspended in fresh DMEM.

### 2.4.5. Macrophage Precursor (M $\quad$ P) Cell Line

Conditionally immortalised Macrophage Precursor (MØP) cell lines were derived from transfecting CD117+ murine bone marrow cells with a retrovirus carrying an oestrogen inducible HoxB8 gene, as previously described (123). M $\varnothing P$ cells were maintained in standard RPMI media supplemented with $1 \mu \mathrm{M}$ oestrogen ( $10 \mathrm{mM} \beta$-estradiol (w/v) in absolute ethanol; Sigma) and $10 \mathrm{ng} / \mathrm{ml}$ recombinant murine Granulocyte-Macrophage Colony Stimulating Factor (GM-CSF; Peprotech) and were passaged every 3-4 days at a 1:20-40 dilution.

### 2.4.5.1. Differentiation of $M \varnothing$ Cells

Oestrogen was depleted from the $M \not \subset \mathrm{P}$ cultures by washing the cells in 10 ml standard RPMI media three times, centrifuged at $350 \times g$ for 5 minutes in-between washes. After the final wash cells were counted as previously described and resuspended in RPMI media containing $20 \mathrm{ng} / \mathrm{ml}$ Macrophage Colony Stimulating Factor (M-CSF). Differentiating M $\varnothing \mathrm{P}$ cells were incubated for 4 days, with additional M-CSF supplemented RPMI media added on day 2.

The differentiated $M \emptyset P$ cells were harvested using Lidocaine-EDTA. The media was discarded, and cells were washed with DPBS before sufficient Lidocaine-EDTA was added
to cover the bottom of the well. Following 3-4 minutes of incubation at $37^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ before the addition of double the volume of RPMI media to inactivate the Lidocaine-EDTA. The cell suspension was then transferred to a 50 ml falcon tube and centrifuged at $350 \times g$ for 5 minutes to pellet the cells before downstream applications.

### 2.4.6. Bone-Marrow Derived Macrophages (BMDMs)

Femur and tibia bones were harvested from sacrificed mice and placed into 50 ml falcon tube containing ice-cold DPBS. The epiphyses of each bone were removed, and marrow was flushed out of the medullary cavity using a 27-gauge (G) needle on a 10 ml syringe containing perfusion buffer, directly into a $70 \mu \mathrm{M}$ strainer placed on a 50 ml falcon tube.

The plunger of a 5 ml syringe was used to assist with the passing of any cells through the strainer. Cells were centrifuged at $350 \times g$ for 5 minutes, after which either cells were cryopreserved, as described in Section 2.4 or underwent a red-blood-cell (RBC) lysis using 1 ml of Ammonium-Chloride-Potassium (ACK) lysis solution and incubated for 1 minute before 9 ml of DPBS was added. Frozen bone-marrow aliquots did not require this step as freeze/thawing results in lysis of RBCs.

Bone-marrow cells were resuspended in 10 ml of standard DMEM and counted as described in Section 2.4.2. Cells were plated in $145 \mathrm{~mm} \times 20 \mathrm{~mm}$ (diameter $\times$ height) culture dish (Greiner Bio One) at $1 \times 10^{7}$ per plate in 25 ml of DMEM with $20 \mathrm{ng} / \mathrm{ml}$ of M CSF and incubated for 7 days at $37^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Differentiation media was refreshed every 2 days before being harvested with Lidocaine-EDTA buffer as mentioned above.

### 2.4.7. Functional Macrophage Assays

Functional assays were performed on fully differentiated $M \emptyset P$. Following harvest with Lidocaine-EDTA, as described above, cells were counted (Section 2.4.2) and replated at seeding density of $4 \times 10^{5}$ per well in Corning ${ }^{\circledR}$ Costar $^{\circledR}$ Ultra-Low Attachment 24 Well Plates and cells were incubated to adhere for a minimum of 5 hours in $20 \mathrm{ng} / \mathrm{ml}$ of M-CSF media. Prior to treatment the supernatant was removed and briefly washed with media before treatment with $20 \mathrm{ng} / \mathrm{ml}$ M-CSF with $100 \mathrm{ng} / \mathrm{ml}$ E. coli 0111:B4 lipopolysaccharides (LPS) for the time specified in each experiment as indicated in the appropriate figure legends.

### 2.5. In Vivo Experiments and Cell Isolation

### 2.5.1. Peritoneal Lavage

Mice were sacrificed as per Schedule 1. The abdominal skin was lifted with forceps and a small incision made in the abdominal skin using scissors. This enables the skin to be torn by hand, exposing the abdominal wall. Using a 10 ml syringe 6 ml of ice-cold Lavage Buffer was injected into the peritoneal cavity using a 21G hypodermic needle (BD Bioscience). The mice were then gently rocked to ensure a maximum cell harvest and the needle reinserted to withdraw cell-containing fluid. Following recovery the needle was removed and the fluid was transferred to a 15 ml falcon tube and placed on ice.

### 2.5.2. Intraperitoneal (I.P.) Injections of Zymosan Particles

Zymosan particles were counted on the Muse at a 1:40 dilution as described in section 2.4.2. Mice were injected intraperitoneally with a 29 G 0.5 ml insulin needle (Fisher Scientific) containing $2 \times 10^{6}$ zymosan particles in $100 \mu$ I DPBS. Mice were sacrificed as per Schedule 1, 48 hrs after injection.

### 2.5.3. I.P. Injection of Tamoxifen

Prior to injection 1 g Tamoxifen powder was resuspended in pre-warmed $\left(70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ ethanol and placed at $70{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ until fully dissolved, resulting in a concentration of $200 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{ml}$, aliquoted and stored at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. On the day of injection, corn oil (Sigma) was pre-warmed $\left(70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and combined with the Tamoxifen-ethanol stock solution resulting in a final concentration of $20 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{ml}$. The mice were weighed and dosed at either $100 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ or 200 $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ with a 25 G needle (BD Bioscience) on a 1 ml syringe (Fisher Scientific) every 24 hours up to 5 days. Number of injections are specified in each experiment and can be found in the figure legends. Mice were sacrificed 7 days after final injection.

### 2.5.4. Microglia Isolation

Bijou tubes were filled with 2 ml of Hank's Balanced Salt Solution without $\mathrm{Ca}^{2+}$ and $\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}$ (HBSS w/o; ThermoFisher Scientific) and weighed. Brains were harvested following schedule 1 and stored on ice in the HBSS w/o bijou tubes. Tubes containing whole brain were weighted to calculate brain weight for enzymatic digestion, which was performed
using the Adult Brain Dissociation Kit, mouse and rat (ABDK; Miltenyi Biotec) as per manufacturer's instructions.

The specific contents of these kits are proprietary knowledge, however all enzymes and buffers were calculated according to brain weight and added to a GentleMACS ${ }^{\text {m }}$ C-tube (Miltenyi) followed by the brain and 1 ml HBSS w/o. The C-tubes were then placed in the GentleMACS ${ }^{\top M}$ OctoDissociator with heaters (Miltenyi Biotec) and run on the program "37C_ABDK". Exact details of GentleMACS ${ }^{\top M}$ OctoDissociator programs are proprietary, however manufacturer literature states the C-tube are heated to $37{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 30 minutes whilst being rotated at 840 rpm . The resulting cell suspension was passed through a 70 $\mu \mathrm{M}$ strainer into a 50 ml falcon tube containing 10 ml HBSS with $\mathrm{Ca}^{2+}$ and $\mathrm{Mg} 2+$, before being centrifuged at $300 \times g$ for 7 min .

Supernatant was removed, and cell suspension was resuspended in 3.1 ml of DPBS with $\mathrm{Ca}^{2+}$ and $\mathrm{Mg}^{2}\left(\mathrm{DPBS}^{+/+}\right)$and transfer to 15 ml tube. The addition of $900 \mu \mathrm{l}$ Debris Removal Solution was well mixed by inversion of the tube. Very gently 4 ml ice-cold DPBS $^{+/+}$was overlaid on top of the cell suspension, and then centrifuged for 10 min at $3,000 \mathrm{xg}$ at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with partially reduced acceleration and brake (setting 6 on Sorvall Legend RT)).

This results in three phases being formed: a top clear layer, a myelin debris layer, and a cloudy cellular layer at the bottom of the tube. The myelin debris was removed with a P1000, carefully trying to not disturb the bottom cellular layer. Following the removal of the myelin the clear top phase was removed with a fresh P1000 tip.

To remove any remaining debris removal solution the cells were washed with 12 ml of cold $\mathrm{DPBS}^{+/+}$and centrifuged at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 10 min at $1,000 \times \mathrm{g}$. Supernatant was discarded and 1 ml of diluted Red Blood Cell Removal Solution (1x, diluted in $\mathrm{ddH}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ ) was combined with the cell pellet by pipetting up and down, and incubated for 10 min on ice, before being centrifuged at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at 300 xg for 7 min . Supernatant was discarded and cell pellet was washed with 10 ml of cold MACS buffer.

### 2.6. Flow Cytometry

Samples were run on the Attune NxT Flow Cytometer (Thermo Fisher Scientific). Each experiment used single colour controls and where possible photo multiplier tube (PMT) voltage settings were kept consistent between experiments.

### 2.6.5. Cell Staining

Chapter 3 assesses different fixatives and permeabilisation methods for antibodies. Ultimately in the method used, cells were counted (Section 2.4.2) and fixed with 2 \% formaldehyde for 20 minutes at on ice. Fixative was removed by centrifuging at $350 \times g$ for 5 min and the supernatant was discarded. Cells were resuspended in 1 ml sort buffer and $3 \times 10^{5}$ cells were transferred to one well of a V-bottom 96 well plate (Greiner). The plate was then centrifuged at $350 \times g$ for 5 minutes and the supernatant discarded.

Where intra-cellular/intra-nuclear staining was required, additional steps were conducted. Cells were resuspended in $100 \mu$ l of 1X Permeabilization Reagent resuspended in Permeabilization Diluent, both from eBioscience ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Foxp3 / Transcription Factor Staining Buffer Set (Thermofisher). The plate was then centrifuged at 350 xg for 5 minutes and the supernatant discarded and repeated for a second time as per the buffer set instructions.

Following discarding of the supernatant $100 \mu \mathrm{l}$ of flow block buffer was added and incubated at $4{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 20 minutes. During this incubation desired antibodies were diluted in flow block buffer to form a mastermix (Table 2.6.1). The plate was then centrifuged at $350 \times g$ for 5 minutes and the supernatant discarded and replaced with $100 \mu$ of the antibody mastermix. For unstained samples $100 \mu$ l of FACS block was added per well and incubated at $4{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 20 minutes.

The plate was then centrifuged at $350 \times g$ for 5 minutes and washed with flow wash buffer and centrifuged at 350 xg for 5 minutes twice. Cells were resuspended in $100 \mu \mathrm{l}$ focussing fluid (Thermofisher) and transferred to 5 ml flow tubes (Greiner) and resuspended in an additional $350 \mu \mathrm{l}$ focussing fluid.

| Target | Fluorophore | Clone | Isotype | Supplier | Catalogue Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Anti-Rabbit lgG ( $\mathrm{H}+\mathrm{L}$ ) | APC | Polyclonal | Donkey | Jackson Immuno | 711-136-152 |
| CD11b | APC-Cyanine7 | M1/70 | Rat lgG2a, k | Biolegend | 101226 |
| CD11c | Alexa Fluor ${ }^{\text {® }} 488$ | N418 | Armenian Hamster lgG | Biolegend | 117313 |
| CD16/32 | BD Horizon ${ }^{\text {TM }} \mathrm{V} 450$ | 2.4G2 | Rat lgG2b, k | BD Bioscience | 560539 |
| CD16/32 (Fc Block) | Purified | 2.4G2 | Rat lgG2b, k | BD Bioscience | 553142 |
| CD206 (MMR) | Brilliant Violet $785{ }^{\text {TM }}$ | C068C2 | Rat lgG2a, k | Biolegend | 141729 |
| CD38 | PE | 90 | Rat lgG2a, K | Biolegend | 102707 |
| CD40 | APC-Fire ${ }^{\text {TM }} 750$ | Mar-23 | Rat lgG2a, k | Biolegend | 124631 |
| CD45 | Pacific Blue ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ | 30-F11 | Rat lgG2a, k | Biolegend | 103125 |
| CD68 | APC-Cyanine7 | FA-11 | Rat lgG2a, K | Biolegend | 137023 |
| CD80 | APC | 16-10A1 | Armenian Hamster lgG | Biolegend | 104713 |
| CD86 | Alexa Fluor ${ }^{\text {® }} 488$ | GL-1 | Rat lgG2a, k | Biolegend | 105017 |
| Cx3cr1 | Alexa Fluor ${ }^{\text {® }} 488$ | SA011F11 | Mouse lgG2a, k | Biolegend | 149021 |
| Cx3cr1 | PE | SA011F11 | Mouse IgG2a, k | Biolegend | 149005 |
| F4/80 | Pacific Blue ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ | BM8 | Rat lgG2a, k | Biolegend | 123124 |
| Folate Receptor $\beta$ | PE | 10/FR2 | Rat lgG2a, k | Biolegend | 153303 |
| GFP | Alexa Fluor ${ }^{\text {® }} 488$ | FM264G | Rat lgG2a, k | Biolegend | 338008 |
| HSP70 | Alexa Fluor ${ }^{\text {® }} 488$ | W27 | Mouse lgG2a, $\lambda$ | Biolegend | 648003 |
| I-A/I-E (MHC-II) | PerCP/Cy-5.5 | M5/114.15.2 | Rat lgG2b, k | Biolegend | 107626 |


| Isotype Control | PE | eBM2a | Mouse lgG2a, k | Thermo Fisher | 12-4724-41 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Isotype Control | PE | MOPC-21 | Mouse IgG1, k | Biolegend | 400111 |
| Isotype Control | Alexa Fluor ${ }^{\text {® }} 488$ | MOPC-173 | Mouse lgG2a, k | Biolegend | 400233 |
| Isotype Control | eFluor ${ }^{\circledR} 660$ | eBMG2b | Mouse lgG2b, k | Thermo Fisher | 50-4732-82 |
| Isotype Control | Alexa Fluor ${ }^{\text {® }} 488$ | HTK888 | Armenian Hamster lgG | Biolegend | 400923 |
| Isotype Control | APC-Cyanine7 | RTK2758 | Rat $\operatorname{lgG} 2 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{k}$ | Biolegend | 400523 |
| Isotype Control | APC-Fire ${ }^{\text {TM }} 750$ | RTK2758 | Rat lgG2a, K | Biolegend | 400567 |
| Isotype Control | Brilliant Violet 785 ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ | RTK2758 | Rat $\operatorname{lgG} 2 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{k}$ | Biolegend | 400545 |
| Ly-6C | APC-Cyanine7 | HK1.4 | Rat $\operatorname{lgG2c}$, k | Biolegend | 128026 |
| Ly-6G | FITC | 1A8 | Rat $\lg \mathrm{G} 2 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{k}$ | Biolegend | 127606 |
| LYVE-1 | PE | ALY7 | Rat $\lg$ G1, k | Thermo Fisher | 12-0443-80 |
| MAF | Unconjugated | Polyclonal | Rabbit lgG | Abcam | ab203885 |
| MAF | PE | T54-856 | Mouse IgG2a, K | BD Bioscience | 565795 |
| MAF | eFluor® 660 | sym0F1 | Mouse lgG2b, K | Thermo Fisher | 50-9855-82 |
| MAIR-V | PE | TX70 | Rat $\operatorname{lgG} 2 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{k}$ | Biolegend | 132704 |
| Major Histocompatibility Complex (MHC) H-2 | PE | M1/42 | Rat $\lg \mathrm{G} 2 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{K}$ | Biolegend | 125505 |
| MRVI-1 | Unconjugated | Polyclonal | Rabbit lgG | Thermo Fisher | PA3-851 |
| P2RY12 | APC | S16007D | Rat lgG2b, k | Biolegend | 848005 |
| Rat CD2 | Alexa Fluor ${ }^{\circledR} 488$ | OX-34 | Mouse lgG2a | Bio-Rad | MCA154A488 |


| S1P1/EDG-1 | PE | 713412 | Rat $\lg G 2 a$ |  | R\&D Systems |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Siglec H | PE | 551 | Rat $\lg G 1, \mathrm{k}$ | Biolegend | 129605 |
| SPI-1 (PU.1) | Alexa Fluor ${ }^{\circledR} 488$ | 7C2C34 | Rat $\lg G 2 a, k$ | Biolegend | 681305 |
| Tim-4 | PE | RMT4-54 | Rat $\lg G 2 a, k$ | Thermo Fisher | $12-5866-82$ |
| TLR2 | PE | QA16A01 | Mouse $\lg G 1, k$ | Biolegend | 153003 |
| VSIG-4 | APC | NLA14 | Rat $\lg G 2 a, k$ | Thermo Fisher | $17-5752-80$ |

Table 2.6.1 List of flow cytometry antibodies used throughout this thesis.

### 2.6.6. Fluorescence-Activated Cell Sorting (FACS)

Cell sorting was performed on the FACS Aria III (BD Bioscience), by trained flow cytometry specialists in Central Biotechnology Services (CBS) at Cardiff University. Samples were stained as described above and kept of ice prior and post sorting. Cell sorts for RNA were performed with a pre-cooled sample injection and collection chamber at $4{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

### 2.6.6.1. DSP (dithiobis(succinimidyl propionate))/Lomant's Reagent Crosslinking of Microglia for FACS

To preserve microglia for FACS and to prevent clumping of samples we determined the requirement for a N -hydroxysuccimide ester (NHS ester) crosslinker such as DSP (Thermofisher). A 50X stock solution of DSP ( $50 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{ml}$ ) was generated by dissolving 1 g of DSP in $100 \%$ anhydrous DMSO, aliquoted and store at $-80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Immediately before use the 50X stock was diluted to its working concentration ( $1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{ml}$ ) with DPBS in a 15 ml Falcon tube, by dropwise adding DPBS using a $1000 \mu$ l pipette whilst vortexing. The solution was filtered using a $30 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ filter (Miltenyi) and kept on ice.

Following the isolation of microglia as described in section 2.5.4, 1 ml of 1 X DSP was added for every $1 \times 10^{6}$ cells and left on ice for 30 minutes. Excess DSP was chemically quenched through adding $60 \mu \mathrm{l}$ of 1 M Tris HCl pH 7.5 (final concentration 20 mM ) per 1 ml of 1 X DSP used and mix gently by pipetting. Microglia were then centrifuged at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at $300 \times g$ for 7 min and resuspended in DSPS prior to staining as discussed above.

### 2.6.7. Imaging Cytometry

Amnis Imagestream ${ }^{\circledR}$ X Mark II (Luminex) imaging cytometer is an advanced flow cytometer acquiring both integrated fluorescence signals as well as high quality fluorescence images, allowing for visual assessment combined with flow cytometry. Samples were stained as described in 2.6.5, and prior to running samples were resuspended in a small volume of $20 \mu$ DPBS in a 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tubes (Starlab). The magnification in each experiment can be found in the figure legends throughout this thesis.

### 2.7. Quantitative PCR (qPCR)

### 2.7.1. Ribonucleic Acid (RNA) Extraction

RNA isolation from cell culture where it is possible to obtain cell numbers exceeding $1 \times 10^{6}$ cells were extracted as described in section 2.8.2 using RNeasy Mini Kit (Qiagen) and spin columns were eluted in $30 \mu$ l nuclease free water. RNA extractions from less than $5 \times 10^{5}$, such as in vivo cells which have undergone FACS or those from functional macrophage assays in section 2.4.7, were extracted using either the RNeasy Micro Kit (Qiagen) or miRNeasy Micro Kit (Qiagen) and eluted in $15 \mu$ l nuclease free water.

### 2.7.2. Reverse Transcription

Isolated RNA was measured using the Nanodrop 2000 providing concentration of nucleic acid and 260:280 ratio as a determination of purity of nucleic acid to protein. Samples were normalised based on concentration of nucleic acid and as per manufactures instruction of High-Capacity cDNA Reverse Transcription Kit (Thermofisher Scientific) to generate complementary DNA (cDNA) for qPCR (Figure 2.7.1).

No template controls (NTC), where nuclease free water was used to replace the RNA, and reverse transcription controls (RTC), where the MultiScribe ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Reverse Transcriptase was replaced with nuclease free water, were utilised in all qPCR reactions to control of RNA and genomic DNA contamination respectively.


Figure 2.7.1 Schematic of High-Capacity cDNA Reverse Transcription Kit

### 2.7.3. qPCR Reaction

All qPCR reactions utilised PowerUp ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ SYBR $^{\text {TM }}$ Green Master Mix (Thermofisher Scientific) as per manufacturer's instructions. qPCR reactions were conducted either in a 96 well plate format with a $20 \mu$ l reaction on the ViiA 7 Real-Time PCR System (Thermofisher Scientific), or in a 384 well plate format with a $10 \mu$ reaction on the QuantStudio 12K Flex Real-Time PCR System (Thermofisher Scientific). Both instruments used a standard 2 step PCR reaction with the addition of a melt curve analysis after the final cycle (Figure 2.7.2).


Figure 2.7.2 Schematic of Standard 2-Step PCR and Melt Curve.

All qPCR primers were designed, where possible, to be intron spanning (Figure 2.7.1), were checked using NCBI Primer-BLAST, and generated by Sigma Aldrich. Ywhaz was used as the endogenous control in all assays.

| Target | Forward Primer (5'-3') | Reverse Primer (5'-3') |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Maf | AGAGGCGGACCCTGAAAAAC | GTTTTCTCGGAAGCCGTTGC |
| Maf Codon Opt | AACAGCGTCATGTCCTGGAA | TCACATAAAGAACTCGGGGCTG |
| Per3 | ACTGCTCCAACTCAGCTTCC | TCTGTCTCCACCTCCACAGA |
| Creb5 | CGTTTCCCAACAGAGGACCA | TGCTCAAAGGAGCAGTCCAG |
| Cd300If | CATTGGCCCAGCAATCCAA | CATCTTCACCACCGCCACT |
| Mrvi1 | CATCGCCGTCTTGCATC | CGTGGCCTTTGACATGC |
| Dnm1 | GCAGAAGGTCCTCAATCAGC | TCGAAGTCCACTGCAAACTG |
| Ptprm | AGGCGACGGCCAACTAACA | CTTCTTGGCCAGTTTCCTCTTC |
| Dbp | AGCCTTCTGCAGGGAAACAG | TGAGGGCAGAGTTGCCTTG |
| Lyve1 | TGGTGTTACTCCTCGCCTCT | TTCTGCGCTGACTCTACCTG |
| Tgfbr3 | CAGGATCTAGGCTGGAAATGG | GGGTTCAGGGTGTTGTATAGTC |
| H2-Q6 | TGTCCTTGTAGCTTGGCCATC | AAGGTCACACTGGCTGTCACT |
| KIf12 | GCTAATGCTTGATGGAATGCC | AGTTGTGGACGTTTGGAGAC |
| Vsig4 | ATGGGACTGGAAAACTTGAGGAG | CTGCAGCGGAACAAGATATAAGG |


| S1pr1 | TTGAGCGAGGCTGCTGTTTC | GGGGTGGTATTTCTCCAGGC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cd38 | ACTGGAGAGCCTACCACGAA | AGTGGGGCGTAGTCTTCTCT |
| Clec7a | TGGGTGCCCTAGGAGGTITT | CGGTGAGACGATGTTTGGCT |
| Hspa1a/Hspa1b | ATGGACAAGGCGCAGATCC | CTCCGACTTGTCCCCCAT |
| Folr2 | GGAGCCTGCCTGTAAGAGTC | TTACGCCAACTCTGGTCCAC |
| Cd5I | GTTGGATCGTGTTTTTCAGA | TCCCACTCGCTGCACTTTGGT |
| Ywhaz | TTGAGCAGAAGACGGAAGGT | GAAGCATTGGGGATCAAGAA |
| II-1ß | CAACCAACAAGTGATATTCTCCATG | GATCCACACTCTCCAGCTGCA |
| II-6 | AGATAAGCTGGAGTCACAGAAGGAG | CGCACTAGGTTTGCCGAGTA |
| II-10 | ATTTGAATTCCCTGGGTGAGAAG | CACAGGGGAGAAATCGATGACA |
| II-12 | CACCCTTGCCCTCCTAAAC | CACCTGGCAGGTCCAGAG |
| Tnf | GTCCCCAAAGGGATGAGAAGTT | GTTTGCTACGACGTGGGCTACA |
| Bhlhe40 | GATGTTCGGGTAGGAGATCCTTC | CGGAGCGAAGACAGCAAG |
| Cxcl13 | CGGATTCAAGTTACGCCCC | CCATITGGCACGAGGATTCAC |
| Pilra | CTGGATCTGCAAACCACAGTTG | CTCTCTTCTGGGGTTTTTAATCTC |
| Cd22 | CAGGCTTCCAACGACATAGGC | GGGAGACTTTAGGGATGCGG |
| TIr5 | GATGGATGCTGAGTTCCCCC | GGCTATCCTGCCGTCTGAAG |
| TIr8 | GGCTACAGGACTTCATCCACA | CACTCTCTTCAAGGTGGTAGC |
| Cd209a | CAGTTGAAGGCTGGCGTAGA | ACAAGTTGAGCCCCCACATT |
| Xist | CCAGGGGAATAGCTCACC | GCCACTATTGCAGCAGCTTT |
| Cd93 | CGGAGAATCAGTACAGCCCA | GTGGCTTCCCCCTCATCTAAG |
| Cd163 | TGCCTCTGCTGTCACTAACG | TTCATTCATGCTCCAGCCGT |
| Cd276 | ATCCAAGACAGCTCTACGGC | CTCAACACTGCCAGAGGGTG |
| Ccr2 | GTTCAGCTGCCTGCAAAGAC | ATGCCGTGGATGAACTGAGG |
| Cd72 | ACTGGCAGCATTCGATGAAC | TCAGAGTCCTGCCTCCACTT |
| Fcgr4 | TCTGCTTCAGCAGCATGTGG | GGTCACGCTGTCTTCCTCAA |

Table 2.7.1 List of qPCR primers used throughout this thesis.

### 2.8. Cloning

### 2.8.1. Cloning Plasmids

### 2.8.1.1. Overexpression Vector Layouts

Cloning vectors previously established in the lab were utilised for overexpression (80). Both vectors share the same backbone containing the coding sequence for ampicillin resistance, simian virus 40 (SV40) promoter and respective reporter genes under the control of the spleen focus forming virus (SFFV) promoter and the woodchuck hepatitis virus posttranscriptional regulatory element (WPRE) (Figure 2.8.1). A T2A peptide sequence, originally derived from Thosea asigna virus 2A (124) (Figure 2.8.1), allows for the generation of multiple separate proteins from a single mRNA sequence, transcribed from a single promoter (125). Xhol restriction enzyme cut site, located between the SFFV promotor and T2A peptide sequence, was utilised for gene insertion.


Figure 2.8.1: Plasmid maps of vectors utilised for overexpression cloning.

Both plasmids have the same backbone containing ampicillin resistance, SV40 promoter and respective reporter gene under the control of the SFFV promoter and WPRE. Restriction enzyme binding site for Xhol is indicated in both plasmids at between the SFFV promoter and T2A peptide sequence. SFEW plasmid's eGFP reporter is highlighted in green, and truncated rat-CD2 (rCD2) reporter in purple in the SFRW plasmid.

SFEW vector contains an enhanced green fluorescent protein (eGFP) reporter (Figure 2.8.1), a green fluorescent protein variant which contains chromophore mutations that make the protein 35 times brighter than wild-type GFP, originally derived from the jellyfish

Aequorea victoria, greatly increasing the sensitivity of the reporter (126). SFRW contains a truncated sequence for rat-CD2 (rCD2) reporter (Figure 2.8.1), where deletion of the cytoplasmic tail sequence prevents the ability to activate downstream kinases, whilst maintaining the extracellular portion of the rat CD2 protein allowing detection with a monoclonal antibody (127).

### 2.8.1.2. Lentivirus Vector Layout

Lentiviruses are enveloped retroviruses, derived from human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) (128). To increase the safety of lentivirus production, the components necessary for infectious viral particles are divided among multiple plasmids, referred to as a $2^{\text {nd }}$ generation lentivirus (129). The HIV-1 packaging plasmid pCMV- $\Delta 8.91$, encodes viral capsid components of group antigens (gag), reverse transcriptase-polymerase (pol), trans-activator of transcription (tat) and regulator of expression of viron particles (rev), whilst the pMD2.G plasmid encodes the vesicular stomatitis virus G (VSV-G) envelope (130). Both plasmids are under a cytomegalovirus (CMV) enhancer and promotor (Figure 2.8.2).


Figure 2.8.2: Plasmid maps for $\mathbf{2}^{\text {nd }}$ generation lentivirus production

HIV-1 viral capsid components of gag, pol, tat and rev (blue) are encoded in a single plasmid pCMV- $\Delta 8.91$. The VSV-G envelope (orange) is encoded by the pMD2.G plasmid, separating the necessary components to form infection viral particles and therefore a $\mathbf{2}^{\text {nd }}$ generation lentivirus. Cytomegalovirus (CMV) enhancer and promotor (white).

### 2.8.1.3. Preparation of Plasmid Stocks

In a 250 ml Erlenmeyer flask, 50 ml of sterile Luria Bertani (LB) broth (Sigma) containing $100 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{ml}$ of Ampicillin (Sigma) was prepared in a laminar flow cabinet. A clean pipette tip was used to scrape a small amount of the pre-existing plasmid glycerol stock into the flask, loosely covered with foil and incubated overnight at $37^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at 225 rpm in a SI500 orbital shaking incubator (Stuart).

The next morning plasmid were extracted from the broth using the Plasmid Maxi Kit (Qiagen) as per manufacturer's direction utilising the QIAvac vacuum manifold (Qiagen). Plasmids were eluted in nuclease-free water (Thermofisher) and stored at $-20{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ until required.

### 2.8.1.4. Linearisation of Plasmids

Plasmids were linearised by restriction enzyme Xhol (NEB) in $1 \times$ CutSmart ${ }^{\circledR}$ buffer (NEB). Where $3 \mu \mathrm{~g}$ of plasmid with excess Xhol (100 units), resulting in final reaction volume of $50 \mu \mathrm{l}$ as per manufacturer's instructions in a 0.2 ml PCR tube (Starlab). The reaction was incubated at $37{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 hour before the enzyme was heat inactivated at $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 20 min in a Mastercycler ${ }^{\circledR}$ Nexus Gradient PCR machine (Eppendorf), alongside a no enzyme control reaction.

Linearisation was confirmed on 1\% agarose gel as described in section 2.3, and linearised plasmid was extracted from the gel with a scalpel and purified using the NucleoSpin ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ PCR clean-up kit (Macherey-Nagel) and eluted in nuclease-free water. The linearised vector was then stored at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ until required.

### 2.8.2. Insert Preparations

RNA was obtained from whole peritoneal lavage and isolated as described in 2.7. Complementary DNA (cDNA) was generated using the Precision ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Reverse-Transcription Premix 2 kit (PrimerDesign), as per manufacturer's instructions. $20 \mu \mathrm{l}$ of the Premix was added to a 0.2 ml PCR reaction tube (Starlab) along with $1 \mu \mathrm{~g}$ RNA. These samples were then heated in the Mastercycler ${ }^{\circledR}$ Nexus Gradient (Eppendorf) as described in Figure 2.8.3.


Figure 2.8.3 Schematic of Precision ${ }^{\text {™ }}$ Reverse-Transcription Premix 2 kit PCR

### 2.8.4. Cloning PCR

Primers were designed for In-Fusion ${ }^{\circledR}$ cloning system (Takara Bio) (Figure 2.8.4A), where gene specific primers contain a 15bp overhang correspond to vector specific sequence. The forward primer included insertion of a Kozak sequence (131), between the preserved Xhol cut site and gene complementary DNA (cDNA) sequence (Figure 2.8.4B). The Kozak sequence is required to improve translation through ribosome binding (132).


Figure 2.8.4. Schematic diagram of In-Fusion ${ }^{\circledR}$ cloning workflow.
A) From Left to Right: Amplification of PCR product with specific primers for cDNA target with 15bp overlap at the termini of the cloning insert and linearized cloning vector. Linearized vector combined with PCR product and In-Fusion ${ }^{\circledR}$ enzyme, where overhangs are annealed at the sites of complementarity, and the recombinant circular construct is rescued in E. coli. Bacterial transformation and colony plating. Image adapted from Takara Bio. B) Design of In-Fusion ${ }^{\circledR}$ cloning system primers for Mlf1 overexpression in SFEW Vector, Xho1 cut site (orange), insertion of Kozak sequence (purple) and MIf1 CCDS (green), demonstrating preservation of vector reading frame.

### 2.8.5. Transformation and Colony Selection

In-Fusion ${ }^{\circledR}$ (Takara) enzyme was combined with amplified gene PCR product and 200ng linerised cloning vector at a molar ratio of 2:1 respectively and underwent a single 30 min reaction at $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Figure 2.8.4).


Figure 2.8.5: Colony PCR of picked colonies from MIf1 and Maf in SFEW vector, transformed in Stellar ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ competent cells.
A) Colony PCR analysis of MIf1 clones in SFEW vector. Colony PCRs were run on a $\mathbf{1 \%}(\mathbf{w} / \mathrm{v})$ agarose gel with water control, an uncut plasmid transformed colony control and 1kb DNA ladder (Promega). Colonies 2-5 indicated a colony of predicted size, whilst colony 1 demonstrates a colony with larger than expected insert, and possibly a splice variant. Colonies 6 and 7 indicate colonies containing reannealed or uncut vector. B) Colony PCR analysis of codon optimised Maf clones in SFEW vector. Colonies shown are run on a $1 \%(w / v)$ agarose gel with water control, an uncut plasmid transformed colony control and 100bp DNA ladder (Promega). Colonies 1,2 and 68 demonstrate colonies of predicted size. Colonies 3 and 5 demonstrate reannealed or uncut vector colonies, along with a failed PCR reaction in colony 4.

Stellar ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ competent cells (an E. coli HST08 strain) have a high transformation efficiency and were employed for bacteria transformation. Transformed bacteria were grown overnight on agar plates containing ampicillin as a selection pressure. Colonies were picked with a $10 \mu$ l pipette tip and added to PCR reaction mix. Primers were designed to match vector sequence on either side of Xhol cut site, permitting the production of a band of 156 bp on a $1 \%(w / v)$ agarose if no insert was present (Figure 2.8.5). The addition of the

Mlf1 and Maf cDNA accompanied with the inserted Kozak sequence and preserved Xhol cut sites at both the $5^{\prime}$ and $3^{\prime}$ ends of the cDNA results in bands of 1095bp (Figure 2.8.5A) and 1371bp (Figure 2.8.5B) for each respective gene.

For each plasmid 2-3 colonies matching expected band size were cultured in LB broth with $100 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{ml}$ ampicillin selection (Sigma) pressure overnight in a shaking incubator. Midiprep (Sigma) isolated plasmids were sent to an external company for DNA sanger sequencing. Colonies containing the correct DNA sequence were then taken forward to produce lentiviruses.

### 2.9. Lentivirus Production

### 2.9.1. Transfection of Lentiviruses

Effectene ${ }^{\circledR}$ transfection reagent is a cationic non-liposomal lipid reagent (Qiagen). In conjunction with an enhancer buffer and a DNA-condensation buffer, plasmid DNA is condensed and coated with Effectene ${ }^{\circledR}$ micelle structures, allowing transfer of DNA into eukaryotic cells (133). The two lentiviral plasmids, pCMV- 88.91 and pMD2.G, with the transfer plasmid containing the gene of interest were combined at a ratio of 1.5:1:2 respectively with Effectene ${ }^{\circledR}$ transfection buffers. This was added to HEK 293T cells (134) for 48hrs.

### 2.9.2. Virus Purification by Sucrose Density

Media was removed from transfected HEK 293T flask after 48hrs and passed through a $0.45 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ syringe filter (Sartorius). Fresh media was added to the transfected HEK 293T cell, and an additional collection was made after 24 hrs . The supernatant was transferred into a 31.5 ml thin-walled polypropylene konical tube (Beckman Coulter) and 3 ml of $20 \%(\mathrm{w} / \mathrm{v}$ ) sucrose solution was underlaid. The tubes were then centrifuged at $26,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for 90 minutes at $4{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in a SW28Ti ultracentrifuge rotor in an Optima XPN-80 Ultracentrifuge (Beckman Coulter). Following ultracentrifugation media was removed and the tubes were inverted for 10 minutes to remove remaining liquid. Viral pellet was resuspended in 1 ml Aim $\mathrm{V}^{\mathrm{TM}}$ media (Thermofisher) and then aliquoted and stored at $-80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(135)$.

### 2.9.3. Lentivirus Titres

Early studies demonstrated that a recombinant HIV-1 vector could efficiently introduce genes of interest into cultured human Jurkat leukemic T-cell line (136). Viral titres were performed to allow comparison between viral preparations. Flow cytometry was utilised to quantify viral infection through GFP mean fluorescent intensity (MFI) and percentage of GFP+ cells (Figure 2.9.1).


Figure 2.9.1: Lentiviral titre in Jurkat leukemic T-cell line.

Quantification of viral infection through GFP mean fluorescent intensity (MFI) and percentage of GFP+ cells. Example of flow cytometry plots of GFP expression obtained with in increasing dosage of lentivirus. Data displayed here is typical of all viral vector preparations produced in this thesis.

### 2.10. RNA Sequencing

### 2.10.1. Quality Control of RNA of Naïve Microglia

Prior to RNA-Sequencing library preparation the nucleic acid concentration and RNA Integrity Number (RIN) was calculated on a Bioanalyzer 2010 pico chip (Agilent Technologies) by CBS (Table 2.10.1). RIN is an algorithm for assigning integrity values to RNA measurements, from 1 (highly degraded) to 10 (highest integrity) (137). Library preparation was undertaken by Wales Gene Park.

|  | Genotype | Age | Sex | Nucleic Acid Conc.(ng/ $\mu \mathrm{l}$ ) | RIN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sample 1 | Maf ${ }^{\text {fl/fl }} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ | 6.3 wks | Female | 12.54 | 9.1 |
| Sample 2 | Maf ${ }^{\text {fl/fl }} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ | 6.3 wks | Female | 13.4 | 8.5 |
| Sample 3 | Maf ${ }^{\text {fi/fl }} \mathrm{Cx3cr1} 1^{+/}$ | 5.9 wks | Female | 3.66 | 7.9 |
| Sample 4 | Maf ${ }^{\text {fl/fl }} \mathrm{Cx3cr1} 1^{+/}$ | 7.0 wks | Female | 2.97 | 8.0 |

Table 2.10.1 Quality control of RNA obtained from Microglia for RNA-sequencing.

Prior to library construction samples were run on a on a Bioanalyzer 2010 pico chip to determine Nucleic Acid concentration ( $\mathrm{ng} / \mu \mathrm{l}$ ) and RNA Integrity Number (RIN) for each sample before proceeding. Age, genotype, and sex of each sample are listed in the table.

### 2.10.2. Quality Control of Sequencing of Naïve Microglia

Raw sequencing sample FASTQ files were processed using Supercomputing Wales (SCW) to index, trim adapters, map reads, mark duplicates and generate feature counts. Quality control of samples were analysed at multiple stages throughout these processes. Single samples were split across two lanes to increase read counts and depth of sequencing, resulting in two raw files for each sample (Table 2.10.2) which were ultimately combined in the processing pipeline.

Illumina adapters are often found in RNA-sequencing data, and trimmed during analysis to increase the quality and reliability of downstream analysis (138). Trimming can also remove low quality bases, leading to a decrease in the number of reads, but an increase the proportion of mappable reads (138). Illumina adapters were removed prior to mapping, amounting to less than $0.1 \%$ of total basepairs removed (Table 2.10.3).

Marked duplicates are computationally defined by their mapping position, which does not distinguish between PCR-duplicates or biological duplicates. Computational removal of duplicates does not improve accuracy or precision in the analysis, and has been demonstrated to worsen statistical power and the False Discovery Rate (FDR/Adjusted Pvalue) for differential gene expression analysis (139) (Table 2.10.3).

| Trimming | Sample1 | (\%) | Sample1_2 | (\%) | Sample2 | (\%) | Sample2_2 | (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Reads <br> Processed | $53,585,197$ | NA | $53,585,197$ | NA | $38,356,744$ | NA | $38,356,744$ | NA |
| Reads with <br> Adapters | $19,433,092$ | 36.3 | $17,836,536$ | 33.3 | $14,742,192$ | 38.4 | $13,433,881$ | 35 |
| Reads Written <br> (Passing Filters) | $53,585,197$ | 100 | $53,585,197$ | 100 | $38,356,744$ | 100 | $38,356,744$ | 100 |
| Total Basepairs <br> Processed | $5,412,104,897$ | NA | $5,412,104,897$ | NA | $3,874,031,144$ | NA | $3,874,031,144$ | NA |
| Quality-Trimmed | $2,557,972$ | 0 | $5,853,106$ | 0.1 | $1,676,108$ | 0 | $5,278,470$ | 0.1 |
| Trimming | Sample3 | (\%) | Sample3_2 | (\%) | Sample4 | (\%) | Sample4_2 | (\%) |
| Total Reads <br> Processed <br> Reads with | $42,636,747$ | NA | $42,636,747$ | NA | $41,317,941$ | NA | $41,317,941$ | NA |
| Adapters | $15,051,447$ | 35.3 | $14,431,526$ | 33.8 | $15,989,893$ | 38.7 | $15,270,971$ | 37 |
| Reads Written <br> (Passing Filters) | $42,636,747$ | 100 | $42,636,747$ | 100 | $41,317,941$ | 100 | $41,317,941$ | 100 |
| Total Basepairs <br> Processed | $4,306,311,447$ | NA | $4,306,311,447$ | NA | $4,173,112,041$ | NA | $4,173,112,041$ | NA |
| Quality-Trimmed | $2,126,227$ | 0 | $5,514,040$ | 0.1 | $1,604,602$ | 0 | $4,535,462$ | 0.1 |

Table 2.10.2 Quality Control of raw RNA-sequencing sample reads following trimming of adapter sequences.

| Mapping | Sample1 | (\%) | Sample2 | (\%) | Sample3 | (\%) | Sample4 | (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Reads | $105,994,938$ |  | $75,364,264$ |  | $85,005,957$ |  | $81,987,015$ |  |
| Mapped Reads | $98,238,200$ | 92.68 | $69,934,194$ | 92.80 | $80,258,346$ | 94.42 | $75,978,033$ | 92.67 |
| Forward Strand | $56,875,625$ | 53.66 | $40,396,915$ | 53.60 | $44,876,646$ | 52.79 | $43,997,753$ | 53.66 |
| Reverse Strand | $49,119,313$ | 46.34 | $34,967,349$ | 46.40 | $40,129,311$ | 47.21 | $37,989,262$ | 46.34 |
| Failed QC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Duplicates | $53,755,494$ | 50.72 | $30,717,448$ | 40.76 | $46,347,958$ | 54.52 | $37,275,664$ | 45.47 |
| Paired-end Reads | $105,994,938$ | 100 | $75,364,264$ | 100 | $85,005,957$ | 100 | $81,987,015$ | 100 |
| Proper-pairs' | 98231694 | 92.68 | $69,927,586$ | 92.79 | $80,250,344$ | 94.41 | $75,972,956$ | 92.67 |
| Singletons | 6,506 | 0.00 | 6,608 | 0.01 | 8,002 | 0.01 | 5,077 | 0.01 |

Table 2.10.3 Quality control of processed RNA-sequencing samples following marked duplicates and mapping.

### 2.10.3. Quality Control of RNA of Naïve Tissue Resident Macrophages

 Prior to RNA-Sequencing library preparation the nucleic acid concentration, 260/280 ratio and RNA Integrity Number (RIN) was calculated on 4200 TapeStation (Agilent Technologies) (Table 2.10.4). RIN calculation and library preparation was undertaken by Wales Gene Park.|  | Genotype | Age | Sex | Nucleic Acid Conc.(ng/ul) | $\begin{gathered} 260 / 280 \\ \text { Ratio } \end{gathered}$ | RIN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sample 1 | Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ | 8.4wks | Female | 39.0 | 1.95 | 9.0 |
| Sample 2 | Maf ${ }^{\text {fl/fl }} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$ | 8.4wks | Female | 57.0 | 2.03 | 9.3 |
| Sample 3 | Maf ${ }^{\text {fl/fl }} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$ | 7.4wks | Female | 147.2 | 1.94 | 9.3 |
| Sample 4 | Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ | 7.4wks | Female | 138.3 | 1.99 | 9.5 |
| Sample 5 | Maf ${ }^{\text {fl/fl }} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$ | 7.4wks | Male | 120.5 | 1.95 | 9.7 |
| Sample 6 | Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ | 7.4wks | Male | 219.0 | 2.04 | 9.6 |

Table 2.10.4 Quality control of RNA obtained from peritoneal tissue resident macrophages for RNA-sequencing.

Prior to library construction samples were run on a 4200 TapeStation to determine Nucleic Acid concentration ( $\mathrm{ng} / \mu \mathrm{l}$ ), 260/280 ratio (as indication of purity), RNA Integrity Number (RIN) for each sample before proceeding. Age, genotype, and sex of each sample are listed in the table.

### 2.10.4. Quality Control of Sequencing of Naïve Tissue Resident

## Macrophages

As described previously in 2.10.2, Illumina adapters were removed prior to mapping, amounting to less than $0.1 \%$ of total basepairs removed (Table 2.10.5). The two raw files for each sample (Table 2.10 .5 ) were ultimately combined in the processing pipeline. Across the six samples marked duplicates were identified but not removed from the analysis (Table 2.10.6).

| Trimming | Sample1 | (\%) | Sample1_2 | (\%) | Sample2 | (\%) | Sample2_2 | (\%) | Sample3 | (\%) | Sample3_2 | (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Reads Processed | 33,559,787 |  | 33,559,787 |  | 40,539,659 |  | 40,539,659 |  | 37,185,382 |  | 37,185,382 |  |
| Reads with Adapters | 11,543,746 | 34.40 | 10,582,944 | 31.50 | 14,024,853 | 34.60 | 12,959,145 | 32.00 | 13,056,251 | 35.10 | 12,163,945 | 32.70 |
| Reads Written (Passing Filters) | 33,559,787 | 100.00 | 33,559,787 | 100.00 | 40,539,659 | 100.00 | 40,539,659 | 100.00 | 37,185,382 | 100.00 | 37,185,382 | 100.00 |
| Total Basepairs Processed | 3,389,538,487 |  | 3,389,538,487 |  | 4,094,505,559 |  | 4,094,505,559 |  | 3,755,723,582 |  | 3,755,723,582 |  |
| Quality-Trimmed | 2,326,553 | 0.10 | 4,003,481 | 0.10 | 3,130,531 | 0.10 | 4,142,351 | 0.10 | 2,881,323 | 0.10 | 3,638,884 | 0.10 |
| Trimming | Sample4 | (\%) | Sample4_2 | (\%) | Sample5 | (\%) | Sample5_2 | (\%) | Sample6 | (\%) | Sample6_2 | (\%) |
| Total Reads Processed | 33,273,112 |  | 33,273,112 |  | 39,353,265 |  | 39,353,265 |  | 37,759,159 |  | 37,759,159 |  |
| Reads with Adapters | 11,553,575 | 34.70 | 10,904,994 | 32.80 | 13,950,260 | 35.40 | 13,139,501 | 33.40 | 13,055,040 | 34.60 | 12,142,516 | 32.20 |
| Reads Written (Passing Filters) | 33,273,112 | 100.00 | 33,273,112 | 100.00 | 39,353,265 | 100.00 | 39,353,265 | 100.00 | 37,759,159 | 100.00 | 37,759,159 | 100.00 |
| Total Basepairs Processed | 3,360,584,312 |  | 3,360,584,312 |  | 3,974,679,765 |  | 3,974,679,765 |  | 3,813,675,059 |  | 3,813,675,059 |  |
| Quality-Irimmed | 3,124,966 | 0.10 | 3,596,565 | 0.10 | 2,744,977 | 0.10 | 4,252,697 | 0.10 | 2,732,823 | 0.10 | 4,223,778 | 0.10 |

Table 2.10.5 Quality Control of raw RNA-sequencing sample reads following trimming of adapter sequences.

| Mapping | Sample1 | (\%) | Sample2 | (\%) | Sample3 | (\%) | Sample4 | (\%) | Sample5 | (\%) | Sample6 | (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Reads | 66,372,698 |  | 80,918,604 |  | 74,029,332 |  | 66,459,420 |  | 78,287,218 |  | 75,055,771 |  |
| Mapped Reads | 57,238,120 | 86.24 | 66,914,761 | 82.69 | 61,373,761 | 82.90 | 55,954,822 | 84.19 | 66,573,175 | 85.04 | 63,517,645 | 84.63 |
| Forward Strand | 37,753,531 | 56.88 | 47,461,033 | 58.65 | 43,342,363 | 58.55 | $38,481,867$ | 57.90 | 45,000,526 | 57.48 | 432,967,42 | 57.69 |
| Reverse Strand | 28,619,167 | 43.12 | 33,457,571 | 41.35 | 30,686,969 | 41.45 | 27,977,553 | 42.10 | 33,286,692 | 42.52 | 31,759,029 | 42.31 |
| Failed QC | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Duplicates | 19,457,856 | 29.32 | 25,048,535 | 30.96 | 19,802,700 | 26.75 | 17,252,402 | 25.96 | 21,108,170 | 26.96 | 21,266,703 | 28.33 |
| Paired-end Reads | 66,372,698 | 100.00 | 80,918,604 | 100.00 | 74,029,332 | 100.00 | 66,459,420 | 100.00 | 78,287,218 | 100.00 | 75,055,771 | 100.00 |
| 'Proper-pairs' | 57,234,436 | 86.23 | 66,910,820 | 82.69 | 61,370,540 | 82.90 | 55,951.238 | 84.19 | 66,568,850 | 85.03 | 63,513,206 | 84.62 |
| Singletons | 3,684 | 0.01 | 3,941 | 0.00 | 3,221 | 0.00 | 3,584 | 0.01 | 4,325 | 0.01 | 4,439 | 0.01 |

Table 2.10.6 Quality Control of processed RNA-sequencing samples following marked duplicates and mapping.

### 2.10.5. Quality Control of RNA from Zymosan Treated Resident Peritoneal Macrophages

Prior to RNA-Sequencing library preparation the nucleic acid concentration, 260/280 nm ratio and RNA Integrity Number (RIN) was calculated on 4200 TapeStation (Agilent Technologies) (Table 2.10.7).

|  | Genotype | Age | Sex | Nucleic Acid Conc.(ng/ul) | $\begin{gathered} 260 / 280 \\ \text { Ratio } \end{gathered}$ | RIN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sample 1 | Mafi/fl ${ }^{\text {Cx }} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ | 7.7wks | Female | 146 | 2.0 | 9.6 |
| Sample 2 | Maf ${ }^{\text {fi/fl }} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ | 7.7wks | Female | 81.9 | 2.0 | 9.5 |
| Sample 3 | Maf ${ }^{\text {fl/fl }} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$ | 6.9 wks | Female | 102 | 2.0 | 9.7 |
| Sample 4 | Maf ${ }^{\text {fl/fl }} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$ | 6.9wks | Female | 142 | 2.5 | 9.7 |
| Sample 5 | Mafil/fl ${ }^{\text {c }}$ 3 $3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$ | 6.9 wks | Female | 31.4 | 1.8 | 8.7 |
| Sample 6 | Maffli/l $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$ | 6.9wks | Female | 42.2 | 1.9 | 9.4 |

Table 2.10.7 Quality Control of RNA obtained from peritoneal tissue resident macrophages for RNA-sequencing.

Prior to library construction samples were run on a $\mathbf{4 2 0 0}$ TapeStation to determine Nucleic Acid concentration ( $\mathrm{ng} / \mu \mathrm{l}$ ), 260/280 ratio (as indication of purity), RNA Integrity Number (RIN) for each sample before proceeding. Age, genotype, and sex of each sample are listed in the table.

### 2.10.6. Quality Control of Sequencing of Zymosan Treated Tissue

## Resident Macrophages

As described previously in 2.10.2, Illumina adapters were removed prior to mapping, amounting to less than $0.1 \%$ of total basepairs removed (Table 2.10.8). The two raw files for each sample (Table 2.10 .8 ) were ultimately combined in the processing pipeline. Across the six samples marked duplicates were identified but not removed from the analysis (Table 2.10.9).

| Trimming | Sample1 | (\%) | Sample1_2 | (\%) | Sample2 | (\%) | Sample2_2 | (\%) | Sample3 | (\%) | Sample3_2 | (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Reads Processed | 43,538,249 |  | 43,538,249 |  | 41,220,132 |  | 41,220,132 |  | 77,213,878 |  | 77,213,878 |  |
| Reads with Adapters | 16,999,354 | 39 | 15,700,892 | 36.1 | 14,855,546 | 36 | 14,362,495 | 34.8 | 28,290,094 | 36.6 | 26,983,077 | 34.9 |
| Reads Written (Passing Filters) | 43,538,249 | 100 | 43,538,249 | 100 | 41,220,132 | 100 | 41,220,132 | 100 | 77,213,878 | 100 | 77,213,878 | 100 |
| Total Basepairs Processed | 4,397,363,149 |  | 4,397,363,149 |  | 4,163,233,332 |  | 4,163,233,332 |  | 7,798,601,678 |  | 7,798,601,678 |  |
| Quality-Trimmed | 3,263,753 | 0.1 | 4,647,485 | 0.1 | 2,183,573 | 0.1 | 4,174,171 | 0.1 | 4,615,080 | 0.1 | 7,052,938 | 0.1 |
| Trimming | Sample4 | (\%) | Sample4_2 | (\%) | Sample5 | (\%) | Sample5_2 | (\%) | Sample6 | (\%) | Sample6_2 | (\%) |
| Total Reads Processed | 61,680,575 |  | 61,680,575 |  | 53,252,605 |  | 53,252,605 |  | 65,485,130 |  | 65,485,130 |  |
| Reads with Adapters | 23,281,519 | 37.7 | 22,594,895 | 36.6 | 20,333,434 | 38.2 | 19,638,652 | 36.9 | 23,630,128 | 36.1 | 22,716,978 | 34.7 |
| Reads Written (Passing Filters) | 61,680,575 | 100 | 61,680,575 | 100 | 53,252,605 | 100 | 53,252,605 | 100 | 65,485,130 | 100 | 65,485,130 | 100 |
| Total Basepairs Processed | 6,229,738,075 |  | 6,229,738,075 |  | 5,378,513,105 |  | 5,378,513,105 |  | 6,613,998,130 |  | 6,613,998,130 |  |
| Quality-Trimmed | 3,168,772 | 0.1 | 6,470,451 | 0.1 | 3,055,341 | 0.1 | 5,517,576 | 0.1 | 3,366,588 | 0.1 | 7,099,237 | 0.1 |

Table 2.10.8 Quality Control of raw RNA-sequencing sample reads following trimming of adapter sequences.

| Mapping | Sample1 | (\%) | Sample2 | (\%) | Sample3 | (\%) | Sample4 | (\%) | Sample5 | (\%) | Sample6 | (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Reads | 86,646,574 |  | 82,283,072 |  | 154,119,261 |  | 122,976,080 |  | 106,229,711 |  | 130,524,724 |  |
| Mapped Reads | 67,352,774 | 77.73 | 72,431,394 | 88.03 | 131,826,635 | 85.54 | 108,756,012 | 88.44 | 94,938,017 | 89.37 | 114,670,600 | 87.85 |
| Forward Strand | 52,969,843 | 61.13 | 46,067,217 | 55.99 | 88,205,679 | 57.23 | 68,597,788 | 55.78 | 58,760,564 | 55.31 | 73,189,087 | 56.07 |
| Reverse Strand | 33,676,731 | 38.87 | 36,215,855 | 44.01 | 65,913,582 | 42.77 | 54,378,292 | 44.22 | 47,469,147 | 44.69 | 57,335,637 | 43.93 |
| Failed QC | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Duplicates | 30,642,486 | 35.36 | 25,206,449 | 30.63 | 56,575,904 | 36.71 | 39,935,640 | 32.47 | 32,579,521 | 30.67 | 43,484,242 | 33.31 |
| Paired-end Reads | 86,646,574 | 100.00 | 82,283,072 | 100.00 | 154,119,261 | 100.00 | 122,976,080 | 100.00 | 106,229,711 | 100.00 | 130,524,724 | 100.00 |
| 'Proper-pairs' | 67,349,512 | 77.73 | 72,427,330 | 88.02 | 131,821,158 | 85.53 | 108,750,134 | 88.43 | 94,932,292 | 89.37 | 114,663,034 | 87.85 |
| Singletons | 3,262 | 0.00 | 4,064 | 0.00 | 5,477 | 0.00 | 5,878 | 0.00 | 5,725 | 0.01 | 7,566 | 0.01 |

Table 2.10.9 Quality Control of processed RNA-sequencing samples following marked duplicates and mapping.

### 2.10.7. Quality Control of RNA from Zymosan Treated Peritoneal

## Inflammatory Macrophages

RNA extractions were performed from matched inflammatory macrophages of the same mice as those in 2.10.5, prior to RNA-Sequencing library preparation the nucleic acid concentration, 260/280 nm ratio and RNA Integrity Number (RIN) was calculated on 4200 TapeStation (Agilent Technologies) (Table 2.10.10).

|  | Genotype | Age | Sex | Nucleic Acid Conc.(ng/ul) | $\begin{gathered} 260 / 280 \\ \text { Ratio } \end{gathered}$ | RIN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sample 1 | Maffl/fl ${ }^{\text {cx }} 3 \mathrm{cr1} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ | 7.7wks | Female | 23.9 | 1.6 | 9.0 |
| Sample 2 | Mafil/l ${ }^{\text {Cx3 }} \mathrm{cr1} 1{ }^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ | 7.7wks | Female | 11.3 | 2.6 | 7.1 |
| Sample 3 | Maff ${ }^{\text {f/fl }} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr1}{ }^{+/+}$ | 6.9 wks | Female | 41.8 | 2.6 | 9.3 |
| Sample 4 | Maff ${ }^{1 / f 1} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$ | 6.9wks | Female | 16.4 | 2.5 | 8.4 |
| Sample 5 |  | 6.9wks | Female | 13.3 | 1.9 | 8.0 |
| Sample 6 |  | 6.9wks | Female | 15.6 | 1.6 | 7.9 |

Table 2.10.10 Quality Control of RNA obtained from peritoneal inflammatory macrophages for RNA-sequencing.

Prior to library construction samples were run on a 4200 TapeStation to determine Nucleic Acid concentration ( $\mathrm{ng} / \mu \mathrm{l}$ ), 260/280 ratio (as indication of purity), RNA Integrity Number (RIN) for each sample before proceeding. Age, genotype, and sex of each sample are listed in the table.

### 2.10.8. Quality Control of Sequencing of Zymosan Treated

## Inflammatory Macrophages

Across the twelve reads on average $33.12 \pm 0.53 \%$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) contained Illumina adapters, and these were removed prior to mapping, amounting to less than $0.1 \%$ of total basepairs removed (Table 2.10.11).

The two raw files for each sample (Table 2.10.11) were ultimately combined in the processing pipeline. Across the six samples on average $32.16 \pm 1.09 \%$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) displayed marked duplicates but were not removed from the analysis (Table 2.10.11).

| Trimming | Sample1 | (\%) | Sample1_2 | (\%) | Sample2 | (\%) | Sample2_2 | (\%) | Sample3 | (\%) | Sample3_2 | (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Reads Processed | 48,787,621 | NA | 48,787,621 | NA | 51,649,739 | NA | 51,649,739 | NA | 49,964,242 | NA | 48,787,621 | NA |
| Reads with Adapters | 17,431,646 | 35.7 | 16,659,523 | 34.1 | 19,586,827 | 37.9 | 18,394,468 | 35.6 | 19,752,013 | 39.5 | 17,431,646 | 35.7 |
| Reads Written (Passing Filters) | 48,787,621 | 100 | 48,787,621 | 100 | 51,649,739 | 100 | 51,649,739 | 100 | 49,964,242 | 100 | 48,787,621 | 100 |
| Total Basepairs Processed | 4,927,549,721 | NA | 4,927,549,721 | NA | 5,216,623,639 | NA | 5,216,623,639 | NA | 5,046,388,442 | NA | 4,927,549,721 | NA |
| Quality-Trimmed | 3,991,290 | 0.1 | 7,047,919 | 0.1 | 2,478,043 | 0 | 7,423,584 | 0.1 | 2,515,331 | 0 | 3,991,290 | 0.1 |
| Trimming | Sample4 | (\%) | Sample4_2 | (\%) | Sample5 | (\%) | Sample5_2 | (\%) | Sample6 | (\%) | Sample6_2 | (\%) |
| Total Reads Processed | 49,964,242 | NA | 49,885,259 | NA | 49,885,259 | NA | 50,077,775 | NA | 50,077,775 | NA | 66,169,789 | NA |
| Reads with <br> Adapters | 18,736,425 | 37.5 | 19,210,515 | 38.5 | 17,646,673 | 35.4 | 19,692,054 | 39.3 | 18,216,169 | 36.4 | 22,807,296 | 34.5 |
| Reads Written (Passing Filters) | 49,964,242 | 100 | 49,885,259 | 100 | 49,885,259 | 100 | 50,077,775 | 100 | 50,077,775 | 100 | 66,169,789 | 100 |
| Total Basepairs Processed | 5,046,388,442 | NA | 5,038,411,159 | NA | 5,038,411,159 | NA | 5,057,855,275 | NA | 5,057,855,275 | NA | 6,683,148,689 | NA |
| Quality-Trimmed | 6,280,667 | 0.1 | 2,345,710 | 0 | 7,783,876 | 0.2 | 2,399,827 | 0 | 6,052,343 | 0.1 | 3,964,394 | 0.1 |

Table 2.10.11 Quality Control of raw RNA-sequencing sample reads following trimming of adapter sequences.

| Mapping | Sample1 | (\%) | Sample2 | (\%) | Sample3 | (\%) | Sample4 | (\%) | Sample5 | (\%) | Sample6 | (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Reads | 97,234,142 |  | 102,684,051 |  | 99,026,084 |  | 98,180,780 |  | 98,535,209 |  | 132,065,786 |  |
| Mapped Reads | 83,307,650 | 85.68 | 92,878,805 | 90.45 | 88,600,032 | 89.47 | 87,006,942 | 88.62 | 88,206,041 | 89.52 | 112,796,984 | 85.41 |
| Forward Strand | 55,580,022 | 57.16 | 56,244,383 | 54.77 | 54,725,861 | 55.26 | 54,676,740 | 55.69 | 54,432,014 | 55.24 | 75,666,786 | 57.29 |
| Reverse Strand | 41,654,120 | 42.84 | 46,439,668 | 45.23 | 44,300,223 | 44.74 | 43,504,040 | 44.31 | 44,103,195 | 44.76 | 56,399,000 | 42.71 |
| Failed QC | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Duplicates | 27,178,514 | 27.95 | 31,230,897 | 30.41 | 30,930,880 | 31.24 | 32,365,639 | 32.97 | 32,291,903 | 32.77 | 47,334,369 | 35.84 |
| Paired-end Reads | 97,234,142 | 100.00 | 102,684,051 | 100.00 | 99,026,084 | 100.00 | 98,180,780 | 100.00 | 98,535,209 | 100.00 | 132,065,786 | 100.00 |
| 'Proper-pairs' | 83,296,238 | 85.67 | 92,869,764 | 90.44 | 88,593,252 | 89.46 | 86,997,774 | 88.61 | 88,200,588 | 89.51 | 112,789,572 | 85.40 |
| Singletons | 11,412 | 0.01 | 9,041 | 0.01 | 6,780 | 0.01 | 9,168 | 0.01 | 5,453 | 0.01 | 7,412 | 0.01 |

Table 2.10.12 Quality Control of processed RNA-sequencing samples following marked duplicates and mapping.

### 2.11. Immunofluorescence and Morphological Analysis

### 2.11.1. Brain Extraction and Sectioning

Animals were euthanised with an overdose of Euthatal ${ }^{\circledR}$ Solution (Merial Animal Health Ltd) administered by I.P., followed by intracardial perfusion-fixation with 50 ml ice cold 4 \% PFA. Brains were removed from the skull and stored in a bijou containing 2 ml of 4 \% PFA at $4{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 48 hr . Subsequently brains were transferred and stored in DPBS with $0.1 \%$ Sodium Azide (Sigma) at $4{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ until further processing. Each brain was sectioned using Leica VT1200S Vibratome (Leica Biosystems) into $50 \mu$ m-thick free-floating coronal sections and stored at $4{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in DPBS with $0.1 \%$ Sodium Azide.

### 2.11.2. Immunofluorescence Staining and Acquisition

Coronal sections from regions of interest were selected for each mouse utilising images from the Allen Mouse Brain Atlas (140) as a visual reference. Sections were washed with 1X Tris-buffered saline (TBS) (Fisher Scientific), then gently mixed on an orbital shaker for 1 hour at room temperature in Immunofluorescence Permeabilization and Block solution. Sections were washed with 1X TBS and transferred into Immunofluorescence Staining Solution containing primary antibodies (

Table 2.11.1) overnight at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ on an orbital shaker.

| Target | Fluorophore | Dilution | Clone | Isotype | Supplier | Catalogue <br> Number |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GFAP | Unconjugated $1: 1000$ | Polyclonal | Chicken IgY | Abcam | ab4674 |  |
| Iba1 | AF635 | $1: 1000$ | Polyclonal | Rabbit | Wako | 013-26471 |
| NuEN | AF555 | $1: 300$ | A60 | Rat | Millipore | MAB377A5 |
| Chicken IgY | FITC | $1: 200$ | Polyclonal | Goat | Abcam | ab46969 |

Table 2.11.1 List of Antibodies used for Immunoflourecence staining of coronal brain sections.

Sections were washed 3 times with 1X TBS and incubated for 2 hr at room temperature on an orbital shaker with secondary antibody in Immunofluorescence Staining Solution. Sections were washed with 1 X TBS and counterstained for 10 minutes at room temperature with $500 \mathrm{ng} / \mathrm{ml}$ DAPI in DPBS. Sections were transferred to Menzel Gläser SuperFrost ${ }^{\circledR}$ Plus slides, and mounted with ProLong ${ }^{\circledR}$ Gold, prior to addition of a MenzelGläser \#1 coverslip (0.13-0.16 mm) (all of the above Thermo Fisher Scientific). Slides were stored in the dark at $4{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ prior to imaging. Brain sections were imaged using a Cell

Observer Spinning Disk (Carl Zeiss Microscopy GmbH) confocal microscope with a 20x objective, and $0.49 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ Z-stacks were acquired.

### 2.12. Statistics and Analysis Software

### 2.12.1. Flow Cytometry and Imaging Flow Cytometry

All flow cytometry files were analysed using Flow Jo software (version 10.8.0; Beckton Dickinson). Data generated through imaging cytometry was analysed using IDEAS ${ }^{\circledR}$ software (version 6.3; Luminex), with inbuilt analysis wizards (Figure 2.12.1).


Figure 2.12.1 Gating strategy for the nuclear localization similarity wizard in Amnis ImageStreamX Mark II imaging flow cytometer IDEAS ${ }^{\circledR}$ software.

### 2.12.2. qPCR Analysis

$40-\Delta \mathrm{CT}$ is calculated as 40 (the number of cycles) minus the difference in cycle threshold (delta-CT ( $\Delta C T)$ ) values, which is defined as the number of cycles required for the fluorescent signal to exceed background level, between that of the target gene and the CT value of the endogenous control (Ywhaz).

Relative quantification of fold change gene expression utilised the average $\triangle C T$ values of the biological replicates of the control group to create a 'Control Average', which is subtracted from the individual $\Delta C T$ to generate relative delta-delta $C T(\Delta \Delta C T)$, which is further converted to a log fold change ( $2^{\wedge}-(\Delta \Delta C t)$ ). Snap Gene version 5.3 .2 was utilised for generation of plasmid maps.

### 2.12.3. Immunofluorescence Morphological Analyses

The central 30 optical sections of each $z$-stack were transformed into a frontal maximumintensity orthogonal projection and used for the following analyses with Fiji Software (Fiji is just ImageJ).

### 2.12.3.1. Count and Area

After utilising the inbuilt "Background Subtraction" tool, Iba1 positive cells were manually counted using the "Cell Counter" plugin. Cell bodies partially outside the edges of the image were not included in the count analysis. Each image was subsequently converted to 8 -bit format and Iba1 positive pixels were selected by applying a threshold to generate a binary image. The inbuilt "Measure" tool allowed the evaluation of area percentage covered by lba1+ pixels.

### 2.12.3.2. Nearest Neighbour Distance

The 8-bit image was further analysed to obtain Nearest Neighbour Distance (NND) values. Two MorphoLibJ (141) plugin filters applied to the images. "Gray Scale Attribute" opening filter (Operation = "Opening", Attribute = "Area", Minimum Value $=25$ pixels, Connectivity =8) was utilised to isolate cells from background, followed by an opening "Morphological Filter" (Operation = "Opening", Element = "Octagon", Radius = 1 pixel) to separate the cell body from their ramifications.

Centroids were calculated for each cell body selecting a $30 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ minimum size filter in the inbuilt "Analyse Particles" tool. Finally, the "NND" plugin was used to calculate the relative
values for all the identified cell bodies. All images were performed blinded to avoid any operator bias.

### 2.12.4. RNA-Sequencing Analyses

Pre-processing of raw sequencing sample FASTQ files was undertaken utilising the Supercomputing Wales (SCW) project, which is part-funded by the European Regional Development Fund (ERDF) via Welsh Government. A list of packages employed can be found in Table 2.12.1A.

| A | Module | Version |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| STAR (25) | 2.7 .0 e |  |
| Trim Galore (26) | 0.6 .4 |  |
| Java | 1.8 |  |
| FastQC (27) | 0.11 .8 |  |
| Picard | 2.20 .2 |  |
| Java | 1.8 |  |
| Samtools | 1.9 |  |
| Bamtools | 3.2 .10 |  |
| Subread | 2.0 .0 |  |


| Module | Version |
| :--- | :--- |
| BiocParallel | 1.24 .1 |
| biomaRt (28) | 2.46 .3 |
| DESeq2 (29) | 1.30 .1 |
| DEXSeq (30) | 1.36 .0 |
| dplyr | 1.0 .7 |
| edgeR (31) | 3.32 .1 |
| Enhanced Volcano 1.8 .0 |  |
| ggplot2 | 3.3 .5 |
| pcaExplorer (32) | 2.16 .0 |
| stringr | 1.4 .0 |
| tidyr | 1.1 .4 |
| tidyverse | 1.3 .1 |
| VennDiagram | 1.6 .20 |
| BiocParallel | 1.24 .1 |

Table 2.12.1 List of Modules and Packages used for RNA Sequencing data analysis.
A) List of modules employed on the Supercomputing Wales (SCW) platform for pre-processing of RNA Sequencing. B) List of packages employed in $\mathbf{R}$ for differential gene expression analysis and generation of graphical data from RNA Sequencing.

Differential gene expression analysis, subsequent analyses, and generation of graphical data from RNA Sequencing was undertaken in R version 4.0.5 (2021-03-31, "Shake and Throw") programming language in RStudio (2021.09.0, build 351 "Ghost Orchid"). A list of packages employed can be found in Table 2.12.1B. DEXSeq required pre-analysis of FASTQ files on SCW utilising Python 3.6 and the inbuilt Python scripts of DEXSeq package.

Canonical pathway analysis and upstream pathway analysis was conducted on Ingenuity pathway analysis (IPA) (Qiagen).

### 2.12.5. Graphs and Statistics

Other than RNA Sequencing (2.12.4), all other graphs and statistical analyses were performed using GraphPad Prism (version 9.0.0). P-values of $>0.05$ were taken as nonsignificant (NS). P-values of $<0.05$ will be denoted with a single asterisk (*), P-values of $<0.01$ will be written as **, P-values of $<0.001$ as $* * *$ and p -value of $<0.0001$ as $* * *$.

## Chapter 3

Generation of Lentiviruses to Manipulate Expression of Maf and Mlf1

### 3.1. Introduction

### 3.1.1. Knockdown and Overexpression of Maf and Mlf1 in Mus Musculus

Knockdown constructs have previously been published to study the role of Maf and MIf1 in several types of murine macrophage cell lines, predominately utilising small interfering RNAs (siRNAs) and short hairpins (shRNAs). Both siRNA and shRNA employ the same cellular mechanisms for the degradation of messenger RNA (mRNA) as endogenous microRNA (miRNA) (150).
siRNAs are a type of short non-coding, regulatory RNA involved in sequence-specific degradation of target mRNA in the RNA interference (RNAi) pathway. siRNAs are transiently expressed in the cytoplasm of transfected cells (151) and use endogenous RNA processing, either through loading into RNA-interfering silencing complex (RISC) directly or utilise a Dicer mediated process (152). Following RISC loading, siRNAs commence the RNAi process through targeting of mRNA cleavage and degradation (2). This in turn blocks further expression or accumulation of the target protein, leading to a decrease in its levels, and knockdown.
shRNAs have a hairpin structure that consist of a stem region of paired antisense and sense strands, connected by an unpaired nucleotide sequence that forms a hairpin loop. shRNAs can be stably integrated through virus-mediated transduction (153). The shRNA is transcribed by either RNA polymerase II or III (153) and the hairpin loop of the shRNA undergoes primary processing in the nucleus, before being transported to the cytoplasm, where the loop of the hairpin is processed off to form a double-stranded siRNA which can function as described above (154).
siRNAs have been exploited rather than shRNAs in the study of Maf in the RAW264.7 macrophage cell line $(155,156)$, cultured peritoneal macrophages $(155)$, tumourassociated macrophages (157) and bone marrow derived macrophages (BMDMs) $(155,157)$. Overexpression constructs of Maf have been less well exploited and have utilised truncated sequences of Maf in RAW264.7 $(100,158,159)$ and BMDMs $(157)$. Whereas the opposite is true for MIf1, with studies investigating the effects of overexpression constructs in NIH3T3 fibroblast (160), J2E murine erythroleukemia and M1 myeloblast cell lines (112), BMDMs (161), although as of yet has not been investigated by siRNA or shRNA knockdown approaches (162).

### 3.2. Chapter Aims

Commercial vectors for overexpression of either Maf or MIf1 were not available at the time of this study. Knockdown short hairpin (shRNA) plasmids for Maf and MIf1 were previously designed and validated in house by Dr. Natacha Ipseiz and by Dr. Magdalena Czubala respectively. Consequently the aims of this thesis chapter were...

- Generation of overexpression constructs for Maf and Mlf1.
- Knockdown and overexpression of Maf and Mlf1 in Hoxb8 conditionally immortalised macrophage precursor (MØPs) cell lines and BMDMs using lentivirus delivery system.
- Validation of these constructs by mRNA expression analysis through quantitative $P C R(q P C R)$ in $M \varnothing P$ and $B M D M s$.
- Validate commercial antibodies and establish specific staining conditions for protein detection.
- Confirm manipulation of protein expression through flow cytometry in $M \not \subset P$ and BMDMs.


### 3.3. Results

### 3.3.1. Cloning of Maf and Mlf1 Overexpression Constructs

Overexpression constructs were utilised to validate Maf and MIf1 identification by mRNA and protein expression, with the possibility of use in functional studies. Maf and MIf1 coding sequence were initially amplified using the Phusion high-fidelity Taq polymerase, however this generated several nonspecific bands (Figure 3.3.1B). Combination of Phusion ${ }^{\circledR}$ at a ratio of $1: 1$ with lower fidelity Gotaq $^{\circledR}\left(1-20 \times 10^{-5}\right.$ mutations/bp/template duplication) (20) resulted in loss of many of these nonspecific bands and enabled greater product yield of expected size at lower annealing temperatures (Figure 3.3.1B). However this combination of DNA polymerases would likely result in an increase in error rate, even though final plasmids are sequenced.

A


Figure 3.3.1: Optimisation of Phusion ${ }^{\circledR}$ high-fidelity DNA polymerase PCR for overexpression of MIf1 primers.
A) Thermocycler conditions for Phusion ${ }^{\circledR}$ high-fidelity DNA polymerase gradient PCR. B) Phusion ${ }^{\circledR}$ high-fidelity DNA polymerase gradient PCR (annealing temperature ranging from $45-64{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ across 12 wells) on $\mathbf{2 \%}(\mathbf{w} / \mathrm{v}$ ) agarose gel MIf1 (expected band size 854 bp ) with 1 kb DNA ladder (Promega), either as per manufacturer's instruction, with the addition of lower fidelity Gotaq ${ }^{\circledR}$ at a ratio of 1:1 or Phusion ${ }^{\circledR}$ high-fidelity DNA polymerase, or with an increased concentration of $\mathrm{MgCl}_{2}$ to 3.0 mM .

To preserve the low error rate of Phusion ${ }^{\circledR}$, the concentration of $\mathrm{MgCl}_{2}$ was increased to 3.0 mM from the original 1.5 mM provided in the Phusion ${ }^{\circledR} \mathrm{HF}$ Buffer. Magnesium ions $\left(\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}\right)$ function as cofactors for DNA polymerases, enabling incorporation of deoxyribonucleotide triphosphates (dNTPs) (163). In addition, $\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}$ facilitate formation of the complex between the primers and cDNA template through stabilising the negative charges on the phosphate backbone. However high $\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}$ concentrations can result in nonspecific bands from this enhanced stability, including increased errors from misincorporation of dNTPs. The addition of $\mathrm{MgCl}_{2}$ also reduced nonspecific bands and increased the strength of the expected size band at lower annealing temperatures when compared to that of $1.5 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{MgCl}_{2}$ Phusion ${ }^{\circledR}$ HF Buffer mastermix (Figure 3.3.1B)


Figure 3.3.2: Phusion ${ }^{\circledR}$ high-fidelity DNA polymerase PCR for overexpression of Maf primers.

Analysis of Phusion ${ }^{\circledR}$ high-fidelity DNA polymerase gradient PCR with 3.0 mM of $\mathrm{MgCl}_{2}$ on $\mathbf{2 \%}$ (w/v) agarose gel for Maf with 1kb DNA ladder (Promega), annealing temperature ranging from $45-64^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ across 12 wells (left to right).

Attempts to clone Maf under these optimised conditions concluded with a band below the expected size (1113 bp) and a band roughly twice the size (Figure 3.3.2). A faint band was observed of the correct size (Figure 3.3.2), however was insufficient to proceed with cloning. Ultimately it was decided to purchase the Maf sequence with the manufactured sequence was codon optimised (Appendix I). The purchased Maf sequence was used as a template and amplified from the supplied vector with Phusion ${ }^{\circledR}$ High-Fidelity DNA Polymerase as described above.

### 3.3.2. Validation of Constructs by Quantitative PCR (qPCR)

### 3.3.2.1. Short Hairpin (shRNA) Knockdown of Maf

Hoxb8 conditionally immortalised macrophage precursor (M $\emptyset \mathrm{Ps}$ ) cell lines offer an approach for in vitro generation of large numbers of mouse macrophages. $\mathrm{M} \emptyset \mathrm{Ps}$ are a macrophage precursor cell line, which when differentiated with either GM-CSF or M-CSF display a highly similar phenotype to dendritic-like cells or macrophages respectively (123). Many tissue resident macrophages resemble an M-CSF programmed macrophage, therefore M-CSF treated MOPs differentiated to macrophages and BMDMs were determined to be more a closely related macrophage phenotype than undifferentiated $M \emptyset \mathrm{Ps}$ for this thesis.

To validate the constructs $\mathrm{M} \varnothing \mathrm{Ps}$ were stably transfected with the lentiviruses for overexpression of MIf1 and Maf, or with empty overexpression vector controls (135), shRNA sequences specific for MIf1 and Maf, or a non-silencing shRNA sequence control lentivirus. Vectors utilised for overexpression either encoded an enhanced GFP or truncated rat-CD2 (Figure 2.8.1). Cells were sorted using fluorescence-activated cell sorting (FACS Aria III) following infection through GFP+ cells or anti-Rat CD2 antibody labelling, to achieve $a \geq 95 \%$ infected cell line.

Maf shRNA lentiviral infected $M \not \subset \mathrm{Ps}$ and the non-silencing shRNA control showed no significant difference in Maf expression to non-infected $\mathrm{M} \varnothing \mathrm{Ps}$ (Figure 3.3.3A), when using a one-way ANOVA analysis. Maf shRNA lentiviral infected M-CSF differentiated M $\varnothing$ Ps and the non-silencing shRNA control indicated no significant difference in Maf expression to non-infected in M-CSF differentiated M $\emptyset$ Ps (Figure 3.3.3B), when using a one-way ANOVA. Bone marrow was obtained from C57BL/6 female mice aged $6-8$ weeks and cultured with M-CSF for 7 days to obtain BMDMs (as described in Section 2.4.6), before infection with lentiviruses for 6 days whilst being maintained with M-CSF. Transfection efficiency was determined by confirmation of GPF or rCD2 by flow cytometry. Lentiviral transfected BMDMs derived from three C57BL/6 mice were combined for FACS, to obtain enough RNA for downstream qPCR. No significant differences were seen between the BMDM expressing Maf shRNA, non-silencing shRNA control or non-infected BMDMs (Figure 3.3.3C), when using a one-way ANOVA.


Figure 3.3.3: qPCR analysis of Maf shRNA and non-silencing shRNA control lentivirus in MøP, MCSF differentiated M $\varnothing$ P and BMDM.

40- $\Delta C T$ values of genomic Maf expression when using lentiviral vectors expressing Maf shRNA, non-infected and non-silencing shRNA control viruses. A) M $\varnothing \mathrm{P}$, B) MCSF differentiated M $\varnothing \mathbf{P}$, and C) BMDM. In all cases, bars represent the means and error bars indicate $\pm$ SEM. Data represents 3 independent experiments (cells in $\mathbf{C}$ were pooled from 3 mice). All data was analysed using two-way ANOVA, with Sidak's multiple comparison test when significance in the ANOVA test was reached.

### 3.3.2.2. Overexpression of Maf

To validate generated overexpression constructs $M \varnothing$ Ps, MCSF differentiated M $\varnothing$ Ps and BMDMs were transfected with Maf overexpressing vectors or corresponding empty control vectors. Maf sequence for the overexpression vectors were codon-optimised during development, therefore different qPCR primers used for these transfected cells were specific to the codon optimised Maf compared to shRNA Maf transfected cells which utilised qPCR primers to genomic Maf sequence.

Two-way ANOVA of Maf overexpression and control virus in lentiviral infected M $\emptyset \mathrm{Ps}$ indicated statistically significant difference ( $p$-value $=0.0189,{ }^{*}$ ) (Figure 3.3.4A). However no significant difference was detected between GFP or rCD2 reporters, nor interaction of the reporter with the viruses (Figure 3.3.4A). Maf overexpression GFP with overexpression GFP control and Maf overexpression rCD2 with overexpression rCD2 control through Sidak's multiple comparison test indicated no statistically significant differences (Figure 3.3.4A). 40- $\Delta C T$ of Maf overexpression GFP was 42.30 ( $\pm$ SEM 3.610) compared to overexpression GFP control 23.82 ( $\pm$ SEM 1.006), whilst Maf overexpression rCD2 39.74 ( $\pm$ SEM 6.750) in comparison to overexpression rCD2 control 27.54 ( $\pm$ SEM 2.260) in lentiviral infected $M \varnothing$ Ps.

M-CSF differentiated $M \not \subset$ Ps displayed no statistically significant difference with two-way ANOVA by any factor (Figure 3.3.4B), with little differences observed in $40-\Delta C T$ values between Maf overexpression vectors and their overexpression control M-CSF differentiated lentiviral infected M ØPs (Figure 3.3.4B).

In lentiviral infected BMDMs Maf expression was significantly increased between overexpression and overexpression control viruses ( p -value $=0.0009,{ }^{* * *}$ ) (Figure 3.3.4C). In both GFP and rCD2 overexpression lentiviral infected BMDMs when using Sidak's multiple comparison test demonstrated to be statistically significant when compared to empty vector controls ( $p$-value $=0.0087^{* *}$ and $p$-value $=0.0211^{*}$ respectively) (Figure 3.3.4C). Mean 40- $\Delta \mathrm{CT}$ of Maf overexpression GFP was 45.67 ( $\pm$ SEM 1.773) compared to overexpression GFP control 30.95 ( $\pm$ SEM 2.784), with Sidak's multiple comparisons test indicating significance ( $p$-value $=0.0096,^{* *}$ ), and Maf overexpression rCD2 41.86 ( $\pm$ SEM 1.647) in comparison to overexpression rCD2 control 29.43 ( $\pm$ SEM 3.809) with Sidak's multiple comparisons test indicating significance (p-value $=0.0206, *$ ) (Figure 3.3.4C).


Figure 3.3.4: qPCR analysis of Maf overexpression in M $\varnothing$ P, MCSF differentiated M $\varnothing \mathrm{P}$ and BMDM 40- $\Delta C T$ values of codon optimised Maf expression when using lentiviral vectors expressing Maf as a T2A fusion with either GFP or rCD2 and control viruses that lack the Maf coding sequence in A) M МР, B) MCSF differentiated MøP, and C) BMDM. In all cases, bars represent the means and error bars indicate $\pm$ SEM. Data represents 2 ( $A$ and $B$ ) or 3 (C) independent experiments (cells in C were pooled from 3 mice). All data was analysed using two-way ANOVA, with Sidak's multiple comparison test when significance in the ANOVA test was reached (NS = non-significant, * pvalue $=<0.05, * * p$-value $=<0.01$ )

### 3.3.2.3. Mlf1 shRNA and Overexpression Lentiviruses

M $\emptyset$ Ps infected with MIf1 shRNA and overexpression lentiviruses as discussed in section 3.3.2.1, and were analysed by qPCR and one-way ANOVA, demonstrated to be statistically significant ( $p$-value $=0.0006,{ }^{* * *}$ ) (Figure 3.3.5A). Mean 40- $\Delta C$ T of MIf1 shRNA expressing cells was 25.32 ( $\pm$ SEM 3.299 ) when compared to the non-silencing shRNA control $40-\triangle C T$ value of 30.16 ( $\pm$ SEM 0.9415) (Figure 3.3.5A). Both GFP and rCD2 MIf1 overexpression lentiviral infected MØPs demonstrated increases in Mlf1 expression in comparison to their respective empty vector control infected $\mathrm{M} \emptyset \mathrm{Ps}$ when analysed with Sidak's multiple comparison test ( $p$-value $=0.004^{* * *}$ and $p$-value $=0.046^{* *}$ respectively) (Figure 3.3.5A). However Mlf1 shRNA when compared to its control virus was not statistically significant (Figure 3.3.5A).

Following differentiation of $M \not \subset P s$ with $M-C S F$ to macrophage phenotype, one-way ANOVA determined statistical significance (p-value $=<0.0001,{ }^{* * *}$ ) (Figure 3.3.5B). Both GFP and rCD2 MIf1 overexpression lentiviruses displayed significant differences compared to respective controls with Sidak's multiple comparison test for both reporters (Figure 3.3.5B). MIf1 shRNA when compared to its control virus was not statistically significant (Figure 3.3.5B).

Lentiviral infected BMDMs ( $n=1$ ) demonstrated an increased in Mlf1 gene expression when compared to their respective empty control vector (Figure 3.3.5C), with MIf1 overexpression GFP 40- $\Delta$ CT value of 38.81 and MIf1 overexpression rCD2 value of 36.85 when compared to overexpression GFP control 26.42 and overexpression rCD2 26.46.


Figure 3.3.5: qPCR analysis of MIf1 in MøP, MCSF differentiated M $\emptyset P$ and BMDM.

40- $\Delta$ CT values of genomic MIf1 expression when using lentiviral vectors expressing MIf1 shRNA, lentiviral vectors expressing MIf1 as a T2A fusion with either GFP or rCD2, with non-infected control and control non-silencing shRNA or viruses which lack the MIf1 coding sequence. In all cases, bars represent the means and error bars indicate $\pm$ SEM. Data represents $\mathbf{2}$ (A and B) or $\mathbf{1}$ (C) independent experiments (cells in $\mathbf{C}$ were pooled from 3 mice). All data was analysed using two-way ANOVA, with Sidak's multiple comparison test when significance in the ANOVA test was reached ( $\mathrm{NS}=$ non-significant, ${ }^{* *} \mathrm{p}$-value $=<0.01,{ }^{* * *} \mathrm{p}$-value $=<0.001,{ }^{* * * *} \mathrm{p}$-value $=<0.0001$ ).

### 3.3.3. Validation of Constructs by Flow Cytometry

### 3.3.3.1. Comparison of Commercially Available MAF Antibodies

To further validate successful modulation of Maf expression in cell models, expression was investigated at protein level. More often detected by western blot $(104,105)$ with the most commonly published antibody produced by Santa Cruz Biotechnology (Cat\# sc-7866, Clone\# M-153) no longer available, the use of three different anti-mouse MAF antibodies, obtained from Abcam, BD Biosciences and Thermofisher Scientific (originally developed by eBioscience) to be utilised in flow cytometry.

Three cell fixation/permeabilization methods were compared for each antibody to determine best conditions for flow cytometry. Specifically formaldehyde fixation followed by either cold methanol or $0.5 \%$ saponin for permeabilization, or a commercially available "FoxP3/Transcription Factor Fixation/Permeabilization" kit developed by eBioscience. A secondary antibody (DyLight ${ }^{\text {TM }} 405$ AffiniPure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, Jackson Immunoresearch) was utilised for detection of the unconjugated Abcam antibody, whilst the BD Bioscience antibody was already conjugated to R-phycoerythrin (PE) and the Thermofisher Scientific antibody to eFluor660. Each antibody was used to detect MAF expression under the three fixation/permeabilization. MAF detection was compared to unstained cells, with isotype matched controls used at same concentration as the MAF antibodies and, in the case of the Abcam antibody, a secondary antibody alone control staining (Figure 3.3.6).

Initial tests on non-infected M $\varnothing$ Ps showed small shifts with the Abcam antibody (Figure 3.3.6), when compared to its isotype matched control, with methanol and the eBioscience kit. However when treated with the eBioscience kit the forward scatter profile shifted significantly (Figure 3.3.6), making it impossible to separate out dead cells by forward and side scatter alone.

The BD antibody showed a good shift under methanol and saponin permeabilization, with the saponin generating a clearer shift from the isotype and unstained cells. However when using the eBioscience kit there was a larger shift in the isotype compared to unstained cells (Figure 3.3.6), resulting in very little difference between the MAF antibody and the isotype.

The Thermofisher Scientific antibody showed little shift when treated with methanol and only broadening of the peak with saponin when compared to unstained cells, however
when compared to the isotype this shift was lost. As the Thermofisher Scientific antibody was originally developed by eBioscience, it is little surprise that the shift was far more apparent when compared to the unstained cells when using the eBioscience kit, however once again the isotype resulted in the shift being lost in the MAF antibody (Figure 3.3.6). To confirm specificity of these antibodies lentiviral infected MøPs with MAF overexpression GFP and overexpression GFP control viruses were utilised as described previously (Figure 3.3.6). The Abcam antibody showed an increased shift in the MAF overexpression GFP cell line under all three fixation/permeabilization conditions, whereas the Thermofisher scientific antibody showed little change across the three cell lines or the three fixation/permeabilization methods. Only the BD antibody in M $\varnothing$ Ps permeabilised with saponin showed a clear shift between the non-infected and overexpression GFP control, when compared to the MAF overexpression GFP cells (Figure 3.3.6).

Both the BD antibody under $0.5 \%$ saponin permeabilization conditions and the Thermo antibody using the "FoxP3/Transcription Factor Fixation/Permeabilization" kit showed a clear separation from unstained $\mathrm{M} \varnothing \mathrm{Ps}$ (Figure 3.3.6). Therefore both antibodies were taken forward. However the fixation/permeabilization for the eBioscience kit required optimisation to prevent the disruption of the forward scatter and investigate whether this would affect the isotype matched control in non-infected M $\varnothing$ Ps. All further experiments using the Thermofisher Scientific (henceforth referred to as Thermo) were fixed with formaldehyde and utilising the eBioscience kit permeabilization buffer only.


Figure 3.3.6: Comparison of commercially available MAF antibodies and different fixation and permeabilization buffers on lentivirally infected $M \varnothing$.

Three different anti-mouse MAF antibodies were obtained from Abcam, BD Biosciences and Thermofisher Scientific. Formaldehyde with methanol or saponin along with commercially available "FoxP3/Transcription Factor Fixation/Permeabilization" kit by eBioscience were compared for fixation/permeabilization. Each antibody was tested using the three fixation/permeabilization buffers on non-infected MøP cells (grey) with appropriate isotype (dash line), secondary only (solid line) where required and unstained $M \emptyset \mathbf{P}$ cells (dotted line). Maf overexpression GFP M $\emptyset$ P cells (green) and overexpression GFP control (blue) were also stained to determine target specificity. ( $n=1$ ).

### 3.3.3.2. MAF Expression in Transfected $M \not \subset$ Cell Lines

M $\emptyset$ Ps were infected with all Maf lentiviruses and vector controls and stained with either the BD Bioscience MAF antibody or an appropriate isotype control (Figure 3.3.7A). Flow cytometry was employed to obtain mean fluorescent intensity (MFI) of an isotype matched control, which was subtracted from MAF BD Bioscience antibody MFI, to exclude non-specific antibody binding, generating delta mean fluorescent intensity ( $\triangle$ MFI) values. No statistically significant changes were detected in MAF expression across any of the lentiviral infected $M \emptyset \mathrm{Ps}$, when using the BD Bioscience antibody using one-way ANOVA analysis (Figure 3.3.7B).

The same M $\emptyset$ Ps were stained with Thermo Fisher antibody and appropriate isotype control (Figure 3.3.8A). One-way ANOVA of $\triangle$ MFI MAF expression indicated to be statistically significant (p-value $=<0.0001,{ }^{* * * *)}$ (Figure 3.3.8B). Both GFP and rCD2 overexpression infected M $\emptyset$ Ps displayed an increase in $\triangle$ MFI MAF expression, which was deemed statistically significant by Sidak's multiple comparisons test when compared to overexpression control infected $\mathrm{M} \varnothing \mathrm{Ps}$ ( p -value $=<0.0001^{* * * *}$ and p -value $=0.0349 *$ respectively) (Figure 3.3.8B). Maf shRNA when compared to its control however was not significant (Figure 3.3.8B).


Figure 3.3.7: Validation of MAF detection by the BD Bioscience antibody in M $\varnothing \mathrm{P}$ cells infected with Maf shRNA and Maf overexpression lentiviral vectors.

Flow cytometry plots of MAF against GFP or rCD2 expression with unstained and isotype controls in A) non-infected M $\emptyset \mathrm{Ps}$, and $M \emptyset$ Ps lentivirally infected with Maf shRNA, non-silencing control, GFP Maf overexpression, GFP empty vector control, rCD2 Maf overexpression or rCD2 empty vector control. Histogram of MAF expression (detected with BD Bioscience antibody) overlaid with matched isotype control (dotted line) and unstained (solid line). B) Delta mean fluorescent intensity ( $\triangle$ MFI) of MAF expression in GFP+/rCD2+ M $\emptyset$ P cells using BD Bioscience MAF antibody. Data shown represents mean $\triangle M F I \pm S E M$ ( $n=3$ independent experiments), analysed with oneway ANOVA, with Sidak's multiple comparisons.


Figure 3.3.8: Validation of MAF detection by the Thermo Fisher antibody in M $\varnothing \mathbf{P}$ cells infected with Maf shRNA and Maf overexpression lentiviral vectors.

Flow cytometry plots of MAF against GFP or rCD2 expression with unstained and isotype controls in A) non-infected M $\emptyset \mathrm{Ps}$, and $M \emptyset P s$ lentivirally infected with Maf shRNA, non-silencing control, GFP Maf overexpression, GFP empty vector control, rCD2 Maf overexpression or rCD2 empty vector control. Histogram of MAF expression (detected with Thermo Fisher antibody) overlaid with matched isotype control (dotted line) and unstained (solid line). B) Delta mean fluorescent intensity ( $\triangle$ MFI) of MAF expression in GFP+/rCD2+ MøP cells using Thermo Fisher MAF antibody. Data shown represents mean $\triangle M F I \pm S E M$ ( $n=4$ independent experiments), analysed with oneway ANOVA, with Sidak's multiple comparisons test (NS = non-significant, ${ }^{*}$ p-value $=<0.05$, ${ }^{* * * *}$ $p$-value $=<0.0001$ ).

### 3.3.3.3. MAF Expression in M-CSF Treated $M \emptyset$ P Cell Lines

Lentiviral infected M $\varnothing$ Ps were differentiated to macrophages after 4 days of treatment with M-CSF and stained with BD Bioscience MAF antibody and appropriate isotype (Figure 3.3.9A). All lentiviral infected differentiated M $\emptyset$ Ps displayed increased expression in comparison to non-infected differentiated M $\emptyset$ Ps (Figure 3.3.9B), however with no statistically significant difference observed when using a one-way ANOVA.

The same differentiated $M \varnothing$ Ps were stained with Thermo Fisher antibody and appropriate isotype control (Figure 3.3.10A), with one-way ANOVA indicating statistical significance (p-
 displayed an increase in $\triangle$ MFI MAF expression, with only Maf overexpression GFP infected M $\emptyset$ Ps being statistically significant when compared to overexpression GFP control infected M $\emptyset$ Ps with Sidak's multiple comparisons test (p-value $=<0.0001,{ }^{* * * *}$ ) (Figure 3.3.10B).


Figure 3.3.9: Validation of MAF detection by the BD Bioscience antibody in M-CSF differentiated M $\emptyset$ Ps Maf shRNA and Maf overexpression lentiviral vectors.

Flow cytometry plots of MAF against GFP or rCD2 expression with unstained and isotype controls in A) non-infected MCSF differentiated M $\emptyset$ Ps, and MCSF differentiated M $\emptyset$ Ps lentivirally infected with Maf shRNA, non-silencing control, GFP Maf overexpression, GFP empty vector control, rCD2 Maf overexpression or rCD2 empty vector control. Histogram of MAF expression (detected with BD Bioscience antibody) overlaid with matched isotype control (dotted line) and unstained (solid line). B) Delta mean fluorescent intensity ( $\triangle \mathrm{MFI}$ ) of MAF expression in GFP+/rCD2+ MCSF differentiated MøP cells using BD Bioscience MAF antibody. Data shown represents mean $\triangle$ MFI $\pm$ SEM ( $\mathrm{n}=3$ independent experiments), analysed with one-way ANOVA, with Sidak's multiple comparisons.

A


B


Figure 3.3.10: Validation of MAF detection by the Thermo Fisher antibody M-CSF differentiated M $\emptyset \mathrm{P}$ cells infected with Maf shRNA and Maf overexpression lentiviral vectors.

Flow cytometry plots of MAF against GFP or rCD2 expression with unstained and isotype controls in A) non-infected MCSF differentiated M $\emptyset$ Ps, and MCSF differentiated M $\emptyset$ Ps lentivirally infected with Maf shRNA, non-silencing control, GFP Maf overexpression, GFP empty vector control, rCD2 Maf overexpression or rCD2 empty vector control. Histogram of MAF expression (detected with Thermo Fisher antibody) overlaid with matched isotype control (dotted line) and unstained (solid line). B) Delta mean fluorescent intensity ( $\triangle \mathrm{MFI}$ ) of MAF expression in GFP+/rCD2+ MCSF differentiated MøP cells using Thermo Fisher MAF antibody. Data shown represents mean $\triangle$ MFI $\pm$ SEM ( $\mathrm{n}=3$ independent experiments), analysed with one-way ANOVA, with Sidak's multiple comparisons test (NS = non-significant, ${ }^{* * * *}$ p-value= <0.0001).

### 3.3.3.4. MAF Expression in Transfected BMDMs

BMDMs were generated as described above (1.1.1). Lentivirus infected BMDMs were stained with BD Bioscience MAF antibody and appropriate isotype (A) with $\triangle$ MFI MAF expression deemed to be statistically significant by one-way ANOVA ( $p$-value $=<0.0001$, ****) (B). GFP Maf overexpression virus displayed increased $\triangle$ MFI MAF expression in comparison to its corresponding control lentivirus infected BMDMs when analysed with Sidak's multiple comparisons test ( $p$-value $=<0.0001,{ }^{* * * *}$ ) (Figure 3.3.11B).
rCD2 overexpression control infected BMDMs displayed similar levels of $\triangle$ MFI MAF expression to Maf rCD2 overexpression infected BMDMs and were not statistically significant (B). shRNA infected lentiviral infected BMDMs were also deemed statistically significant with Sidak's multiple comparisons test ( $p$-value $=0.0139, *$ ), when compared to the non-silencing shRNA sequence control lentivirus (Figure 3.3.11B).

Lentivirus transfected BMDMs were stained with Thermo Fisher antibody and appropriate isotype control (Figure 3.3.12A) and analysed with one-way ANOVA ( $p$-value $=0.0010$, ${ }^{* * *}$ ) (Figure 3.3.12B). Sidak's multiple comparisons test indicated increases in $\triangle$ MFI MAF expression in both GFP and rCD2 overexpression transfected BMDMs to be statistically significant when compared to their respective overexpression controls ( $p$-value $=0.0114$ * and p -value $=0.0013^{* *}$ respectively) (Figure 3.3.12B). Whilst Maf shRNA and both displayed non-significant reductions in $\triangle$ MFI MAF expression compared to non-infected BMDMs (Figure 3.3.12B).


Figure 3.3.11: Validation of MAF detection by the BD Bioscience antibody in BMDMs infected with Maf shRNA and Maf overexpression lentiviral vectors.

Flow cytometry plots of MAF against GFP or rCD2 expression with unstained and isotype controls in A) non-infected BMDMs, and BMDMs lentivirally infected with Maf shRNA, non-silencing control, GFP Maf overexpression, GFP empty vector control, rCD2 Maf overexpression or rCD2 empty vector control. Histogram of MAF expression (detected with BD Bioscience antibody) overlaid with matched isotype control (dotted line) and unstained (solid line). The data is representative of results from BMDMs cells derived from C57BL/6 female mice aged 6-8 weeks. B) Delta mean fluorescent intensity ( $\triangle \mathrm{MFI}$ ) of MAF expression in GFP+/rCD2+ BMDMs using BD Bioscience MAF antibody. Data shown represents mean $\triangle$ MFI $\pm$ SEM ( $n=6$ independent experiments), analysed with one-way ANOVA, with Sidak's multiple comparisons (NS = nonsignificant, * p-value $=<0.05$ and $* * * *$ p-value $=<0.0001$ ).

A


B


Figure 3.3.12: Validation of MAF detection by the Thermo Fisher antibody in BMDMs infected with Maf shRNA and Maf overexpression lentiviral vectors.

Flow cytometry plots of MAF against GFP or rCD2 expression with unstained and isotype controls in A) non-infected BMDMs, and BMDMs lentivirally infected with Maf shRNA, non-silencing control, GFP Maf overexpression, GFP empty vector control, rCD2 Maf overexpression or rCD2 empty vector control. Histogram of MAF expression (detected with Thermo Fisher antibody) overlaid with matched isotype control (dotted line) and unstained (solid line). The data is representative of results from BMDMs cells derived from C57BL/6 female mice aged 6-8 weeks. B) Delta mean fluorescent intensity ( $\triangle \mathrm{MFI}$ ) of MAF expression in GFP+/rCD2+ BMDMs using Thermo Fisher MAF antibody. Data shown represents mean $\triangle$ MFI $\pm$ SEM ( $n=6$ independent experiments), analysed with one-way ANOVA, with Sidak's multiple comparisons (NS = nonsignificant, * p-value $=<0.05$ and $* *$ p-value $=<0.01$ ).

### 3.3.4. Determination of MAF Antibodies Nuclear Localisation

To identify sub-cellular localisation of MAF signal from selected antibodies under their specific fixation and permeabilization conditions, $\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{CSF}$ differentiated $\mathrm{M} \varnothing \mathrm{Ps}$ were assessed on the Amnis ImageStreamX Mark II imaging flow cytometer.

MAF antibody staining along with 4',6-diamidino-2-phenylindole (DAPI), a fluorescent DNA marker, allowed nuclear localisation analysis using the IDEAS ${ }^{\circledR}$ software. Nuclear localization similarity wizard uses the log transformed Pearson's correlation coefficient and is a measure of the degree to which two images are linearly correlated. This generates a similarity value for these cells, with positive values indicating a high degree of similarity, based on gating strategy (Figure 2.12.1).

Overlay images of BD Bioscience MAF staining and DAPI indicated a diffuse staining of MAF with some overlap with DAPI (Figure 3.3.13A). Nuclear co-localisation wizard for MAF using the BD Bioscience antibody in Maf overexpression GFP lentiviral infected M-CSF differentiated $\mathrm{M} \varnothing \mathrm{Ps}$ indicated a 12.00 \% nuclear localised MAF+DAPI+ cells, with a similarity dilate value of 1.469 (Figure 3.3.13B). Maf overexpression rCD2 displayed a similar percentage of $12.21 \%$ overlap with a similarity dilate value of 1.328 (Figure 3.3.13C).

The same analysis was performed on Maf overexpression GFP lentiviral infected M-CSF differentiated M $\varnothing$ Ps with the Thermo MAF antibody, where overlay images suggested MAF staining being limited to the DAPI stained nucleus and its nearby surroundings (Figure 3.3.14A). This was substantiated with a similarity dilate mean value of 1.865 and $79.54 \%$ of nuclear localised MAF+DAPI+ cells (Figure 3.3.14B), indicating a very high degree of similarity. Maf overexpression rCD2 displayed an even higher percentage of 97.63\% nuclear localised cells with a higher similarity dilate mean value of 2.849 (Figure 3.3.14C).


Figure 3.3.13: Imagestream analysis of MAF expression in lentivirus infected M-CSF differentiated M $\emptyset$ Ps with BD Bioscience antibody.
A) A composite image collected on ImageStreamX Mark II (Amnis, part of Millipore-Sigma) at 60x magnification of differentiated MøPs, displaying brightfield, GFP (green), DAPI (Blue) and MAF (red), with a merged image of DAPI and Maf with overlay. B) Similarity dilate of DAPI and MAF, in lentivirus infected Maf overexpression GFP M-CSF differentiated MOPs. C) Similarity dilate of DAPI and MAF, in lentivirus infected Maf overexpression rCD2 M-CSF differentiated MOPs. (n=1)


Figure 3.3.14: Imagestream analysis of MAF expression in lentivirus infected M-CSF differentiated M $\varnothing$ Ps with Thermo Fisher antibody.
A) A composite image collected on ImageStreamX Mark II at 60x magnification of M-CSF differentiated MøPs, displaying brightfield, GFP (green), DAPI (Blue) and MAF (red), with a merged image of DAPI and Maf with overlay. B) Similarity dilate of DAPI and MAF, in lentivirus infected Maf overexpression GFP M-CSF differentiated MOPs. C) Similarity dilate of DAPI and MAF, in lentivirus infected Maf overexpression rCD2 M-CSF differentiated MOPs. ( $\mathrm{n}=1$ )

### 3.4. Discussion

### 3.4.1. Cloning of Overexpression Vectors

Overexpression vectors for MIf1 were successfully generated, however due to complexities of the Maf gene it was necessary for the sequence to be purchased and undergo codon optimisation. Lentiviruses were successfully developed for these overexpression vectors and their empty vector controls.

Maf overexpression cloning generated a band below expected size (Figure 3.3.2), which could be due to several possible reasons. The Maf CCDS contains several regions of 70bp and 150bp long with a GC content of $<90 \%$, resulting in Maf overall having a GC content of $68.9 \%$, with the first 800 bp having a GC content of $72.6 \%$. Upon manufacture, the sequence was codon optimised, removing many of the GC rich regions, reducing the overall GC content to $58.7 \%$ (Appendix I). Using the online tool provided by Integrated DNA Technologies (https://www.idtdna.com/CodonOpt) the CCDS for Maf contains hairpins with GC content of $100 \%$ of "CCCCGCCGCCGCC" at position 474 bp and 691 bp . Secondary structures such as hairpins and loops are known to cause polymerase enzymes to abruptly stop (164), this hairpin was eliminated following codon optimisation.

### 3.4.2. Validation of shRNAs of Maf and Mlf1

Validation of these shRNA lentiviruses by mRNA expression was conducted in $\mathrm{M} \varnothing \mathrm{Ps}$, M-CSF treated $M \varnothing$ Ps differentiated to a macrophage phenotype and BMDMs using qPCR. MIf1 shRNA infected M $\varnothing$ Ps, M-CSF treated $M \emptyset \mathrm{Ps}$ and BMDMs displayed no significant difference in expression of MIf1 when compared to its non-silencing control (Figure 3.3.5). Maf shRNA infected $M \varnothing \mathrm{Ps}, \mathrm{M}-C S F$ treated $\mathrm{M} \varnothing \mathrm{Ps}$ and BMDMs demonstrated no statistical difference in genomic Maf expression to non-silencing shRNA sequence control infected cells (Figure 3.3.3).

Unfortunately due the lack of a commercially available anti-mouse MLF1 antibody which was validated for flow cytometry, and unlike with MAF where there is a $97 \%$ identical amino acid sequence between human and mouse MAF, allowing the use of anti-human antibodies, there is only $80 \%$ similarity between human and mouse MLF1 amino acids sequence when investigated with Needleman-Wunsch global alignment analysis (165).

Flow cytometric analysis of MAF protein expression of Maf shRNA lentivirus was conducted with two commercial antibodies. Of the commercially available MAF antibodies validated for flow cytometry, both the BD Bioscience and Thermo antibodies showed promise under different fixation/permeabilization protocols (Figure 3.3.6). BD Bioscience MAF antibody was not significantly different in M $\varnothing$ Ps (Figure 3.3.7), or M-CSF treated MØPs (Figure 3.3.9), however in BMDMs demonstrated a statistically significant reduction in MAF $\triangle$ MFI when compared to non-silencing control (Figure 3.3.11). Whilst Thermo MAF antibody demonstrated general statistical significance by one-way ANOVA analysis, in none of the three infected cell types was the Maf shRNA lentiviral infected cells deemed significantly different to non-silencing shRNA sequence control infected cells (Figure 3.3.8, Figure 3.3.10 and Figure 3.3.12).

Ultimately this indicated that the MIf1 shRNA had no effect on genomic Mlf1 expression by qPCR, nor did the Maf shRNA on Maf expression determined by both qPCR and flow cytometry across all cell types. Several alternative shRNAs were investigated prior to the start of this PhD, and initial infection of $M \emptyset \mathrm{Ps}$ had suggested significance knockdown of both MIf1 and Maf with their respective shRNAs. As we were unable to validate MIf1 by flow cytometry and alternatives for knockdown of Maf in M $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ps and BMDMs could be }\end{aligned}$ generated from Maf knockout mice, further shRNA generation was abandoned.

### 3.4.3. Validations of Overexpression Vectors of Maf and MIf1

GFP and rCD2 packaging vectors were utilised for both Mlf1 and Maf overexpression lentiviruses (in methods section 2.8). Mlf1 overexpression lentiviruses were validated by qPCR in M $\emptyset$ Ps, M-CSF treated M $\varnothing$ Ps and BMDMs (Figure 3.3.5). MIf1 overexpression GFP and rCD2 lentiviruses in all three cells indicated increases in MIf1 expression in comparison to their respective controls and non-infected cells, with both GFP and rCD2 viruses indicating statistical significance in $M \varnothing$ Ps and $M$-CSF differentiated $M \varnothing$ Ps (Figure 3.3.5A and Figure 3.3.5B respectively). BMDMs suggest similar overexpression in both GFP and $r C D 2$ lentiviruses to that in $M \not \subset P s$ and $M-C S F$ differentiated $M \emptyset P s$, however require increased sample number to generate statistical significance (Figure 3.3.5C).

Consistently, Maf overexpression GFP and rCD2 lentiviruses displayed increases in codon optimised Maf expression across all three cell types when compared to respective controls, with two-way ANOVA analysis demonstrating overall statistical significance (Figure 3.3.4). However Sidak's multiple comparison test did not indicate statistical
significance between Maf overexpression GFP and overexpression GFP control nor between Maf overexpression rCD2 and overexpression rCD2 control in M $\varnothing$ Ps and M-CSF differentiated $\mathrm{M} \varnothing \mathrm{Ps}$ (Figure 3.3.4). Whereas in BMDM infected cells both Maf overexpression GFP and rCD2 reporter lentivirus indicated statistical significance when compared to their controls by Sidak's multiple comparison test (Figure 3.3.4C). This is likely due to low sample number in $M \varnothing \mathrm{Ps}$, and M -CSF differentiated $\mathrm{M} \emptyset \mathrm{Ps}$, with additional samples possibly elucidating this further.

Protein expression for MAF was confirmed in M $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pss, M-CSF treated } M \varnothing \text { Ps differentiated }\end{aligned}$ to a macrophage phenotype and BMDMs with both BD Biosciences and Thermo Fisher MAF antibodies. BD Bioscience staining consistently showed an increase in MAF $\triangle$ MFI in Maf overexpression GFP lentiviral infected M $\varnothing$ Ps, M-CSF differentiated M MPs and infected BMDMs, whereas Maf overexpression rCD2 infected cells indicated no apparent difference in any of the three cell types, when compared their respective overexpression control (Figure 3.3.7, Figure 3.3.9 and Figure 3.3.11). However only BMDMs were statistically significant by one-way ANOVA with Sidak's multiple comparisons indicating Maf overexpression GFP to be statistically significant to the overexpression GFP control (Figure 3.3.11B).

In contrast the Thermo Fisher antibody consistently demonstrated the same Maf overexpression GFP infected cells to be statistically significant in all three cell types, when compared to overexpression GFP control infected cells with one-way ANOVA and Sidak's multiple comparisons (Figure 3.3.8B, Figure 3.3.10B, Figure 3.3.12B). Furthermore Maf overexpression rCD2 infected $\mathrm{M} \varnothing \mathrm{Ps}$, differentiated $\mathrm{M} \varnothing \mathrm{Ps}$ and BMDM also displayed an increase in expression, however only infected M $\varnothing$ Ps and BMDMs resulted in a statistically significant increase in MAF $\triangle$ MFI expression, when analysed with a one-way ANOVA and Sidak's multiple comparisons (Figure 3.3.8B and Figure 3.3.12B).

### 3.4.4. Nuclear Localisation of Maf Antibodies

Utilising the ImageStreamX Mark II imaging flow cytometry allowed investigation of nucleus localisation of the two MAF antibodies. As MAF had previously been identified to be localised predominantly in the nucleus (166) it became clear of the chosen antibodies BD Bioscience was not wholly target specific, with diffuse staining throughout the cytoplasm (Figure 3.3.13A), whereas Thermo Fisher antibody displayed a high percentage
of overlap with DAPI nuclear staining (Figure 3.3.14A), and a higher degree of similarity dilate value with both Maf overexpression GFP and rCD2 vectors (Figure 3.3.14B/C).

### 3.4.5. Summary of Main Findings

The ultimate aim of this thesis is to determine the role of key transcription factors in tissue resident macrophages. Therefore it is fundamental to establish overexpression and knockdown/knockout models of the genes of interest, through a lentiviral delivery system, and to validate their expression.

Three commercially available antibodies for MAF were tested for optimal fixation/permeabilization for intra-nuclear staining by flow cytometry. Two antibodies, both previously validated for flow cytometry and published, indicated they were viable options for MAF protein validation.

Ultimately whilst both the GFP and rCD2 overexpression lentiviruses were validated as overexpressing Maf by qPCR in infected M $\emptyset \mathrm{Ps}$ and BMDMs, when the BD Bioscience antibody was used to detect MAF protein, neither overexpression reporter was deemed statistically significantly different to their respective controls in infected $M \varnothing$ Ps, however the GFP overexpression lentivirus in BMDMs did demonstrate a significant increase.

Whereas with the Thermo Fisher MAF antibody the GFP overexpression lentivirus was demonstrated to consistently be statistically significant in all three cell types. Additionally following co-localisation determination of MAF antibody staining with DNA marker DAPI, it became clear that the Thermo Fisher antibody was more specific to MAF compared with that of the BD Bioscience antibody. However without a validated genomic knockdown of Maf for comparison it is possible that the Thermo Fisher antibody is only partially specific.

With this validation, the antibodies can now be employed for the study of Maf in knockout mice. Bone marrow isolated from these mice can be used as a source to generate Maf knockout $\mathrm{M} \varnothing \mathrm{Ps}$, as an alternative to the Maf shRNA construct. The generation of stable MØР Maf overexpression cell lines can be used as tools for exploring expected effects in these mice. Future chapters will concentrate on the primary macrophages from two Maf knockout mouse strains and the effects on tissue resident macrophage phenotype, and their homeostatic and inflammatory properties.

## Chapter 4

Microglia in
Mafliff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {ERT/t }}$ and
Maf ${ }^{f / f f}$ Cx3cr1 ${ }^{\text {Cre/ } /+}$
Transgenic Mice

### 4.1. Introduction

### 4.1.1. Maf Knockout Mice

There are few studies which have undertaken work in adult Maf knockout mice, as ubiquitous deletion of Maf results in embryonic lethality on the C57BL/6 genetic background (103). It is suggested that the absence of Maf effects the hematopoietic microenvironment resulting in impairment of erythroblastic island formation in the foetal liver (103). However knockout Maf mice (Maf ${ }^{-}$) have been demonstrated to be produced in other backgrounds $(107,167)$.

Maf ${ }^{-/}$bred in the $129 / \mathrm{SvJ}$ background exhibit survival to full gestation, however experienced a lower rate than expected by mendelian inheritance, with post/perinatal lethality meant no pups survived beyond 4 weeks (167). Maf/- mice on a BALB/c background also display postnatal survival, again with lower mendelian ratio than when compared to heterozygous ( $\mathrm{Maf}^{+/-}$) litter mates (107). Serial timed mating revealed intrauterine death of $\mathrm{Maf}^{-/}$embryos between embryonic day (E)17.5-18.5 (107). Of the Maf/- pups which did survive gestation only one third survived past weaning age. Surviving Maf ${ }^{-/}$were visually separable from their littermates due to their runted size and development of microphthalmia (a genetic eye deformity) (107). Therefore the majority of previous studies of Maf/- has been conducted on embryos between E12.5-18.5 $(103,104,107,167)$.

Lately published alternatives include utilising CRISPR-Cas9 in LysM-Cre mice to generate myeloid specific deletion of $\operatorname{Maf}(157)$ have been developed. However the majority of new publications have employed the Cre-Lox system utilising the Maf floxed mice developed by Carmen Birchmeier, at the Max Delbrück Center, Berlin, Germany (120,168-172). These B6J.B6N(Cg)-Maftm2.1Cbm (henceforth referred to as Maf ${ }^{f / f / f)}$ ) mice obtained for the work undertaken in this thesis were kindly provided, with Carmen Birchmeier's consent, by Dan Littman's laboratory (New York University) after multiple generations of backcrossing to C57BL/6 mice (168).

### 4.1.2. $\quad \mathrm{C} \times 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre}}$ and $\mathrm{C} 33 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {CreERT }}$ Mice

Chemokine ( $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{X} 3-\mathrm{C}$ ) motif receptor $1(\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1)$ is widely expressed in mononuclear phagocytes including monocytes, macrophages and dendritic cells (9). It is important to note that Cx3cr1 expression is not entirely limited to myeloid cells including monocytes,
macrophages and neutrophils as well as expressed on natural killer (NK) cells during maturation (173-175). However due to the broad expression of Cx3cr1 within mononuclear phagocytes it was identified as a suitable candidate for targeting myeloid cells for further study (9).

In adult mice, many tissue resident macrophages including microglia and renal macrophages express Cx3cr1 (174), whilst other macrophages cease expression of the chemokine receptor but originate from $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+}$precursors, these include peritoneal tissue resident macrophages, splenic and alveolar macrophages $(9,174)$.

Two mouse strains were selected for crossing with the Mafl/fl mice: i) B6J.B6N(Cg)Cx3cr1 ${ }^{\text {tm1.1(cre)Jung }}$ (henceforth referred to as $C_{x} 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre }}$ ) where the $C x 3 c r 1$ gene is replaced with a gene encoding a constitutively active Cre recombinase; ii) B6J.129P2(C)Cx3cr1 ${ }^{\text {tm2.1(cre/ERT2) Jung }}$ (henceforth referred to as $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {CreERT }}$ ), where $C x 3 c r 1$ is replaced with a conditionally activated Cre recombinase is fused to a mutant oestrogen ligand-binding domain (CreERT2), which requires the presence of the oestrogen antagonist tamoxifen for activation (9). As both transgenes disrupt the endogenous Cx3cr1 expression, the experimental mice used are heterozygous, to partially maintain endogenous Cx3cr1 expression.

Microglia are characterised by particularly high expression of $C x 3 c r 1$ compared to other myeloid cells $(174,176)$. Validation of the Jung $C_{x} 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre }}$ and $C_{x} 3 c r 1^{\text {CreERT }}$ murine lines indicated Cre expression was mainly restricted to microglia (177) in adult mouse brain, and therefore both lines were chosen for investigating the role of Maf in microglia.

In $C_{x} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre }}$ mice the Cre recombinase is constitutively expressed, and Cre activation in low expressing Cx3cr1 peritoneal tissue resident macrophages is believed to be associated with the precursors established in prenatal development $(7,16,174)$. The tamoxifeninducible Cx3cr1 ${ }^{\text {CreERT }}$ strain allows for control of Maf deletion, either at specific developmental stages or after normal development in adult mice, whereas the constitutive Cx3cr1 ${ }^{\text {Cre }}$ line could possibly be detrimental with the deletion of Maf during development stages.

CX3cr1 ${ }^{\text {CreERT }}$ mice treated with tamoxifen by oral gavage have been shown to have no impact on the peritoneal tissue resident macrophage population (9). Therefore the Cx3cr1 ${ }^{\text {Cre }}$ line was preferred for investigating the role of Maf in adult peritoneal macrophages.

### 4.2. Chapter Aims

The aims of the chapter were...

- Investigate the usefulness of an inducible Cre mouse line alongside that of constitutive Cre-Lox recombination system to restrict Maf knockout in microglia.
- Validate the loss of Maf in microglia by RNA and protein expression.
- Determine differences in proportion of Microglia and other myeloid cells in Maf knockout and floxed mice.
- Assess gross phenotype of microglia in the absence of Maf through study of common macrophage markers in naïve mice.
- Ascertain whether Maf-deficiency has a significant impact on the homeostatic transcriptome of the microglia.


### 4.3. Results

### 4.1.3. Validation of the Deletion of Maf from Maf ${ }^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{CreERT} /+}$ Mice <br> 4.1.3.1. Protein Expression of MAF in Microglia

4-hydroxytamoxifen ( OHT ), a synthetic oestrogen receptor ligand, is required to activate the CreERT2 in Cx3cr1 ${ }^{\text {CreERT }}$ mice (178). Treating mice with tamoxifen, which is metabolized to OHT, can be achieved via several delivery routes (179). To determine the best route of delivery for the Maff/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {CreERT/+ }}$ mice, intraperitoneal injection (IP) of tamoxifen in corn oil and tamoxifen-sucrose supplemented chow were tested in two pilot experiments.

As discussed in 4.1.2 tamoxifen treatment activation of CreERT2 only occurs in $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+}$ cells such as microglia. Cx3cr1 was confirmed to be highly expressed on isolated microglia by flow cytometry and was utilised as a distinguishing surface marker along with common myeloid markers such as CD11b (Figure 4.3.1A).

Reports on dosage of tamoxifen through intraperitoneal injection as well as number of injections to activate CreERT2 recombination vary (180-183). Therefore two different doses of tamoxifen ( $100 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ or $200 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ in corn oil) were injected 3 or 5 times, where injections were spaced 24 hrs apart in a pilot study to test efficacy. Microglia were isolated 7 days after the last injection. MAF expression in microglia was determined by flow cytometry (Figure 4.3.1B), and the delta mean fluorescent intensity ( $\Delta \mathrm{MFI}$ ) (as discussed at length in Chapter 3) was calculated (Figure 4.3.1C).

Microglial MAF expression was reduced in Maf ${ }^{f / f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{CreERT} /+}$ when compared to those of Mafflff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice in all three intraperitoneal tamoxifen treatments (Figure 4.3.1C). Two of the treatments, 3 injections of $200 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ and 5 injections of $100 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$, displayed higher levels of knockdown of MAF in microglia ( $63.79 \%$ and $65.61 \%$ respectively) compared with 3 injections of $100 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ (51.8\%) (Figure 4.3.1C).

A

FSC-A

FSC-A

SSC-A

Cx3cr1

MAF


Figure 4.3.1 Determination of MAF protein expression in Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathbf{C x} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{CreERT} /+}$ mice following intraperitoneal injection of tamoxifen.

Following treatment with intraperitoneal injections of tamoxifen protein expression of MAF with A) gating strategy of microglia with staining of common microglia markers and B) histogram of
 isotype controls (solid and dashed line respectively). C) Delta mean fluorescent intensity ( $\Delta \mathrm{MFI}$ )
 represents a single mouse ( $n=1$ ). All mice were male aged 6-8 weeks at the start of treatment.

An alternative delivery method of tamoxifen was tamoxifen-sucrose supplemented chow, which was investigated using Envigo Teklad diet TD.55125, containing 400mg/kg of tamoxifen citrate which is equivalent to $250 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ of tamoxifen (184). $\Delta \mathrm{MFI}$ of MAF expression in microglia of Maffl/ff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{CreERT} /+}$ when compared to $\mathrm{Ma} f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice display a $51.32 \pm 2.16 \%$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) reduction following treatment with tamoxifensucrose supplemented chow for 14 days prior to microglia isolation (Figure 4.3.2B). Weight loss was observed in all mice irrespective of genotype with 1:4 mice reaching the humane endpoint of $20 \%$ of initial weight loss (Figure 4.3.2C).


Figure 4.3.2 Determination of MAF protein expression in Mafflfl $\mathrm{Cx}_{\mathrm{x}} \mathrm{Cr} 1^{\text {CreERT/+ }}$ mice following tamoxifen-sucrose chow.

Following treatment for 14 days with tamoxifen-sucrose chow protein expression of MAF with A) histogram of MAF expression by flow cytometry in Maf ${ }^{l / f i} \mathrm{Cx}_{\mathrm{X}} \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$(red) and Maf ${ }^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {CreERT/+ }}$ (blue) treated with tamoxifen-sucrose chow and isotype controls (solid and dashed line respectively). B) Delta mean fluorescent intensity ( $\triangle M F I$ ) of MAF in microglia in
 single mouse ( $\mathrm{n}=1$ ), whilst Maf ${ }^{f / f / \mathrm{fl}} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{CreERT} /+}$ and error bars indicate $\pm$ SEM ( $\mathrm{n}=2$ ). C) Daily weighing of Maffl/fi $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{C} \times 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{\mathrm{CreERT} /+}$ undergoing tamoxifen-sucrose supplemented chow treatments for 14 days, presented at percentage of weight lost from initial weight on day 0 . Each line represents an individual mouse, Mafliff $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$(black) and Maf ${ }^{\text {fl/ff }} \mathbf{C x} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {CreERT/+ }}$ (blue). Dotted lines represent initial weight and the humane end point of 20\% of initial weight loss where mice were terminated. All mice were male aged 6-8 weeks at the start of treatment.

### 4.1.3.2. Quantitative PCR of Maf in Microglia

To verify genomic deletion of Maf in $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{f / f /} \mathrm{C} \times 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{\text {CreERT/ } / ~}$ mice following treatment with $200 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ Tamoxifen I.P. for 3 consecutive days, microglia were isolated 7 days after the last injection, and sorted (using FACS Aria III) based on CD11b ${ }^{+}$, CD45 mid expression (A). Microglia Maf expression was reduced significantly in Maf ${ }^{f / f f}$ Cx3cr1 $1^{\text {CreERT/ } / ~}$ mice by $40-\Delta C T$ (B) and relative quantification of fold change gene expression (C) when analysed with twoway ANOVA, with genotype demonstrated as the only factor with significance ( p -value $=$ $0.0011^{* *}$, and $p$-value $=0.0033^{* *}$ respectively), when compared to $\mathrm{Maf}^{f / f l} \mathrm{C} \times 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice.

Mean 40- $\Delta \mathrm{CT}$ of Maf in female Mafflfl $C \times 3 c r 1^{+/+}$mice was $38.61 \pm 0.0515$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) compared to Maf ${ }^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {CreeRT/t }}$ females $36.99 \pm 0.4915$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) (Figure 4.3.3B), with a mean difference of $1.617 \pm 0.6192$ (mean difference and standard error of difference (SE)), however was not deemed statistically significant by Šidák's multiple comparisons test (B).

In male mice the $40-\Delta C T$ of Maf in Maf ${ }^{l / f f} \mathrm{C} \times 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$was $38.75 \pm 0.3134$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) compared to Maf ${ }^{f / / f}{ }^{\text {fl }} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {CreeRT/ }+} 35.73 \pm 0.4515$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) (Figure 4.3.3B), with a mean difference of $3.025 \pm 0.5056$ (mean difference and SE , p -value $=0.0020^{* *}$ ) by Šidák's multiple comparisons test.

Relative quantification of fold change gene expression of Maf expression in female Maf ${ }^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{+/+}$mice when compared to Maf ${ }^{f / f / \mathrm{C}} \mathrm{C} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{CreERT} /+}$ had a mean -2.002 $\log _{2}$ fold change, whilst male mice had a $-2.078 \log _{2}$ fold change (Figure 4.3.3C). When analysed with Šidák's multiple comparisons test relative quantification of fold change gene expression in both male and female were statistically significant ( $p$-value $=0.0292^{*}$, and p-value $=0.0321^{*}$, respectively) between $\mathrm{Maf}^{f / / f /} \mathrm{C} \times 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and $\mathrm{Ma} \mathrm{f}^{f / / f / \mathrm{C}} \mathrm{C} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {CreERT/ }}$ mice (Figure 4.3.3C).


Figure 4.3.3 Verification of genomic deletion of Maf in Microglia from Maf ${ }^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx}^{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{CreERT} /+}$ mice following three intraperitoneal injection of $\mathbf{2 0 0} \mathbf{~ m g} / \mathrm{kg}$ tamoxifen by qPCR.

Following treatment with intraperitoneal injections of following $200 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ tamoxifen A) gating strategy of microglia with staining of common microglia markerst. B) 40- $\Delta C T$ values and C) relative quantification of fold change gene expression of Maf in microglia from $M a f^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx}^{\mathrm{Cx}} \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$ (male $=$ white, female $=$ grey) and Maf ${ }^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx}^{\mathrm{Clr}} 1^{\text {CreERT/+ }}$ (shaded) mice. All mice were 6-8 weeks of age. Error bars indicate $\pm$ SEM (female $\mathrm{n}=2$, male $\mathrm{n}=3$ ). Analysed with two-way ANOVA, with Šidák's multiple comparisons ( $N S=$ non-significant, $*$ p-value $=<0.05$ and $* *$ p-value $=<0.01$ ).

### 4.1.4. Validation of Deletion of Maf in Microglia in Mafiffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$

 Transgenic Mice
### 4.1.4.1. Protein Expression of MAF in Microglia

To determine if MAF expression was altered at a protein level in Mafl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ mice $\triangle$ MFI of MAF in microglia was investigated. This demonstrated a reduction of $74.77 \% \pm$ 9.54 \% (Mean \% difference $\pm$ SEM), when compared to those of $M a f{ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{CX}^{2} \mathrm{CrI}^{+/+}$mice (Figure 4.3.4), however was not statistically significant.


Figure 4.3.4 Determination of MAF protein expression in $M a f^{f / f f} \mathbf{C x} 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ mice
A) Histogram of MAF expression by flow cytometry in microglia from Maflff ${ }^{x} \times 3 c r 1^{+/+}($red $)$and Maf ${ }^{f / / f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ (blue) with isotype controls (solid and dashed line respectively). B) Delta mean fluorescent intensity ( $\Delta \mathrm{MFI}$ ) of microglia in Maffl/ficx3cr1 ${ }^{+/+}$(white) and Mafilfl $\mathrm{Cx}_{x} \mathrm{Cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ (shaded) mice. Error bars indicate $\pm$ SEM ( $n=2$ ) with unpaired two-tailed T-test ( $p$-value $=0.2246$, NS = non-significant). All mice were male ages 6-8 weeks.

When investigating phenotypic differences of microglia in Mafl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and $M a f^{f / f / f} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$mice, common myeloid markers were studied using flow cytometry (Figure 4.3.5). Among the 16 myeloid markers only MAF and PU. 1 displayed any clear differences in protein expression, with $M a f^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$exhibiting higher expression than in Maf $f^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ mice (Figure 4.3.5).


Figure 4.3.5 Expression of common myeloid markers on microglia of Maf ${ }^{\prime / f f} \mathrm{Cx}_{\mathrm{x}} \mathrm{crr}^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and Maf ${ }^{f / f f}{ }^{\prime} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice.
 (blue) with isotypes (solid black and dotted black respectively), representative of $\mathrm{n}=\mathbf{2}$. All mice were male and aged 6-8 weeks.

### 4.1.4.2. Quantitative PCR in Microglia

To confirm the constitutive knockout of Maf in microglia in Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} \times \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ mice, microglia were isolated and sorted based on CD11b ${ }^{+}, C D 45^{\text {mid }}$ expression as above (A). Microglia Maf expression was reduced significantly in Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ mice by $40-\Delta \mathrm{CT}$ (Figure 4.3.6A) and relative quantification of fold change gene expression (Figure 4.3.6B) by unpaired T-test ( $p$-value $=0.0218{ }^{*}$, and $p$-value $=0.0253$ * respectively), when compared to $\mathrm{Maf}^{f^{\prime / f / f} \mathrm{C}} \times 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice.

Mean 40- $\Delta \mathrm{CT}$ of Maf in female Maff ${ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{C} \times 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice was $40.00 \pm 0.5031$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) compared to $\mathrm{Maf}^{f / f f} \mathrm{C} \times 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ females $31.03 \pm 2.406$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) (Figure 4.3.6A), with a mean difference of $8.973 \pm 2.458$ (mean difference and SE). Relative quantification of fold change gene expression of Maf expression in female Maf ${ }^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{+/+}$mice when compared to $\mathrm{Maf}^{\text {fl/fl }} \mathrm{CX} \times \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ had a mean $-6.800 \log _{2}$ fold change (Figure 4.3.6B).


Figure 4.3.6 Determination of genomic deletion of Maf in microglia from Maf ${ }^{f / f /} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ mice by $q$ PCR.
A) 40- $\Delta C$ T values and $B$ ) relative quantification of fold change gene expression of Maf in Microglia
 age. Error bars indicate $\pm$ SEM ( $n=3$ ). Unpaired T-test displayed on graph ( $p$-value $=0.05,{ }^{*}$ ).

### 4.1.5. Border Associated Macrophages (BAMs) in Maflffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and Mafflff $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ Mice

Whilst microglia are the most abundant and prominent macrophage population in the brain, border associated macrophages (BAMs) reside in the border regions of the brain such as the perivascular spaces of brain vessels, lining the meninges, and the choroid plexus. Investigation into two subpopulations of $\mathrm{MHCII}^{-} \mathrm{CD} 206^{\text {high }}$ and $\mathrm{MHClI}^{+} \mathrm{CD}^{206}{ }^{\text {low }}$ BAMs between Maf ${ }^{f / f l} \mathrm{C} X 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and $M a f^{f l / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ mice (Figure 4.3.7A) demonstrated the absence of the $\mathrm{MHCII}^{-}$CD206 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ BAM population. Backgating of the populations demonstrated BAM populations by CD11b and CD45 expression and distinction from microglia by their MHC and CD38 expression in Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$(Figure 4.3.7B) and $M a f^{f / f /} \mathrm{C} \times 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ mice (Figure 4.3.7C).

Two-way ANOVA of BAMs as percentage of all $\mathrm{CD}^{2} 5^{+} \mathrm{CD} 11 \mathrm{~b}^{+}$cells, indicated population and interaction of population with genotype were statistically significant ( $p$-value $=0.0058$ ** and p-value $=0.0018$ ** respectively), but not by genotype alone (Figure 4.3.7D). The reduction in MHCII CD206 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ BAMs was deemed statistically significant by Šidák's multiple comparison post-test ( $p$-value $=0.0126,{ }^{*}$ ), as was the increase in the percentage of $\mathrm{MHClI}^{+}$CD206 ${ }^{\text {low }} \mathrm{BAM}$ population (p-value $=0.0469,{ }^{*}$ ) (Figure 4.3.7D).

Absolute number of cells of BAM populations by two-way ANOVA with genotype and interaction of genotype with population were statistical significance (p-value $=0.0069$ **, and $p$-value $=0.0019^{* *}$, respectively) (Figure 4.3.7E). Šidák's multiple comparison posttest indicated only MHCII CD206 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ BAMs to be statistically significant ( $p$-value $=0.0008$, ${ }^{* * *}$ ), whilst of $\mathrm{MHCl}^{+} \mathrm{CD} 206^{\text {low }} \mathrm{BAMs}$ were not significant (Figure 4.3.7E).

When investigating the expression of MAF in BAM populations, MHCII CD206 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ BAMs in Mafflff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$displayed very high MAF expression as determined by $\Delta \mathrm{MFI}$ by flow cytometry (Figure 4.3.7F). In $\mathrm{Maf}^{f^{\prime / f f} \mathrm{C} x 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{\text {Cre/t }} \text { mice MAF expression was reduced in both }}$ BAM populations, with two-way ANOVA indicating statistical significance by population, genotype and the interaction of the two factors ( $p$-value $=0.0045^{* *}$, $p$-value $=0.0022^{* *}$ and p -value $=0.0194^{*}$ respectively) (Figure 4.3.7F). Post-test using Šidák's multiple comparison demonstrated the $\Delta \mathrm{MFI}$ of MAF between $M a f f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and Mafflff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ mice to be statistically significant in $\mathrm{MHCII}^{-}$CD206 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ BAMs (p-value $=$ 0.0017, ${ }^{* *}$ ), however $\triangle \mathrm{MFI}$ of MAF in $\mathrm{MHClI}^{+}$CD206 ${ }^{\text {low }}$ BAMs were not statistically significant (Figure 4.3.7F).


Figure 4.3.7 Border associated macrophages (BAMs) in Maf ${ }^{f / f /} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/} /+}$ mice.
A) Flow cytometry gating strategy of Microglia and BAMs in Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathbf{C x} \mathbf{C c r} 1^{+/+}$and Maf ${ }^{f / f / f} \mathbf{C x} \mathbf{C r r} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ mice. Backgating overlays of BAM populations and microglia by CD11b/CD45 expression and MHCII/CD38 expression in B) Mafilfl $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$and C) Mafilfl $C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ mice (microglia $=$ red, MHCII CD206 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ BAMs = green and $\mathrm{MHClI}^{+}$CD206 ${ }^{\text {low }}$ BAMs = blue). BAMs as D) percentage of cells of $\mathrm{CD45}^{+}$and CD11b ${ }^{+}$gating strategy and as E) absolute number. F) $\triangle$ MFI of MAF protein
 female and aged 6-8 weeks. Šidák's multiple comparisons test on graphs (NS = non-significant, pvalue $=0.05^{*}, \mathrm{p}$-value $=0.01^{* *}, \mathrm{p}$-value $=0.001^{* * *}$ ).

### 4.1.6. Immunofluorescent Microscopy of Mafi/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{+/+}$and

$$
\text { Mafflffl Cx3cr1 }{ }^{\text {Cre/+ }} \text { Microglia }
$$

To investigate in situ differences in microglial number, area of coverage and proximity of microglia (nearest neighbour), the prefrontal cortex, cortex and two areas of the hippocampus, the dentate gyrus (DG) and cornu ammonis 3 (C3) region (Figure 4.3.8A) were analysed by immunofluorescent confocal microscopy in Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and Mafflff $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ mice. Coronal sections were stained with neuronal nuclear protein (NuEN) for neurons, glial fibrillary acidic protein (GFAP) for astrocytes and ionized calcium binding adaptor molecule 1 (lba1) to identify microglia with DAPI for nuclear colocalization of cell bodies (Figure 4.3.8B).

Two-way ANOVA of average cell body number per $\mathrm{mm}^{3}$ was statistically significant by genotype ( $p$-value $=0.0133,{ }^{*}$ ) (Figure 4.3 .8 E ) with Maffl/fi $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ mice displaying increased number compared to $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice. Whilst cell number was increased across all regions, Šidák's multiple comparison test did not determine any of the regions to be statistically significant (Figure 4.3.8E).

Iba1+ staining with a threshold applied to select the total area covered by microglia soma and processes (Figure 4.3.8C), resulted in no statistically significant differences between Mafflff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and $\mathrm{Maf}^{f^{\prime / f l}} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ mice (Figure 4.3.8F). Whereas proximity of microglial cell bodies through nearest neighbour analysis indicated genotype to be statistically significant by two-way ANOVA (p-value $=0.0018,{ }^{* *}$ ) (Figure 4.3.8G). Across all regions nearest neighbour distance was reduced, however following Šidák's multiple comparison post-test the C3 region of the hippocampus was the only region found to be statistically significant $\left(p-\right.$ value $\left.=0.0459,{ }^{*}\right)($ Figure 4.3.8G) .


Figure 4.3.8 Immunofluorescent microscopy analysis of multiple regions of $\mathrm{Maf}^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{+/+}$and Maf ${ }^{l / f f}{ }^{L x} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ brains.
A) Regions of interest highlighted on coronal sections of mouse brain from Allen Mouse Brain Atlas (140). B) Representative staining of dente gyrus with NuEN (Yellow) for neurons, GFAP (green) for astrocytes, Iba1 (red) for microglia and DAPI (blue) for nuclei. C) Representative binary image of Iba1 staining for microglia stoma and processes for calculation of total area. D) Representative image of Iba1 staining for cell count and nearest neighbour analysis. E) Average microglia cell number, F) total area of Iba1+ staining and G) nearest neighbour analysis of
 aged 6-8 weeks of age. Šidák's multiple comparisons test displayed on graphs ( p -value $=0.05$ *).

### 4.1.7. RNA Sequencing of Naïve Microglia from Maflffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and Maf $f^{f / f \mid} C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ Mice

To investigate the consequences of the loss of Maf has on the transcriptome of microglia in Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ mice, microglia were isolated by FACS based on CD11b and CD45 expression (Figure 4.3.9A) for RNA sequencing. Raw sequencing FASTQ files were processed using Supercomputing Wales (SCW) to index, trim adapters, map reads, mark duplicates and generate feature counts (as detailed in section 2.10.2). The two most common RNA sequencing differential gene expression analyses DESeq2 and edgeR were utilised, with the combination of multiple methods thought to produce more reliable differential gene expression results (185).

DESeq2 and edgeR are based on negative binomial distribution (185) with both analyses normalising data initially via the calculation of size/normalisation factors, and both analyses hypothesise that the majority of genes are not differentially expressed. However DESeq2 uses a geometric mean normalisation strategy, whereas edgeR utilised a weighted mean of log ratios-based method. This difference in normalisation may capture different projections of differential expression.

Maf expression was determined by fragments per kilobase of transcript per million (FPKM) mapped reads indicated Maf in microglia to be on average $0.0409 \pm 0.0327$ (Mean and SEM) FPKM in Maf ${ }^{f / f / f} C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ and average $40.59 \pm 0.2625$ (Mean and SEM) FPKM in Mafflff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice (Figure 4.3.9B).

Exploratory data analysis of variance between samples and how they correlate through principal component analysis (PCA) indicated the Maflff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice to have less variance than the $M a f^{f l / f l} C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ mice (Figure 4.3.10).


Figure 4.3.9 Fragments per kilobase of transcript per million (FPKM) mapped reads of Maf using DESeq2 differential expression method.
A) Gating strategy of microglia with staining of CD11b/CD45 and propidium iodine (PI) for viability. B) FPKM of Maf in Female Mafl/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$(grey) and Mafi/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ (shaded) mice.


Figure 4.3.10 Principal component analysis (PCA) of RNA-sequencing samples.

Maf ${ }^{\mathrm{fl} / \mathrm{fl}} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice (Teal) and Maf ${ }^{\mathrm{fl} / \mathrm{fl}} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ mice (Red).

Due to the proximity of microglia and $\mathrm{MHCII}^{-C D}$ 206 $^{\text {high }}$ BAMs by CD11b and CD45 expression (Figure $4.3 .7 \mathrm{~B} / \mathrm{C}$ ), to check for contamination of BAMs in the microglia sorted population FPKM expression of cell specific genes were investigated alongside those of other common brain cells including astrocytes, neurons, oligodendrocytes, BAMs and blood derived monocytes (Figure 4.3.11). No obvious expression of the any of the nonmicroglial cell specific genes were discovered in the dataset, whereas all microglial genes were present in the dataset (Figure 4.3.11).


Figure 4.3.11 Fragments per kilobase of transcript per million (FPKM) of cell specific genes for common brain cells.

List of cell specific genes for astrocytes, neurons, oligodendrocytes, blood derived monocytes, border associated macrophages (BAM) and microglia, with FPKM values from dataset. Maf ${ }^{f / f / f} \mathbf{C x} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice (Teal) and Maf ${ }^{f / f l}$ Cx3cr1 ${ }^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ (Red).

### 4.1.7.1. Gene Expression across Multiple Differential Expression Methods

### 4.1.7.1.1. DESeq2 Differential Gene Expression Analysis

Maf was the most significantly reduced gene between Maf ${ }^{f / f l} \mathrm{C} \times 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ and Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{C} \times 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$microglia, with a $-9.965 \log 2$ fold change and an adjusted $p$-value of $3.10-$ 14 (Figure 4.3.12A). Along with Maf, long non-coding RNA X-inactive specific transcript (Xist) was markedly increased by $\log _{2}$ fold change, and several genes had extremely low adjusted p -values, with CUB and sushi multiple domains 3 (Csmd3) adjusted p -value beyond the limit of the smallest floating-point value in R (186). Therefore for visualisation and downstream analysis the maximum adjusted $p$-value of $1 \mathrm{E}-314$ was manually applied to Csmd3.

Due to the wide spread of log fold changes and adjusted $p$-value this made the other gene changes difficult to visualise graphically, thereby setting a cut-off of adjusted $p$-value of $80-\log 10$ and a $\pm \log 2$ fold change of 10 allowed visualisation of the other gene discoveries become clearer (Figure 4.3.12B).

DESeq2 differential gene analysis of Maf ${ }^{f / f / f} \mathrm{C} \times 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ vs $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{f / f / f} \mathrm{C} \times 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$microglia generated 1,975 differential gene discoveries with an adjusted p-value $<0.05$ (Figure 4.3.18A) (the full list of genes can be found in Appendix II). Imposing a cut off $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change resulted in 773 differential gene discoveries (Figure 4.3.18B).


Figure 4.3.12 Differential gene expression discoveries utilising DESeq 2 of Mafl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ vs Mafliffl $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$Microglia.

RNA-Seq of naïve Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and $M a f^{f / f f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr1} 1^{+/+}$microglia. A) Volcano plot of all gene discoveries using the DESeq2 differential gene expression method. B) Volcano plot with cut-off of adjusted p-value of $\mathbf{8 0}-\log _{10}$ and a $10 \pm \log _{2}$ fold change on the graph to improve visualisation of other significant genes. Dashed lines representing cut off for adjusted $p$-value $=0.05$ and $\pm \log _{2}$ fold change =1 ( $\mathrm{n}=2$ mice of each genotype).

Canonical pathway analysis from Ingenuity pathway analysis (IPA) (Qiagen) of the DESeq2 discovered genes against those previously identified in all macrophages, identifying differentially expressed genes categorised to related canonical pathways. This resulted in 151 pathways with a $p$-value of overlap $<0.05$ (the full list of genes can be found in Appendix III).

The top 20 pathways indicated downregulation and upregulation within several canonical pathways including phagosome formation, pattern recognition receptors, Fcy receptor mediated phagocytosis, complement system and neuroinflammation signalling pathway (Figure 4.3.13).


Figure 4.3.13 Top 20 Canonical pathways analysis of DESeq2 differential gene expression analysed genes as determined by p-value of overlap with pathways.

Canonical pathway analysis generated from Ingenuity Pathway Analysis (IPA) against those previously identified in all macrophages following DESeq2 differential gene expression method. Percentage of genes in the analysis overlap with pathway (green = downregulated, red = upregulated, white = no overlap). Numbers in bold are the total number of genes involved in the pathway, with-log p-value of overlap with each pathway indicated with orange line.

| Upstream <br> Regulators | DESeq2 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\log _{2}$ Fold Change | P-Value of Overlap | Targets in Dataset |
| I/10ra | 0.45 | 3.57E-23 | Ankh, B3gnt7, Bmp2, C3, Ca2, Calhm6, Ccl5, Cd300lf, Cxcl9, Ednrb, F13a1, Fn1, Folr2, Gas6, Gbp2, Hcar2, Ifi16, \\|l12rb1, \|15ra, II2rg, Irf7, Ly6a, NIrc5, Olr1, Pf4, Plaat3, Reps2, Retnla, Rgs18, Rnf213, Rsad2, S1pr1, Slamf8, Stard8, Stat1, Tfec, Trpm2, Zc3h12c |
| lfng |  | 3.03E-20 | C2, Ccl5, Ccl7, Ccr2, Cd44, Chst7, Clec10a, Cmpk2, Cxcl10, Cxcl2, Cxcl9, Fgf1, Fn1, Gbp2, Hcar2, Hip1, Hla-doa, Ifi16, Ifi44, Ifih1, Ifit1b, Ifit2, Ifit3, Ifnb1, Igf1, II10, Itgal, Ldlr, Ly6a, Mrc1, Oas1, Oas3, Oasl, P2ry14, Pdgfc, Retnla, Rsad2, Stat1, Xaf1 |
| Cited2 | -0.12 | 1.4E-16 | C3, Calhm6, Clec10a, Cmpk2, Cxcl10, Cxcl2, Cxcl3, Cxcl9, Fcgr3a/Fcgr3b, Gbp2, Hcar2, Ifi16, Ifi44, Ifih1, Ifit1b, Ifit2, Ifit3, Ifnb1, Kynu, Lpl, Mrc1, Oas1, Oas3, Oasl, P2ry14, Pdgfc, Plac8, Retnla, Rsad2, Slamf8, Xaf1 |
| Ptger4 | -0.124 | 6.83E-14 | Ccl2, Ccl7, Cmpk2, Cxcl10, Cxcl9, Gbp2, Glis3, Hcar2, Ifi16, Ifih1, Ifit1b, Ifit2, Irf7, Olr1, Rnf213, Rsad2, S1pr1, Slamf8, Tbc1d4, TIr8, Tnfsf10, Usp18, Xaf1 |
| Myd88 | -0.035 | 8.97E-14 | Ccl5, Clec10a, Cmpk2, Cxcl10, Cxcl13, Cxcl2, Cxcl3, Cxcl9, Ednrb, Fpr1, Ifit1b, Ifit2, Ifnb1, Il10, Itgax, Jag1, Met, Mmp14, Mrc1, Oasl, Pilra, Rsad2, Tfec |
| Mef2a | -0.067 | 8.25E-13 | Cxcl10, Cxcl9, Gbp2, Ifi44, Ifit1b, Ifit2, Ifit3, Ifnb1, Irf7, NIrc5, Oas1, Rsad2 |
| Ifnb1 | 4.158 | 1.02E-12 | Ccl2, Ccl5, Cmpk2, Cxcl10, Cxcl2, Cxcl3, Ddx3y, Gbp2, Ifi16, Ifih1, Ifit1b, Ifit2, Ifit3, II10, Irf7, Rsad2, Sqle, Stat1, Usp18 |
| Ticam1 | 0.25 | $6.72 \mathrm{E}-11$ | Ccl5, Cmpk2, Cxcl10, Cxcl13, Cxcl2, Cxcl3, Ednrb, Fpr1, Ifit1b, Ifit2, Ifnb1, Jag1, Met, Oasl, Pilra, Rsad2, Tfec |
| Nfat5 | -0.064 | 8.17E-10 | Ccr3, Cxcl9, Ifi16, Ifit1b, Ifit2, Ifit3, Ifnb1, Rsad2, Stat1, Tnfsf10 |
| Sting1 | -0.119 | 2.67E-09 | Ccl5, Cxcl10, Cxcl2, Cxcl9, Gas7, Ifi16, Ifit1b, Ifnb1, II10, OasI |


| Nr1h3 | -0.485 | 4.44E-09 | Ccl2, Ccl5, Ccl7, Ccr2, Ccr3, Cd4, Cx3cr1, Cxcl10, Fgl2, Fpr1, Gas6, Il10, Il12rb1, Irf7, Itgal, Itgb3, Lyz, Mmp9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tnf | -0.244 | $1.03 \mathrm{E}-08$ | Acp5, Ca2, Ccl5, Cd44, Cxcl10, Cxcl13, Cxcl2, Cxcl3, Cxcl9, Fpr1, Gbp2, Il10, Mmp9 |
| LdIr | -1.479 | $1.12 \mathrm{E}-08$ | Ccl2, Ccl5, Ccl7, Ccr2, Ccr3, Cd4, Cx3cr1, Fgl2, Fpr1, Gas6, II10, II12rb1, Irf7, Itgb3, Lyz, Mmp14, Mmp9, Msr1 |
| Nr3c1 | -0.181 | $2.25 \mathrm{E}-08$ | Ccl5, Cxcl10, Cxcl9, Hcar2, Ifit1b, Ifit2, Ifnb1, Oasl |
| Irf3 | 0.126 | $3.4 \mathrm{E}-08$ | Ccl5, Cxcl10, Ifih1, Ifit1b, Ifit2, Ifnb1, Rsad2 |
| Cop1 | 0.035 | 7.96E-08 | C3, Ccl5, Cxcl10, Cxcl3, Fpr1, Gpnmb, Ifi16, Itgax |
| Tbk1 | 0.164 | 8.18E-08 | Cxcl10, Ifi16, Ifnb1, Irf7, Rsad2, Usp18 |
| Csf1 | -0.707 | $1.69 \mathrm{E}-07$ | Axl, Capn2, Ccl2, Ccl7, Ccr2, Cd163, Gas7, Gpnmb, Gpr34, II10, Itgax, Lpl, Retnla |
| I/4 | -0.787 | $4.84 \mathrm{E}-07$ | Cd44, Chst7, Clec10a, Cxcl10, Igf1, \\|10, Lpl, Mrc1, Retnla, Tfrc |
| Stat1 | 1.178 | $8.43 \mathrm{E}-07$ | C3, Ccl5, Cxcl10, Cxcl9, Gbp2, Ifit1b, lfnb1, lgf1, Ppargc1b |

Figure 4.3.14 Top 20 Upstream regulators in DESeq2 differential gene expression analysis in microglia.

Upstream regulators identified in DESeq2 analysis with log2 fold change and p-value of overlap with each pathway. Genes with an adjusted p-value of $<0.05$ involved in each pathway are named.

In total 138 upstream regulators were identified through analysis with IPA in the DESeq2 dataset (Appendix IV), the top 20 pathway determined by p-value of overlap (Figure 4.3.14) indicated Interleukin 10 receptor subunit alpha (IIOra) to have the lowest p-value of overlap of 3.57E-23 (Figure 4.3.14). Interferon gamma (Ifng) also demonstrated to be statistically significant with a p-value of overlap of $3.03 \mathrm{E}-20$ however a $\log _{2}$ fold change could not be calculated. Several other cytokines were highlighted as the upstream regulators including Ifnb1, Tnf, and II4 along with key regulators of cytokine signalling such
as signal transducer and activator of transcription 1 (Stat1) and myeloid differentiation primary response 88 (Myd88) (Figure 4.3.14).

### 4.1.7.1.2.edgeR Differential Gene Expression Analysis

Comparison of Mafliff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ vs Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$microglia utilising edgeR generated 1,994 differential gene discoveries with an adjusted p-value $<0.05$ (Figure 4.3.18A) (the full list of genes can be found in Appendix $V$ ). Imposing a cut off $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change resulted in 1,088 differential gene discoveries (Figure 4.3.18B).

Maf was the significantly changed between Mafflfl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and Maflifl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$ microglia, with a $-10.11 \log _{2}$ fold change and an adjusted $p$-value $6.65 \mathrm{E}-245$ (A). Additionally several other genes including Csmd3, mt-Rnr2, Ddx3y and Xist were more significantly changed or had larger log fold changes (Figure 4.3.15A). As previously Csmd3, $m t-R n r 2$ and $D d x 3 y$ adjusted $p$-value was beyond the limit of $R(186)$ and the maximum adjusted p-value of 1E-314 was manually applied. Additionally due to such significant changes the other gene changes were difficult to visualise, and thereby setting a cut-off of adjusted p -value of $100-\log _{10}$ and $\mathrm{a} \pm \log$ fold change of 10 allowed visualisation allows other gene discoveries to become clearer (Figure 4.3.15B).


B


Figure 4.3.15 edgeR comparison of $M a f^{f / f f l} \mathbf{C x} 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ vs $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$Microglia.

RNA-Seq of naïve $M a f^{f l / f l} C_{x} 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and $M a f^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$microglia. A) Volcano plot of all gene discoveries using edgeR differential expression method. B) Volcano plot with cut-off of adjusted p-value of $100-\log 10$ and a $10 \pm \log$ fold change on the graph to improve visualisation of other significant genes. Dashed lines representing cut off for adjusted $p$-value $\mathbf{= 0 . 0 5}$ and $\pm \log _{2}$ fold change = $\mathbf{1}$ ( $\mathrm{n}=2$ mice of each genotype).


Figure 4.3.16 Top 20 Canonical pathways analysis of edgeR differential gene expression analysed genes as determined by p -value of overlap with pathways.

Canonical pathway analysis generated from Ingenuity Pathway Analysis (IPA) against those previously identified in all macrophages following edgeR differential gene expression method. Percentage of genes in the analysis overlap with pathway (green = downregulated, red = upregulated, grey $=$ no change and white $=$ no overlap). Numbers in bold are the total number of genes involved in the pathway, with $-\log p$-value of overlap with each pathway indicated with orange line.

Canonical pathway analysis from IPA of the edgeR discovered genes against those previously identified in all macrophages, resulted in 111 pathways with a $p$-value of overlap $<0.05$ (the full list of genes can be found in Appendix VI ). The top 20 pathway indicated downregulation and upregulation within several canonical pathways as in the DESeq2 dataset including phagosome formation, pattern recognition receptors and additional pathways including LXR/RXR activation and IL-15 production (Figure 4.3.16).

| Upstream Regulators | edgeR |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\log _{2}$ Fold Change | P-Value of Overlap | Targets in Dataset |
| Il1Ora | 0.451 | 4.47E-21 | Ankh, B3gnt7, Bmp2, C3, Ca2, Calhm6, Ccl5, Cd300lf, Clec4m, Cxcl9, Ednrb, F13a1, Fn1, Folr2, Gas6, Gbp2, Hcar2, Ifi16, II12rb1, II15ra, II2rg, Irf7, Ly6a (Includes Others), NIrc5, Olr1, Pf4, Plaat3, Reps2, Retnla, Rgs18, Rnf213, Rsad2, S1pr1, Slamf8, Stard8, Stat1, Tfec, Trpm2, Zc3h12c |
| lfng | N/A | 6.55E-19 | Adora2b, C2, Ccl5, Ccl7, Ccr2, Cd44, Chst3, Clec10a, Cmpk2, Cxcl10, Cxcl2, Cxcl9, Fgf1, Fn1, Gbp2, Hcar2, Hip1, Hladoa, Ifi16, Ifi44, Ifih1, Ifit1b, Ifit2, Ifit3, Ifnb1, Igf1, II10, Itgal, LdIr, Ly6a (Includes Others), Mrc1, Oas1, Oas3, Oasl, P2ry14, Pdgfc, Retnla, Rsad2, Rtp4, Stat1, Xaf1 |
| Cited2 | -0.12 | 4.81E-15 | C3, Calhm6, Clec10a, Cmpk2, Cxcl10, Cxcl2, Cxcl3, Cxcl9, Fcgr3a/Fcgr3b, Gbp2, Hcar2, Ifi16, Ifi44, Ifih1, Ifit1b, Ifit2, Ifit3, Ifnb1, Kynu, Lpl, Mrc1, Oas1, Oas3, Oasl, P2ry14, Pdgfc, Plac8, Retnla, Rsad2, Rtp4, Slamf8, Xaf1 |
| Ifnb1 | 4.101 | 3.1E-13 | Ccl2, Ccl5, Cmpk2, Cxcl10, Cxcl2, Cxcl3, Ddx3y, Gbp2, Ifi16, Ifih1, Ifit1b, Ifit2, Ifit3, I/10, Irf7, Nptx1, Rnd3, Rsad2, Sqle, Stat1, Usp18 |
| Ptger4 | -0.122 | 5.07E-13 | Ccl2, Ccl7, Cmpk2, Cxcl10, Cxcl9, Gbp2, Glis3, Hcar2, Ifi16, Ifih1, Ifit1b, Ifit2, Irf7, Olr1, Rnf213, Rsad2, Rtp4, S1pr1, Slamf8, Tbc1d4, TIr8, Tnfsf10, Usp18, Xaf1 |
| Myd88 | -0.035 | $5.46 \mathrm{E}-12$ | Ccl5, Clec10a, Cmpk2, Cxcl10, Cxcl13, Cxcl2, Cxcl3, Cxcl9, Ednrb, Fpr1, Ifit1b, Ifit2, Ifnb1, II10, Itgax, Jag1, Met, Mmp14, Mrc1, Oasl, Pilra, Rsad2, Tfec |
| Mef2a | -0.066 | 8.36E-12 | Cxcl10, Cxcl9, Gbp2, Ifi44, Ifit1b, Ifit2, Ifit3, Ifnb1, Irf7, Nlrc5, Oas1, Rsad2 |
| Sting1 | -0.118 | 9.07E-10 | Ccl5, Cxcl10, Cxcl2, Cxcl9, Gas7, Ifi16, Ifit1b, Ifnb1, II10, II33, OasI |
| Ticam1 | 0.249 | 1.4E-09 | Ccl5, Cmpk2, Cxcl10, Cxcl13, Cxcl2, Cxcl3, Ednrb, Fpr1, Ifit1b, Ifit2, Ifnb1, Jag1, Met, Oasl, Pilra, Rsad2, Tfec |
| Nfat5 | -0.063 | 5.45E-09 | Ccr3, Cxcl9, Ifi16, Ifit1b, Ifit2, Ifit3, Ifnb1, Rsad2, Stat1, Tnfsf10 |


| Ldlr | -1.479 | 7.04E-09 | Ccl2, Ccl5, Ccl7, Ccr2, Ccr3, Cd4, Cx3cr1, Fgl2, Fpr1, Gas6, II10, II12rb1, Irf7, Itgb3, Lyz, Mmp14, Mmp9, Msr1, Scd, Tnfsf14 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nr1h3 | -0.476 | $1.58 \mathrm{E}-08$ | Ccl2, Ccl5, Ccl7, Ccr2, Ccr3, Cd4, Cx3cr1, Cxcl10, Fgl2, Fpr1, Gas6, II10, Il12rb1, Irf7, Itgal, Itgb3, Lyz, Mmp9, Scd |
| Nr3c1 | -0.18 | $1.03 \mathrm{E}-07$ | Ccl5, Cxcl10, Cxcl9, Hcar2, Ifit1b, Ifit2, Ifnb1, Oasl |
| Tnf | -0.246 | $1.05 \mathrm{E}-07$ | Acp5, Ca2, Ccl5, Cd44, Cxcl10, Cxcl13, Cxcl2, Cxcl3, Cxcl9, Fpr1, Gbp2, II10, Mmp9 |
| Irf3 | 0.127 | $1.31 \mathrm{E}-07$ | Ccl5, Cxcl10, Ifih1, Ifit1b, Ifit2, Ifnb1, Rsad2 |
| Csf1 | -0.706 | $2.33 \mathrm{E}-07$ | Axl, Capn2, Ccl2, Ccl7, Ccr2, Cd163, Gas7, Gpnmb, Gpr34, II10, Itgax, Lpl, Retnla, Spp1 |
| Tbk1 | 0.165 | $2.62 \mathrm{E}-07$ | Cxcl10, Ifi16, Ifnb1, Irf7, Rsad2, Usp18 |
| Cop1 | 0.036 | 3.59E-07 | C3, Ccl5, Cxcl10, Cxcl3, Fpr1, Gpnmb, Ifi16, Itgax |
| $1 / 4$ | -0.799 | 2.88E-06 | Cd44, Chst3, Clec10a, Cxcl10, Igf1, Il10, Lpl, Mrc1, Retnla, Tfrc |
| Mapkapk2 | 0.12 | 3.7E-06 | Cxcl2, Cxcl3, lfnb1, II10, Mrc1, Msr1, Retnla |

Figure 4.3.17 Top 20 Upstream regulators in edgeR differential gene expression analysis in microglia.

Upstream regulators identified in edgeR analysis with $\log _{2}$ fold change and $p$-value of overlap with each pathway. Genes with an adjusted p -value of $<0.05$ involved in each pathway are named.

In total 130 upstream regulators were identified in IPA analysis of the edgeR dataset (Appendix VII), the top 20 pathway determined by p-value of overlap (Figure 4.3.17). Again Il1Ora was identified to be significant upstream regulator with the lowest p -value of overlap of 4.47E-21 (Figure 4.3.17). The majority of the top 20 upstream regulators in DESeq2 analysis (Figure 4.3.14) were also found in the top 20 of the edgeR analysis dataset (Figure 4.3.17).

DESeq2 and edgeR differential gene expression methods resulted in 1,581 common genes with an adjusted p -value of $<0.05$ (Figure 4.3.18A), with edgeR identifying 413 distinct genes and DESeq2 generating 394 (Figure 4.3.18A). Of those gene discovories with an adjusted $p$-value of $<0.05$ and $a \pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change 770 common genes were identified between the two differential expression methods (Figure 4.3.18B), edgeR generating 318 unique genes and DESeq2 generating 3 (Figure 4.3.18B).


Figure 4.3.18 Venn diagram comparing between DESeq2 and edgeR differential expression methods.
A) Venn diagram comparing gene discoveries which are statistically significant (adjusted p-value

 statistically significant (adjusted p-value $<0.05$ ) and have a $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change between DESeq2 and edgeR differential expression methods of naïve Mafilfl $C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ and Mafilficx3cr1 ${ }^{\text {+/+ }}$ microglia.

### 4.1.7.2. Differential Exon Usage

Relative usage of exons was investigated using the DEXSeq $(147,187)$ package from Bioconductor. Each exon of each sample is counted against the number of reads mapped to that exon and how many reads to any other exon of the same gene. This identifies differential expression of splice variants encoded by an individual genomic loci, leading to different functional gene products arising from a single genomic locus. Relative usage of exons between Maf ${ }^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{C r e /+}$ and $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$microglia generated 33 differential exons with an adjusted $p$-value $<0.05$ and a cut off $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ (Figure 4.3.19), which comprised of 29 unique genes.


Figure 4.3.19 DEXSeq differential exon usage analysis of microglia in Maf ${ }^{f / f /} \mathrm{Cx}_{\mathrm{x}} \mathrm{Cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ vs


Volcano plot of DEXSeq differential exon usage analysis between Maff/fl $\mathbf{C x 3 c r} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}(\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{2})$ and Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathbf{C x} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}(\mathrm{n}=2)$ mice, with dashed lines representing cut off for adjusted p -value $=0.05$ and $\pm \log _{2}$ fold change $=1$.

| Gene | Exon | $\log _{2}$ Fold Change | Adjusted P-Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ctsa | E049 | 1.326647 | 0.000648 |
| Cd47 | E005 | 1.810041 | 0.000712 |
| Abi3 | E001 | 1.707745 | 0.000849 |
| Ctsa | E006 | -2.02159 | 0.001192 |
| Zmynd15 | E023 | -1.59813 | 0.003627 |
| Ctsa | E050 | 1.465658 | 0.006554 |
| Alkbh2 | E002 | 3.096859 | 0.009764 |
| Gga1 | E008 | 16.81873 | 0.00992 |
| Tmed10 | E008 | 14.49283 | 0.011177 |
| Igsf8 | E017 | -18.4945 | 0.014988 |
| Gtf2ird2 | E017 | -16.5407 | 0.020873 |
| Lmna | E022 | 1.367213 | 0.020873 |
| Wipf1 | E022 | -3.28931 | 0.02194 |
| Itga6 | E022 | 17.30169 | 0.024081 |
| Myl6 | E021 | -2.52908 | 0.026289 |
| Noc2l | E028 | 15.65274 | 0.026289 |
| Rps14 | E003 | -4.14087 | 0.026602 |
| Akap13 | E021 | 4.79821 | 0.026602 |
| Psme1 | E020 | -16.096 | 0.030821 |
| Mtus1 | E003 | 3.112634 | 0.030821 |
| Matn2 | E008 | -4.95798 | 0.033559 |
| Irgm1 | E003 | -14.1771 | 0.033559 |


| Kdm1a | E007 | 3.725273 | 0.03771 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cables2 | E005 | 4.23559 | 0.03771 |
| Dnajb13 | E008 | -1.33601 | 0.04179 |
| Ppm1m | E022 | -2.56697 | 0.046658 |

Table 4.3.1 Summary of genes with relative exon usage in microglia Maf ${ }^{f / f / \mathrm{f}} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/ }+}$ vs Maffi/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice with adjusted p -value of $<0.05$ and $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change

Genes with an adjusted $p$-value $<0.05$ and a cut off $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ are summarised in Table 4.3.1. Highlighted exons indicate a p-value of $<0.05$ (Figure 4.3.20, Figure 4.3.21 and Figure 4.3.22) and suggest a $16.82 \log _{2}$ fold change increase of differential transcript in golgilocalized gamma adaptin ear-containing ARF-binding (Gga1) exon 8 (ENSMUSG00000033128) (Figure 4.3.20).

Multiple exons in Cathepsin A (Ctsa) (ENSMUSG00000017760) (Figure 4.3.21) at E006, EO49 and EO5O display statistically significant differential exon usage (Table 4.3.1) between Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ compared to Maff/ff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr1} 1^{+/+}$. Additionally exon $\mathrm{EOO5}$ was statistically significant however did not meet the cut-off of $1 \pm \log _{2}$ fold change (Figure 4.3.21).

Abi3 (ENSMUSG00000018381) demonstrated statistically significant changes in exon 1 (Figure 4.3.22), indicating an increase in Abi3-201 transcript (ENSMUSTOO000059026.10) as E001 is only present in this transcript (Figure 4.3.22).


Figure 4.3.20 DEXSeq differential exon usage analysis of Gga1 in microglia in Maff/ff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ vs Maff/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$mice

DEXSeq plot of expression of exons in the Gga1 gene in Mafflff $\mathbf{C x} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ (Blue line) ( $\mathrm{n}=\mathbf{2}$ ) and Maf ${ }^{\text {l/ff }} \mathrm{C}_{x} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{+/+}$(Red line) ( $\mathrm{n}=2$ ). Differential exons highlighted in pink ( $p$-value $<0.05$ ) and transcripts of Gga1 gene in black below.


Figure 4.3.21 DEXSeq differential exon usage analysis of Ctsa in microglia in Maf ${ }^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx}^{\mathrm{Cr}} \mathrm{Cr}^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ vs Mafilfif ${ }^{f \times 3 c r 1^{+/+}}$mice

DEXSeq plot of expression of exons in the Ctsa gene in Maffl/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ (Blue line) ( $\mathrm{n}=\mathbf{2}$ ) and $M a f^{f / f f}{ }^{\prime} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{++}($Red line) ( $\mathrm{n}=2$ ). Differential exons highlighted in pink ( p -value $<0.05$ ) and transcripts of Ctsa gene in black below.


Figure 4.3.22 DEXSeq differential exon usage analysis of $A b i 3$ in microglia in Mafl/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ vs Maf ${ }^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx}^{\prime} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice
 Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathbf{C x} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$(Red line) ( $\mathrm{n}=2$ ). Differential exons highlighted in pink ( p -value $<0.05$ ) and transcripts of Abi3 gene in black below.

### 4.1.8. Validation of RNA Sequencing of Naïve Microglia Gene

 DiscoveriesDifferential genes identified through DESeq2, and edgeR were selected for validation based on being protein coding, have an adjusted $p$-value of $<0.05$ and $a \pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change in at least one of the differential expression methods, (summarised in Table 4.3.2).

| Target | Microglia DESeq2 |  | Microglia edgeR |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \log _{2} \text { Fold } \\ \text { Change } \end{gathered}$ | Adjusted P-Value | $\begin{gathered} \text { Log }_{2} \text { Fold } \\ \text { Change } \end{gathered}$ | Adjusted P-Value |
| Cd72 | 1.108483 | $3.62 \mathrm{E}-14$ | 1.108039 | $1.25 \mathrm{E}-17$ |
| Cd22 | 1.77031 | 7.37E-28 | 1.769405 | 1.60E-35 |
| Fcgr 4 | 2.013017 | 4.94E-36 | 2.01384 | 1.15E-43 |
| Cxcl13 | 4.101362 | $3.77 \mathrm{E}-17$ | 4.095953 | 3.05E-55 |
| Xist | 11.41978 | 1.60E-34 | 11.37509 | 4.69E-305 |
| Maf | -9.96517 | 3.10E-14 | -10.1058 | 6.65E-245 |
| Lyve1 | -7.83762 | $1.37 \mathrm{E}-42$ | -7.7907 | 5.24E-101 |
| Cd38 | -4.04574 | 2.77E-29 | -4.03766 | $2.56 \mathrm{E}-46$ |
| S1pr1 | -1.43419 | 7.39E-25 | -1.43281 | 7.31E-34 |
| TIr 5 | -1.67105 | $3.25 \mathrm{E}-16$ | -1.66675 | $2.92 \mathrm{E}-21$ |
| T/r8 | -1.52863 | 5.01E-11 | -1.52233 | 4.57E-14 |
| CD209a | NA | NA | -4.87018 | 5.76E-25 |
| Cd93 | -2.86671 | 3.07E-87 | -2.8625 | 5.06E-112 |
| Cd163 | -2.8318 | $2.78 \mathrm{E}-13$ | -2.82462 | $1.65 \mathrm{E}-49$ |
| Cd276 | -1.9445 | $2.83 \mathrm{E}-23$ | -1.94255 | 8.98E-32 |
| Ccr2 | -1.33258 | 0.015809 | -1.32695 | 4.09E-09 |

Table 4.3.2 Summary of targets selected for validation of RNA sequencing data.

List of targets for validation by qPCR for validation with $\log _{2}$ fold change and Adjusted p -value from DESeq 2 and edgeR analyses. Genes which did not meet the cut off (adjusted p-value <0.05 and have a $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change) in one of the analyses had an NA applied.

### 4.1.8.1. Validation of Gene Discoveries by qPCR

To validate the differential gene discovery analysis qPCR was conducted on Mafflff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{f / / f \mid} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ microglia, isolated by FACS as above (Figure 4.3.9A). $40-\Delta C T$ indicated overall significance by genotype, target and interaction of genotype $x$ targets $\left(p\right.$-value $=0.0004^{* * *}$, $p$-value $=<0.0001^{* * * *}$ and $p$-value $=<0.0001$, respectively) when analysed by two-way ANOVA (Figure 4.3.23A). Šidák's multiple comparisons test indicated Maf and Lyve1 to be statistically significant (p-value $=<0.0001$, **** for both) along with Xist (p-value $=0.0412,{ }^{*}$ ) between Maff/ff $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$and Maf $f^{f / f / f} C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ mice (Figure 4.3.23A).

Whilst relative quantification of fold change gene expression indicated genotype, targets and the interaction of the two factors ( $p$-value $=0.00357^{*}$, $p$-value $=<0.0001^{* * * *}$ and $p$ value $=<0.0001^{* * * *}$ respectively) when analysed by two-way ANOVA (Figure 4.3.23B). Šidák's multiple comparisons test demonstrated Cd22 (p-value $=<0.0001,{ }^{* * * *}$ ) and Xist $\left(p-v a l u e=0.0001,{ }^{* * *}\right)$ to be statistically significant (Figure 4.3.23B).

Some targets however did not validate $\log _{2}$ fold change from Table 4.3.2. Therefore the correlation between the relative quantification of fold change against DESeq2 analysis (Figure 4.3.24A) and edgeR analysis (Figure 4.3.24B) $\log _{2}$ fold change of Maf $f^{f / f|f|} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{C r e /+}$ microglia was investigated. DESeq 2 analysis had a moderate-strong positive correlation coefficient of 0.6748365 (Figure 4.3.24A), and edgeR analysis had a moderate-strong positive correlation coefficient of 0.6781589 (Figure 4.3.24A), both of which were statistically significant ( $p$-value $=0.004132 * *$, and $p$-value $=$ 0.003884 ** respectively).


Figure 4.3.23 qPCR Validation of diffferential gene discoveries in microglia.
A) $40-\Delta C T$ values and B) relative quantification of fold change gene expression in Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice (grey) and Maf ${ }^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{C r e /+}$ (shaded) mice microglia. Error bars indicate $\pm$ SEM ( $n=5$ ). All mice were female and aged 6-8 weeks. Analysed with 2-way ANOVA with Šidák's multiple comparison test displayed on graphs ( p -value $=<0.05^{*}, \mathrm{p}$-value $=<0.001,{ }^{* * *}$ and p value $=<0.0001,{ }^{* * * *}$ ). Red points indicate manual CT of 40 where genes were undetectable by qPCR.


Figure 4.3.24 Pearson Correlation of RNA Sequencing $\log _{2}$ Fold Change and qPCR $\log _{2}$ Fold Change.
A) Correlation of DESeq2 analysis of Mafilfl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and Mafilff $C \times 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ microglia $\log _{2}$ fold change against qPCR $\log _{2}$ fold change based on relative quantification ( $\mathbf{2}^{\wedge}(\Delta \Delta \mathrm{Ct})$. B) Correlation of edgeR analysis of $M a f^{f / / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$vs Mafl/ff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ microglia $\log _{2}$ fold change against qPCR $\log _{2}$ fold change based on relative quantification ( $\mathbf{2 N}^{\wedge}(\Delta \Delta C t)$ ). Pearson correlation coefficient ( $R$ value and blue line) with coefficient interval (grey area) and p-value displayed on graph (p).

### 4.4. Discussion

### 4.4.1. Validation of Maf in $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {CreERT }}$ and $\operatorname{Maf}$ in $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre }}$ Microglia

 Generation of Mafilfl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and $M a f^{f / / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {CreERT/+ }}$ mice for this thesis through crossing of Mafflfl mice with the $\operatorname{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr1} 1^{\text {Cre }}$ and $\mathrm{CX3} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{\text {CreERT }}$ mice resulted in mice homozygous for Maffloxed allele and heterozygous for either $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre}}$ or $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {CreERT }}$. This breeding strategy allowed generation of both Cre animals and $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$genotypes in the same litter, making age and sex matching simpler for in vivo experiments, as well as minimising potential impact of the microbiome.Pilot experiments to determine the efficacy of tamoxifen on knockdown of Maf in Maf ${ }^{f / / f /} \mathrm{Cx3cr} 1^{\mathrm{CreERT} /+}$ mice, either through intraperitoneal injection in corn oil (Figure 4.3.1) or tamoxifen-sucrose chow (Figure 4.3.2) were evaluated by flow cytometry. Intraperitoneal injection of either $200 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg} 3 \mathrm{x}$ or $100 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg} 5 \mathrm{x}, 24 \mathrm{hrs}$ apart, resulted in the greatest reduction in MAF protein expression in microglia (Figure 4.3.1). qPCR validation of Maf in Maffl/ff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{CreERT/+}}$ following three intraperitoneal injection of 200 $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ tamoxifen demonstrated statistically significant reduction in Maf expression when compared to Maf ${ }^{f / / f 1} \mathrm{CX} 3 \mathrm{cr1} 1^{+/+}$mice ()

Under the National Centre for the Replacement, Refinement and Reduction of Animals in Research (NC3Rs) guidelines, tamoxifen-sucrose chow could be deemed more refined than intraperitoneal injection with corn oil. However consistently mice receiving tamoxifen-sucrose chow resulted in 1:4 of mice having to be terminated before the end of the treatment due to reaching a humane end point (weight loss limit of -20\%) (Figure 4.3.2C), which is likely due to neophobia or general distaste for the tamoxifen-sucrose chow.

Protein expression of MAF was reduced in microglia from Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ mice when compared to $M a f^{f / f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice (Figure 4.3.4). qPCR validation of Maf in Mafflff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ demonstrated statistically significant reduction in Maf expression when compared to Mafflfl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice (Figure 4.3.6). Phenotyping of microglia indicated common myeloid markers displayed little change except for PU. 1 (Figure 4.3.5) and indicated no overt abnormalities or phenotype under naïve conditions between Maf ${ }^{f l f f} C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and Maf ${ }^{f / f|f|} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice. Additionally qPCR analysis of Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{CreERT} /+}$ mice indicated residual Maf expression following treatment with
tamoxifen (), compared to the complete loss in $\mathrm{Maf}^{\mathrm{fl}^{f / f} \mathrm{C} x 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{\text {Cre/t }} \text { mice (Figure 4.3.6) when }}$ compared to Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} \times \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice. Therefore all further work in this thesis focused on
 effects of tamoxifen and allowing both microglia and peritoneal tissue resident macrophages to be studied in the same animal, reducing the number of animals required for this thesis.

### 4.4.2. $\quad \mathrm{BAMs}$ in $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{\mathrm{fl} / f \mid} \mathrm{C} \times 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and Maf ${ }^{\mathrm{f} / f \mid} \mathrm{C} 33 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ Mice

Non-parenchymal macrophages of the brain are collectively termed border-associated macrophages (BAMs) and are the second most abundant immune cell after microglia and represent about $10 \%$ of all brain macrophages (188). Two subpopulations of BAMs were investigated, MHCII CD206 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ and $\mathrm{MHCII}{ }^{+}$CD206 ${ }^{\text {low }}$ BAMs, and demonstrated the absence of the MHCII' CD206 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ BAM population in $\mathrm{Maf}^{f / f l} \mathrm{C} \times 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ mice (Figure 4.3.7A).

Backgating of the populations demonstrated BAM populations by CD11b and CD45 expression and distinction from microglia by their MHC and CD38 expression in
 previous publications $(172,189)$.

The reduction in MHCII CD206 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ BAMs was deemed statistically significant by Šidák's multiple comparison post-test ( $p$-value $=0.0126, *$ ), as was the increase in the percentage of $\mathrm{MHClI}^{+}$CD206 ${ }^{\text {low }}$ BAM population ( $p$-value $=0.0469,{ }^{*}$ ) (Figure 4.3.7D). However absolute number of cells in BAM populations indicated only MHCII ${ }^{-}$CD206 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ BAMs to be statistically significant ( $p$-value $=0.0008,{ }^{* * *}$ ), whilst of $\mathrm{MHClI}^{+}$CD206 ${ }^{\text {low }}$ BAMs were not significant ( $p$-value $=0.7720$, NS) (Figure 4.3.7E).

MAF expression in BAM populations indicated MHCII CD206 high BAMs displayed very high MAF expression as determined by $\triangle$ MFI by flow cytometry (Figure 4.3.7F), ultimately suggesting Maf is an essential transcription factor for MHCII CD206 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ BAMs. This data was also recently confirmed in a publication in the same Maf ${ }^{f / f / f}$ mice with multiple Cre strains including Lyve $1^{\text {Cre/ } /,}$, LySM ${ }^{\text {Cre/t }}$ and Csf1r ${ }^{\text {Cre/t }}$ mice(172), demonstrating the same loss of MHCII- CD206 high BAM population and increase in $\mathrm{MHCII}^{+}$CD206 ${ }^{\text {low }}$ BAMs population (172).

The physiological functions of BAMs ultimately remain unknown; however a number of studies have suggested that BAMs support and maintain the blood brain barrier to control
the drainage of CNS (190). Additionally it is hypothesised that factors produced by BAMs could regulate or initiate many of the inflammation-associated changes in the CNS vasculature (191). Therefore the effects of ablation of the $\mathrm{MHCII}^{-}$CD206 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ BAM population in $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ mice during mild immune challenge requires further study.

### 4.4.3. Immunofluorescence Microscopy of Microglia

Whilst absolute number of microglia was previously determined by flow cytometry (Figure 4.3.4) indicated no statistically significant differences, however this does not consider the in situ 3D structure of the brain or any possible effects on cell number through isolation. Therefore determination of microglial cell number, area of coverage and nearest neighbour analysis was deemed a more accurate measurement, whilst providing additionally understanding of microglial ramifications.

Average microglial cell body number per $\mathrm{mm}^{3}$ was statistically significant by genotype ( p value $\left.=0.0133,^{*}\right)\left(\right.$ Figure 4.3.8E) with $M a f^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ mice displaying increased number compared to Mafl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice across all regions (Figure 4.3.8E). Additionally proximity of microglial cell bodies through nearest neighbour analysis indicated genotype to be statistically significant by two-way ANOVA ( $p$-value $=0.0018,{ }^{* *}$ ) with all regions indicating a reduction in nearest neighbour distance (Figure 4.3.8G). Whereas Iba1 ${ }^{+}$staining of the total area covered by microglia soma and processes (Figure 4.3.8C), resulted in no statistically significant differences between Maffl/fl Cx3cr1 ${ }^{+/+}$and Maffl/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ mice (Figure 4.3.8F).

This overall suggests an increase in microglia number in Mafl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ mice, and consequently a reduction in distance between cells. However with no apparent differences in area of coverage, alluding to Mafl/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ microglia having altered ramifications, which would require further investigation through morphological 3D analysis. As the C3 area of the hippocampus demonstrated statistical significance, increased study of additional hippocampal regions along with increased sample number could further elucidate these results.

### 4.4.4. RNA Sequencing of Naïve Microglia from Maflffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and Maf $f^{f / f \mid} C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ Mice

Confirmation of contamination of other neural cell types in the dataset indicated no obvious expression of the any of the non-microglial cell specific genes, whereas all microglial genes were present in the dataset (Figure 4.3.11). This was encouraging that differential gene discoveries were microglia specific and not due to the overspill of $\mathrm{MHClI}^{-}$ CD206 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ BAM or their ablation in Maf ${ }^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{CR} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ compared to Mafiffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$.

However Mrc1 (the gene which encodes CD206) and major histocompatibility (MHC) class Il genes were identified as a differential gene discoveries with an adjusted p-value of $<0.05$ in both DESeq2 and edgeR analyses (and), possibly indicating some contamination of BAMs. This could be overcome with employing single cell sequencing instead of bulk RNA, however this would result in reduced sequencing depth, or additional staining when employing FACS to better separate the microglial and BAM populations.

DESeq2 differential gene analysis of Maffl/fi $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ vs Maf ${ }^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$microglia generated 1,975 differential gene discoveries with an adjusted p-value <0.05 (Figure 4.3.18A) and imposing a cut off $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change resulted in 773 differential gene discoveries (Figure 4.3.18B). edgeR analysis generated 1,994 differential gene discoveries with an adjusted p-value $<0.05$ (Figure 4.3.16A) and imposing a cut off $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change resulted in 1,088 differential gene discoveries (Figure 4.3.16B).

Maf was the most significantly reduced gene as determined by $\log _{2}$ fold change between Maf ${ }^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$microglia (A) in DESeq2 differential gene analysis, whilst Xist was markedly increased by $\log _{2}$ fold change. Xist is a sex-associated gene, and has previously been indicated to play a role in cytokine control in BV-2 cells, a wellcharacterised and extensively employed model system for microglia, where knockdown of Xist resulted in reduced TNF-a, IL-1b, and IL-6 and enhanced IL-10 following lipopolysaccharides (LPS) activation (192). This has also been confirmed in primary microglia cells with consistent attenuation of TNF- $\alpha$ and IL-6 in LPS treated microglial cells when Xist has been deleted (193). Conversely overexpression of Xist enhanced the expression and release of pro-inflammatory TNF-a and IL-6 in microglia, promoting the proinflammatory polarisation of microglia (194).
edgeR analysis again Maf was significantly changed between Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ and Mafflffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$microglia, with a $-10.11 \log _{2}$ fold change and an adjusted p -value 6.65 E -

245 (A). Additionally however several other genes including Csmd3, mt-Rnr2, Ddx3y and Xist were more significantly changed or had larger $\log _{2}$ fold changes (A). As with Xist, other sex-associated genes $D d x 3 y$, Eif2s3y (195) were highly significantly changed, with $D d x 3 y$ adjusted $p$-value beyond the limit of $R$.

Comparison of the two differential gene analyses DESeq2 and edgeR resulted in 1,581 common genes with an adjusted p-value of $<0.05$ (Figure 4.3.18A), with edgeR identifying 413 distinct genes and DESeq2 generating 394 (Figure 4.3.18A). Of those gene discoveries with an adjusted $p$-value of $<0.05$ and $a \pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change 770 common genes were identified between the two differential expression methods (Figure 4.3.18B), edgeR generating 318 unique genes and DESeq2 generating 3 (Figure 4.3.18B).

Of the unique differential gene discoveries in edgeR analysis, rearranged during transfection proto-oncogene (Ret) tyrosine kinase had an adjusted p-value of 0.0316 with a $-4.1037 \log _{2}$ fold change (). RET has previously been demonstrated to be expression in monocytes and increase in expression in human macrophages (196). Moreover several proinflammatory genes encoding chemokines (Ccl20, Ccl2, Ccl3, CCl4, Ccl7, Cxcl1) and cytokines (II1b, II6 and II8) have been shown to be upregulated by RET in human peripheral blood mononuclear cell (PBMCs), particularly in monocytes and macrophages (197).

Canonical pathway analysis in IPA of the DESeq2 discovered genes against those previously identified in all macrophages, resulted in 151 pathways with a p -value of overlap <0.05, whilst edgeR analysis resulted in 111 pathways with a p-value of overlap <0.05. Key macrophage pathways are highlighted in both analyses including phagosome formation, pattern recognition receptors, IL-12 signalling/production and neuroinflammation signalling pathway as examples ( and Figure 4.3.16). However additional important macrophage pathways were identified in the DESeq2 dataset such as $\mathrm{Fc} \%$ receptor-mediated phagocytosis and IL-10 signalling ().

In total 138 upstream regulators were identified through IPA analysis of the DESeq2 dataset (Figure 4.3.14) and 130 upstream regulators were identified in the edgeR dataset (Figure 4.3.17), with a p-value of overlap $>0.05$, many of which key signalling and activation components of cytokine genes such as myeloid differentiation primary response 88 (Myd88) and members of the signal transducer and activator of transcription (STAT) protein family.

A considerable number of key immune related genes were evident within both DESeq2 and edgeR datasets with 3 chemokine receptors (Cx3cr1, Cxcr4, Ccr2, Ccr3 and Ccr5), 2 chemokine receptor-like genes (Ccrl2 in both analyses whilst CmkIr1 only in DESeq2) and 10 chemokine ligands (CcI5, Ccl7, Ccl12, Ccl24, Cxcl1, Cxcl2, Cxcl9, Cxcl10, Cxcl11, Cxcl13 and Cxcl16) identified with an adjusted p-value of $<0.05$ ( and ). Furthermore the chemokine signalling pathway was identified in the canonical pathway analysis in both datasets ( and Figure 4.3.16).

Reduction in Cx3cr1 expression in Mafflff $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ mice when compared to Maff/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$mice is to be expected due to the genotype, where one of the Cx3cr1 alleles is replaced with a gene encoding the constitutively active Cre recombinase (9). CCR2 is well established as crucial for monocyte recruitment (198), and in the brain CCR2 expression has been associated with Alzheimer's disease (AD) and was the first chemokine receptor shown to be associated with AD (199). Recent genome-wide association (GWAS)-by-familial-proxy of Alzheimer's disease has highlight Maf as a gene candidates in microglia to be implicated in AD pathogenesis (200).

Deficiency of CCR2 in the AD mouse model Tg2576 (which contains two "Swedish" mutations in amyloid beta precursor protein (APP)) accelerates early disease progression through impairing the accumulation of mononuclear phagocytes (199). Furthermore in the AD model the lack of CCR2 stimulated the expression of TGF- $\beta$ receptors and CX3CR1 in plaque-associated microglia, implicating CX3CR1 as another chemokine receptor in AD pathology (201).

Cx3cr1 was identified as an upstream regulator with a reduction in differential expression in both DESeq2 and edgeR analyses ( $p$-value $=0.00326$ and $p$-value $=0.012$ respectively) ( and ). Therefore it is possible that the loss of one of the Cx3cr1 alleles in the Mafflff $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ genotype may be responsible for some of the differential gene discoveries. Utilisation of a Cx3cr1-GFP crossed mouse as a control, such as Mafflff $C x 3 c r 1^{G F P /+}$ genotype, would account for the reduced $C x 3 c r 1$ allele whilst maintaining Maf expression.

CCR3 binds to several chemokines and was notably described as a co-receptor for human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) entry into microglia (202). Maf has previously been linked with HIV infection in microglia through loss of p53 (203), however the exact mechanism is not understood. CCR3 in an AD mouse model has also been shown to play a role in
microglia activation, and CCR3 deficiency in an AD model resulted in reduced microgliosis (204).

Microgliosis can be defined as microglial activation that perpetuates further microglial activation, ultimately self-propelling in a progressive cycle of microglial activation (205). Ccr3 was identified as an upstream regulator in the DESeq2 analysis with a differential expression ratio of $-3.355 \log _{2}$ and a $p$-value $=0.00844$ (Figure 4.3.14). Therefore CCR3 expression on microglia is believed to be involved in the immune response and microgliosis. This correlates with the findings from immunofluorescence microscopy of microglia discussed above in 4.4.3, indicating microgliosis in Mafflff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ mice when compared to Maflifl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice.

Investigating cytokine and cytokine receptor genes highlighted II10 and II18 to have an adjusted $p$-value of $<0.05$, however only $I I 10$ had a $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change in both DESeq 2 and edgeR analysis (and). Additionally Il33 was identified only in edgeR differential gene analysis with an adjusted $p$-value of $<0.05$ with a $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change (). Several cytokine receptors had an adjusted p-value of <0.05 (II1r2, \|1r\|1, \|2rg, II6st, II7r, \|15ra, \|1Ora, II12rb1, II12rb2, II18) in both analyses ( and ), as did II1Orb and receptor kinases Irak2 in DESeq2 analysis (), plus Irak3 in edgeR differential gene analyses ().

However only II1r2, II15ra, II2rg, II12rb1 had a $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change in both analyses ( and ) with Sigirr and II17rd discovered in the edgeR analysis with an adjusted p-value of <0.05 and a $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change (). Furthermore several cytokines were identified as upstream regulators in both DESeq2 and edgeR analyses (Csf1 (which encodes for M-CSF), II1A, II2, II4, II6, II13, Ifng, Ifnb1 and Tnf), with a p-value <0.05 (Figure 4.3.14 and Figure 4.3.17).

Canonical pathway analysis highlighted IL-15 production pathway in both analysis with a $4.58-\log (P-V a l u e)$ and a Z-score of 1.528 indicating activation in the DESeq2 analysis (). Likewise IL-12 signalling and production pathway was identified through canonical pathway analysis, with IL-10 signalling pathway in DESeq2 analysis (), however did not indicate any significant $Z$ score (defined as $\pm 2$ by IPA).

Maf has previously been identified in a key transcription factor for II10 regulation (100) and controlling the switch between anti-/proinflammatory cytokine release through IL-10 and IL-12 (206). II1Ora was identified as an upstream regulator and was significantly reduced in both DESeq2 and edgeR analysis with a Z-score of -6.823 and -6.605 respectively and a p-value of overlap of $4.71 \mathrm{E}-23$ and $6.26 \mathrm{E}-25$ respectively (Figure 4.3.14
and Figure 4.3.17). Therefore the statistically significant changes in IL-10 and its receptor subunits (II1Ora and II1Orb), and likewise IL-12 receptor subunits (II12rb1 and II12rb2), align with the literature regarding the role of Maf in macrophages, however this has not been demonstrated previously in microglia.

IL-33 has been demonstrated to induces IL-10 production in foam cell macrophages (207), however the mechanism for this is not well understood. Additionally a relationship between Maf and II33 has been suggested in bone marrow-derived macrophages (BMDMs), where expression of Maf was upregulated by IL-33 stimulation $(208,209)$. Therefore where loss of Maf resulted in a $-2.413 \log _{2}$ fold change of $I / 33$ gene expression in the edgeR dataset suggests a direct relationship between Maf and II33 in the control of IL-10, however to fully determine this would require further study.

Classically activated signatures of proinflammatory macrophages include Cxcl16, Cxcl9, II15ra, and II17ra (210). In both differential gene analyses the loss of Maf resulted in an increase in Cxcl9 and II15ra gene expression indicating a more proinflammatory macrophage phenotype in $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ microglia when compared to those from Maf ${ }^{f / / f f} \mathrm{C}_{3} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice.

Several genes belonging to the complement system had an adjusted p-value of $<0.05$ in both differential gene discoveries (C1qa, C1qb, C1qc, C1rl, C2, C3, C3ar1, C4b, C5ar1. C5ar2, Cfh, Cfb) with Cfp also identified in the edgeR analysis, however only C2, C3 and Cfb had a $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change in either analysis ( and ). The complement system was highlighted in canonical pathway analysis with a $2.42-\log (P-V a l u e)$ and a Z-score of 2.0 in edgeR and $5.58-\log (P-V a l u e)$ and a Z-score of 1.633 in DESeq2 analysis ( and Figure 4.3.16).

Additional a number of major histocompatibility genes (MHC) were increased in Maf ${ }^{f / f|f|} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ microglia when compared to those from Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice, included class la genes (H2-D1 and H2-K1), several non-classical class Ib genes (H2-Q5, H2-T10, H2Q4, H2-M3, H2-T22, H2-Q7 and H2-Q6), as well as class II major histocompatibility (MHCII) gene ( $\mathrm{H} 2-\mathrm{Oa}$ ), all of which had an adjusted p -value of $<0.05$ and a $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change in both DESeq2 and edgeR analyses ( and ).

Class II histocompatibility gene $\mathrm{H} 2-\mathrm{Ob}$ was also increased in the both datasets, however whilst it had an adjusted p-value of $<0.05$ it had a $0.601 \log _{2}$ fold change ( and ). Antigen presentation pathways was identified through canonical pathway analysis with a 5.37 and
$6.28-\log (P-V a l u e)$ in edgeR and DESeq2 respectively, however was unable to generate a Z-score for activation ( and Figure 4.3.16).

In steady state conditions microglia lack MHCII expression (211) (Figure 4.3.7), however MHCII induction is associated with microglia activation (212) and during neurodegenerative disease the microglial population is the largest MHCII-expressing antigen presenting cells in the brain parenchyma. Furthermore alterations in MHClI expression on inflammatory macrophages has previously been indicated in IL-10 knockout mice (213). Ultimately the increase in MHCII expression in Mafl/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ microglia indicate these microglia may be more activated, when compared to those from Maffiffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice and align to literature regarding reduction of IL-10.

The mitochondrial genome contains 37 genes that encode 13 proteins, 22 transfer RNAs (tRNAs), and 2 ribosomal RNAs (rRNAs) (214). Whilst rRNAs are removed prior to library preparation for RNA sequencing, tRNAs and protein encoding mitochondrial genes are still present in the library. Several of these genes were reduced in Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ microglia when compared to those from $M a f^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$mice ( $m t-C o 1, m t-C y t b, m t-N d 1, m t-N d 2$, $m t-N d 4, m t-N d 5, m t-R n r 1, m t-T a$ and $m t-T p)$, and cytidine/uridine monophosphate kinase 2 (Cmpk2), a mitochondria-associated gene, was increased in expression, all with an adjusted p-value of $<0.05$ and a $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change in both DESeq2 and edgeR differential gene analyses ( and ). Additionally two other mitochondrial genes ( $m t-T / 1$ and $m t-T / 2$ ) were reduced in expression with an adjusted $p$-value of $<0.05$ and $a \pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change in the edgeR dataset only ().

Mitochondria, in addition to cellular energy production, are now being recognised as key regulators of the immune response of macrophages (215). Cmpk2 overexpression has been previously indicated to result in enhanced expression of proinflammatory genes (II1b, Tnf and II8) and is associated with enhanced mitochondrial reactive oxygen species (ROS) in THP-1-derived macrophage (216).

The pattern recognition receptor family of toll-like receptors (TLRs) initiate several interferon regulatory factors (IRFs) upon activation, ultimately resulting in a type I interferon response. Interferon-stimulated genes following TLR4 activation In THP1derived macrophages, demonstrated CMPK2 induction to be associated with type I IFN signalling (217), which ultimately act as activating ligands for the NLR family pyrin domain containing 3 (NLRP3) inflammasome complex in stimulated macrophages (218). Upstream regulators analysis highlighted type I interferon beta (Ifnb1) and the interferon alpha and
beta receptor subunit 1 (Infar1) along with N/rp3 in both DESeq2 and edgeR datasets (Figure 4.3.14 and Figure 4.3.17).

Several TLRs had an adjusted p -value $<0.05$ with TIr2, TIr9 and T/r4 in the DESeq2 dataset only (), and T/r3, Tlr5, T/r8 and Tlr12 in both analyses ( and ). However only TIr5 and TIr8 had a $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change, with both reduced in Mafilfl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ when compared to Mafflffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$microglia ( and ). Additionally several IRFs were present in both analyses (Irf1, Irf7 and Irf9) ( and ), with Irf8 present in the DESeq2 analysis ().

Pattern recognition receptor pathway had a -log(P-Value) of 9.49 in DESeq2 and 7.53 in edgeR, with a Z-score of 3.024 and 2.683 respectively in canonical pathway analysis between Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and $M a f^{f / / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$microglia. Several upstream regulators relating to TLRs and IRFs were identified, with TIr2, TIr3, Irf3, Irf8, Irf9 and Myd88 with a p-value of overlap $<0.05$ in both DESeq2 and edgeR analysis (Figure 4.3.14 and Figure 4.3.17). The DESeq2 analysis also indicated TIr7 and Irf2 (Figure 4.3.14), whilst edgeR demonstrated $T / r 9$ and Irf1 as upstream regulators (Figure 4.3.17).

Yolk sac primitive macrophages have been identified as the direct precursor of the definitive microglia population in the central nervous system (6). In the yolk sac Irf8 and Spi1 (the gene which encodes PU.1) have previously been identified as vital for the development of microglia (219). It has been well established that both PU. 1 and IRF8 can act as heterodimers or as downstream targets of each other (220).

Furthermore deletion of Spi1 in microglia has been demonstrated to result in consequential downregulation of $\operatorname{Irf8} 8(219)$. The expression of $\operatorname{Irf8}$ is restricted to microglia in the CNS (221), with a broad range of effects crucial to the transformation of microglia to a reactive state by regulating the expression of various genes involved in microglial innate responses, including Tlr2 and Tlr4 (222), chemotaxis through purinergic receptor P2Y12R (P2ry12) and Cx3cr1 (221), and inflammatory cytokines such as interleukin-1b (II1b) (221).

Relative usage of exons between Mafflffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{C r e /+}$ and Mafl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$microglia generated 33 differential exons with an adjusted p-value $<0.05$ and a cut off $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ (Figure 4.3.19, and summarised in Table 4.3.1), which comprised of 29 unique genes. Of these the lysosomal gene Ctsa indicated numerous exon differences with an adjust p-value of $<0.05$ (Figure 4.3.21). Ctsa encode Cathepsin A, a lysosomal hydrolases cathepsin, and upregulation of Ctsa has previously been identified as a differential gene in disease-
associated microglia in AD (223). Abi3 also demonstrated statistically significant changes in exon 1 (adjusted $p$-value $=0.00085$ ) (Figure 4.3.22). A structural component of the WAVE2 complex (224), Abi3 expression in microglia has been associated with AD $(225,226)$. Additional microglia genes associated with AD were also identified as upstream regulators, with Trem2 and Syk identified in both DESeq2 and edgeR analyses $(226,227)$. Future work could include crossing of the Mafflff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/t}}$ onto an AD mouse line, which could elucidate the role of Maf in microglia in this disease model.

To validate the RNA sequencing differential gene discoveries a panel of 16 genes were investigated by qPCR on Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ microglia. Overall statistically significant differences were attributed to genotype, targets and interaction of genotype $x$ targets (Figure 4.3.23). Correlation of the relative quantification of fold change with both DESeq2 and edgeR analyses indicated moderate-strong positive correlation and were statistically significant (Figure 4.3.24). Ultimately this indicated that the differential gene discoveries determined by DESeq2 and edgeR to be valid, however increased number of samples for qPCR would be required to confirm this.

### 4.4.5. Summary of Findings

In summary, Maf expression was determined to be reduced in both Maff/ff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{CreERT} /+}$ mice, either through intraperitoneal injection in corn oil or tamoxifen-sucrose chow, and Maf $f^{f / f /} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ mice when compared to $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice. Ultimately all further work in this thesis was conducted in $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ mice rather than in Maffl/ff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{CreERT} /+}$ mice, removing any possible side effects of tamoxifen and allowing both microglia and peritoneal tissue resident macrophages to be studied in the same animal, reducing the number of animals required for this thesis. However this is at the expense of developmental study of the role of $M a f$ in Maffl/ff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{CreERT/+}}$ mice, and the possibility of Maf specific developmental abnormalities begin masked in $M a f^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ mice.

Ablation of the $\mathrm{MHCII}^{-} \mathrm{CD} 206^{\text {high }}$ BAM population in Mafl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ which was demonstrated to have high MAF expression, suggesting Maf is an essential transcription factor for $\mathrm{MHClI}^{-} \mathrm{CD} 2 \mathrm{O}^{\text {high }} \mathrm{BAMs}$, and was concurrent with a publication in the same Mafflffl mice (172). The effects of ablation of the $\mathrm{MHCII}^{-}$CD206 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ BAM population however requires further study.

Immunofluorescence of $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/t}}$ mice indicated an increase in microglia number and consequently a reduction in distance between cells compared to $\mathrm{Maf} f^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice. However with no apparent differences in area of coverage, alluding to Mafflff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ microglia having altered ramifications, which would require further investigation through morphological 3D analysis.

RNA sequencing of $M a f^{f / f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and $\mathrm{Maf} \mathrm{fl}^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ microglia resulted in almost 2,000 differential gene expression discoveries by both DESeq2 and edgeR, with 1,581 common genes with an adjusted $p$-value of $<0.05$, and 770 common genes with a $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change between the two differential expression methods. Overall a considerable number of key immune related genes were evident within both DESeq2 and edgeR datasets, with changes in chemokines, chemokine receptors, cytokines, the complement system, pattern recognition receptors and MHC expression, along with several upstream regulators indicating a proinflammatory polarisation of microglia in Maflffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ mice when compared to Mafflffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice. Therefore further study in the role of Maf in neuroinflammation would be of interest, such as systemic LPS stimulation, to elucidate how the proinflammatory transcriptome and loss of $I I 10$ effects microglial responses.

Additionally many pathways and genes aligned with those previously identified as key components of the role of microglia in Alzheimer's disease (AD), and this requires further investigation in an AD model to determine the possible role of Maf in microglia in AD.

### 4.4.5.1. Hypothesis of Findings

It is hypothesised that loss of the transcription factor Maf results in a more proinflammatory polarisation of microglia in $M a f^{f l / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ mice when compared to Maf $f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice, and this could be through the reduction of $I-10$ and ablation of the MHCII ${ }^{-}$CD206 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ border associated macrophage population.

## Chapter 5

## Peritoneal Tissue Resident Macrophages in Mafliff Cx3cr1 ${ }^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ Transgenic Mice

### 5.1. Introduction

### 5.1.1. Transcriptomic Analyses of Maf in Peritoneal Tissue Resident Macrophages

The role of Maf has been studied in several tissues at a transcriptomic level in Maf knockout mice. Mostly these have concentrated on chromatin immunoprecipitation sequencing (ChIP-Seq) $(105,157,169,228,229)$ or Assay for Transposase-Accessible Chromatin using sequencing (ATAC-Seq) (169,229-231). Furthermore these previously published studies have investigated the role of Maf in lymphoid cells such as different subset of T-cells (169,228-233).

Those which have studied myeloid cells have been predominantly on bone marrow derived macrophages $(105,157)$, and have indicated Maf to be a potent activator of interleukin 10 (II10) gene expression in macrophages, and a suppressor if interleukin 12 (II12) p40 and p35 gene transcription (105). Additionally that Maf has a direct binding sites in the colony-stimulating factor 1 receptor (Csf1r) gene and therefore is involved in regulating CSF1R expression on macrophages (157).

Recent publications have investigated the role of Maf in tissue resident macrophages (30,172,230,234), including peritoneal tissue resident macrophages which have highlighted the importance of Maf $(30,234)$. Transcriptomic analysis of Maf and Mafb double knockout peritoneal tissue resident macrophages was utilised for assessing selfrenewal gene networks in macrophages, revealing that Maf/Mafb expression resulted in negative expression for nearly all self-renewal genes, suggesting of a role of Maf in macrophage self-renewal (234). However these peritoneal macrophages were cultured and infected with short hairpin RNA (shRNA) for the deletion of the transcription factors.

The overall aim of this chapter was to address the role specifically of Maf in peritoneal resident macrophages, via transcriptomic study of a discrete myeloid Maf deficiency. Currently there are no published works containing RNA sequencing (RNA Seq) of in situ peritoneal tissue resident macrophages from Maf knockout mice.

### 5.2. Chapter Aims

The aims of the chapter were...

- Validate the loss of Maf in peritoneal tissue resident macrophages by RNA and protein expression in Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and $M a f^{f / / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice.
- Determine if Maf deficiency alters generation or retention of peritoneal tissue resident macrophages in these mice.
- Evaluate whether Maf results in a modified phenotype, through studying expression of common macrophage markers on peritoneal tissue resident macrophages in naïve mice.
- Ascertain whether Maf-deficiency in peritoneal tissue resident macrophages has a significant impact on macrophage phenotype (transcriptome) in naïve conditions and following mild immune challenge.


### 5.3. Results

5.3.1. Validation of the Deletion of Maf in the Peritoneal Cavity of Maf ${ }^{f l / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ Mice

### 5.3.1.1. Peritoneal Tissue Resident Macrophage Composition

Flow cytometry was utilised to investigate the proportion of tissue resident macrophages in peritoneal lavage, from $M a f^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ and $M a f^{f / f f l} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$mice (Figure 5.3.1A). Peritoneal tissue resident macrophages were defined as CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }}, \mathrm{F} 4 / 80^{\text {high }}$ and Tim4 ${ }^{+}$.

To determine if the proportion of tissue resident macrophages were different between Mafflff $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and Maffl/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$mice, the percentage of CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }}, F 4 / 80^{\text {high }}$ and Tim4 ${ }^{+}$cells based on single cells of FSC/SSC gating strategy (Figure 5.3.1A) were identified by flow cytometry (Figure 5.3.1B). In male and female $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice tissue resident macrophages represent $81.82 \% \pm 2.956 \%(M e a n ~ \pm S E M)$ and $86.40 \% \pm 2.570 \%$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) respectively of single cells based on FSC/SSC gating (Figure 5.3.1B). Whilst male and female Mafilfl $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ mice represent $81.97 \% \pm 3.002 \%$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) and $88.73 \% \pm$ 2.311 \% (Mean $\pm$ SEM) (Figure 5.3.1B). However percentage of tissue resident macrophages in total lavage in Mafilfl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ mice when compared to $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$ mice in both sexes was not statistically significant when analysed by two-way ANOVA, by either genotype, sex or the interaction of the two factors (Figure 5.3.1B).

Additionally when investigating absolute number of tissue resident macrophages in peritoneal lavage of $M a f^{f / f f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ mice, both male and female Maf ${ }^{f / f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ indicated increase in number when compared to Maflfl $\mathrm{Cx}^{\text {fl }} \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice (Figure 5.3.1C). However upon analysis with two-way ANOVA, neither genotype, sex or the interaction of the two factors were determined to be statistically significant (Figure 5.3.1C).


Figure 5.3.1 Proportion of tissue resident macrophages in Maffifl $C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ and $M a f^{f / f l} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$ mice.

Flow cytometry of A) peritoneal lavage from Mafilff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/ }+}$ and Mafilff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr1} 1^{+/+}$mice, indicating gating strategy for peritoneal tissue resident macrophages. B) Percentage of tissue resident macrophages in $M a f^{f / f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/ }+}$ and $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice, based on single cells of FSC/SSC gate. C) Absolute number of tissue resident macrophages in Maf ${ }^{l / f l}{ }^{\text {Cx3cr1 }}{ }^{\text {Cre/t }}$ and Maf ${ }^{f / / f l} \mathbf{C x} 3 c r 1^{+/+}$mice. $M a f^{f / / f l}$ Cx3cr1 $1^{+/+}$(male $=$white, female $=$grey) and Mafi/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre } /+}$ (shaded) mice. All mice were aged 6-8 weeks. Error bars indicate $\pm$ SEM ( $\mathrm{n}=11$ ). All data was analysed using two-way ANOVA.

### 5.3.1.2. Protein Expression of Maf in Peritoneal Tissue Resident Macrophages

MAF protein expression in peritoneal tissue resident macrophages in Maf ${ }^{l / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ mice when compared with those of $M a f^{f l / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice (Figure 5.3.2), demonstrated a reduction in MAF expression of $63.23 \% \pm 7.498 \%$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) as determined by $\triangle M F I$, which was statistically significant when analysed with an unpaired two-tailed t-test.


Figure 5.3.2 Determination of MAF protein expression in peritoneal tissue resident macrophages in $M a f^{f / f f} \mathbf{C x} 3 c r 1^{+/+}$and $M a f^{f / f / f l} \mathbf{C x 3 c r} 1^{C r e /+}$ mice
A) Histogram of MAF expression by flow cytometry of peritoneal tissue resident macrophages from Mafiffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$(red) and $\mathrm{Ma} \mathrm{f}^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ (blue) mice with isotype controls (solid and dashed line respectively). B) Delta mean fluorescent intensity ( $\Delta \mathrm{MFI}$ ) of peritoneal tissue resident macrophages in female $M a f^{f / / f f} C_{x 3} c r 1^{+/+}$(grey) and $M a f^{f / f f} C_{x} 3 c r 11^{C r e /+}$ (shaded) mice. All mice were aged 6-8 weeks. Error bars indicate $\pm$ SEM ( $n=10$ ). Unpaired two-tailed t-test on graph ( $p$-value = 0.0042, **).

When investigating phenotypic differences of peritoneal tissue resident macrophages in Maf $f^{f|f|} C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and Maf $f^{f / f \mid} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$mice, common myeloid markers were studied using flow cytometry (Figure 5.3.3). Among the 16 myeloid markers only CX3CR1 displayed any clear differences in protein expression, with $M a f^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$exhibiting higher expression than in $M a f^{f l / f l} C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ mice (Figure 5.3.3).


Figure 5.3.3 Expression of common myeloid markers in peritoneal tissue resident macrophages


Flow cytometry histograms of common myeloid markers. $\mathrm{Maf}^{\mathrm{fl/fl}} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}(\mathrm{red}), \mathrm{Maf}{ }^{\mathrm{fl/fl}} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ (blue) and isotypes (solid black and dotted black respectively), representative of $\mathrm{n}=\mathbf{2}$. All mice were male and aged 6-8 weeks.

### 5.3.1.3. Quantitative PCR Deletion of Maf in Peritoneal Macrophages

To validate loss of $M a f$ in $M a f^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ mice, peritoneal tissue resident macrophages were sorted (using FACS Aria III) based on CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }}$, F4/80 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ and Tim4 ${ }^{+}$expression (Figure 5.3.4A) following peritoneal lavage. Peritoneal tissue resident macrophage Maf expression was reduced significantly in $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ mice by $40-\Delta \mathrm{CT}$ (Figure 5.3.4B) and relative quantification of fold change gene expression (Figure 5.3.4C) by two-way ANOVA with genotype demonstrated as the only factor with significance ( $p$-value $=$ $<0.0001^{* * * *}$ and p -value $=0.0005^{* * *}$ respectively), when compared to Mafflff $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$ mice.

Mean $40-\Delta \mathrm{CT}$ of Maf in female Mafflff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 c r 1^{+/+}$mice was $36.94 \pm 0.4583$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) compared to Mafliff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ females $26.32 \pm 0.9097$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) (Figure 5.3.4B), with a mean difference of $10.62 \pm 0.9504$ (mean difference and standard error of difference $(S E), p$-value $=<0.0001$ by Šidák's multiple comparisons test). In male mice the $40-\Delta C T$ of Maf in Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$was $36.55 \pm 0.8520$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) compared to Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ $36.55 \pm 0.2073$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) (Figure 5.3.4B), with a mean difference of $9.617 \pm 0.9504$ (mean difference and SE, p-value $=<0.0001$ by Šidák's multiple comparisons test).

Relative quantification of fold change in peritoneal tissue resident macrophages Maf gene expression in female Mafflff $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$mice when compared to $M a f^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ had a mean-10.0196 $\log _{2}$ fold change, whilst male mice had a -9.11201 $\log _{2}$ fold change (Figure 5.3.4C). When analysed with Šidák's multiple comparisons test relative quantification of fold change gene expression in both male and female were statistically significant between $\mathrm{Maf} f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and $\mathrm{Ma} f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ mice (Figure 5.3.4C).


Figure 5.3.4 Determination Maf expression in peritoneal tissue resident macrophages in Mafi/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$and Mafl/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ mice by qPCR.
A) Gating strategy of peritoneal tissue resident macrophages with staining of CD11b, F4/80 and Tim-4. B) 40- $\Delta$ CT values and C) relative quantification of fold change gene expression of Maf in
 $M a f^{f / / f l} C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/ }+}$ (shaded) mice. All mice were $6-8$ weeks of age. Error bars indicate $\pm$ SEM ( $n=4 /$ group).

### 5.3.2. Generation and Validation of MФP Cell Lines derived from

$$
\text { Maffl|fl } C \times 3 c r 1^{+/+} \text {and Maffl/fl } C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }} \text { Mice }
$$

### 5.3.2.1. Protein Expression of MAF in Mafflff $\mathrm{C} x 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{+/+}$and $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{C} \times 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/ }+}$ MDPs

MФPs were generated (as described in 2.4.5) from both male and female Maffiff $\mathrm{C} 33 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$ and Maf $f^{f l / f}$ Cx3cr1 ${ }^{\text {Cre/t }}$ mice aged 6-8 weeks of age. Protein expression of MAF was confirmed through flow cytometry (Figure 5.3.5). MAF expression by two-way ANOVA demonstrated genotype as the only factor with any significance (Figure 5.3.5).

Female Mafliff $\mathrm{CX} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$MФPs when compared to female Mafilfl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{{ }^{\text {cre/t }}}$ MФPs had a $\Delta$ MFI mean difference of $78.72 \% \pm 7.98 \%$ (mean $\%$ difference and SEM, $p$-value $=0.0011$ **, by Šidák's multiple comparisons test), whilst male MФPs had a mean difference 72.30 $\% \pm 0.998$ \% (mean \% difference and SEM, p-value $=0.0019$ **, by Šidák's multiple comparisons test) (Figure 5.3.5).


Figure 5.3.5 MAF protein expression in MФPs generated from Maflifl $C \times 3 c r 1^{+/+}$and Maf ${ }^{\mathrm{fl}^{\prime / f} \mathrm{C}} \mathrm{C} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ mice.

Delta mean fluorescent intensity ( $\Delta \mathrm{MFI}$ ) of MФPs generated from Mafi/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$(male (white), female (grey)), Maff ${ }^{f / f f} C_{x} 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ (shaded) mice ( $\mathrm{n}=2$ separate experiments). Error bars indicate $\pm$ SEM. 2-way ANOVA (Genotype p-value $=0.00102,^{* *}$ ). Šidák's multiple comparison test is displayed on graphs. ( $p$-value $=<0.01,{ }^{* *}$ ).

### 5.3.2.2. $\quad$ qPCR of Maf in Maf ${ }^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{+/+}$and Maf ${ }^{f / / f / \mathrm{C} x 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}} \mathrm{M} \text { (Ps }}$

Genomic loss of Maf was confirmed in the MФP cell lines through qPCR. Mean 40- $\Delta C T$ of Maf in female Mafflfl $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$MDPs was $34.10 \pm 0.8963$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) compared to Maf ${ }^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ females $21.99 \pm 0.3825$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) (Figure 5.3.6A), with a mean difference of $12.11 \pm 1.293$ (mean difference and SE, p-value $=<0.0001, * * * *$, by Šidák's multiple comparisons test). In male MDPs the 40- $\Delta \mathrm{CT}$ of Maf in Mafflfl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$was 34.36 $\pm 0.3576$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) compared to Maffl/fl $C x 3$ cr1 $1^{\text {Cre/+ }} 23.25 \pm 0.1506$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) (Figure 5.3.6A), with a mean difference of $11.11 \pm 1.293$ (mean difference and SE, p-value $=<0.0001,{ }^{* * * *}$, by Šidák's multiple comparisons test).


Figure 5.3.6 Maf expression in Mafi/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$and $M a f^{f / / f l} C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ MФPs by qPCR.
A) $40-\Delta C T$ values and B) relative quantification of fold change gene expression of Maf in Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$(male white, female grey) and Maffl/fi $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ (shaded) MФPs. Error bars indicate $\pm$ SEM ( $n=3$ ). 2-way ANOVA ( $p$-value $=<0.0001,{ }^{* * * *}$ and $p$-value $=0.0166,{ }^{*}$ ). Šidák's multiple comparison test is displayed on graphs. ( p -value $=<0.0001,{ }^{* * * *}$ ) .

Relative quantification of fold change in Maf gene expression in female Mafflfl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$ MФPs when compared to Mafl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ MФPs had a mean $-12.2691 \log _{2}$ fold change, whilst male mice had a $-9.95633 \log _{2}$ fold change (Figure 5.3 .6 B ). When analysed with Šidák's multiple comparisons test relative quantification of fold change gene expression in both female and male were not deemed significant between $M a f{ }^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$and Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {CreERT/+ }}$ mice (Figure 5.3.6B).

### 5.3.3. Immune Challenge of $\mathrm{Maf}^{f / f / f \mid} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$

 MФPs with E. coli Lipopolysaccharides (LPS)To investigate the role of Maf in immune challenge M-CSF differentiated $M a f{ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$ and $M a f^{f / / f l} C X 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ MDPs were utilised in a time course experiment, treated with 100 $\mathrm{ng} / \mathrm{ml}$ E. coli 0111:B4 lipopolysaccharides (LPS). Maf expression between Mafflff $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$ and Mafl/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ MФPs was significantly different when analysed by three-way ANOVA (Genotype, p-value $\left.=0.0005^{* * *}\right)($ Figure 5.3.7). This was consistent when time as a factor was included (Time x Genotype, p-value $=0.0004^{* * *}$ ). Expression of Maf peaked at 6 hr in both male and female $M a f^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$MDPs (Figure 5.3.7).

Expression of Bhlhe40 (Basic Helix-Loop-Helix Family Member E40), which has been previously identified as a possible repressor of $\operatorname{Maf}(229,235)$, was significantly reduced in expression in Mafiffl $C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ MФPs compared to the Mafl/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$MDPs (Figure 5.3.7A) (Genotype, p -value $=0.0382^{*}$ ). Sex and genotype across time were also identified as being significantly different (Time $x$ Genotype, $p$-value $=0.0017^{* *}$; Time $\times$ Sex, p-value $=0.0210^{*}$ ) (Figure 5.3.7B).

Expression of the cytokines II-1b, II-6, II-10, Il-12 and Tnf were investigated by qPCR. Time was the only significantly different factor between Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{f / / f \mathrm{l}} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ MФPs with regard to II-1b, II-10 and Tnf expression (Figure 5.3.8) when analysed by threeway ANOVA (Time, p-value $=<0.0001,{ }^{* * * *} ; \mathrm{p}$-value $=0.0044,{ }^{* *} ; \mathrm{p}$-value $=<0.0001,{ }^{* * * *}$ respectively). These three cytokines also peaked at 3 hr time point in both male and female Maffl/fi $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$and $M a f^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ MDPs, and then continued to reduce with time (Figure 5.3.8).

II-6 expression demonstrated a significant difference by time (Time, p-value $=<0.0001$, ${ }^{* * *}$ ), and additionally with time by genotype (Time x Genotype, p -value $=0.0010,{ }^{* * *}$ ) (Figure 5.3.8). Il-6 expression peaked at 3 hr in male and female Maff/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+} \mathrm{MDPs}$, whilst in both male and female Maf $f^{f / f /} C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ MDPs II-6 expression peaked at 6 hr (Figure 5.3.8). Il-12 expression was much lower than other cytokines, however a significant difference by time, and by genotype was evident between Maflffl $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$and Mafflff $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ MDPs (Time, p-value $=0.0061,{ }^{* *}$; Genotype, p-value $=0.0325,{ }^{*}$ ) (Figure 5.3.8) when analysed with three-way ANOVA, with Maf-deficient cells producing less.

 Maf ${ }^{f / f f}$ Cx3cr1 $1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ MФPs.

Relative quantification of fold change gene expression of A) Maf and B) Bhlhe 40 in $M a f^{f / f f} \mathbf{C x} 3 c r 1^{+/+}\left(\right.$male $=$black square; female = black circle) and $M a f^{f / f f} \mathbf{C x} 3 c r 1^{\text {cre/+ }}$ (male $=$ grey square; female = grey circle) MФPs. Error bars indicate $\pm$ SEM ( $\mathrm{n}=3$ independent experiments). All data was analysed using three-way ANOVA.


Figure 5.3.8 II-1b, II-6, II-10, II-12 and Tnf expression from E. coli LPS treated Mafilff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and Maf ${ }^{f / f l} \mathbf{C x} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ MФPs evaluated by $q$ PCR.

Relative quantification of fold change gene expression of II-1b, II-6, II-10, II-12 and Tnf in
 square; female = grey circle) MФPs. Error bars indicate $\pm$ SEM ( $\mathrm{n}=3$ independent experiments). All data was analysed using three-way ANOVA.

### 5.3.4. RNA Sequencing of Naïve Peritoneal Macrophage

### 5.3.4.1. Gene Expression across Multiple Differential Expression Methods

### 5.3.4.1.1. DESeq2 Differential Gene Expression Analysis

To confirm the loss of Maf in Maf ${ }^{f l / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ mice, Maf expression was determined by fragments per kilobase of transcript per million (FPKM) mapped reads indicated Maf in peritoneal tissue resident macrophages to be below 0.047 FPKM in Maf ${ }^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$



Figure 5.3.9 Fragments per kilobase of transcript per million (FPKM) mapped reads of Maf using DESeq2 differential expression method.
$M a f^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$mice (male $=$white, female $=$grey $)$and $M a f^{f / / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ (shaded) mice. Nondetected = N.D.

Maf was the most significantly changed gene between $M a f^{f / f /} C \times 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ and Mafflffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$peritoneal tissue resident macrophages, with a $-7.41 \log _{2}$ fold change and an adjusted p-value of 1.74 E - 64 (Figure 5.3.10A). Due to Maf being so markedly changed the other gene changes are difficult to visualise graphically therefore by removing Maf from the visualisation the other gene discoveries become clearer (Figure 5.3.10B).

DESeq2 differential gene analysis of $M a f^{f / f f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/t}}$ vs $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{f / f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$peritoneal tissue resident macrophages generated 98 differential expressed genes with an adjusted $p$-value $<0.05$ (the full list of genes can be found in Appendix VIII). Imposing a cut off $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change resulted in 29 differential gene discoveries.


Figure 5.3.10 DESeq2 comparison of Mafilfl $C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ vs Maf ${ }^{f / f l} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$peritoneal tissue resident macrophages.

RNA-Seq of naïve $M a f^{f / f f} C_{x} 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ and $M a f^{\prime \prime / f l} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$peritoneal tissue resident macrophages. A) Volcano plot of all gene discoveries using DESeq2 differential expression method. B) Volcano plot with Maf removed from the graph to improve visualisation of other significant genes. Dashed lines representing cut off for adjusted $p$-value $=0.05$ and $\pm \log _{2}$ fold change $=1$ ( $n=3$ mice of each genotype).

Canonical pathway analysis from Ingenuity pathway analysis (IPA) (Qiagen) of the DESeq2 discovered genes against those previously identified in all macrophages, indicated downregulation and upregulation within several canonical pathways including phagosome formation, T-helper (Th) activation, notch signalling and sphingosine-1phosphate signalling pathways (Figure 5.3.11).


Figure 5.3.11 Canonical pathway analysis of DESeq2 differential gene expression analysis.

Canonical pathway analysis generated from Ingenuity Pathway Analysis (IPA) against those previously identified in all macrophages following DESeq2 differential gene expression method. Percentage of genes in the analysis overlap with pathway (green = downregulated, red = upregulated, white = no overlap). Numbers in bold are the total number of genes involved in the pathway. Specific gene discoveries with adjusted $p$-value < 0.05 involved in each pathway named, with-log $p$-value of each pathway indicated with orange line.

### 5.3.4.1.2.edgeR Differential Gene Expression Analysis

Comparison of $M a f^{f / / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ vs $\mathrm{Maf}^{f / / f \mid} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{+/+}$peritoneal tissue resident macrophages utilising edgeR generated 95 differential gene discoveries with an adjusted $p$-value $<0.05$ (the full list of genes can be found in Appendix IX). Imposing a cut off $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change resulted in 31 differential gene discoveries.

Maf was the most significantly changed gene between $M a f^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ and Mafflffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$peritoneal tissue resident macrophages, with a $-7.43 \log _{2}$ fold change and an adjusted p -value $6.65 \mathrm{E}-64$ (A). Again, due to Maf being so significantly changed the other genes are difficult to visualise, and the removal of Maf from the visualisation allows other gene discoveries to become clearer (B).

Canonical pathway analysis was then performed in IPA comparing the edgeR discovered genes against those previously identified in all macrophages. In addition to those detected in DESeq2 (Figure 5.3.11) differential expression analysis several pathways including retinoate biosynthesis, G-protein coupled receptor signalling, Wnt/Ca ${ }^{+}$and cAMPmediated synthesis pathways displayed downregulation and upregulation (Figure 5.3.13). Furthermore only histamine degradation and fatty acid $\alpha$-oxidation pathways were downregulated (Figure 5.3.13).

A Maf ${ }^{f / f /} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$Peritoneal Tissue Resident Macrophages


B

 macrophages.

RNA-Seq of naïve $M a f^{f / f f l} \mathbf{C x} 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ and $M a f^{f / f f} \mathbf{C x} 3 c r 1^{+/+}$perionteal tissue resident macrophages. A) Volcano plot of all gene discoveries using edgeR differential expression method. B) Volcano plot with Maf removed from the data set to improve visualisation of other significant genes. Dashed lines representing cut off for adjusted $p$-value $=0.05$ and $\pm \log _{2}$ fold change $=1$ ( $\mathrm{n}=3$ mice of each genotype).

■ Downregulated | No change |
| :--- | :--- |
| ■ Upregulated |
| $\square$ |

Phagosome Formation

Retinoate Biosynthesis 1
Th2 Pathway
Breast Cancer Regulation by Stathmin
Role of Macrophages, Fibroblasts and Endothelial Cells in Rheumatolid Arthitits
Dendritic Cell Maturation

1 and Th2 Activation Pathway
Ciredian Rhychm Signaling
Factors Promoting Cardiogenesisi in Vertebrates
G-Protein Coupled Receptor Signaling
Notch Signaling
Wru/Ca+ pathway
CAMP-mediated signaling
The Visual Cyde

Gai Signaling
FLT3 Signaling in Hematopoietic Progenitor Cells
Histamine Degradation
Fatty Acid $\alpha$-oxidation
Sphingosine- -1-phosphate Signaling


Figure 5.3.13 Canonical pathway analysis of edgeR differential gene expression analysis.

Canonical pathway analysis generated from Ingenuity Pathway Analysis (IPA) against those previously identified in all macrophages following edgeR differential gene expression method. Percentage of genes in the analysis overlap with pathway (green = downregulated, red = upregulated, white = no overlap). Numbers in bold are the total number of genes involved in the pathway. Specific gene discoveries with adjusted $p$-value $<0.05$ involved in each pathway named, with-log $p$-value of each pathway indicated with orange line.

DESeq2 and edgeR differential gene expression methods resulted in 76 common genes with an adjusted $p$-value of $<0.05$ (Figure 5.3.14A), with edgeR identifying 19 distinct genes and DESeq2 generating 22 (Figure 5.3.14A). Of those gene discovories with an adjusted $p$-value of $<0.05$ and a $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change 19 common genes were identified between the two differential expression methods (Figure 5.3.14B), edgeR generating 12 unique genes and DESeq2 generating 10 (Figure 5.3.14B).


Figure 5.3.14 Venn diagram comparing between DESeq2 and edgeR differential expression methods.
A) Venn diagram comparing gene discoveries which are statistically significant (adjusted p-value <0.05) between DESeq2 and edgeR differential expression methods. B) Venn diagram comparing gene discoveries which are statistically significant (adjusted p-value $<0.05$ ) and have a $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change between DESeq2 and edgeR differential expression methods.

### 5.3.4.1.3. Sex Variations in Peritoneal Tissue Resident Macrophages between Mafflff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{\text {f/ffl }} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice

Exploratory data analysis of variance between samples and how they correlate through principal component analysis (PCA) indicates the male Mafflff $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ and Mafflff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$to have less variance than the female counterparts (Figure 5.3.15). Furthermore the male $\mathrm{Maff}^{f / f \mid} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr}^{+/+}$mouse correlates closely with all three Maff/ffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$when implementing confidence ellipses, suggesting a possible sex variant effect (Figure 5.3.15).


Figure 5.3.15 Principal component analysis (PCA) of RNA-sequencing samples.
$M a f^{f / f f} C \times 3 c r 1^{+/+}$mice (Teal) and $M a f^{f / f f} C \times 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ (Red), with confidence ellipses for each genotype.

To determine if there were sex specific differences between the two genotypes comparisons were done with edgeR of male Mafl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ vs Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$( $\mathrm{n}=1$ of each genotype) (A) and female Maf ${ }^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ vs Mafflfl $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$( $\mathrm{n}=2$ of each genotype) (B). Furthermore these differences were then compared to generate male vs female volcano plot (Figure 5.3.17).


Figure 5.3.16 edgeR comparison of Maff/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ vs $\mathrm{Maf}^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$in Males and Females.

RNA-Seq of naïve Mafi/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ and Mafi/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$peritoneal tissue resident macrophages in male and female mice. A) Volcano plot with Maf removed from the data set to improve visualisation of other significant genes in male Maff/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}(n=1)$ and $M a f^{f l / f l} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}(n=1)$. B) Volcano plot with Maf removed from the data set to improve visualisation of other significant genes in female Maff/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}(n=2)$ and $M a f f / f l \operatorname{Cx3cr1}{ }^{+/+}(n=2)$. Dashed lines representing cut off for adjusted $p$-value $=0.05$ and $\pm \log _{2}$ fold change $=1$.


Figure 5.3.17 edgeR comparison between Male Mafilfl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{C r e /+}$ vs Maf ${ }^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and Female


Volcano plot between male Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ vs Mafil/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and female Maf ${ }^{\mathrm{fl} / \mathrm{fl}} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ vs
 Maf ${ }^{\mathrm{fl/fl}} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}(\mathrm{n}=1)$ and Maf ${ }^{\mathrm{fl} / \mathrm{fl}} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}(\mathrm{n}=1)$, with dashed lines representing cut off for adjusted $p$-value $=0.05$ and $\pm \log _{2}$ fold change $=1$.

Gene discoveries indicated that both male and female Mafflfi $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ vs $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{f / / f /} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$ mice result in 15 common genes which have an adjusted p-value of $<0.05$ (Figure 5.3.18A), with female mice generating 122 unique genes and male mice 68 (Figure 5.3.18A). Of those gene discoveries with an adjusted $p$-value of $<0.05$ and $a \pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change 6 common genes were identified between the two differential expression methods (Figure 5.3.18B), female mice generating 64 specific genes and male mice 42 (Figure 5.3.18B).

However when correlating the $\log _{2}$ fold change of the 112 genes (as determined by pvalue of $<0.05$ and a $\pm 1 \log _{2}$, in either sex, summarised in Figure 5.3.18B) between female and male mice, there was a moderate Pearson correlation of $R=0.46$ ( $p$-value $=0.36 \mathrm{E}-6$, ${ }^{* * * *}$ ), indicating a similar trend in expression of these genes (Figure 5.3.18C).


Figure 5.3.18 Correlation and regression analysis of Male Mafl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ vs $\mathrm{Mafl} / \mathrm{fl}^{\mathrm{fl}} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and Female Mafl/fl ${ }^{f x 3 c r 1}{ }^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ vs Maf ${ }^{f / f l}$ Cx3cr1 ${ }^{+/+}$mice.
A) Venn diagram comparing gene discoveries which are statistically significant (adjusted p-value <0.05) between male and female mice. B) Venn diagram comparing gene discoveries which are statistically significant (adjusted p-value $<0.05$ ) and have a $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change between male and female mice. C) Correlation of $\pm \log _{2}$ fold changes from between Male Maflificx ${ }^{\text {Crr1 }}{ }^{\text {Cre/t }}$ vs
 coefficient analysis (blue line). D) Studentized Residuals vs Leverage plot between Male
 Horizonal red line indicating Cook's distance threshold and vertical red line indicating leverage threshold of 0.036.

Regression analysis of the 112 gene discoveries visualised in a studentized residuals vs leverage plot (Figure 5.3.18D) identifies influential data points in the model. Utilising Cook's distance indicates several outliers including Per2 (ENSMUSG00000055866), Dbp (ENSMUSG00000059824) and Serpine1 (ENSMUSG00000037411) (Figure 5.3.18D). When combined with leverage (amount of influence) S/c15a2 (ENSMUSG00000022899) is indicated to have the highest leverage however is not an outlier (Figure 5.3.18D), with only Maf being both an outlier based on Cook's distance and high leverage (Figure 5.3.18D).

When adding mouse sex to the model matrix for DESeq2 (Figure 5.3.19) or edgeR (Figure 5.3.20), edgeR generated 148 differential gene discoveries with an adjusted p-value $<0.05$ (the full list of genes can be found in Appendix X), and DESeq2 109 differential gene discoveries with an adjusted p-value $<0.05$ (the full list of genes can be found in Appendix XI).


Figure 5.3.19 DESeq2 comparison of Mafilfl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ vs Mafl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{+/+}$peritoneal tissue resident macrophages when including sex in the model matrix.
A) Volcano plot of all gene discoveries using DESeq2 differential expression method when including sex as a variable. B) Volcano plot with Maf removed from the data set to improve
 dashed lines representing cut off for adjusted $p$-value $=0.05$ and $\pm \log _{2}$ fold change $=1$.


Figure 5.3.20 edgeR comparison of $M a f^{f / f f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ vs $\mathrm{Ma} f^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$peritoneal tissue resident macrophages when including sex in the model matrix.
A) Volcano plot of all gene discoveries using edgeR differential expression method when including sex as a variable. B) Volcano plot with Maf removed from the data set to improve
 dashed lines representing cut off for adjusted $p$-value $=0.05$ and $\pm \log _{2}$ fold change $=1$.

The two analyses resulted in 97 shared gene discoveries which have an adjusted $p$-value of $<0.05$, with edgeR generating 51 unique genes and DESeq2 generating 12 (Figure 5.3.21A). Of those gene discoveries with an adjusted $p$-value of $<0.05$ and a $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change 16 common genes were identified between the two differential expression methods (Figure 5.3.21B), edgeR generating 20 distinct genes and DESeq2 9 (Figure 5.3 .21 B ).


Figure 5.3.21 Venn diagram comparing between DESeq2 and edgeR differential expression methods when including sex into the model matrix.
A) Venn Diagram comparing gene discoveries which are statistically significant (adjusted p-value <0.05) between DESeq2 and edgeR differential expression methods when including sex into the comparison matrix. B) Venn diagram comparing gene discoveries which are statistically significant (adjusted $p$-value $<0.05$ ) and have a $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change between DESeq 2 and edgeR differential expression methods when including sex into the comparison matrix.

Canonical pathway analysis from IPA of the 109 gene discoveries from DESeq2 differential expression when sex is included in the model matrix, compared against those previously identified in all macrophages. Additional pathways of interest were elucidated including eicosanoid signalling, leukotriene signalling pathways (Figure 5.3.22).

Analysing the 148 edgeR differential gene discoveries with IPA when sex is included in the model matrix as above, as in the DESeq2 analysis, several additional pathways including eicosanoid signalling displayed downregulation and upregulation (Figure 5.3.23). Again histamine biosynthesis pathway was indicated to be upregulated, whilst arginine degradation I and Retinoate biosynthesis were only downregulated (Figure 5.3.23).

- Downregulated ■ No change ■ Upregulated $\square$ No overtap with dataset - -log(p-value)
Phagosome formation

CREB Signaling in Neurons
Retinoaste Eliosynthesis 1
Breast Concer Reguation by Stathmin
Ekcosanoid Signaling
G-Protein Coupled Recepior Sigaling
Histamine Biosynthesis
CAMP.mediated signaling
Dendritic Cell Maturation
Factors Promoting Cardiogenesisis in vertebrates
Roor Macrophages Fibroblasts and Endothelial Cells in Rheumatio A Arh hin

Gai Signaling
Phospholipases
Notch Signaling
FAK Signaling
wnT/Ca+ pathway

Th2 Pathway
The Visual Cycle
Leukotriene Biosnnthesi


Gene Discoveries Involved
C5AR1, CALCRL, ELMO2, FCGR3A/FCGR3
HCAR2, P2RY14, PLA2G7, S1PR1, TLR1
C5AR1, CALCRL, CREB5, HCAR2, P2RY14, PLCB1, S1PR1, TGFBR3
ALDH1A2, DHRS3
C5AR1, CALCRL, CREB5, HCAR2, P2RY14,
PLCB1, S1PR1
LTC4S, PLA2G7, TBXAS1
C5AR1, CALCRL, CREB5, HCAR2, P2RY14,
PLCB1, S1PR1
HDC
CREB5, HCAR2, P2RY14, S1PR1
CREB5, FCGR3A/FCGR3B, PLCB1, TREM2
CREB5, PLCB1, TGFBR3
C5AR1, CREB5, FCGR3A/FCGR3B, PLCB1, TLR
CREB5, HCAR2, PLCB1, S1PR1
HCAR2, P2RY14, S1PR1
PLA2G7, PLCB1
DTX4, RBPJ
C5AR1, CALCRL, HCAR2, P2RY14, S1PR1,
TGFBR3
CREB5, PLCB1
MAF, S1PR1, TGFBR3
DHRS3
LTC4S

[^0]Figure 5.3.22 Canonical pathway analysis of DESeq2 differential gene expression analysis when sex is included.

Canonical pathway analysis generated from Ingenuity Pathway Analysis (IPA) against those previously identified in all macrophages following DESeq2 differential gene expression method when sex is included in the model matrix. Percentage of genes in the analysis overlap with pathway (green = downregulated, red = upregulated, white = no overlap). Numbers in bold are the total number of genes involved in the pathway. Specific gene discoveries with adjusted pvalue <0.05 involved in each pathway named, with-log $p$-value of each pathway indicated with orange line.


Figure 5.3.23 Canonical pathway analysis of edgeR differential gene expression analysis when sex is included.

Canonical pathway analysis generated from Ingenuity Pathway Analysis (IPA) against those previously identified in all macrophages following edgeR differential gene expression method when sex is included in the model matrix. Percentage of genes in the analysis overlap with pathway (green = downregulated, red = upregulated, white = no overlap). Numbers in bold are the total number of genes involved in the pathway. Specific gene discoveries with adjusted pvalue <0.05 involved in each pathway named, with-log $p$-value of each pathway indicated with orange line.

| Upstream | DESeq2 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Regulators | Log$_{2}$ Fold <br> Change |  | P-Value of <br> Overlap |
| I/10ra | -0.094 | $8.85 \mathrm{E}-06$ | Cd300lf, Hcar2, Hpse, Ltc4s, in Dataset <br> Reps2, S1pr1, Sell, Sirpb1 |
| Cited2 | 0.227 | 0.0202 | C5ar1, Fcgr3a/Fcgr3b, Hcar2, <br> P2ry14 |

Table 5.3.1 Upstream regulators in DESeq2 differential gene expression analysis when sex is included.

Upstream regulators identified in DESeq2 analysis with log2 fold change and p-value of overlap with each pathway. Genes with an adjusted p -value of $<0.05$ involved in each pathway are named.

| Upstream <br> Regulators | edgeR |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\log _{2}$ Fold Change | P-Value of Overlap | Targets in Dataset |
| I/10ra | -0.077 | 6.11E-06 | Cd300lf, Hcar2, Hpse, Ltc4s, Reps2, S1pr1, Saa3, Sell, Sirpb1 |
| Gata6 | 0.096 | $2.74 \mathrm{E}-05$ | Arg1, Cd163, Lyve1, Saa3, Vsig4 |
| Eif4ebp1 | 0.081 | 0.00693 | Arg1, Nfil3 |
| Eif4ebp2 | 0.021 | 0.00693 | Arg1, Nfil3 |
| Cited2 | 0.24 | 0.00942 | Arg1, C5ar1, Fcgr3a/Fcgr3b, Hcar2, P2ry14 |
| S1pr1 | -0.494 | 0.00982 | NIrp3 |
| P2rx7 | -0.137 | 0.00982 | NIrp3 |
| Csf1 | 0.271 | 0.0182 | Arg1, C5ar1, Cd163 |
| Fyn | -0.016 | 0.0196 | NIrp3 |
| mir-10 | 1.537 | 0.0196 | Arg1 |
| Sting1 | 0.321 | 0.0211 | Arg1, Hdc |
| Map3k8 | 0.052 | 0.0218 | Arg1, Dok2, Fscn1 |
| Taz | -0.089 | 0.0347 | Aldh1a2, Arg1 |
| KIf4 | 0.13 | 0.0387 | Arg1 |
| Prdx1 | -0.04 | 0.0387 | Arg1 |
| Vasp | 0.081 | 0.0482 | Arg1 |
| Pdcd1 |  | 0.0482 | NIrp3 |

Table 5.3.2 Upstream regulators in edgeR differential gene expression analysis when sex is included.

Upstream regulators identified in edgeR analysis with $\log 2$ fold change and $p$-value of overlap with each pathway. Genes with an adjusted p -value of $<0.05$ involved in each pathway are named.

Two upstream regulators were identified with IPA from the DESeq2 analysis, interleukin 10 receptor subunit A (II1Ora) identifying 8 genes which had an adjusted p-value of $<0.05$, and $\mathrm{Cbp} / \mathrm{p} 300$-interacting transactivator (Cited2) which identified 4 genes (Table 5.3.1).
edgeR analysis highlighted 17 upstream regulators with a p-value of overlap <0.05 (Table 5.3.2). Additional to II1Ora and Cited2, GATA Binding Protein 6 (Gata6) displayed 5 genes and M-CSF encoding gene (Csf1) which highlighted 3 genes which had an adjusted $p$-value of $<0.05$ (Table 5.3.2). All majority of other upstream regulators had either only 1 or 2 gene discoveries with an adjusted p-value of $<0.05$ associated, predominantly Arg1 or NIpr3 (Table 5.3.2).

### 5.3.4.2. Differential Exon Usage

When comparing $\mathrm{Maf}^{f^{\prime / f l}} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ vs $\mathrm{Maf}^{f / / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$peritoneal tissue resident macrophages generated 2 differential exons with an adjusted p -value $<0.05$ and a cut off $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ (Figure 5.3.24A).

Sphingosine Kinase 2 (Sphk2) (ENSMUSG00000057342) at exon 11 was identified as having statistically significantly changed usage (adjusted p-value $=1.59 \mathrm{E}-09,2.393 \log _{2}$ fold change) between Mafflff $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and $M a f^{f / f f \mid} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$peritoneal tissue resident macrophages (Figure 5.3.24B). The predicted gene GM10602 (ENSMUSG00000073985) at exon 10 was also determined to be statistically significantly changed usage (adjusted pvalue $=0.0072,2.576 \log _{2}$ fold change) (Figure 5.3.24C) .

Further investigation into only the female $M a f^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ and $M a f^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$peritoneal tissue resident macrophage elucidated two further differential exon usages in SphK2, at exon 10 (adjusted P-Values $=0.0052$, with a $2.177 \log _{2}$ fold change) and at exon 1 usage which even though had a $-2.132 \log _{2}$ fold change was not deemed statistically significant (adjusted $P$-Values $=0.09171)($ Figure 5.3.25B $)$.

It was not possible to undertake exon usage analysis in male Maf ${ }^{f / f / \mathrm{l}} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ and Mafflfflex3cr1 ${ }^{+/+}$(due to $\mathrm{n}=1$ ), however examining individual samples normalised counts of the Sphk2 exon usage elucidated the male Mafflff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}(\mathrm{n}=1)$ had a more similar count to that of the $M a f^{f l / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$mice $(n=3)$ across the first 6 exons (Figure 5.3.26).


Figure 5.3.24 DEXSeq differential exon usage analysis of peritoneal tissue resident macrophages in Maf ${ }^{f / / f l}$ Cx3cr1 ${ }^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ vs Maff ${ }^{\prime l / f l}$ Cx3cr1 ${ }^{+/+}$mice.
 Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathbf{C x} 3 c r 1^{+/+}(n=3)$ mice, with dashed lines representing cut off for adjusted $p$-value $=0.05$ and $\pm \log _{2}$ fold change $=1$. B) DEXSeq plot of expression of exons in the Sphk2 gene in Mafiffl $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/ }}{ }^{\text {f }}$
 value $\mathbf{< 0 . 0 5 )}$ and transcripts of Sphk2 gene in black below. C) DEXSeq plot of expression of exons
 Differential exons highlighted in pink (p-value <0.05) and transcripts of Gm10602 gene in black below.


Figure 5.3.25 DEXSeq differential exon usage analysis of peritoneal tissue resident macrophages

A) Volcano plot of DEXSeq differential exon usage analysis between $\mathrm{Maf}^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx}_{\mathrm{X}} \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}(\mathrm{n}=2)$ vs Maffliff $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}(n=2)$ mice, with dashed lines representing cut off for adjusted $p$-value $=0.05$ and $\log _{2}$ fold change $=1$. B) DEXSeq plot of expression of exons in the Sphk2 gene in female
 highlighted in pink ( $p$-value $=0.05$ ) and transcripts of Sphk2 gene in black below.


Figure 5.3.26 DEXSeq normalised counts in the Sphk2 gene across individual samples.
 (Red line).

### 5.3.5. Validation of RNA Sequencing of Naïve Peritoneal Macrophages Gene Discoveries

Differential genes identified through DESeq2, and edgeR were selected for validation based on being protein coding, have a $p$-value of $<0.05$ and a $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change in at least one of the differential expression methods, when sex is included in the comparison matrix (summarised in Table 5.3.3).

| Target | DESeq2 |  | edgeR |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Log$_{2}$ Fold <br> Change | Adjusted <br> P-Value | Log $_{2}$ Fold <br> Change | Adjusted <br> P-Value |
| Per3 | 2.089419 | 0.026839 | 2.1052125 | $1.22 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| Creb5 | 1.725391 | 0.027082 | 1.7253906 | 0.027082 |
| Cd300/f | 1.118552 | 0.009727 | 1.1185516 | 0.0097269 |
| Mrvi1 | -1.12767 | $5.13 \mathrm{E}-12$ | -1.112107 | $1.68 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| Dnm1 | -1.13747 | $3.61 \mathrm{E}-05$ | -1.123607 | $4.81 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| Ptprm | -1.24546 | $3.78 \mathrm{E}-13$ | -1.230884 | $3.83 \mathrm{E}-14$ |
| Maf | -7.56594 | $2.20 \mathrm{E}-16$ | -7.369870 | $1.85 \mathrm{E}-166$ |
| Dbp | NA | NA | 3.6132277 | 0.0002330 |
| Lyve1 | NA | NA | -3.243814 | 0.0003427 |

Table 5.3.3 Summary of targets selected for validation of RNA sequencing data.

List of targets for validation by qPCR and flow cytometry with $\log _{2}$ fold change and adjusted $\mathbf{p}$ value from DESeq2 and edgeR analyses. Genes which did not meet the cut off (adjusted p-value $<0.05$ and $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change) in one of the analyses had an NA applied.

### 5.3.5.1. Validation of Gene Discoveries by qPCR

To validate the differential gene discovery analysis qPCR was conducted on Mafflff $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$and $M a f^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ peritoneal tissue resident macrophages, isolated by FACS as above (Figure 5.3.4A).

40- $\Delta C$ indicated overall significance by Genotype, Targets and Genotype x Targets ( $p-$ value $=<0.0001, * * * *)$, whilst Sex indicated no statistical significance when analysed by three-way ANOVA (Figure 5.3.27A). Tukey's multiple comparisons test indicated Lyve1 to be statistically significant between male Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ mice (pvalue $\left.=0.0031,{ }^{* *}\right)$ and Maf to be statistical significant between both female and male Mafflff $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$and Maf ${ }^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ mice (p-value $=<0.0001,{ }^{* * * *}$ in both) (Figure 5.3.27A).

Whilst relative quantification of fold change gene expression indicates Targets ( $p$-value $=$ $0.0008,^{* * *}$ ) and Genotype $\times$ Targets ( $p$-value $=0.0010,{ }^{* *}$ ) being statistically significant when analysed by three-way ANOVA (Figure 5.3.27B). Tukey's multiple comparisons test demonstrated no statistical significance in any of the targets (Figure 5.3.27B).


Figure 5.3.27 qPCR Validation of diffferential gene discoveries in naive peritoneal tissue resident macrphages.
A) 40- $\Delta C$ T values and $B$ ) relative quantification of fold change gene expression in $\mathrm{Maf}^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx}^{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{Cr} 1^{+/+}$ mice (male (white), female (grey)) and $M a f^{f / f / f}{ }^{\prime} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ (shaded) mice peritoneal tissue resident macrophages. Error bars indicate $\pm$ SEM ( $n=3$ ). Mice were aged 6-8 weeks. All data was analysed using 3-way ANOVA with Tukey's multiple comparison test displayed on graphs ( p -value $=\mathbf{< 0 . 0 1}$, ** and $p$-value $=<0.0001,{ }^{* * * *}$ ).


Figure 5.3.28 Pearson Correlation of Naïve Peritoneal Tissue Resident Macrophage RNA Sequencing $\log _{2}$ fold change and qPCR $\log _{2}$ fold change.
A) Correlation of DESeq2 analysis of Maf ${ }^{f l / f l} \mathbf{C x} 3 c r 1^{+/+}$and Mafilfl $C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+} \log _{2}$ fold change against qPCR $\log _{2}$ fold change based on relative quantification ( $\mathbf{2}^{\wedge}(\Delta \Delta C t)$ in Naïve Peritoneal Tissue Resident Macrophage. B) Correlation of edgeR analysis of Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx}^{2} \mathrm{cr} 1^{1+/}$ and Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathbf{C x} 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/t }} \log _{2}$ fold change against qPCR $\log _{2}$ fold change based on relative quantification ( $\mathbf{2 n}^{\wedge}(\Delta \Delta C t)$ in Naïve Peritoneal Tissue Resident Macrophage. Pearson correlation coefficient ( $R$ value and blue line) with coefficient interval (grey area) and $p$-value ( $p$ ) are displayed on the graphs.

Correlation between the relative quantification of fold change against DESeq2 analysis (Figure 5.3 .28 A ) and edgeR analysis (Figure 5.3.28B) $\log _{2}$ fold change of Maf ${ }^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$and $M a f^{f / f /} C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ naïve peritoneal tissue resident macrophages was investigated for further validation. DESeq2 analysis had a strong positive correlation coefficient of 0.9409275 (Figure 5.3.28A), and edgeR analysis had a strong positive correlation coefficient of 0.9336324 (Figure 5.3.28B), both of which were statistically significant ( $p$-value $=0.00016^{* * *}$, and $p$-value $=0.00069^{* * *}$ respectively).

### 5.3.5.2. Validation of Gene Discoveries by Flow Cytometry

To validate if the gene discoveries from RNA sequencing resulted in protein expression alterations, naïve peritoneal tissue resident macrophages from Maffl/fl $\operatorname{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ mice were stained as in Figure 5.3.4A for flow cytometry analysis.

Of the tissue resident macrophage targets listed in Table 5.3.3 only previously published flow cytometry antibodies were available at the time for MAIR-V (the protein coded by Cd300If), LYVE1 and MAF. Additionally recent publications have suggested a relationship between MAF and folate receptor 2 (FOLR2) expression $(172,236)$, and therefore this was also investigated.

Tissue resident macrophages displayed no obvious difference in MAIR-V expression between Maf ${ }^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{C r e /+}$ mice. Whereas both LYVE-1 and FOLR2 demonstrated a clear phenotypic reduction in expression in Maflffl$C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ mice when compared to Mafflfl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice (Figure 5.3.29A).

When using a bisector gate on LYVE1 histogram of peritoneal tissue resident macrophages (Figure 5.3.29A), LYVE1 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ population had a mean percentage of $13.82 \% \pm 3.74$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) in Mafflfl $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$and $0.44 \% \pm 0.09$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) in Maf $f^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ mice, and was statistically significance different when analysed with two-way ANOVA by genotype $\left(p\right.$-value $\left.=<0.0001,{ }^{* * *}\right)$ with Šidák's multiple comparison test ( $p$-value $=0.0055,{ }^{* *}$ ) (Figure 5.3.29B).

Likewise FOLR2 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ tissue resident macrophages had a mean percentage of $15.96 \% \pm 4.26$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) and $1.46 \% \pm 0.23$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) in Mafflfl $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$and Mafl/ff $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ mice respectively. Šidák's multiple comparison test indicated statistical significance (pvalue $=0.0028,{ }^{* *}$ ) between genotypes (Figure 5.3.29B). Whilst MAF was consistent, with reduction in protein expression between $M a f^{f / / f 1} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cr} /++}$ and $M a f^{f / / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice (Figure 5.3.29A).


Figure 5.3.29 Flow cytometry validation of diffferential gene discoveries in naive peritoneal tissue resident macrphages markers identified from RNA Sequencing in Maf ${ }^{f / f l}{ }^{1} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and Maf ${ }^{f l / f l}$ Cx3cr1 ${ }^{+/+}$mice.
A) Representative flow cytometry histograms of diffferential gene discoveries. $\mathrm{Maf}^{\mathrm{fl} / f \mathrm{C}} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$ (red), Mafliff ${ }^{\text {fx3cr1 }}{ }^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ (blue) and isotype controls (solid and dashed line respectively). Representative of $n=7$. B) Percentage of target expression as per bisector gates on histograms of Maf ${ }^{f l / f l}$ Cx3cr1 ${ }^{+/+}$mice (grey) and Mafiffl ${ }^{\text {flx }}$ cr1 ${ }^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ (shaded) mice. Data shown represents mean percentage $\pm$ SEM ( $\mathrm{n}=7$ ). Two-way ANOVA (Genotype, p -value $=<0.0001,{ }^{* * * *}$ ). Šidák's multiple comparison indicated on graph ( $p$-value $=<0.005,{ }^{* *}$ ) All mice were female and aged $6-8$ weeks.

### 5.3.6. RNA Sequencing of Zymosan Treated Peritoneal Macrophage

 Following 48 hr treatment with $2 \times 10^{6}$ Zymosan particles delivered through intraperitoneal injection, peritoneal lavage was sorted (FACS Aria III), to obtain tissue resident macrophages (CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }}, F 4 / 80^{\text {high }}$, Tim $-4^{+}$) and inflammatory macrophages (CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }}$ F4/80 ${ }^{\text {low }} \mathrm{Tim}^{-}$).

Figure 5.3.30 Determination of peritoneal tissue resident macrophages and inflammatory


Gating strategy of peritoneal tissue resident macrophages and inflammatory macrophages with staining of CD11b, F4/80 and Tim-4.

### 5.3.6.1. Principal Component Analysis (PCA)

Exploratory data analysis of variance between samples and how they correlate through principal component analysis (PCA) of peritoneal tissue resident macrophages treated with zymosan particles for 48 hr indicate clear separation of $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/t}}$ and Mafflffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice (Figure 5.3.31A). Whereas the inflammatory macrophages population from Maf ${ }^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and Mafiffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$display less variance (Figure 5.3.31B).

When tissue resident and inflammatory macrophages from zymosan treated mice are combined, those from $M a f^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice display higher variance than those from Mafflffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ mice (Figure 5.3.31C).


Figure 5.3.31 Principal component analysis (PCA) of RNA-sequencing samples.
 (Red) mice treated with zymosan, with confidence ellipses by genotype where possible due to sample number. B) Peritoneal inflammatory macrophages from Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{+/+}$mice (Teal) and Maf ${ }^{f l / f l}{ }^{\prime} \times x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ (Red) mice treated with zymosan, with confidence ellipses by genotype where possible due to sample number. C) Peritoneal tissue resident (Mafilfl $\mathrm{Cx}^{\mathrm{fl}} \mathrm{Cr} 1^{+/+}$mice (Purple) and Maf ${ }^{l / / f l} C_{x} 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ (Green) mice) and inflammatory macrophages (Maf ${ }^{f / f f} C_{x 3 c r 1}{ }^{+/+}$mice (Teal) and $M a f^{f / / f f^{\prime}} C_{x} 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ (Red) mice) treated with zymosan, with confidence ellipses by genotype where possible due to sample number.

### 5.3.6.2. Gene Expression across Multiple Differential Expression Methods of Zymosan Treated Peritoneal Tissue Resident Macrophages

### 5.3.6.2.1.DESeq2 Differential Gene Expression Analysis

As DESeq2 analysis of $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ vs $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{f / / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$peritoneal tissue resident macrophages following treatment with zymosan generated 5 differential gene discoveries with an adjusted $p$-value $<0.05$ (Figure 5.3 .35 A ) (the full list of genes can be found in Appendix XII). Imposing a cut off $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change did not result results in any change in differential gene discoveries (Figure 5.3.35B).


Figure 5.3.32 Fragments per kilobase of transcript per million (FPKM) mapped reads of Maf using DESeq2 differential gene expression analysis of zymosan treated tissue resident macrophages.

## Female Maf ${ }^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx}_{x} \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice (grey) and Female Mafiffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ (shaded) mice.

Maf expression determined by fragments per kilobase of transcript per million (FPKM) mapped reads indicated Maf to be undetectable in Mafiffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/t}}$ mice and variable in Mafflff $\mathrm{Cx}^{\text {Clr1 }}{ }^{+/+}$ranging from 3.24 to 10.28 FPKM (Figure 5.3.32). Maf was the most significantly changed gene between Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ and $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx}^{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$zymosan treated peritoneal tissue resident macrophages, with a $-12.80 \log _{2}$ fold change and an adjusted p-value $1.71 \mathrm{E}-11$ (Figure 5.3.33A). Due to Maf being so markedly changed, the other gene changes are difficult to visualise graphically, therefore by removing Maf from the visualisation the other gene discoveries become clearer (Figure 5.3.33B).

 peritoneal tissue resident macrophages
 macrophages. A) Volcano plot of all gene discoveries using DESeq2 differential expression method. B) Volcano plot with Maf removed from the data set to improve visualisation of other
 representing cut off for adjusted $p$-value $=0.05$ and $\pm \log _{2}$ fold change $=1$.

### 5.3.6.2.2.edgeR Differential Gene Expression Analysis

edgeR comparison of Mafiffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ vs Mafl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$peritoneal tissue resident macrophages generated 14 differential gene discoveries with an adjusted p-value $<0.05$ (Figure 5.3.35A) (the full list of genes can be found in Appendix XIII). Imposing a cut off $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change results in a reduction to 12 differential gene discoveries (Figure 5.3.35B).

Maf was the most significantly changed gene between $M a f^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ and Maff/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$zymosan treated peritoneal tissue resident macrophages, with a $-5.55 \log _{2}$ fold change and an adjusted p-value 1.81E-33 (Figure 5.3.34A). Again, due to Maf being so significantly changed the other genes are difficult to visualise, and the removal of Maf from the visualisation allows other gene discoveries to become clearer (Figure 5.3.34B).


Figure 5.3.34 edgeR comparison of Mafilficx3cr1 $1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ vs Mafilfi $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$zymosan treated peritoneal tissue resident macrophages
 macrophages. A) Volcano plot of all gene discoveries using edgeR differential expression method. B) Volcano plot with Maf removed from the data set to improve visualisation of other significant
 for adjusted $p$-value $=0.05$ and $\pm \log _{2}$ fold change $=1$.

Gene discoveries from peritoneal tissue resident macrophages after 48 hr zymosan treatment in Mafflff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ vs $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{f / / f /} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice resulted in 3 common genes which have an adjusted p -value of $<0.05$, with DESeq2 generating 11 and edgeR 2 unique differentially expressed genes (Figure 5.3.35A). Of those gene discoveries with an adjusted $p$-value of $<0.05$ and $a \pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change common genes remained unchanged between the two differential expression methods (Figure 5.3.35B).


Figure 5.3.35 Venn diagram comparing between DESeq2 and edgeR differential expression methods in zymosan treated tissue resident macrophages
A) Venn Diagram comparing gene discoveries which are statistically significant (adjusted p-value <0.05) between DESeq2 and edgeR differential expression methods. B) Venn diagram comparing gene discoveries which are statistically significant (adjusted p-value <0.05) and have a $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change between DESeq2 and edgeR differential expression methods.
5.3.6.2.3. Interaction Analysis of Naïve Vs Zymosan Treated Peritoneal Tissue Resident Macrophages

Utilising the previous RNA sequencing of female naïve tissue resident macrophages from Maf ${ }^{f / f l} \mathrm{C} x 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and $M a f^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ mice in section 5.3.4.1.3, allowed for comparison of naïve vs zymosan treated tissue resident macrophages in both genotypes through an interaction term contrast.

DESeq2 analysis highlighted only Maf to be differentially expressed between Maf ${ }^{f / / f l} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$and Mafl/ff $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ in naïve and zymosan treatment, with a -8.81 $\log _{2}$ fold change and an adjusted p-value 7.20E-05 (Figure 5.3.36A). edgeR analysis highlighted Maf and Tgfbr3 with -12.81 $\log _{2}$ fold change and an adjusted $p$-value 4.48E-11, and -1.33 $\log _{2}$ fold change and an adjusted p-value $3.14 \mathrm{E}-4$ respectively (Figure 5.3 .36 B ).

A
Differential Gene Expression Interaction of Sex and Genotype in Peritoneal Tissue Resident Macrophages in Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ vs Maf ${ }^{\text {l/ff }} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$


B


Figure 5.3.36 Interaction term comparison of Mafflffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr1} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ vs $\operatorname{Maf} f^{f / f /} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{+/+}$in naïve and zymosan treated peritoneal tissue resident macrophages

RNA-Seq of naïve and zymosan treated $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ and $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{\text {fl/ff }} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$peritoneal tissue resident macrophages. A) Volcano plot of all gene discoveries using edgeR differential expression method, and B) using DESeq2 differential expression method. Naïve tissue resident macrophage

 representing cut off for adjusted $p$-value $=0.05$ and $\pm \log _{2}$ fold change $=1$.

### 5.3.6.2.4.Differential Exon Usage

To determine splice variants within the RNA sequencing datasets, relative usage of exons between Mafflff $C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ and $M a f^{f l / f l} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$zymosan treated peritoneal tissue resident macrophages generated 6 differential exons with an adjusted p-value $<0.05$ and a cut off $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ (Figure 5.3.37) .


Figure 5.3.37 DEXSeq differential exon usage analysis of zymosan treated peritoneal tissue resident macrophages in $\mathrm{Maf}^{f / / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ vs $\mathrm{Maf}^{f^{l / f l}} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice

Volcano plot of DEXSeq differential exon usage analysis between Maflifl $C \times 3$ cr1 ${ }^{\text {Cre/+ }}(\mathrm{n}=\mathbf{2})$ vs Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathbf{C x} 3 c r 1^{+/+}(\mathrm{n}=4)$ mice, with dashed lines representing cut off for adjusted p -value $=0.05$ and $\pm \log _{2}$ fold change $=1$.

Genes with an adjusted $p$-value $<0.05$ and a cut off $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ are summarised in Table 5.3.4. Highlighted exons with p-value of $<0.05$ and transcripts of each gene (Figure 5.3.38-Figure 5.3.43) suggest an increase of differential transcript Zfhx3-201 in Zinc finger homeobox 3 (Zfhx3) (ENSMUSG00000038872) (Figure 5.3.38) and an increase of transcript Id2-202 in Inhibitor of DNA binding 2 (Id2) (ENSMUSG00000020644) (Figure 5.3.41) in Mafflff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ compared to Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$.

| Gene | Exon | Log $_{2}$ Fold <br> Change | Adjusted <br> P-Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Zfhx3 | 22 | 2.90 | 0.040 |
| Dnajc13 | 17 | 17.71 | 0.011 |
| Sf3b2 | 27 | 16.90 | 0.049 |
| Id2 | 9 | 1.687 | 0.013 |
| Kdm6bos | 2 | 1.824 | 0.005 |
| Eif4enif1 | 39 | -4.080 | 0.036 |

Table 5.3.4 Summary of genes with relative exon usage in zymosan treated peritoneal tissue
 and $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change.


Figure 5.3.38 DEXSeq differential exon usage analysis of Zfhx3 in zymosan treated peritoneal


DEXSeq plot of expression of exons in the Zfhx3 gene in Mafflficx ${ }^{\text {Cucr1 }}{ }^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ (Blue line) ( $\mathrm{n}=\mathbf{2}$ ) and Mafilfl $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$(Red line) ( $n=4$ ). Differential exons highlighted in pink ( p -value $<0.05$ ) and transcripts of Zfhx3 gene in black below.
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Figure 5．3．39 DEXSeq differential exon usage analysis of Dnajc13 in zymosan treated peritoneal


DEXSeq plot of expression of exons in the Dnajc13 gene in Mafilfl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{\text {Cre／＋}}$（Blue line）（ $\mathrm{n}=\mathbf{2}$ ）and $M a f^{f / f f}{ }^{\prime} \times 3 c r 1^{+/+}$（Red line）（ $n=4$ ）．Differential exons highlighted in pink（ $p$－value $<0.05$ ）and transcripts of Dnajc13 gene in black below．


Figure 5.3.40 DEXSeq differential exon usage analysis of Sf3b2 in zymosan treated peritoneal


DEXSeq plot of expression of exons in the Sf3b2 gene in Mafflff $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ (Blue line) ( $\mathrm{n}=2$ ) and $M a f^{l / f /}{ }^{\prime} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$(Red line) ( $\mathrm{n}=4$ ). Differential exons highlighted in pink ( p -value $<0.05$ ) and transcripts of Sf3b2 gene in black below.


Figure 5.3.41 DEXSeq differential exon usage analysis of $/ d 2$ in zymosan treated peritoneal tissue resident macrophages in $\mathrm{Maf}^{f / / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ vs $\mathrm{Maf}^{f^{\prime / f l}} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice

DEXSeq plot of expression of exons in the Id2 gene in Mafl/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ (Blue line) ( $\mathrm{n}=\mathbf{2}$ ) and $M a f^{f / f f}{ }^{\prime} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$(Red line) ( $\mathrm{n}=4$ ). Differential exons highlighted in pink (p-value <0.05) and transcripts of Id2 gene in black below.


Figure 5.3.42 DEXSeq differential exon usage analysis of Kdm6bos in zymosan treated peritoneal tissue resident macrophages in $M a f^{f l / f l} \mathrm{Cx}_{\mathrm{X}} \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ vs $\mathrm{Maf}^{f / / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice

DEXSeq plot of expression of exons in the Kdm6bos gene in Mafflfl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ (Blue line) ( $\mathrm{n}=2$ ) and Maf ${ }^{l / f f} C_{x} 3 c r 1^{+/+}$(Red line) ( $n=4$ ). Differential exons highlighted in pink (p-value <0.05) and transcripts of Kdm6bos gene in black below.


Figure 5.3.43 DEXSeq differential exon usage analysis of Eif4enif1 in zymosan treated peritoneal

 Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathbf{C x} 3 c r 1^{+/+}$(Red line) ( $n=4$ ). Differential exons highlighted in pink ( $p$-value $<0.05$ ) and transcripts of Eif4enif1 gene in black below.

### 5.3.6.3. Gene Expression across Multiple Differential Expression Methods of Inflammatory Peritoneal Macrophages

### 5.3.6.3.1.DESeq2 Differential Gene Expression Analysis

Gene discoveries from matched inflammatory macrophages of the same mice in section 5.3.6.2 in $\mathrm{Maf}^{f / f l} \mathrm{C} \times 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ vs $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice resulted 45 differential gene discoveries with DESeq2 that had an adjusted $p$-value $<0.05$ (Figure 5.3.46A) (the full list of genes can be found in Appendix XIV). Imposing a cut off $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change results in 43 differential gene discoveries (Figure 5.3.46B).

Maf was the most significantly changed gene between Maflifl $C \times 3 c r 1^{\text {cre/t }}$ and Maf ${ }^{f / f l} \mathrm{C} \times 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$peritoneal inflammatory macrophages, with a $-5.06 \log _{2}$ fold change and an adjusted p-value 13.68E-07 (Figure 5.3.44A). Due to Maf and Lyve1 being so markedly changed, the other gene changes are difficult to visualise graphically therefore by removing Maf and Lyve1 from the visualisation the other gene discoveries become clearer (Figure 5.3.44B).


Figure 5.3.44 DESeq 2 comparison of $M a f^{f l / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ vs Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$zymosan recruited peritoneal inflammatory macrophages

RNA-Seq of zymosan recuited $M a f^{f / / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$peritoneal inflammatory macrophages. A) Volcano plot of all gene discoveries using DESeq2 differential expression method. B) Volcano plot with Maf and Lyve1 removed from the data set to improve visualisation of other significant genes. Maf ${ }^{f / f /} C_{x 3 c r 1}^{C r e /+}(n=2)$ and $M a f^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}(n=4)$, with dashed lines representing cut off for adjusted $p$-value $=0.05$ and $\log _{2}$ fold change $=1$.

### 5.3.6.3.2.edgeR Differential Expression

 macrophages generated 66 differential gene discoveries with an adjusted $p$-value $<0.05$ (Figure 5.3.46A) (the full list of genes can be found in Appendix XV). Imposing a cut off $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change results in a reduction to 53 differential gene discoveries (Figure 5.3.46B).

Maf was the identified as the most significantly changed gene between Mafilfl $C \times 3 c r 1^{{ }^{\text {cre/ }}+}$ and Maff $^{f^{l / f}} \mathrm{C} \times 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$peritoneal inflammatory macrophages, with a $-5.07 \log _{2}$ fold change and an adjusted p-value 1.08E-09 (Figure 5.3.45A). Again, due to Maf being so significantly changed the other genes are difficult to visualise, and the removal of Maf from the visualisation allows other gene discoveries to become clearer (Figure 5.3.45B).

 peritoneal inflammatory macrophages

RNA-Seq of zymosan recuited $\mathrm{Maf}^{\text {fl/ff }} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ and $\mathrm{Maf}^{\text {fi/fl }} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$peritoneal inflammatory macrophages. A) Volcano plot of all gene discoveries using edgeR differential expression method. B) Volcano plot with Maf removed from the data set to improve visualisation of other significant
 for adjusted $p$-value $=0.05$ and $\pm \log _{2}$ fold change $=1$.

Gene discoveries from peritoneal inflammatory macrophages after 48 hr zymosan treatment in $M a f^{f / f f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ vs Maflflfl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice resulted in 32 common genes which have an adjusted p-value of $<0.05$, with DESeq2 and edgeR generating 34 and 13 unique differentially expressed genes respectively (Figure 5.3.46A). Of those gene discoveries with an adjusted $p$-value of $<0.05$ and $a \pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change, 30 common genes remain between the two differential expression methods (Figure 5.3.46B).


Figure 5.3.46 Venn diagram comparing between DESeq2 and edgeR differential expression methods in peritoneal inflammatory macrophages
A) Venn Diagram comparing gene discoveries which are statistically significant (adjusted p-value <0.05) between DESeq2 and edgeR differential expression methods. B) Venn diagram comparing gene discoveries which are statistically significant (adjusted $p$-value $<0.05$ ) and have $a \pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change between DESeq2 and edgeR differential expression methods.


Figure 5.3.47 Canonical pathway analysis of DESeq2 differential gene expression analysis in inflammatory macrophages.

Canonical pathway analysis generated from Ingenuity Pathway Analysis (IPA) against those previously identified in all macrophages following DESeq2 differential gene expression method when sex is included in the model matrix. Percentage of genes in the analysis overlap with pathway (green = downregulated, red = upregulated, white $=$ no overlap). Numbers in bold are the total number of genes involved in the pathway. Specific gene discoveries with adjusted $p$-value <0.05 involved in each pathway named, with-log $p$-value of each pathway indicated with orange line.


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Figure 5.3.48 Canonical pathway analysis of edgeR differential gene expression analysis in inflammatory macrophages.

Canonical pathway analysis generated from Ingenuity Pathway Analysis (IPA) against those previously identified in all macrophages following edgeR differential gene expression method when sex is included in the model matrix. Percentage of genes in the analysis overlap with pathway (green = downregulated, red = upregulated, white = no overlap). Numbers in bold are the total number of genes involved in the pathway. Specific gene discoveries with adjusted pvalue $\mathbf{< 0 . 0 5}$ involved in each pathway named, with-log $p$-value of each pathway indicated with orange line.

Canonical pathway analysis from IPA of the 45 gene discoveries from DESeq2 differential expression of inflammatory macrophages with an adjusted $p$-value of $<0.05$, highlighted several pathways of interest including the complement system, chemokine signalling and sphingoine-1-phosphate signalling (Figure 5.3.47). Analyses of the 66 edgeR differential gene discoveries as above, indicated several additional pathways including Cxcr4 signalling and phospholipase-C signalling (Figure 5.3.48).

| Upstream Regulators | DESeq2 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\log _{2}$ Fold Change | P-Value of Overlap | Targets in Dataset |
| Ppard | -0.009 | $2.99 \mathrm{E}-05$ | C1qa,C1qc,Gas6 |
| Nr1h3 | -0.326 | 0.000473 | Abca1, C1qa, Ccl7, Gas6 |
| Gata6 | -1.044 | 0.000479 | Calm14, Lyve1, Sorbs3 |
| Ldlr | -0.071 | 0.000584 | Abca1, C1qa, Ccl7, Gas6 |
| Nr1h2 | 0.077 | 0.00252 | Abca1, Ccl7 |
| Rara | -0.123 | 0.00421 | Abca1 |
| Tardbp | -0.154 | 0.0084 | C1qa |
| Rxra | -0.359 | 0.0084 | Abca1 |
| Cdkn2a | -1.22 | 0.0116 | Ccl24, Ccl7 |
| Parp1 | -0.096 | 0.0126 | Abca1 |
| Plcg2 | 0.093 | 0.0179 | C1qa, Ccl7 |
| Il10ra | 0.376 | 0.0187 | Gas6, S1pr1, Sirpb1 |
| Pkm | 0.046 | 0.0209 | Abca1 |
| Mapk14 | -0.043 | 0.0209 | Abca1 |
| Csf1 | -0.995 | 0.0238 | Ccl7, Clec7a |
| Alox15 | -1.936 | 0.025 | Abca1 |


| Cd200 | -1.29 | 0.0291 | Clec7a |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cebpe | -0.203 | 0.0291 | Ccl7 |
| Irak1 | -0.005 | 0.0291 | Abca1 |
| Nos2 | -1.007 | 0.0332 | Ccl7 |
| Ifng |  | 0.034 | Abca1, Ccl7, Clec7a |
| Ppara | -3.54 | 0.0373 | Abca1 |
| Klf2 | -0.392 | 0.0373 | Ccl7 |
| Ace | 0.544 | 0.0413 | Ccl24 |
| Npc1 | 0.025 | 0.0494 | Abca1 |
| Il13 | 0.237 | 0.0494 | Abca1 |

Table 5.3.5 Upstream regulators in DESeq2 differential gene expression analysis of inflammatory macrophages.

Upstream regulators identified in DESeq2 analysis with log2 fold change and p-value of overlap with each pathway. Genes with an adjusted p-value of < 0.05 involved in each pathway are named.

| Upstream Regulators | edgeR |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\log _{2}$ Fold Change | P-Value of Overlap | Targets in Dataset |
| Rara | -0.139 | 0.00242 | Abca1 |
| Gata6 | -1.062 | 0.00353 | Lyve1,Sorbs3 |
| \|l10ra | 0.359 | 0.00396 | Folr2,S1pr1,Sirpb1 |
| Rxra | -0.376 | 0.00484 | Abca1 |
| Parp1 | -0.112 | 0.00726 | Abca1 |
| Plm | 0.03 | 0.0121 | Abca1 |
| Mapk14 | -0.059 | 0.0121 | Abca1 |
| Alox15 | -1.955 | 0.0145 | Abca1 |
| Irak1 | -0.021 | 0.0169 | Abca1 |
| Ppara | -3.28 | 0.0216 | Abca1 |
| Ace | 0.526 | 0.024 | Ccl24 |
| Npc1 | 0.01 | 0.0287 | Abca1 |
| \|113 | 0.203 | 0.0287 | Abca1 |
| Nr1h2 | 0.06 | 0.0428 | Abca1 |

Table 5.3.6 Upstream regulators in edgeR differential gene expression analysis inflammatory macrophages.

Upstream regulators identified in edgeR analysis with $\log 2$ fold change and $p$-value of overlap with each pathway. Genes with an adjusted p -value of $<0.05$ involved in each pathway are named.

Several upstream regulators were identified using IPA from the DESeq2 analysis, with 10 of the 26 upstream regulators with a p-value of overlap <0.05 having more than one gene target highlighted (Table 5.3.5). These included peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor A (Ppara) and liver X receptors (LXRa and LXRß encoded by Nr1h3 and Nr1h2 genes respectively) in addition to Gata6 and II-10ra (Table 5.3.5).
edgeR analysis highlighted 14 upstream regulators with a p-value of overlap <0.05 (Table 5.3.6). However the majority were associated to 1 gene discovery with an adjusted $p$-value of $<0.05$ associated, predominantly ATP-binding cassette (Abca1) (Table 5.3.6).

### 5.3.6.3.3.Differential Exon Usage

To determine splice variants within the RNA sequencing datasets, relative usage of exons between Maf $f^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ and $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{f / f / f \mid} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$zymosan treated peritoneal inflammatory macrophages generated 3 differential exons with an adjusted $p$-value $<0.05$ and a cut off $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ (Figure 5.3.49)


Figure 5.3.49 DEXSeq differential exon usage analysis of peritoneal inflammatory macrophages in $M a f^{f l / f l}{ }^{\prime} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ vs $\mathrm{Maf}^{f / / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice

Volcano plot of DEXSeq differential exon usage analysis between Maflifl $C \times 3$ cr1 ${ }^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ ( $\mathrm{n}=\mathbf{2}$ ) vs $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}(\mathrm{n}=4)$ mice, with dashed lines representing cut off for adjusted p -value $=0.05$ and $\log _{2}$ fold change $=1$.

Prostate tumour over expressed gene 1 (Ptov1) (ENSMUSG00000038502) at exon 25 (Figure 5.3.50), Protein tyrosine phosphatase, non-receptor type 1 (Ptpn1) (ENSMUSG00000027540) at exon 23 (Figure 5.3.51) and Neuropilin 1 (Nrp1) ENSMUSG00000025810) at exon 24 (Figure 5.3.52) were identified as having statistically significantly changed usage with adjusted $P$-Values $=0.044,0.041,0.027$ and $\log _{2}$ fold changes $=2.189,-1.459,2.707$ between $M a f^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre } /+}$ and $M a f^{f / / f l} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$mice respectively. However this did not elucidate any clear splice variant transcripts in these genes.


Figure 5.3.50 DEXSeq differential exon usage analysis of Ptov1 in zymosan treated peritoneal inflammatory macrophages in Mafilffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{C r e /+}$ vs $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{f / / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice

DEXSeq plot of expression of exons in the Ptov1 gene in Maf ${ }^{f / f f} C_{x} 3 c r 1^{\text {cre/+ }}$ (Blue line) ( $\mathrm{n}=2$ ) and $M a f^{f / f f} C \times 3 c r 1^{+/+}$(Red line) ( $n=4$ ). Differential exons highlighted in pink ( $p$-value $<0.05$ ) and transcripts of Ptov1 gene in black below.


Figure 5.3.51 DEXSeq differential exon usage analysis of Ptpn1 in zymosan treated peritoneal inflammatory macrophages in $M a f^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx}_{x} \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ vs $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice

DEXSeq plot of expression of exons in the Ptpn1 gene in Maffl/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ (Blue line) ( $\mathrm{n}=\mathbf{2}$ ) and Maf ${ }^{f l / f l} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$(Red line) ( $n=4$ ). Differential exons highlighted in pink ( $p$-value $<0.05$ ) and transcripts of Ptpn1 gene in black below.


Figure 5.3.52 DEXSeq differential exon usage analysis of Nrp1 in zymosan treated peritoneal inflammatory macrophages in Mafilfi $\mathrm{Cx}_{x} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ vs Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx}_{x} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice

DEXSeq plot of expression of exons in the Nrp1 gene in Mafflficx ${ }^{\prime} 3$ cr1 ${ }^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ (Blue line) ( $\mathrm{n}=\mathbf{2}$ ) and Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathbf{C x} 3 c r 1^{+/+}$(Red line) ( $\mathrm{n}=4$ ). Differential exons highlighted in pink ( p -value $<0.05$ ) and transcripts of Nrp1 gene in black below.

### 5.3.7. Validation of RNA Sequencing of Zymosan Treated Peritoneal

## Macrophages Gene Discoveries

Differential genes identified through DESeq2 and edgeR were selected for validation based on being protein coding, have an adjusted $p$-value of $<0.05$ and $a \pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change in at least one of the differential expression methods, summarised in Table 5.3.7 for zymosan treated peritoneal tissue resident macrophages and Table 5.3.8 for matched inflammatory macrophages.

| Target | Resident DESeq2 |  | Resident edgeR |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Log 2 Fold <br> Change | Adjusted <br> P-Value | Log $_{2}$ Fold <br> Change | Adjusted <br> P-Value |
| Ptprm | -1.2764555 | $3.67 \mathrm{E}-05$ | NA | NA |
| Maf | -12.804101 | $1.71 \mathrm{E}-11$ | -13.877760 | $2.20 \mathrm{E}-25$ |
| Tgflbr3 | -1.3245531 | $2.97 \mathrm{E}-07$ | NA | NA |
| H2-Q6 | 1.00524329 | 0.01464053 | NA | NA |
| KIf12 | -6.5682649 | 0.03173676 | -7.6452401 | 0.00010865 |
| Vsig4 | -1.3033008 | 0.00174572 | -1.3617065 | 0.00510816 |

Table 5.3.7 Summary of targets selected for validation of zymosan treated peritoneal tissue resident macrophage RNA sequencing data.

List of targets for validation by qPCR and Flow Cytometry for validation with $\log _{2}$ fold change and Adjusted p-value from DESeq2 and edgeR analyses. Genes which did not meet the cut off (adjusted p-value $<0.05$ and have a $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change) in one of the analyses had an NA applied.

| Target | Inflammatory DESeq2 |  | Inflammatory edgeR |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\log _{2} \text { Fold }$ Change | Adjusted P-Value | $\begin{gathered} \text { Log }_{2} \text { Fold } \\ \text { Change } \end{gathered}$ | Adjusted P-Value |
| Mrvi1 | -1.6076099 0.00055498-1.6222564 0.01008902 |  |  |  |
| Dnm1 | -2.6761509 | 5.83E-06 | $-2.6880586$ | 2.52E-06 |
| Maf | -5.0553070 | 3.68E-07 | $-5.0664076$ | $1.08 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| Lyve1 | -5.4743881 0.00510194-5.4596430 0.00273774 |  |  |  |
| S1pr1 | -2.1397604 0.00510194-2.1564436 0.00273774 |  |  |  |
| CD38 | -1.2696856 0.01899230-1.283228 0.02956580 |  |  |  |
| Clec7a | 1.01272715 | 0.04280789 | NA | NA |
| Hspa1a/ Hspa1b | -2.9135240 $0.0007659-2.93098730 .00808136$ |  |  |  |
| Folr2 | NA | NA | -3.3144439 0.02249948 |  |

Table 5.3.8 Summary of targets selected for validation of zymosan treated peritoneal inflammatory macrophage RNA sequencing data.

List of targets for validation by qPCR and Flow Cytometry for validation with $\log _{2}$ fold change and Adjusted p-value from DESeq2 and edgeR analyses. Genes which did not meet the cut off (adjusted p-value $<0.05$ and have a $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change) in one of the analyses had an NA applied.

### 5.3.7.1. Validation of Gene Discoveries by qPCR

To validate the differential gene discovery analysis qPCR was conducted on Maf ${ }^{f / f 1 / f} \mathrm{C} \times 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and $M a f^{f / f / f} \mathrm{C} \times 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{C r e / t}$ peritoneal macrophages after 48 hr treatment with zymosan as above in section 5.3.6, isolated by FACS as in Figure 5.3.30.

In tissue resident macrophages $40-\Delta C T$ indicated overall significance by Genotype, Targets and Interaction ( p -value $=<0.0001,{ }^{* * * *}$ ) when analysed by two-way ANOVA (A). Šidák's multiple comparisons test indicated Klf12 and Maf to have high significance between genotypes ( p -value $=<0.0001,{ }^{* * * *}$ ), as did Vsig4 ( p -value $=0.001,{ }^{* * *)}$ ), Ptprm ( p -value $=$ $0.0011,{ }^{* *}$ ) and Lyve1 (0.0032, ${ }^{* *}$ ) (Figure 5.3.53A).

Whilst relative quantification of fold change gene expression indicates only Genotype being statistically significant ( $p$-value $=0.0001,{ }^{* * *}$ ) when analysed by two-way ANOVA, Šidák's multiple comparisons test demonstrates no statistical significance (Figure 5.3.53B) in any of the targets.

In inflammatory macrophages 40- $\Delta$ CT indicated overall high significance by Genotype, Targets (p-value $=<0.0001,{ }^{* * * *}$ ) and Interaction (p-value $=0.0008,{ }^{* * *}$ ) when analysed by two-way ANOVA (Figure 5.3.53C). Šidák's multiple comparisons test indicated Lyve1 and Maf to have high significance between genotypes ( $p$-value $=<0.0001,{ }^{* * * *}$, and $p$ value $=0.0002,{ }^{* * *}$, respectively) (Figure 5.3.53C).

Relative quantification of fold change gene expression indicates genotype being statistically significant ( $p$-value $=0.0269,{ }^{*}$ ) when analysed by two-way ANOVA, Šidák's multiple comparisons test demonstrates no statistical significance (Figure 5.3.53D) between any of the targets.


Figure 5.3.53 qPCR Validation of diffferential gene discoveries in Zymosan Treated peritoneal tissue resident macrophages and imflammatory macrphages.
A) $40-\Delta C T$ values and $B$ ) relative quantification of fold change gene expression in $M a f^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx}^{\mathrm{Cx}} \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$ ( $\mathrm{n}=4$ ) and $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{C} \times 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}(\mathrm{n}=2)$ peritoneal tissue resident macrophages. C) 40- $\Delta C T$ values and D) relative quantification of fold change gene expression of matched peritoneal inflammatory macrophages from Mafi/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}(n=4)$ and $M a f^{l / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}(\mathrm{n}=2)$ mice. Error bars indicate $\pm$ SEM. Mice were all female, ages 6-8 weeks age.





Figure 5.3.54 Pearson Correlation of Zymosan treated Peritoneal Tissue Resident Macrophages and inflammatory macrophages RNA Sequencing Log $_{2}$ Fold Change and qPCR Log ${ }_{2}$ Fold Change.
A) Correlation of DESeq2 analysis of Mafilfl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{+/+}$and Mafl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ zymosan treated peritoneal tissue resident macrophage $\log _{2}$ fold change against qPCR $\log _{2}$ fold change based on relative quantification ( $\mathbf{2}^{\wedge}(\Delta \Delta C t)$. B) Correlation of edgeR analysis of Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and Maf ${ }^{\text {f/ffl }} \mathbf{C x} 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/ } / ~}$ zymosan treated peritoneal tissue resident macrophage $\log _{2}$ fold change against qPCR $\log _{2}$ fold change based on relative quantification ( $\mathbf{2 n}^{\wedge}(\Delta \Delta \mathrm{Ct})$. C) Correlation of DESeq2 analysis of Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and $M a f^{f l / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre } /+}$ zymosan treated peritoneal inflammatory macrophage $\log _{2}$ fold change against $q$ PCR $\log _{2}$ fold change based on relative quantification (2^( $\Delta \Delta \mathrm{Ct})$. D) Correlation of edgeR analysis of $\mathrm{Maf}^{f / / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and $\mathrm{Maf}^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ zymosan treated peritoneal inflammatory macrophage $\log _{2}$ fold change against qPCR Log 2 fold change based on relative quantification ( $\mathbf{2}^{\wedge}(\Delta \Delta C t)$. Pearson correlation coefficient ( $R$ value and blue line) with coefficient interval (grey area) and p-value displayed on graph (p)

RNA sequencing and qPCR generate relative gene expression through $\log _{2}$ fold change. Therefore comparing $\log _{2}$ fold change results from qPCR and RNA sequencing was considered to be the most relevant approach to validate differential gene discoveries. Correlation between the relative quantification of fold change against DESeq2 analysis (Figure 5.3.54A) and edgeR analysis (Figure 5.3.54B) $\log _{2}$ fold change of Maf ${ }^{f / f f \mid} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and $\mathrm{Ma} f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ zymosan peritoneal tissue resident macrophages, was investigated for further validation. DESeq2 analysis had a strong positive correlation coefficient of 0.95529 (Figure 5.3.54A), and edgeR analysis had a strong positive correlation coefficient of 0.9466636 (Figure 5.3 .54 B ), both of which were statistically significant ( $p$-value $=0.000216^{* * * *}$, and $p$-value $=0.001226^{* * *}$ respectively).

Correlation between the relative quantification of fold change against DESeq2 analysis (Figure 5.3.54C) and edgeR analysis (Figure 5.3.54D) $\log _{2}$ fold change of Maf ${ }^{f / f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ and zymosan treated peritoneal inflammatory macrophages resulted in DESeq2 analysis having a moderate-strong positive correlation coefficient of 0.6413393 (Figure 5.3.54C), and edgeR analysis had a moderate-strong positive correlation coefficient of 0.641953 (Figure 5.3.54D). However neither correlations were statistically significant ( $p$-value $=0.06265$ NS, and $p$-value $=0.06232$ NS respectively) (Figure 5.3.54C and Figure 5.3.54D).

### 5.3.7.2. Validation of Gene Discoveries by Flow Cytometry

To validate if the gene discoveries from RNA sequencing resulted in protein expression alterations, peritoneal tissue resident macrophages and inflammatory macrophages from Maf $f^{f / f \mid} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$and $M a f^{f / / f l} C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ mice were stained as in Figure 5.3.30 for flow cytometry analysis.

Of the tissue resident macrophage targets listed in Table 5.3.7 only previously published flow cytometry antibodies were available at the time for major histocompatibility complex (MHC) H2, VSIG4 and MAF. Likewise for peritoneal inflammatory macrophages targets in Table 5.3.8 all but Dynamin1 and Clec7a were investigated by flow cytometry. Due to Maf having been identified as having a role in II-10 control, major histocompatibility complex II (MHCII) was additionally targeted as it has been previously demonstrated in $\mathrm{C} 57 \mathrm{BL} / 6 . \mathrm{II} 10^{-/-}\left(\mathrm{IL}-10^{-/-}\right)$mice to alter phenotype in peritoneal inflammatory macrophages (213).

Tissue resident macrophages displayed a small increase in MHC H2 expression whilst also demonstrating a small increase in the inflammatory macrophage population. VSIG4 demonstrated a reduction in expression in both macrophage populations. Utilising a bisector gate (Figure 5.3.55A), VSIG4 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ tissue resident macrophages having a mean percentage of $98.03 \% \pm 0.24$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) in Maffl/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$and $70.20 \% \pm 12.70$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) in Maffl/fl $\operatorname{Cx} 3$ cr1 $1^{\text {Cre/t }}$. Furthermore the VSIG4 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ inflammatory macrophages had a mean percentage of $94.33 \% \pm 0.90$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) in Mafflff $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$and $61.93 \% \pm 13.77$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) in Mafflff $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ mice (Figure 5.3.55B).

Analysis by two-way ANOVA indicated genotype, targets and interaction of the two factors to be statistically significant ( $p$-value $=0.0279,^{*}, p$-value $=0.0007,^{* * *}$ and $p$-value $=$ $0.0008,^{* * *}$ respectively) (Figure 5.3.55B). Šidák's multiple comparison test indicated statistical significance between genotypes in inflammatory macrophages (p-value $=$ $0.0184,^{*}$ ) (Figure $5.3 .55 B$ ). Whilst MAF was consistent, with reduction in protein expression in both tissue resident and inflammatory macrophages of $\mathrm{Maf}^{f / / f /} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ mice when compared to Mafl|fl $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$mice.

CD38 expression was distinctively different in inflammatory macrophages in Maf ${ }^{f / f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice with mean of CD38 ${ }^{\text {high }} 77.53 \% \pm 5.43$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) of and $60.13 \% \pm 3.53$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) respectively (Figure 5.3 .55 B ), and a small
reduction in tissue resident macrophages (Figure 5.3.55A). HSP70 (the protein encoded by Hspa1a/b) was expressed at low levels on inflammatory macrophages, however did suggest reduction in expression in both cell types in Mafl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ compared to Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice (Figure 5.3.55A).

FOLR2 was increased in tissue resident macrophages whilst expression was heavily reduced in inflammatory macrophages, with FOLR2 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ macrophages expressing a mean of $73.23 \% \pm 3.76$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) and $29.10 \% \pm 3.31$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) in Mafflff $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and Mafflfl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice respectively (Figure 5.3.55B).

Additional targets of MHClI displayed increases in expression in both populations however this was more markedly evident in inflammatory macrophages, with a mean percentage of $51.00 \% \pm 4.49$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) in Maff/ffl $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$being MHCI ${ }^{\text {high }}$ and $73.67 \% \pm 6.89$ (Mean $\pm$ SEM) in Maffl/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ mice, however Šidák's multiple comparison did not indicate any statistical significance between genotypes (Figure 5.3.55B).



Figure 5.3.55 Flow cytometry validation of diffferential gene discoveries zymosan treated peritoneal tissue resident and inflammatory macrophages markers identified from RNA Sequencing in Mafflfl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ and Mafl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 c r 1^{+/+}$mice.
A) Representative flow cytometry histograms of diffferential gene discoveries in $\mathrm{Maf}^{\mathrm{fl} / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$
 gates on histograms of $M a f^{f / / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice (grey) and Mafflfi $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ (shaded) mice. Data shown represents mean percentage $\pm$ SEM ( $n=3$ ). Two-way ANOVA with Šidák's multiple comparison indicated on graph ( $p$-value $=<0.005,^{* *}$ and $p$-value $=<0.05,^{*}$ ) All mice were female and aged 6-8 weeks.

### 5.4. Discussion

### 5.4.1. Validation of Maf Expression in Peritoneal Tissue Resident

## Macrophages

In Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ mice protein expression of MAF in peritoneal tissues resident macrophages display significant reduction between $M a f^{f / f / f} \mathrm{CX} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and $M a f^{f / f /} \mathrm{CX} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ mice (Figure 5.3.2). It is also important to note that the MAF antibody, which was validated in Chapter 3 of this thesis, maybe at least be partially specific, or specific but with high background which is not controlled for by the isotype control, explaining the residual MAF protein expression in $\mathrm{Maf} f^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ mice (Figure 5.3.2).

No significant differences were observed in the percentage of CD11 $b^{\text {high }}, \mathrm{F} 4 / 80^{\text {high }}$ and Tim$4^{+}$tissue resident macrophages in total lavage (Figure 5.3.1B). Whilst absolute number suggested an increase in total number of peritoneal tissue resident macrophages in Maf $f^{f / f /} C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ mice when compared to $M a f^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$mice, this was not statistically significant (Figure 5.3.1C).

Furthermore among common myeloid markers other than CX3CR1 there was no observable differences (Figure 5.3.3). Reduction in CX3CR1 expression in Maf ${ }^{f / f /} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/}}{ }^{+}$ mice when compared to $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{C} x 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice is to be expected due to the genotype, where one of the $\operatorname{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1$ alleles is replaced with a gene encoding the constitutively active Cre recombinase (9). qPCR indicated significant deletion in both male and female Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ mice when compared to $\mathrm{Maff}{ }^{f / f 1} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice (Figure 5.3.4), which was confirmed through FPKM of Maf in RNA-sequencing of peritoneal tissue resident macrophages (Figure 5.3.9).

It has been previously described that Maf is required for the expression of F4/80 in macrophages (104). This publication was conducted in Maf knockout ( $\mathrm{Maf}^{-/-}$) mice where foetal liver cells were adoptively transferred to another irradiated mouse line. However as these Maf ${ }^{-/-}$mice were embryonical lethal, what functional role Maf plays in F4/80 expression in adult macrophage could not be investigated at the time in this publication. It is evident from the data generated in this thesis that there is no difference in F4/80 expression on adult peritoneal tissue resident macrophages from Maflffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ mice when compared to $M a f^{f / / f l} \mathrm{Cx3cr}^{+/+}$mice (Figure 5.3.1 and Figure 5.3.3).

Overall phenotyping of peritoneal tissue resident macrophages, together with analysis of macrophage proportions of peritoneal lavage indicated the constitutively expressed Cre and subsequent loss of Maf in Maflflfl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ mice, resulted in no overt abnormalities in tissue resident macrophages generation or phenotype under naïve conditions between Maffl/fi $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ and $M a f^{f / / f 1} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$mice.

### 5.4.2. Generation and Time Course Assays Utilising MФP Cell Lines

MФPs were generated from both male and female Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ and $\mathrm{Maf}^{f / / f 1} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{+/+}$ mice, as alternatives to the shRNA tested in Chapter 3. Both qPCR (Figure 5.3.6) and flow cytometry (Figure 5.3.5) determined statistically significant reduction of Maf expression at a genomic and protein level respectively. Therefore these cell lines could be utilised for in vitro assays such as for treatment with E. Coli LPS time course experiments (Figure 5.3.6 and Figure 5.3.7).

However no obvious differences were seen between genotypes in Bhlhe40 (Figure 5.3.6), which has previously been identified as a possible repressor of $\operatorname{Maf}(229,235)$. Likewise common cytokines such as II-1b, II-10 or Tnf did not indicate any differences between genotypes (Figure 5.3.7). Whereas Il-6 did demonstrate a reduction in relative expression and a delay in activation, peaking at 6 hr in Maf ${ }^{l / / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cr} /+}$ cells and at 3 hr in Mafflff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$cells (Figure 5.3.7). Il-12 did indicate a reduction in Maff/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ cells; however its expression was very low in all cells (Figure 5.3.7).

Maf has repeatedly been demonstrated to play an important role in II-1 0 expression in tumour associated macrophages (TAMs) (157), RAW264.7 macrophage cell line $(100,158,159)$ and in BMDMs $(155,157)$. Predominantly siRNAs targeting Maf have been employed in these cells, and in the case of BMDMs always after differentiation. In the MФP cell lines derived from $M a f^{f l / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/t}}$ and $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice however there is no difference in II-10 expression by qPCR after stimulation with LPS (Figure 5.3.7), and Maf expression peaks at 6 hr (Figure 5.3.6) after the peak of II-10 expression at 3 hr (Figure 5.3.7).

Furthermore many of these publications utilise the addition of IFN-y to increase potency of the response to LPS $(100,157,159)$. Inversely however it has been suggested that IFN- $\gamma$ reduces the induction of II-10 by TLR activation such as LPS (237). Whether this additional stimulant would affect the role of Maf and II-10 in the MФP cell lines is yet to be explored. Macrophage colony-stimulating factor (M-CSF) is required for the survival of these cells,
particularly the longer timepoints of 12 and 24 hr , and this could have acted as an additional stimuli effecting the production of cytokines. Finally using BMDMs derived from Maf ${ }^{f / f f} C_{x 3 c r 1}{ }^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and Maf ${ }^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice may be a more appropriate model to confirm cytokine release studies as they have been a heavily utilised previously.

### 5.4.3. RNA Sequencing of Naïve Peritoneal Tissue Resident Macrophages

Utilising both edgeR vs DESeq2 differential expression methods, the majority of genes discovered with an adjusted $p$-value of $<0.05$, were common between the two methods, however both edgeR and DESeq2 generated unique discoveries (Figure 5.3.14A). PCA analysis indicated male $M a f^{f l / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ and $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{f / / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{+/+}$to have less variance than the female counterparts (Figure 5.3.15), and the male Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mouse correlates closer with all three $M a f^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$mice (Figure 5.3.15).

Analysis of sex variations between the samples indicated few common genes which have an adjusted p -value of $<0.05$, with female mice generating 122 unique genes and male mice generating 68 (Figure 5.3.18A). However correlation and regression analysis of $\log _{2}$ fold change sex variations indicated moderate correlation with only Maf being both an outlier, based on Cook's distance, and high leverage/influence (Figure 5.3.18D). This suggest greater sample number would reduce background and increase statistical power in the comparison matrix $(238,239)$.

The low Maf FPKM values of 4.43-4.71 for peritoneal tissue resident macrophage in Maf ${ }^{f / f f} C_{x 3 c r 1}{ }^{+/+}$mice (Figure 5.3.9) may explain the small difference in $\Delta \mathrm{MFI}$ of Maf protein expression between Maf ${ }^{f|f|} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and $\mathrm{Maf}^{f|f|} \mathrm{Cx} \mid \mathrm{Crr} 1^{+/+}$mice (Figure 5.3.2). Furthermore this aligns with previous RNA-sequencing data obtained from ImmGen (http://rstats.immgen.org/Skyline/skyline.html), where murine peritoneal macrophages are indicated to be relatively low in Maf expression.

When including sex into the model for DESeq2 or edgeR, which have an adjusted $p$-value of $<0.05$, resulted in 97 shared gene discoveries, with edgeR generating 51 unique genes and DESeq2 generating 12 (Figure 5.3.21A).

Canonical pathway analysis with sex in the matrix highlighted several key macrophage pathways including phagosome formation. Multiple fatty acid signalling pathways were highlighted in canonical pathway analysis including eicosanoid, phospholipases and leukotriene pathways ( and Figure 5.3.23). Furthermore differential exon usage analysis
utilising DEXSeq highlighted differential exon usages, with a p-value cut off of $<0.05$ and $\pm 1$ log fold change, in sphingosine kinase gene SphK2 E11 was identified across both sexes (Figure 5.3.24), and additionally Sphk2 E10 (Figure 5.3.25) in female mice, however this could not be confirmed in male mice due to only sequencing a single pair of Maffiffl $C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ and $M a f^{f / f i} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$mice.

Leukotriene $\mathrm{C}_{4}$ synthase (Ltc4s) was identified in canonical pathway analysis as resulting in downregulation of the leukotriene biosynthesis in both DESeq2 () and edgeR (Figure 5.3.23). Leukotrienes are an important component of the immune response and have been demonstrated to be involved in inflammation and recruitment of other immune cells (240). Eicosanoids include prostaglandins and thromboxane, and prostaglandin E2 has been demonstrated to inhibit IL-10 production in regulatory T cells (Tr1) through cAMP signalling, also highlighted in DESeq2 differential gene expression canonical pathway analysis (), and inhibition of Maf expression (241). Investigation into lipidomic differences in these pathways and any downstream effects in the peritoneal cavity requires future work.

Whilst samples were collected at the same time circadian rhythm signalling pathways indicated differences due to $\log _{2}$ fold changes in Per2, Per3 and Creb5 ( and Figure 5.3.23). Differences in expression were confirmed by qPCR, however neither Per3 nor Creb5 were statistically significant (Figure 5.3.27).

Circadian rhythm signalling has previously been demonstrated to modulate $\approx 8 \%$ of the expressed genes peritoneal macrophages (242). Stimulation with LPS at different time points highlight circadian rhythms in TNF- $\alpha$ and IL- 6 secretion in in vitro culture, suggesting that macrophage-intrinsic circadian clock may govern cytokine release (242). Canonical clock genes such as Cry2 and Per3 were evident in both analyses when sex is included in the analysis matrix ( and Figure 5.3.23), meanwhile Per2, Nr1d1 and Nr1d2 (also known as Rev-Erb $\alpha$ and Rev-ErbB respectively) as well as the clock-controlled genes Dbp and Nfil3 were highlighted in edgeR differential gene analysis with adjusted p-value of $<0.05$ (Figure 5.3.23). The exact nature of the role of Maf in circadian rhythm has yet to be investigated and is an area for future study.

Upstream regulators from DESeq2 analysis identified II1Ora and Cited2 (Table 5.3.2A) with Gata6 and Csf1 also being identified as an upstream regulator in edgeR (Table 5.3.2B). As Maf has previously been identified in II-10 regulation and since Gata6-deficient peritoneal
tissue resident macrophages exhibited a 7.9 fold increase in Maf expression compared to wild type cells, this is consistent with previous data.

Validation of naïve RNA Sequencing was conducted in both male and female mice, to investigate if there were in fact sex specific difference as identified in RNA Sequencing analysis (Figure 5.3.22). qPCR indicated overall statistically significant difference by genotype when analysed by qPCR with both Maf and Lyve1 demonstrating significant expression differences between Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and Mafl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice (Figure 5.3.27A). Correlation of DESeq2 and edgeR $\log _{2}$ fold change against that from qPCR indicated strong correlation in naïve tissue resident macrophages, further confirming the qPCR validation (Figure 5.3.28).

Protein expression of some of the selected targets along with the addition of folate receptor 2 based on recent publications $(172,236)$ was confirmed by flow cytometry and indicated highly significant differences by genotype (Figure 5.3.29) for both LYVE1 and FOLR2.

In human tumour-associated macrophages, from multiple tumours, identified potential regulators of FOLR2 gene expression including MAF, additionally FOLR2 was found to correlate with MAF expression in breast carcinoma (236). Folr2 and Lyve1 have also been previously been identified as increased in gene expression in tissue resident peritoneal macrophages in Bhlhe40 knockout mice, where Maf expression is also increased (243). A recent publication in the same Maflffl mice in vasculature-associated adipose tissue macrophage (VAMs) resulted in loss of CD206 ${ }^{\text {high }} \mathrm{FOLR2}^{+}$macrophages in the large intestine in Mafflfl mice on multiple Cre lines including Lyve1 ${ }^{\text {Cre/+ }}$, LySM $^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and Csf1r ${ }^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ mice (172).

In summary, both qPCR and flow cytometry validation across selected targets confirmed the naïve peritoneal tissue resident macrophage RNA sequencing gene expression discoveries at genomic and protein level. Increasing sample number would increase power, and fully elucidate if there were sex difference in peritoneal tissue resident macrophages. Future work in investigating the role of Maf in circadian rhythms and lipidomic analysis between mice would further validate the differential gene expression analysis. The data suggests expression of Folr2 and Lyve1 are regulated by Maf expression, and utilisation of the previously generated overexpression vectors in Chapter 3 could confirm this in peritoneal tissue resident macrophages.

### 5.4.4. RNA Sequencing of Peritoneal Tissue Resident Macrophages

 and Inflammatory Recruited Macrophages during Zymosan-
## Induced Inflammation

Following treatment with zymosan for 48 hr two populations of $\mathrm{F} 4 / 80^{\mathrm{high}} \mathrm{Tim}^{+}$tissue resident macrophages and F4/80 ${ }^{\text {low }}$ Tim4 macrophages (Figure 5.3.30) were RNA sequenced. PCA analysis indicated clear variance of $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ and $\mathrm{Maf} f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx3cr} 1^{+/+}$ mice in tissue resident macrophages (Figure 5.3.31A), but less so in inflammatory macrophages (Figure 5.3.31B). When tissue resident and inflammatory macrophages were combined, those from Mafflfl $\mathrm{Cx}_{\mathrm{x}} \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice display higher variance than those from Mafflff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ mice (Figure 5.3.31C).

Comparison of $M a f^{f / / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{+/+}$and $\mathrm{Maf}^{f / f \mid} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ tissue resident macrophages generated very few gene discoveries, with an adjusted p-value of $<0.05$ with only 3 genes common between both edgeR vs DESeq2 differential expression methods. However both edgeR and DESeq2 generated unique discoveries (Figure 5.3.35A). Differential gene analysis utilising only Mafl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice expressing higher FPKM of Maf (>5) (Figure 5.3.9) could increase the genes discovered, however this would reduce the experimental power. Therefore increasing the sample number would increase statistical power and allow for additional analyses between high and low Maf expressing Mafl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice to Maf ${ }^{f / f / f} \operatorname{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ mice, possibly elucidating additional Maf associated differential genes.
edgeR and DESeq2 differential gene analysis of zymosan treated inflammatory macrophages identified both Maf and Lyve1 as being markedly changed (Figure 5.3.44A and Figure $5 \cdot 3.45 \mathrm{~A}$ ). There were 32 common genes which have an adjusted p -value of <0.05, in both DESeq2 and edgeR differentially expressed analysis (Figure 5.3.46A). Of those gene discoveries with an adjusted $p$-value of $<0.05$ and $a \pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change, 30 common genes remain between the two differential expression methods (Figure 5.3.46B). Canonical pathway analysis of DESeq2 identified complement signalling, sphinogine-1phosphate signalling (Figure 5.3 .47 ) whilst edgeR additionally indicated phospholipase C signalling and Ppara/Rxra activation (Figure 5.3.48). Ccl24 was identified as an important gene with a p-value of $<0.05$ in chemokine signalling and Ccr3 signalling in both analyses (Figure 5.3.47 and Figure 5.3.48). Several upstream regulators were identified from the DESeq2 analysis, peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor A (Ppara) and liver X
receptors (LXR $\alpha$ and LXR $\beta$ encoded by Nr1h3 and Nr1h2 genes) in addition to previously identified Gata6 and II-1Ora (Table 5.3.4).

Abca1 was identified in both analyses with a p-value of $<0.05$ ( and ) and is known to be an essential cholesterol transporter for LXR-mediated cholesterol efflux (244). LXRs have been demonstrated to inhibit inflammatory genes including IL-1b and IL-6 after stimulation with LPS (245). Furthermore both LXRs and PPARs have an important role in clearance of apoptotic cells by macrophages through Tyro3, Axl and Mer, and their ligands Gas6 and Protein S (246), with Gas6 being identified in DESeq2 analysis with a p-value of <0.05 (Figure 5.3.44). Additionally LXR activation includes retinoid acid receptor a (Rara) by direct binding and transactivation of the Rara promoter, highlighted as an upstream regulators in both analyses (Table 5.3.5 and Table 5.3.6), with both C1qb and C1qc identified in edgeR analysis (Figure 5.3.48).

Validation of the RNA sequence data from both tissue resident and inflammatory macrophage populations from zymosan induced mice was conducted by qPCR. When analysing a panel of 9 genes and overall statistically significant difference attributed to genotype was indicated between Maffl/fil $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and $M a f^{f / / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice (Figure 5.3.53). Correlation of DESeq2 and edgeR $\log _{2}$ fold change against that from qPCR indicated strong correlation in zymosan treated tissue resident macrophages and moderate-strong correlation in zymosan treated inflammatory macrophages, further confirming the qPCR validation (Figure 5.3.54). Whilst correlation of inflammatory DESeq2 and edgeR analyses demonstrated moderate-strong correlation, neither were deemed statistically significant, however additional sample number for validation could overcome this.

Flow cytometric validation indicated changed expression in CD38, FOLR2 in inflammatory macrophages, and VSIG4 in both populations (Figure 5.3.55). An alteration in MHCII expression on inflammatory macrophages between the two genotypes was consistent with previous findings in IL-10-/ mice (213). The consistent alteration in Folr2 and Lyve1 expression suggests Maf may directly regulates these targets across multiple macrophage populations, particularly when considering other studies in the literature.

### 5.4.5. Summary of Main Findings

In summary overall phenotyping of peritoneal tissue resident macrophages, together with analysis of macrophage proportions of peritoneal lavage indicated the constitutively expressed Cre and subsequent loss of Maf in Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ mice, resulted in no overt abnormalities in tissue resident macrophages generation or phenotype under naïve conditions between Mafl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and $\mathrm{Maf}^{f / / f \mid} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice.

RNA sequencing generated a number of differential gene discoveries, suggesting Maf may interact with the circadian rhythm signalling. Both qPCR and flow cytometric validation across selected targets confirmed the RNA sequence-based gene expression discoveries at genomic and protein level in tissue resident in naïve conditions. RNA sequencing also suggested possible sex variations, however increased sample number would increase power, and fully elucidate if there were sex difference in peritoneal tissue resident macrophages.

Following treatment with zymosan for 48 hr two populations of tissue resident macrophage and recruited inflammatory macrophages were RNA sequenced, suggesting the role of Maf in lipidomic mediated inflammatory response and apoptotic clearance through LXRs and PPARs, however this area requires further exploration. Zymosan treated peritoneal tissue resident macrophages displayed few differential gene discoveries whereas recruited inflammatory macrophages generated 10 -fold more differentially regulated genes.

The variable Maf expression in zymosan treated peritoneal tissue resident macrophages from $M a f^{f / f f l} \mathrm{Cx}_{3} \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice may indicate that earlier time points could be beneficial in elucidating the role of Maf in mild immune challenge in tissue resident macrophages, with additional samples from the tested time point increasing statistical power and possibly allowing for additional gene discoveries.

### 5.4.5.1. Hypothesis of Findings

It is hypothesised that loss of the transcription factor Maf has a more important role in the regulation of monocyte derived macrophage than in tissue resident macrophages in the peritoneal cavity and may have a more substantial role in the resolution of inflammation rather than in naïve conditions.

## Chapter 6

## General Discussion

### 6.1. Summary of Main Findings

### 6.1.1. Development of a System to Explore Tissue Resident Macrophages

The aim of this thesis was to determine the role of select transcription factors in tissue resident macrophages and their effect on the tissue resident phenotype. Therefore it was fundamental to establish a system in which these transcription factors could be investigated, and a reliable validation method for these targets.

Utilising GFP and rCD2 reporter Maf overexpression lentiviruses, successfully enforced Maf expression was validated by $q P C R$ in infected $M \varnothing \mathrm{Ps}$ and $B M D M s$ (Figure 3.3.4). Additionally protein expression was determined by flow cytometry, with two previously published MAF antibodies investigated (section 3.3.3). GFP reporter Maf overexpression lentivirus demonstrated a consistent statistically significant increase in Maf expression in infected M $\varnothing$ Ps, M-CSF differentiated M $\varnothing$ Ps and BMDMs, however only with the Thermo Fisher MAF antibody (section 3.3.3).

Additionally, determination of the nuclear localisation of MAF immunoreactivity by colocalization of with the DNA marker DAPI, demonstrated that the Thermo Fisher antibody was more specific to MAF compared with that of the BD Bioscience antibody (Figure 3.3.14). However the shRNA lentivirus which was developed prior to the thesis was shown to have no significant effect on Maf expression by qPCR or by flow cytometry in any of the infected $M \emptyset$ Ps, M-CSF differentiated $M \emptyset$ Ps and BMDMs cell types however this was not a concern due to alternatives for knockdown of Maf in M $\varnothing$ Ps and BMDMs could be generated from Maf knockout mice.

Whilst generation of overexpression lentivirus for Mlf1 were demonstrated by qPCR to be successful (Figure 3.3.5), as there was no commercial flow cytometry antibody available for protein validation of MLF1, this thesis ultimately concentrated on the role of Maf in tissue resident macrophages. This validation system was then employed for the study of Maf in knockout mice. Generation of $M a f^{f / / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ and $M a f^{f / / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{CreERT} /+}$ mice for this thesis through crossing of $M a f^{f / f l}$ mice with $C x 3 c r 1^{C r e}$ and $C x 3 c r 1^{C r e E R T}$ mice resulted in mice homozygous for the Maf floxed allele and heterozygous for either Cx3cr1 ${ }^{\mathrm{Cre}}$ or Cx3cr1 ${ }^{\text {CreERT }}$ or control mice with wildtype Maf and Cx3cr1 expression in Maffl/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$ mice.

MФPs were generated from both male and female Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ and $M a f^{f / / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$ mice, as alternatives to the shRNA lentivirus tested in Chapter 3. Both qPCR (Figure 5.3.6) and flow cytometry (Figure 5.3.5) determined statistically significant reduction of Maf expression at a genomic and protein level respectively. Therefore these cell lines could be utilised for in vitro assays such as for treatment with E. Coli LPS time course experiments (Figure 5.3.6 and Figure 5.3.7).

Pilot experiments to determine the efficacy of tamoxifen on knockdown of Maf in microglia from Maff/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {CreERT/+ }}$ mice, either through intraperitoneal injection in corn oil (Figure 4.3.1) or tamoxifen-sucrose chow (Figure 4.3.2) were evaluated by flow cytometry. qPCR validation of Maf in Mafflfl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{CreERT} /+}$ microglia following three intraperitoneal injection of $200 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ tamoxifen demonstrated statistically significant reduction in Maf expression when compared to those in Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice ().

In the constitutive knockout context, protein expression of MAF was reduced in microglia from $M a f^{f l / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/ }+}$ mice when compared to $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice (Figure 4.3.4). qPCR validation of Maf in Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{C r e /+}$ demonstrated statistically significant reduction in Maf expression when compared to $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice (Figure 4.3.6). Inducible knockout of Maf in microglia was analysed by qPCR from Mafflffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{CreERT} /+}$ mice following treatment with tamoxifen (), which indicated some residual Maf expression, compared to the complete loss in $M a f^{f / / f l} \mathrm{C} X 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ mice (Figure 4.3.6), when compared to Maf ${ }^{f / f f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice. Therefore all further work in this thesis focused on $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ mice rather than in Maff/ff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{CreERT} /+}$ mice, removing any possible side effects of tamoxifen and allowing both microglia and peritoneal tissue resident macrophages to be studied in the same animal, reducing the number of animals required for this thesis.

In Maf ${ }^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ mice protein expression of MAF in peritoneal tissues resident macrophages displayed significant reduction between $M a f^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx}_{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$and Mafflff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ mice (Figure 5.3.2). It is important to note that the MAF antibody, which was validated in Chapter 3 of this thesis, may at least be only partially specific, or specific but with high background which is not controlled for by the isotype control. This conclusion is supported by the correspondence of Maf $\triangle M F I$ with qPCR validation in constitutive Maf ${ }^{f / f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ mice when compared to $\mathrm{Ma} f^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice.

In summary, this thesis resulted in the generation of validated full length Maf overexpression constructs in two reporter lentiviral vectors which can be further utilised for the study of the role of Maf in cells in vitro or in vivo instead of current truncated Maf
sequences (100,157-159). Additionally generation of validated MDP cell lines from Maf $f^{f / f /} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ and $\mathrm{Maf} f^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice which provide a constitutive knockout of Maf compared to the current siRNAs utilised (155-157).

More importantly this thesis has generated and validated conditional and constitutive Maf knockout mice lines for the study of the role of Maf in myeloid cells in vivo rather than the more common in vitro work with cells lines such as RAW264.7 cells $(100,158,159)$ or ex vivo bone marrow derived cells infected with siRNAs $(155,157)$.

### 6.1.2. Modified Phenotype in Mafil/fl $\mathrm{C} \times 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/t}}$ and Mafli/f $\mathrm{C} 33 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$ Mice

Utilising the Maf ${ }^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{C r e /+}$ and Mafliffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice generated in this thesis, the role of Maf on tissue resident macrophage phenotype, or any effects on generation or retention of these cells, could be investigated. Gross phenotyping of microglia indicated common myeloid markers displayed little change except for PU. 1 (Figure 4.3.5) and indicated no overt abnormalities or phenotype under naïve conditions between $\mathrm{Maf} f^{f / f /} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ and Mafflff $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$mice by flow cytometry. Whilst absolute number of microglia determined by flow cytometry (Figure 4.3.4) indicated no statistically significant differences, this does not consider the in situ 3D structure of the brain or any possible effects on total cell number obtained through tissue dissociation and cell isolation.

Immunofluorescent microscopy of coronal brain slices indicated a statistically significant increase in microglia number in $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ mice (Figure 4.3.8E), and consequently a reduction in distance between microglia across multiple regions of the brain, when compared to Mafflfl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice (Figure 4.3.8G). With no apparent differences in area of coverage (Figure 4.3.8F), alluding to $M a f^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ microglia having altered ramifications, which would require further investigation through 3D morphological analysis. As the C3 area of the hippocampus demonstrated statistical significance, increased study of additional hippocampal regions along with increased sample number could further elucidate these results.

The reduction in proportion and absolute number of $\mathrm{MHClI}^{-} \mathrm{CD} 206^{\text {high }} \mathrm{BAMs}$ was statistically significant, as was the increase in the proportion of $\mathrm{MHCl}^{+}$CD206 ${ }^{\text {low }} \mathrm{BAM}$ population (Figure 4.3.7D). However absolute number of cells in BAM populations indicated only MHCII- CD206 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ BAMs to be statistically significant (Figure 4.3.7E), whilst
$\mathrm{MHClI}^{+}$CD206 ${ }^{\text {low }} \mathrm{BAM}$ population was not significant, possibly due to low sample number. This loss of the $\mathrm{MHCII}{ }^{+}$CD206 ${ }^{\text {low }}$ BAM population is concurrent with recent literature (172). In peritoneal tissue resident macrophages, defined as CD11b high, F4/80 high and Tim4 ${ }^{+}$, under steady state naïve conditions there were no significant differences in percentage of CD11 ${ }^{\text {high }}, \mathrm{F} 4 / 80^{\text {high }}$ and Tim $-4^{+}$tissue resident macrophages in peritoneal cavity lavage (Figure 5.3.1B). Whilst absolute number suggested an increase in total number of peritoneal tissue resident macrophages in Mafl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ mice when compared to Mafilfl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice, this was not statistically significant (Figure 5.3.1C).

To investigate gross phenotypic differences of peritoneal tissue resident macrophages in Mafflff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ and Mafflfl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice, common myeloid markers were studied using flow cytometry (Figure 5.3.3). Among the 16 myeloid markers only CX3CR1 displayed any clear differences in protein expression, with $M a f^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx}^{2} \mathrm{CrI}^{+/+}$exhibiting higher expression than in $M a f^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ mice (Figure 5.3.3). This is expected due to the genotype of the mice.

In summary, the role of Maf in these two tissue resident macrophage populations, microglia and peritoneal CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }}$, F4/80 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ and Tim4 ${ }^{+}$macrophages, indicated Maf resulted in different phenotypic control. Compared to Maff/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice, Maff/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ mice exhibited a mild microgliosis under naïve conditions and a loss of the $\mathrm{MHClI}^{+}$CD206 ${ }^{\text {low }} \mathrm{BAM}$ population. In contrast, peritoneal tissue resident macrophages showed no significant changes in overall phenotype or cell number under naïve conditions between Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ and $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{f l / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice.

### 6.1.3. Does Maf-deficiency have a Significant Impact on Tissue

 Resident Macrophage Transcriptome6.1.3.1. RNA Sequencing of Naïve Microglia in Maff/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ and Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$Mice

RNA sequencing of $M a f^{f / / f l} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$and $M a f^{f / f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ microglia resulted in almost 2,000 differential gene expression discoveries by both DESeq2 and edgeR, with 1,581 common genes with an adjusted $p$-value of $<0.05$, and 770 of these common genes with $a \pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change between the two differential expression methods (Figure 4.3.18).

Overall a considerable number of key immune related genes were evident within both DESeq2 and edgeR datasets, with significant changes in chemokines, chemokine receptors, cytokines, the complement system, pattern recognition receptors and MHC expression, along with several upstream regulators indicating a proinflammatory polarisation of microglia in Maffl/fl $C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ mice when compared to $M a f^{f l / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice under steady state conditions.

Canonical pathway analysis in IPA highlighted IL-12 signalling and production pathway, with IL-10 signalling pathway additionally identified in the DESeq2 analysis (), however neither indicates a significant $Z$ score (defined as $\pm 2$ by IPA). Il1Ora was also identified as an upstream regulator and was significantly reduced in both DESeq2 and edgeR analysis with a Z-score of -6.823 and -6.605 respectively and a p-value of overlap of 4.71E-23 and 6.26E-25 respectively (Figure 4.3.14 and Figure 4.3.17).

Therefore the statistically significant changes in II-10 and its receptor subunits (II1Ora and II10rb), and likewise IL-12 receptor subunits (II12rb1 and II12rb2), align with the literature regarding the role of Maf a potent activator of interleukin-10 (II-10) gene expression in macrophages, and suppression of II-12 gene transcription (105) in in vitro and ex vivo studies. Whilst the effect of loss of II-10 has been demonstrated to result in this more proinflammatory transcriptome previously (247), it has not been demonstrated to be due to the loss of Maf in microglia in vivo.

Whilst it is recognised that enzymatic isolation of microglia can result in a pseudo ex vivo activation signature. As the differential gene discovery analysis is relative between the Maf ${ }^{f / f \mid} C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ and $M a f^{f / f / f l} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$phenotypes, it indicates that loss of Maf expression in microglia results, at a minimum, in a more reactive transcriptome or at most a
prolonged proinflammatory primed transcriptome under naïve conditions, potentially through the loss of II-10 due to Maf as its predominant activator. Additionally the loss of II-10 expression, and an overall more proinflammatory primed transcriptome indicates further study is required to determine the role of Maf in neuroinflammation.

### 6.1.3.2. RNA Sequencing of Naïve Peritoneal Tissue Resident Macrophages in Mafflfl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and Mafilfl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$Mice

Meanwhile, study of naïve peritoneal tissue resident macrophages by RNA sequencing possibly indicated sex variations between the samples with few common genes which have an adjusted $p$-value of $<0.05$, with female mice generating 122 unique genes and male mice generating 68 (Figure 5.3.18A). When including sex into the model for DESeq2 or edgeR, which have an adjusted $p$-value of $<0.05$, resulted in 97 shared gene discoveries, with edgeR generating 51 unique genes and DESeq2 generating 12 (Figure 5.3.21A). Of those common differential genes 16 had a $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change, with edgeR generating 20 distinct genes and DESeq2 9 (Figure 5.3.21B). Increasing sample number would increase power, and fully elucidate if there were sex difference in peritoneal tissue resident macrophages. Additionally the increased power may prove useful in generating more differential gene discoveries in naïve peritoneal tissue resident macrophages and would at a minimum reduce biological "noise" in the RNA sequencing.

Canonical pathway analysis with sex in the matrix highlighted several key macrophage pathways including multiple fatty acid signalling pathways including eicosanoid, phospholipases and leukotriene pathways ( and Figure 5.3.23). Investigation into lipidomic differences in these pathways and any downstream effects in the peritoneal cavity requires future work.

Of interest, whilst samples were collected at the same time of day, circadian rhythm signalling pathways indicated differences. Canonical clock genes such as Cry2 and Per3 were evident in both analyses when sex is included in the analysis matrix (and Figure 5.3.23), meanwhile Per2, Nr1d1 and Nr1d2 (also known as Rev-Erba and Rev-Erb6 respectively) as well as the clock-controlled genes $D b p$ and $N f i l 3$ were highlighted in edgeR differential gene analysis (Figure 5.3.23). The exact nature of the role of Maf in circadian rhythm has yet to be investigated and is an area for future study.

Validation of naïve RNA Sequencing by qPCR indicated overall statistically significant difference by genotype when analysed 3-way ANOVA, with both Maf and Lyve1
demonstrating significant expression differences between $M a f^{f / f / f} C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and Maf ${ }^{f / f / f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice (Figure 5.3.27A). Correlation of DESeq2 and edgeR $\log _{2}$ fold change against qPCR fold change indicated strong correlation coefficient of 0.9409275 and 0.9336324 respectively (Figure 5.3.28) in naïve tissue resident macrophages, further confirming the qPCR validation (Figure 5.3.28).

Unlike in naïve microglia, in naïve peritoneal tissue resident macrophages did not display the same proinflammatory transcriptome. However a number of interesting potential future investigations have been unveiled, with Maf-deficiency highlighting interaction with several lipidomic pathways and clock genes. Maf has repeatedly been demonstrated to be tissue and cell specific, with differences in Maf-deficiency in microglia and naïve tissue resident macrophages transcriptome corresponding with this.

### 6.1.3.3. RNA Sequencing of Peritoneal Tissue Resident Macrophages and <br> Inflammatory Recruited Macrophages during Zymosan-Induced Inflammation in Mafl|fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ and $\mathrm{Maff}^{f l / f l} \mathrm{C} \times 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$Mice

As Maf has previously been suggested to control the phenotypic switch of macrophages due being an activator of $I I-10$, and suppression of $I I-12$ gene transcription, to try and elucidate what role Maf played in mild inflammation of the peritoneal cavity. Following intraperitoneal injection with zymosan for 48 hr two populations of CD11b ${ }^{\text {high }}, \mathrm{F} 4 / 80^{\text {high }}$, Tim4 ${ }^{+}$tissue resident macrophages and recruited inflammatory, predominantly monocyte-derived, CD11 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ F4/80 ${ }^{\text {low }}$ Tim4 macrophages (Figure 5.3 .30 ) were analysed by RNA sequencing. Comparison of $M a f^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$and $M a f^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ tissue resident macrophages generated very few gene discoveries, with an adjusted p-value of $<0.05$ with only 3 genes common between both edgeR vs DESeq2 differential expression methods.

Maf expression in control $M a f^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$mice tissue resident macrophages were variable and differential gene analysis utilising only those Mafflfl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice expressing higher FPKM of Maf (>5 FPKM) (Figure 5.3.9) could increase the differential genes discovered, however this would reduce the overall experimental power. Therefore increasing the sample number would increase statistical power and allow for additional analyses between "high" and "low" Maf expressing Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{+/+}$mice as determined by FPKM to Mafliff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ mice, possibly elucidating additional Maf associated differential genes. Maf expression has previously been demonstrated to change in mouse colon macrophages treated with either a dextran sodium sulphate-induced colitis or acetic acid-
induced colitis mucosal inflammation model (159). The variable Maf expression in zymosan treated tissue resident macrophages may indicate that Maf expression changes during response to inflammatory stimuli in the peritoneal cavity, and therefore earlier time points could prove of more interest to investigate the role of $M a f$ in the response to inflammation in peritoneal tissue resident macrophages.
edgeR and DESeq2 differential gene analysis of zymosan recruited inflammatory macrophages identified 32 common genes which have an adjusted p-value of $<0.05$, in both DESeq2 and edgeR differentially expressed analysis (Figure 5.3.46A). Of those gene discoveries with an adjusted p -value of $<0.05$ and $\pm 1 \log _{2}$ fold change, 30 common genes remain between the two differential expression methods (Figure 5.3.46B).

Validation of the RNA sequence data from both tissue resident and inflammatory macrophage populations from zymosan induced mice was conducted by qPCR. When analysing a panel of 9 genes and overall statistically significant difference attributed to genotype was indicated between $M a f^{f l / f l} C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ and $M a f^{f l / f l} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$mice ().

Correlation of DESeq2 and edgeR $\log _{2}$ fold change against that from qPCR indicated strong correlation in zymosan treated tissue resident macrophages and moderate-strong correlation in zymosan treated inflammatory macrophages, further confirming the qPCR validation (Figure 5.3.54). Whilst correlation of inflammatory DESeq2 and edgeR analyses demonstrated moderate-strong correlation, neither were deemed statistically significant, however additional sample number for validation could overcome this.

Interestingly, under mild immune challenge with zymosan, peritoneal tissue resident macrophages and recruited inflammatory macrophages demonstrate very different transcriptomic changes between $M a f^{f l / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{C r e /+}$ and $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr} 1^{+/+}$mice. With tissue resident macrophages displaying little to no difference in transcriptome, whereas recruited inflammatory macrophages generated 10 -fold more differentially regulated genes. This is suggestive of Maf having a more important role in regulation of monocyte derived macrophage transcriptome than in tissue resident macrophages in the peritoneal cavity.

However the number of differentially expressed genes between $M a f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ and Mafflffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice is still very low in both macrophage populations for what is believed to be a master regulator. This could be partially due to zymosan eliciting an acute selfresolving inflammatory model, and whether a more chronic inflammatory model such as
thioglycolate-induced peritonitis would be beneficial requires further investigation. Additionally utilisation of thioglycolate-induced peritonitis, which has been demonstrated to be slower to resolve than that of zymosan-induced (248), and recruit many monocytederived inflammatory macrophages may allow capture of kinetics of activation, resolution of inflammation and repopulation of tissue resident macrophages in $M a f^{f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {Cre/t }}$ and Maffl/fl $\mathrm{Cx}_{3} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice, which has yet to be investigated.

### 6.2. Maf Regulates Alternatively Activated Macrophage Phenotype

Whilst RNA sequencing of naive microglia, peritoneal tissue resident macrophages under steady state naïve conditions and following zymosan-induced inflammation indicated difference in transcriptome, it became apparent that a number of the differential gene discoveries were common between analyses of these macrophage populations, suggestive of Maf specific regulation across multiple macrophage populations.

These include Folr2, encodes for folate receptor beta, a member of a family of reduced folate and folic acid receptors that also include folate receptor alpha, gamma and delta. Folate receptor beta has been suggested to be restricted to myeloid cells, and a marker for alternative anti-inflammatory activation of tissue resident and tumour associated macrophages $(236,249)$. It has previously been suggested that potential regulators of Folr2 could include Spi1 (which encodes PU.1), Maf and Nr1h3 (which encodes LXRa) in human tumour associated macrophages (TAMs) (236). Upstream regulator analysis of zymosan-recruited peritoneal inflammatory macrophages identified liver X receptors (LXR $\alpha$ and LXRß encoded by Nr1h3 and Nr1h2 genes) in the DESeq2 analysis (Table 5.3.4). Lyve1 was also identified across multiple RNA sequencing analyses in Maflffl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/t}}$ and Maf ${ }^{f / f / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice macrophage populations. Lyve1 (Lymphatic vessel endothelial hyaluronan receptor 1) has been demonstrated to be expressed on arterial resident macrophages, and binds hyaluronan expressed by smooth muscle, which has been demonstrated to sustain large blood vessel functional homeostasis through modulating collagen (250). LYVE1 ${ }^{+}$tissue resident macrophage populations have also been demonstrated to exist in multiple tissues including the heart (251), lung (252), skeletal (253), mammary gland (254), adipose tissue (172) and the eye (255).

Lyve1 expressing adipose tissue resident macrophage have been indicated to be distinguishable from other macrophages due to their expression of ATP-binding cassette transporter G1 (Abca1) and the lack of Nr1h3 expression (256). In zymosan-recruited inflammatory peritoneal macrophages both Lyve1 and Folr2 were identified in edgeR analysis with an adjusted $p$-value $<0.05$ and with $\log _{2}$ fold change of -5.459643 and -3.314444 respectively (). Abca1 was also differentially expressed in these cells between $M a f^{f / / f l} C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ and $M a f^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$mice, with an adjusted p-value of $<0.05$ and a $\log _{2}$ fold change of -1.167818 and -1.183922 in DESeq 2 and edgeR analyses respectively
( and ). Abca1 was also identified in peritoneal tissue resident macrophages treated with zymosan in the DESeq2 analysis, with a
$-0.561707 \log _{2}$ fold change (Figure 5.3.33). However neither Lyve1 nor Folr2 were identified in peritoneal tissue resident macrophages following zymosan induced inflammation by RNA sequencing and this was confirmed by flow cytometric validation (Figure 5.3.29).

Whilst Folr2 is not identified in naïve peritoneal tissue resident macrophage RNA sequencing as being significantly different between Maf expressing and deficient cells, Lyve1 was identified with an adjust p-value $<0.05$ and a $-3.2438146 \log _{2}$ fold change between the two genotypes (Figure 5.3.20). However when validating protein expression of LYVE1 on naïve peritoneal tissue resident macrophages, FOLR2 was also investigated and displayed statistically significant reduction (Figure 5.3.29).

Lyve1 and Folr2 were also identified in both edgeR and DESeq2 analyses of naïve microglia RNA sequencing (Figure 4.3.15 and Figure 4.3.12). However this may be evident of $\mathrm{MHClI}^{-}$ CD206 ${ }^{\text {high }}$ BAM population contamination in the microglia RNA sequencing, as LYVE1 and FOLR2 have been demonstrated to be expressed by $\mathrm{MHCII}^{-}$CD206 ${ }^{\text {high }} \mathrm{BAMs}$ and not $\mathrm{MHClI}^{+}$ CD206 ${ }^{\text {low }}$ BAMs nor microglia (172). Additionally LYVE1 and FOLR2 protein expression has been utilised as differential expression markers for distinguishing microglia from BAMs $(189,257)$. In BAMs and vascular-associated intestinal adipose tissue resident macrophages it has been indicated LYVE1 and FOLR2 protein expression is lost in Mafdeficient mice (172). This contamination could be overcome with employing single cell sequencing instead of bulk RNA, however this would result in reduced sequencing depth, or additional staining when employing FACS to better separate the microglial and BAM populations (Figure 4.3.7B).

The recent advancement in binary transgenic split Cre system in mice (258), has further demonstrated the BAM specificity of Lyve1 expression, as utilised to generate Lyve $1^{\text {ncre }} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\text {cCre }}$ animals exclusively targeting BAMs and not microglia, and likewise Sall1 $1^{n c r e} C x 3 c r 1^{\text {cre }}$ mice specifically targeting microglia (258). Crossing of the Mafflfl mice onto these split Cre lines would allow investigation of what role Maf has in either BAMs or microglial independently of each other.

Hyaluronan receptor-like molecule stabilin-1 (encoded by Stab1), is a close relative of the hyaluronan receptor CD44 (259). Stab1 has been shown to be induced in macrophages upon alternative activation (260), and Stabilin-1 expression on tumour associated macrophages has been demonstrated to positively correlate with LYVE-1 expression (261).

Stabilin-1 has been demonstrated to act as a phagocytic receptor on alternatively activated macrophages, mediating the clearance of apoptotic cells dependent on phosphatidylserine (262).

Liver sinusoidal endothelial cells are well-established to express Lyve1 and Stab1 (263), with Maf being identified as a regulator of their expression (260). Stab1 was identified in naïve peritoneal tissue resident macrophages with a p-value $<0.05$, and a $\log _{2}$ fold change of -0.9508501 and -0.9642315 in edgeR and DESeq2 analysis respectively. Likewise in zymosan recruited inflammatory macrophages Stab1 had a p-value of $<0.05$ and was reduced in both edgeR and DESeq2 analyses with a $\log _{2}$ fold change of -1.666519 and 1.652378 respectively.

MHCII expression has been inversely associated with that of LYVE1 on macrophages ( $252,253,264$ ), which is concurrent with changes in MHCII expression through flow cytometric validation of zymosan-recruited inflammatory macrophages between


As previously discussed (in section 5.4.3), Folr2 and Lyve1 have also been previously been identified to increase in gene expression in tissue resident peritoneal macrophages in Bhlhe40 knockout mice, where Maf expression is increased (243). Additionally Stab1 and Cd163 were highlighted in this study to also be increased, suggesting their transcriptional regulation by Maf (243).

As well as classically activated macrophages, alternatively activated macrophages have been demonstrated to be generated through stimulus with IL-10/M-CSF or a combination of with interleukin-4 and interleukin-13 (IL-4/IL-13) (265). Lyve1, Folr2, Stab1, and Abca1 expression in macrophages corresponds to a group of genes identified to be associated with IL-10/M-CSF associated alternative activation pathway of macrophages (236,252,266-269). With the M-CSF encoding gene (Csf1) was identified as an upstream regulator in edgeR analysis of naïve peritoneal tissue resident macrophages (Table 5.3.2).

These alternative activated macrophages have been reported to express an immature phenotype associated with expression of a number of genes including Cd163 (270). Cd163 was identified to be reduced in the microglia RNA sequencing between $M a f f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre/+}}$ and $M a f f^{f / f f} C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$mice, in both edgeR and DESeq2 analyses, with an adjusted $p$-value of $<0.05$ and with a $\log _{2}$ fold change of -2.824617 and -2.8318043 respectively ( and ). Additionally Cd163 had an adjusted p-value of $<0.05$ with a $-0.8843006 \log _{2}$ fold change in
edgeR analysis of naïve peritoneal tissue resident macrophages. CD163 expression has previously been correlated with MAF expression on alternatively activated human macrophages in non-small-cell lung cancer (271) and utilised combination staining in Crohn's disease (272) and in Hodgkin Lymphoma (273).

In summary several genes associated with IL-10/M-CSF alternative activation pathway of macrophages, have been demonstrated to be downregulated in Mafl/ff $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ mice when compared to $M a f^{|/ / f|} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice, across multiple macrophage populations. Therefore it would be of interest to investigate how Maf-deficiency effects tissue resident macrophage and monocyte-derived inflammatory macrophages respond in an alternative activation of macrophages model, such as intraperitoneal injection IL-4/IL-13, or utilising a helminth model, which have been previously demonstrated to result in alternative macrophage activation (274).

### 6.3. Conclusion

Ultimately this thesis has resulted in the generation of several cell lines, Maf overexpression constructs for the study of the role of Maf and the creation of a conditional and constitutive cell-restricted Maf knockout mouse lines for the study of the role of Maf in myeloid cells.

The role of Maf was investigated in two tissue resident macrophage populations: microglia and peritoneal CD11 ${ }^{\text {high }}, \mathrm{F} 4 / 80^{\text {high }}$ and Tim4 ${ }^{+}$macrophages. Overall indicating Maf played different phenotypic control of these populations, with evidence of microgliosis in Maf $f^{f / f \mid} C x 3 c r 1^{\text {Cre/+ }}$ under naïve conditions when compared to Maflf/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice and loss of the $\mathrm{MHClI}^{+}$CD206 ${ }^{\text {low }}$ BAM population. In contrast, no significant changes in overall phenotype or peritoneal tissue resident macrophages generation under naïve conditions between Mafflfl $C x 3 c r 1^{C r e /+}$ and Mafflfl $C x 3 c r 1^{+/+}$mice.

Transcriptomic analysis of $M a f^{f / / f l} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ and $\mathrm{Maf}{ }^{f / / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{Cr1} 1^{+/+}$mice indicated that loss of Maf expression in microglia resulted in a more reactive proinflammatory primed transcriptome under naïve conditions, potentially through the loss of $I I-10$, due to the role of Maf as its predominant activator. Unlike naïve microglia, naïve peritoneal tissue resident macrophages did not display the same proinflammatory transcriptome. However a number of possible future investigations have been disclosed, with Maf-deficiency highlighting interaction with several lipidomic pathways and clock genes. In zymosaninduced peritonitis Maf was suggested to play a more important role in regulation of monocyte derived macrophage transcriptome than that of tissue resident macrophages in the peritoneal cavity

However across multiple transcriptomic analyses several genes associated with an IL-10/M-CSF alternative activation pathway of macrophages have been demonstrated to be downregulated in Maf $f^{f / f f} \mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{\mathrm{Cre} /+}$ mice, when compared to Mafl/fl $\mathrm{Cx} 3 \mathrm{cr} 1^{+/+}$mice. Therefore whilst the role of Maf in control tissue resident macrophage generation, and transcriptome has been demonstrated to be tissue and cell specific, there appears to be an overarching phenotype change through the loss of alternatively activated macrophage phenotype.

### 6.4. References

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### 6.5. Appendixes

## Appendix I

start
Xhol
CTCGAGCCACCATGGCCTCAGAACTCGCCATGAACAATAGCGATtTGCCCACCTCTCCTCTGGCCATGGAGTACGTCAACGACTTTGACCTGATGAAGTTCGAAA
 GAGCTCGGTGGTACCGGAGTCTTGAGCGGTACTTGTTATCGCTAAACGGGTGGAGAGGAGACCGGTACCTCATGCAGTTGCTGAAACTGGACTACTTCAAGCTTC

tgangabagagccggtagagacagatcggatcatcagtcagtgtgggcgecttattgcggacggatcccitgagcagcactccgatgtcanccccttgctccagce ACTTCTTTCTCGGCCATCTCTGTCTAGCCTAGTAGTCAGTCACACCCGCCGAATAACGCCCGCCCAGGGACTCGTCGTGAGGCTACAGTTGGGGAACGAGGTCGC


TTCCACCCAGTCCTTCTTTCTCAGCCCCAAGCCCTGGGTCTGGCAGCGAGCAGAa


accctgangccctcggcttttctcccgangatgccetcgangcgctgatctccaactcacaccagitgcagggaggatttgatgggtatgccagaggcgccleage тGGGACTTCGGGAGC




cggcacabagtgggectgcaccacactatcaccatcaccaccatcatgctgccgggcatcaccatcatcccactgccgacgcccctggagcagctgoagggacaa
 GCCGTGTTTCACCCCGACGTGGTGTGATAGTGGTAGTGGTGGTAGTACGACGGCCCGTAGTGGTAGTAGGGTGACGGCCGCGGGGACCTCETCGACCTCCCCETT

gtgcctcagccagtgetgctggcgetgctggcggaggagbcccagcttctgcagecggaggtgetggcggtgatggaggcggagggacagccggcgctggtbet


ctcttcacccacaccatgcagccggcgectccacttcgacgacaggttctccobacgaacagctggttacaatgtctgtgagggagctgaatcgccagctgagge
 GAGAAGTGGGTGTGGTACGTCGGCCGCCGGAGGTGAAGCTGCTGTCCAAGAGGCTGCTTGTCGACCAATGTTACAGACACTCCCTCGACTTAGCGGTCGACTCCC

gcgtgagcabggabgaggtgattcgcctgabgcagabgagacgtacgcttabgaacagggatatgcacagagttgccgetttabacgcotccaacagcgicatg
 CGCACTCGTTCCTTCTCCACTAAGCGGACTTCGTCTTCTCTGCATGCBAATTCTTGTCCCCTATACGTGTCTCAACGGCCAAATTCGCBCAGGTTGTCGCAGTAC


 AGGACCTTAGGCTCTTCTTAGTCGACGACGTCGTTCACCTGGTGGAGTTTGTCCTCTAGAGGTCTGACCACGCTCTCTCTCTGCGGATGTTTCTCTTTATGCTCT




Appendix la Codon Optimised Maf sequence utilised for Maf Overexpression Cloning


```
MASELAMNNSDLPTSPLANEYVNDFDLMKFEVKKEPVETDRIISQCGRLIAGGSISSTPMSTPCSSVPPSPSFSAPSPGS
MASELAMNNSDLPTSPLAMEYVNDFDLMKFEVKKEPVETDRIISQCGRLIAGGSLSSTPMSTPCSSVPPSPSFSAPSPGS
1 MASELAMNNSDLPTSPLAMEYVNDFDLMKFEVKKEPVETDRIISQCGRLIAGGSLSSTPMSTPCSSVPPSPSFSAPSPGS SO
1!
```




|  | Condan Optimised Maf |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 330\| | 340] | 350 | 360\| | 3701 |
| 321 | LQQVDHLKQEISRLVRERDAYKEKYEKLVSNGFRENGSSSDNPSSPEFFM |  |  |  |  |
|  | LQQVDHLKQEISRLVRERDAYKEKYEKLVSNGFRENGSSSDNPSSPEFFM |  |  |  |  |
| 321 | LQQVDHLKQE | RDA | VS | SS | FM |
|  | 3301 | 340 | 350 | $360 \mid$ | 370 |
|  | Mat [Mus musculus] NCBI Reference Sequence |  |  |  |  |

Appendix Ib Alignment of Maf Codon Optimised protein sequence with NCBI Reference Sequence for Maf in Mus musculus

Appendix II

| Ensembl Gene ID | External Gene Name | $\log _{2}$ Fold Change | Adjusted P-Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000022311 | Csmd3 | -5.741278 | 1e-314 |
| ENSMUSG00000015852 | Fcrls | -3.357179 | $1.74 \mathrm{E}-271$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022150 | Dab2 | -3.219142 | $1.80 \mathrm{E}-231$ |
| ENSMUSG00000042286 | Stab1 | -2.519946 | 5.39E-181 |
| ENSMUSG00000026712 | Mrc1 | -2.550286 | 5.51E-159 |
| ENSMUSG00000026303 | Mlph | -4.553465 | 2.50E-157 |
| ENSMUSG00000031451 | Gas6 | -2.603117 | $1.80 \mathrm{E}-110$ |
| ENSMUSG00000052336 | Cx3cr1 | -1.329301 | 2.62E-109 |
| ENSMUSG00000069833 | Ahnak | -2.177321 | 7.20E-101 |
| ENSMUSG00000020181 | Nav3 | -5.35778 | 1.95E-93 |
| ENSMUSG00000020695 | Mrc2 | -2.572845 | $2.70 \mathrm{E}-88$ |
| ENSMUSG00000027435 | Cd93 | -2.866712 | 3.07E-87 |
| ENSMUSG00000024371 | C2 | 3.0339156 | 6.93E-80 |
| ENSMUSG00000046245 | Pilra | 2.485957 | $8.41 \mathrm{E}-80$ |
| ENSMUSG00000000318 | Clec10a | -4.772919 | 6.75E-68 |
| ENSMUSG00000002602 | AxI | 1.5942372 | 3.73E-67 |
| ENSMUSG00000039899 | Fgl2 | 1.859097 | $2.38 \mathrm{E}-65$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022957 | Itsn1 | -1.866185 | 8.28E-62 |
| ENSMUSG00000049538 | Adamts16 | -3.546448 | 2.08E-61 |
| ENSMUSG00000028362 | Tnfsf8 | 2.9106575 | $1.62 \mathrm{E}-60$ |
| ENSMUSG00000049313 | Sorl1 | 1.1824917 | $2.60 \mathrm{E}-57$ |
| ENSMUSG00000009292 | Trpm2 | 1.3860737 | $2.93 \mathrm{E}-57$ |
| ENSMUSG00000064351 | mt-Co1 | -1.035002 | $4.36 \mathrm{E}-57$ |
| ENSMUSG00000034656 | Cacna1a | -1.326218 | $1.82 \mathrm{E}-56$ |
| ENSMUSG00000028214 | Gem | -2.087538 | 1.82E-56 |
| ENSMUSG00000003418 | St8sia6 | 1.3843657 | 9.23E-55 |
| ENSMUSG00000027200 | Sema6d | -3.356184 | $2.70 \mathrm{E}-54$ |
| ENSMUSG00000015568 | Lpl | -1.752523 | 6.58E-53 |
| ENSMUSG00000004707 | Ly9 | 1.5523714 | $6.24 \mathrm{E}-51$ |
| ENSMUSG00000073411 | H2-D1 | 1.1625184 | $1.35 \mathrm{E}-48$ |
| ENSMUSG00000061232 | H2-K1 | 1.1152492 | $5.46 \mathrm{E}-48$ |
| ENSMUSG00000033278 | Ptprm | -1.788299 | $1.89 \mathrm{E}-47$ |
| ENSMUSG00000074305 | Peak1 | -1.533915 | $2.44 \mathrm{E}-47$ |
| ENSMUSG00000062960 | Kdr | 2.0713291 | $3.00 \mathrm{E}-47$ |
| ENSMUSG00000027358 | Bmp2 | -3.564775 | 3.36E-47 |
| ENSMUSG00000040229 | Gpr34 | -1.011387 | $1.28 \mathrm{E}-46$ |
| ENSMUSG00000055413 | H2-Q5 | 1.9151417 | 3.80E-46 |
| ENSMUSG00000072720 | Myo18b | -6.957094 | $1.82 \mathrm{E}-45$ |
| ENSMUSG00000074505 | Fat3 | -1.161076 | $1.74 \mathrm{E}-44$ |
| ENSMUSG00000032661 | Oas3 | 2.5400152 | $1.96 \mathrm{E}-44$ |
| ENSMUSG00000036353 | P2ry12 | -0.900783 | $3.73 \mathrm{E}-44$ |


| ENSMUSG00000027962 | Vcam1 | 2.0350706 | $1.09 \mathrm{E}-43$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000000753 | Serpinf1 | -1.876555 | 2.16E-43 |
| ENSMUSG00000043263 | Ifi209 | 1.858083 | 2.16E-43 |
| ENSMUSG00000026271 | Gpr35 | 1.7505781 | 2.77E-43 |
| ENSMUSG00000053062 | Jam2 | -1.606942 | 7.02E-43 |
| ENSMUSG00000024529 | Lox | 1.8825747 | 1.12E-42 |
| ENSMUSG00000030787 | Lyve1 | -7.83762 | $1.37 \mathrm{E}-42$ |
| ENSMUSG00000073599 | Ecscr | -2.555552 | 3.93E-42 |
| ENSMUSG00000040950 | Mgl2 | -2.223146 | 1.22E-41 |
| ENSMUSG00000073489 | Ifi204 | 1.539917 | 2.63E-40 |
| ENSMUSG00000027580 | Helz2 | 1.9570643 | 3.07E-40 |
| ENSMUSG00000022122 | Ednrb | -4.457134 | $3.18 \mathrm{E}-40$ |
| ENSMUSG00000027799 | Nbea | -1.57384 | 3.19E-39 |
| ENSMUSG00000028195 | Ccn1 | -1.958106 | 4.64E-39 |
| ENSMUSG00000030117 | Gdf3 | 3.9043948 | 7.05E-39 |
| ENSMUSG00000043943 | Naalad2 | 1.1304023 | 6.64E-38 |
| ENSMUSG00000035493 | Tgfbi | -1.184391 | 6.07E-37 |
| ENSMUSG00000049436 | Upk1b | -2.698578 | 8.02E-37 |
| ENSMUSG00000031012 | Cask | -1.509253 | $1.55 \mathrm{E}-36$ |
| ENSMUSG00000059089 | Fcgr4 | 2.0130168 | 4.94E-36 |
| ENSMUSG00000021719 | Rgs7bp | -3.109476 | 2.56E-35 |
| ENSMUSG00000086503 | Xist | 11.419784 | $1.60 \mathrm{E}-34$ |
| ENSMUSG00000024044 | Epb4113 | 1.3735304 | $1.21 \mathrm{E}-33$ |
| ENSMUSG00000024042 | Sik1 | 1.2929103 | 2.62E-33 |
| ENSMUSG00000032609 | Klhdc8b | -1.60317 | 8.61E-33 |
| ENSMUSG00000018217 | Pmp22 | -1.076414 | $1.62 \mathrm{E}-32$ |
| ENSMUSG00000031216 | Stard8 | -1.346074 | 3.20E-32 |
| ENSMUSG00000029373 | Pf4 | -2.081317 | 8.04E-32 |
| ENSMUSG00000049744 | Arhgap15 | 1.8658165 | 1.17E-31 |
| ENSMUSG00000074743 | Thbd | -2.608742 | $1.59 \mathrm{E}-31$ |
| ENSMUSG00000052911 | Lamb2 | -1.784451 | $4.58 \mathrm{E}-31$ |
| ENSMUSG00000069515 | Lyz1 | 2.5590912 | 5.23E-31 |
| ENSMUSG00000024610 | Cd74 | -0.77587 | $1.37 \mathrm{E}-30$ |
| ENSMUSG00000048895 | Cdk5r1 | -1.452125 | 9.87E-30 |
| ENSMUSG00000036381 | P2ry14 | 3.6020343 | 1.93E-29 |
| ENSMUSG00000042834 | Nrep | -2.67902 | 2.07E-29 |
| ENSMUSG00000029084 | Cd38 | -4.045738 | 2.77E-29 |
| ENSMUSG00000030107 | Usp18 | 2.0098122 | 8.20E-29 |
| ENSMUSG00000028080 | Lrba | -1.205519 | $1.94 \mathrm{E}-28$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030156 | Cd69 | 2.0147451 | 4.73E-28 |
| ENSMUSG00000030539 | Sema4b | -1.63127 | 6.80E-28 |
| ENSMUSG00000030577 | Cd22 | 1.77031 | 7.37E-28 |
| ENSMUSG00000023913 | Pla2g7 | -2.089583 | 2.01E-27 |
| ENSMUSG00000062488 | Ifit3b | 2.2145946 | 3.70E-27 |
| ENSMUSG00000022265 | Ank | -1.280736 | 7.19E-27 |
| ENSMUSG00000009418 | Nav1 | -1.604599 | $9.05 \mathrm{E}-27$ |


| ENSMUSG00000018459 | Slc13a3 | 1.3934965 | 1.35E-26 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000027514 | Zbp1 | 2.1573007 | 1.87E-26 |
| ENSMUSG00000019256 | Ahr | -2.714038 | $2.52 \mathrm{E}-26$ |
| ENSMUSG00000046876 | Atxn1 | -2.176243 | 3.36E-26 |
| ENSMUSG00000048126 | Col6a3 | -6.150749 | 3.36E-26 |
| ENSMUSG00000034459 | Ifit1 | 2.258935 | 3.63E-26 |
| ENSMUSG00000031425 | Plp1 | -2.426158 | 5.00E-26 |
| ENSMUSG00000079491 | H2-T10 | 2.6862336 | $9.36 \mathrm{E}-26$ |
| ENSMUSG00000111118 | Gm6545 | 2.9014297 | $1.06 \mathrm{E}-25$ |
| ENSMUSG00000029581 | Fscn1 | -0.729367 | 6.26E-25 |
| ENSMUSG00000045092 | S1pr1 | -1.434194 | 7.39E-25 |
| ENSMUSG00000031327 | Chic1 | 3.2982712 | $1.04 \mathrm{E}-24$ |
| ENSMUSG00000032717 | Mdfi | -3.55642 | $1.36 \mathrm{E}-24$ |
| ENSMUSG00000056313 | Tcim | 1.1686576 | $1.42 \mathrm{E}-24$ |
| ENSMUSG00000032517 | Mobp | -2.780328 | $2.01 \mathrm{E}-24$ |
| ENSMUSG00000011256 | Adam19 | -2.778287 | $1.62 \mathrm{E}-23$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026104 | Stat1 | 1.1781827 | $1.68 \mathrm{E}-23$ |
| ENSMUSG00000035914 | Cd276 | -1.944501 | $2.83 \mathrm{E}-23$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022994 | Adcy6 | -2.823949 | $3.06 \mathrm{E}-23$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030789 | Itgax | 1.191006 | 5.28E-23 |
| ENSMUSG00000039959 | Hip1 | -1.472758 | $1.66 \mathrm{E}-22$ |
| ENSMUSG00000072966 | Gprasp2 | -2.646045 | $1.94 \mathrm{E}-22$ |
| ENSMUSG00000000957 | Mmp14 | 1.0079781 | 2.43E-22 |
| ENSMUSG00000074570 | Cass4 | -1.781093 | $4.92 \mathrm{E}-22$ |
| ENSMUSG00000088185 | Scarna2 | 0.658301 | 7.33E-22 |
| ENSMUSG00000060802 | B2m | 0.8205248 | $9.77 \mathrm{E}-22$ |
| ENSMUSG00000102975 | Gm37347 | 1.7915284 | $1.05 \mathrm{E}-21$ |
| ENSMUSG00000067212 | H2-T23 | 0.9686825 | $1.05 \mathrm{E}-21$ |
| ENSMUSG00000058427 | Cxcl2 | -1.367871 | $1.69 \mathrm{E}-21$ |
| ENSMUSG00000038775 | Vill | 2.1962627 | 2.55E-21 |
| ENSMUSG00000035929 | H2-Q4 | 1.048783 | $2.98 \mathrm{E}-21$ |
| ENSMUSG00000060586 | H2-Eb1 | -0.796713 | $3.48 \mathrm{E}-21$ |
| ENSMUSG00000028037 | Ifi44 | 2.8933634 | 4.07E-21 |
| ENSMUSG00000030104 | Edem1 | -0.695372 | 4.67E-21 |
| ENSMUSG00000028976 | Slc2a5 | -0.844513 | 5.29E-21 |
| ENSMUSG00000032640 | Chsy1 | -1.057127 | 5.81E-21 |
| ENSMUSG00000027646 | Src | 0.9472364 | $7.71 \mathrm{E}-21$ |
| ENSMUSG00000041058 | Wwp1 | -1.092823 | 7.96E-21 |
| ENSMUSG00000015340 | Cybb | 0.8884468 | 1.16E-20 |
| ENSMUSG00000000732 | Icosl | 0.8574212 | $1.45 \mathrm{E}-20$ |
| ENSMUSG00000112148 | Lilrb4a | -0.808275 | $1.75 \mathrm{E}-20$ |
| ENSMUSG00000029163 | Emilin1 | 1.7366719 | 1.83E-20 |
| ENSMUSG00000097899 | Gm16894 | 2.418973 | 1.97E-20 |
| ENSMUSG00000025993 | Slc40a1 | -0.815519 | 1.97E-20 |
| ENSMUSG00000031709 | Tbc1d9 | 0.822211 | $4.09 \mathrm{E}-20$ |
| ENSMUSG00000016206 | H2-M3 | 1.0925577 | $4.21 \mathrm{E}-20$ |


| ENSMUSG00000035042 | Ccl5 | 3.2795336 | 1.05E-19 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000033083 | Tbc1d4 | -1.718503 | $1.38 \mathrm{E}-19$ |
| ENSMUSG00000069045 | Ddx3y | -13.82826 | $1.66 \mathrm{E}-19$ |
| ENSMUSG00000021338 | Carmil1 | 1.447646 | 2.19E-19 |
| ENSMUSG00000036594 | H2-Aa | -0.744717 | 2.25E-19 |
| ENSMUSG00000023367 | Tmem176a | 0.7585498 | 3.51E-19 |
| ENSMUSG00000049134 | Nrap | -4.974514 | 5.12E-19 |
| ENSMUSG00000020689 | Itgb3 | -1.104733 | 5.24E-19 |
| ENSMUSG00000029401 | Rilpl2 | 1.1873991 | 7.04E-19 |
| ENSMUSG00000021676 | Iqgap2 | -2.372677 | $1.15 \mathrm{E}-18$ |
| ENSMUSG00000085337 | Gm15964 | 1.7740992 | $1.37 \mathrm{E}-18$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026896 | Ifih1 | 1.0248338 | $1.38 \mathrm{E}-18$ |
| ENSMUSG00000060519 | Tor3a | 0.86284 | $2.35 \mathrm{E}-18$ |
| ENSMUSG00000050022 | Amz1 | 0.8546801 | 3.86E-18 |
| ENSMUSG00000050530 | Fam171a1 | -3.953021 | 4.24E-18 |
| ENSMUSG00000038400 | Pmepa1 | -0.793215 | 4.28E-18 |
| ENSMUSG00000018819 | Lsp1 | 0.9956353 | 5.00E-18 |
| ENSMUSG00000024675 | Ms4a4c | 1.5720723 | 5.37E-18 |
| ENSMUSG00000022537 | Tmem44 | -1.980825 | 6.16E-18 |
| ENSMUSG00000032359 | Ctsh | 0.6785766 | 7.25E-18 |
| ENSMUSG00000009376 | Met | 2.247746 | $1.02 \mathrm{E}-17$ |
| ENSMUSG00000079363 | Gbp4 | 2.2068039 | $1.03 \mathrm{E}-17$ |
| ENSMUSG00000041762 | Gpr155 | -0.722342 | $1.13 \mathrm{E}-17$ |
| ENSMUSG00000040964 | Arhgef10l | -1.189163 | $1.61 \mathrm{E}-17$ |
| ENSMUSG00000038894 | Irs2 | 0.8295191 | $1.73 \mathrm{E}-17$ |
| ENSMUSG00000052609 | Plekhg3 | -2.196843 | $1.83 \mathrm{E}-17$ |
| ENSMUSG00000027315 | Spint1 | 0.8483485 | 2.80E-17 |
| ENSMUSG00000026222 | Sp100 | 1.133002 | $2.90 \mathrm{E}-17$ |
| ENSMUSG00000024597 | SIc12a2 | -0.70496 | $3.19 \mathrm{E}-17$ |
| ENSMUSG00000000682 | Cd52 | 0.9635714 | 3.52E-17 |
| ENSMUSG00000023078 | Cxcl13 | 4.1013617 | $3.77 \mathrm{E}-17$ |
| ENSMUSG00000036887 | C1qa | 0.6131927 | $3.84 \mathrm{E}-17$ |
| ENSMUSG00000069049 | Eif2s3y | -12.9346 | 5.20E-17 |
| ENSMUSG00000051439 | Cd14 | -0.646592 | $6.28 \mathrm{E}-17$ |
| ENSMUSG00000039953 | Clstn1 | -0.711681 | $6.73 \mathrm{E}-17$ |
| ENSMUSG00000018593 | Sparc | -0.578822 | 6.92E-17 |
| ENSMUSG00000027784 | Ppm11 | -1.346251 | 8.42E-17 |
| ENSMUSG00000028868 | Wasf2 | -0.617322 | $1.07 \mathrm{E}-16$ |
| ENSMUSG00000038642 | Ctss | 0.6715488 | $1.09 \mathrm{E}-16$ |
| ENSMUSG00000004317 | Clcn5 | -0.936252 | $1.16 \mathrm{E}-16$ |
| ENSMUSG00000021224 | Numb | -0.699181 | 1.55E-16 |
| ENSMUSG00000056673 | Kdm5d | -12.73184 | 1.72E-16 |
| ENSMUSG00000022353 | Mtss1 | -0.949074 | 2.27E-16 |
| ENSMUSG00000005087 | Cd44 | 1.2656315 | 2.29E-16 |
| ENSMUSG00000040249 | Lrp1 | -0.502123 | 2.41E-16 |
| ENSMUSG00000059810 | Rgs3 | -1.244874 | $2.88 \mathrm{E}-16$ |


| ENSMUSG00000035164 | Zc3h12c | 1.0914502 | 2.94E-16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000079164 | Tlr5 | -1.671053 | 3.25E-16 |
| ENSMUSG00000073421 | H2-Ab1 | -0.717335 | 4.78E-16 |
| ENSMUSG00000091649 | Phf11b | 1.5182787 | 5.12E-16 |
| ENSMUSG00000024661 | Fth1 | 0.5501878 | 5.96E-16 |
| ENSMUSG00000028859 | Csf3r | 0.5572234 | 6.00E-16 |
| ENSMUSG00000068457 | Uty | -12.51888 | 6.28E-16 |
| ENSMUSG00000029470 | P2rx4 | 0.7449877 | 7.59E-16 |
| ENSMUSG00000031995 | St14 | 1.3278187 | 8.80E-16 |
| ENSMUSG00000004891 | Nes | -1.562109 | 9.89E-16 |
| ENSMUSG00000032193 | LdIr | -1.478844 | 9.89E-16 |
| ENSMUSG00000020400 | Tnip1 | 1.1258767 | $1.21 \mathrm{E}-15$ |
| ENSMUSG00000017009 | Sdc4 | -1.3734 | $1.27 \mathrm{E}-15$ |
| ENSMUSG00000047126 | Cltc | -0.531732 | $1.29 \mathrm{E}-15$ |
| ENSMUSG00000112023 | Lilr4b | -0.917939 | $1.33 \mathrm{E}-15$ |
| ENSMUSG00000040339 | Fam102b | -0.702865 | $1.34 \mathrm{E}-15$ |
| ENSMUSG00000047798 | Cd300lf | 3.2858718 | 2.75E-15 |
| ENSMUSG00000029177 | Cenpa | -1.663508 | 2.82E-15 |
| ENSMUSG00000056608 | Chd9 | -0.598095 | 3.29E-15 |
| ENSMUSG00000039497 | Dse | -0.870087 | $3.34 \mathrm{E}-15$ |
| ENSMUSG00000025492 | Ifitm3 | 1.0322335 | 3.46E-15 |
| ENSMUSG00000020541 | Tom111 | -1.679082 | 3.53E-15 |
| ENSMUSG00000076617 | Ighm | -0.68485 | $4.41 \mathrm{E}-15$ |
| ENSMUSG00000025203 | Scd2 | -0.896446 | $4.84 \mathrm{E}-15$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026177 | Slc11a1 | 0.6609551 | $6.31 \mathrm{E}-15$ |
| ENSMUSG00000021806 | Nid2 | -1.6521 | 6.37E-15 |
| ENSMUSG00000053318 | Slamf8 | 1.0842774 | 6.39E-15 |
| ENSMUSG00000040829 | Zmynd15 | 1.2583808 | $6.64 \mathrm{E}-15$ |
| ENSMUSG00000074896 | Ifit3 | 2.4406662 | 6.72E-15 |
| ENSMUSG00000002799 | Jag2 | -1.57508 | 7.94E-15 |
| ENSMUSG00000040033 | Stat2 | 0.9683552 | $8.14 \mathrm{E}-15$ |
| ENSMUSG00000038390 | Gpr162 | 1.2846965 | $1.04 \mathrm{E}-14$ |
| ENSMUSG00000073555 | Gm4951 | 1.5004529 | $1.09 \mathrm{E}-14$ |
| ENSMUSG00000032596 | Uba7 | 0.7229992 | $1.11 \mathrm{E}-14$ |
| ENSMUSG00000040564 | Apoc1 | 2.2660579 | 1.19E-14 |
| ENSMUSG00000034413 | Neurl1b | 1.840472 | $1.23 \mathrm{E}-14$ |
| ENSMUSG00000006800 | Sulf2 | -1.204474 | $1.31 \mathrm{E}-14$ |
| ENSMUSG00000021756 | II6st | -0.527506 | 1.38E-14 |
| ENSMUSG00000052776 | Oas1a | 1.3484708 | $1.52 \mathrm{E}-14$ |
| ENSMUSG00000039304 | Tnfsf10 | 1.5685242 | 2.18E-14 |
| ENSMUSG00000068245 | Phf11d | 1.1708568 | 2.30E-14 |
| ENSMUSG00000040152 | Thbs1 | 0.6852231 | 2.88E-14 |
| ENSMUSG00000055435 | Maf | -9.96517 | 3.10E-14 |
| ENSMUSG00000026193 | Fn1 | -1.843056 | $3.36 \mathrm{E}-14$ |
| ENSMUSG00000028459 | Cd72 | 1.1084834 | 3.62E-14 |
| ENSMUSG00000041607 | Mbp | -0.872184 | 3.62E-14 |


| ENSMUSG00000029814 | Igf2bp3 | 1.6219154 | 5.50E-14 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000030830 | Itgal | 1.4045424 | 5.85E-14 |
| ENSMUSG00000037849 | Ifi206 | 1.5308107 | 6.07E-14 |
| ENSMUSG00000032035 | Ets1 | -0.672456 | $9.18 \mathrm{E}-14$ |
| ENSMUSG00000028270 | Gbp2 | 1.4185126 | 1.11E-13 |
| ENSMUSG00000025151 | Maged1 | -0.868772 | $1.20 \mathrm{E}-13$ |
| ENSMUSG00000023349 | Clec4n | -3.54944 | 1.52E-13 |
| ENSMUSG00000039529 | Atp8b1 | -2.827255 | 1.81E-13 |
| ENSMUSG00000063611 | Gm10134 | -1.244122 | 2.20E-13 |
| ENSMUSG00000054072 | ligp1 | 1.6296744 | 2.20E-13 |
| ENSMUSG00000037347 | Chst7 | -1.000136 | 2.47E-13 |
| ENSMUSG00000056116 | H2-T22 | 1.0532945 | $2.71 \mathrm{E}-13$ |
| ENSMUSG00000008845 | Cd163 | -2.831804 | $2.78 \mathrm{E}-13$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030747 | Dgat2 | 1.697805 | $2.78 \mathrm{E}-13$ |
| ENSMUSG00000040296 | Ddx58 | 0.9272302 | 2.81E-13 |
| ENSMUSG00000021411 | Pxdc1 | 1.0783229 | $2.94 \mathrm{E}-13$ |
| ENSMUSG00000037999 | Arap2 | -3.311936 | 3.03E-13 |
| ENSMUSG00000017390 | Aldoc | -2.045839 | 3.52E-13 |
| ENSMUSG00000004562 | Arhgef40 | -0.6233 | $3.58 \mathrm{E}-13$ |
| ENSMUSG00000020900 | Myh10 | -1.266951 | $3.70 \mathrm{E}-13$ |
| ENSMUSG00000025150 | Cbr2 | -4.837649 | 3.94E-13 |
| ENSMUSG00000086109 | Gm13391 | 1.5483107 | $4.25 \mathrm{E}-13$ |
| ENSMUSG00000023961 | Enpp4 | 1.0603545 | $4.49 \mathrm{E}-13$ |
| ENSMUSG00000000673 | Haao | 1.2464957 | 5.41E-13 |
| ENSMUSG00000101389 | Ms4a4a | -3.344107 | 5.55E-13 |
| ENSMUSG00000072235 | Tuba1a | -1.063574 | 7.02E-13 |
| ENSMUSG00000003134 | Tbc1d8 | 0.8019453 | 7.90E-13 |
| ENSMUSG00000038886 | Man2a2 | -0.651637 | 8.30E-13 |
| ENSMUSG00000104713 | Gbp6 | 2.5131577 | $9.56 \mathrm{E}-13$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026483 | Niban1 | 0.6780824 | $1.11 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000051652 | Lrrc3 | 0.5790758 | $1.24 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000020053 | Igf1 | -1.440191 | 1.30E-12 |
| ENSMUSG00000040552 | C3ar1 | -0.582395 | $1.39 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000016494 | Cd34 | 0.6397274 | $1.66 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000017830 | Dhx58 | 1.1103973 | 2.39E-12 |
| ENSMUSG00000060550 | H2-Q7 | 2.4015404 | $2.45 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000009585 | Apobec3 | 0.6353882 | $2.45 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000097039 | Pvt1 | 1.2080366 | 2.92E-12 |
| ENSMUSG00000037661 | Gpr160 | 0.8100757 | 2.95E-12 |
| ENSMUSG00000020638 | Cmpk2 | 1.5626393 | 3.01E-12 |
| ENSMUSG00000031210 | Gpr165 | -1.6815 | $3.16 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000043953 | Ccrl2 | 0.5783453 | $3.51 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000079017 | Ifi27I2a | 1.1614993 | 3.82E-12 |
| ENSMUSG00000032577 | Mapkapk3 | 0.8915592 | 3.89E-12 |
| ENSMUSG00000043740 | B430306N03Rik | 1.2918202 | 4.27E-12 |
| ENSMUSG00000012017 | Scarf2 | 1.2053111 | 5.19E-12 |


| ENSMUSG00000047945 | Marcksl1 | -0.939774 | 5.33E-12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000015766 | Eps8 | -1.225404 | 6.18E-12 |
| ENSMUSG00000033066 | Gas7 | -1.07767 | 6.90E-12 |
| ENSMUSG00000041849 | Card6 | 0.8875646 | $1.02 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000049502 | Dtx3I | 0.6459323 | $1.09 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000048612 | Myof | -1.369779 | $1.11 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000043671 | Dpy1913 | -2.015986 | 1.22E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000066861 | Oas1g | 1.6227334 | 1.30E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000031990 | Jam3 | -3.015097 | 1.30E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000040274 | Cdk6 | -0.878518 | $1.46 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000005142 | Man2b1 | 0.4716395 | $1.57 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000006611 | Hfe | -0.735249 | $1.75 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000057914 | Cacnb2 | 1.21796 | 1.86E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000034422 | Parp14 | 0.6879571 | 2.05E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000090386 | Mir99ahg | -1.033872 | 2.89E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000068220 | Lgals1 | -2.854902 | 2.92E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000025795 | Rassf3 | 0.7148377 | 3.15E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000074622 | Mafb | 0.5056538 | $3.41 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000003882 | II7r | -0.880671 | 3.41E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000002233 | Rhoc | -1.227652 | $3.76 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000020021 | Fgd6 | -1.588121 | $4.53 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000040061 | Plcb2 | 0.5617605 | $4.74 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000037369 | Kdm6a | 0.661362 | $4.91 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000041827 | Oasl1 | 3.4139219 | 4.95E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000040522 | Tlr8 | -1.528628 | 5.01E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000062078 | Qk | -0.476002 | $5.71 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000016756 | Cmah | -1.470073 | 5.80E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000040276 | Pacsin1 | -2.346781 | $6.77 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000058254 | Tspan7 | -0.687382 | 6.80E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000022098 | Bmp1 | -2.265326 | 6.90E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000022817 | Itgb5 | 0.4160269 | 6.91E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000017631 | Abr | 0.5207535 | 6.97E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000035352 | Ccl12 | 1.0264168 | 7.08E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000033685 | Ucp2 | 0.5113948 | $7.53 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000018920 | Cxcl16 | 0.6925141 | 7.73E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000073409 | H2-Q6 | 2.9301945 | $7.94 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000024014 | Pim1 | -0.716984 | 8.12E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000031770 | Herpud1 | 0.4930318 | $8.24 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000004558 | Ndrg2 | -2.070837 | 8.47E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000109245 | Gm44860 | 0.5921895 | 8.88E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000031749 | St3gal2 | -0.663564 | 9.30E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000034957 | Cebpa | 0.4845535 | $9.39 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000033350 | Chst2 | 1.0999799 | 9.51E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000046879 | Irgm1 | 0.9031895 | 1.02E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000025887 | Casp12 | 1.9745883 | $1.09 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000045932 | Ifit2 | 2.4834338 | 1.12E-10 |


| ENSMUSG00000033721 | Vav3 | -2.008527 | $1.15 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000027860 | Vangl1 | -3.859575 | $1.17 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000035208 | Slfn8 | 0.7227518 | 1.24E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000075014 | Gm10800 | -2.428441 | $1.28 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000023274 | Cd4 | -3.495816 | $1.35 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022906 | Parp9 | 0.6786441 | $1.35 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000025044 | Msr1 | -1.006955 | $1.50 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000087006 | Gm13889 | -1.281612 | $1.60 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022425 | Enpp2 | -1.317875 | $1.63 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000034438 | Gbp8 | 2.7701533 | $1.83 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000006344 | Ggt5 | -0.923399 | 1.88E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000031613 | Hpgd | -0.534851 | $2.60 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000032089 | Il10ra | 0.4503168 | $2.65 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000038679 | Trps1 | 0.8453066 | $2.85 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000060227 | Golm2 | -2.541006 | $3.09 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026786 | Apbb1ip | -0.539882 | $3.09 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000000078 | Klf6 | -0.40845 | 3.80E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000024168 | Tmem204 | -1.652008 | 3.80E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000002957 | Ap2a2 | -0.596556 | 3.82E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000025324 | Atp10a | 1.9018827 | $4.06 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022102 | Dok2 | -2.00507 | $4.12 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000078349 | AW011738 | 1.229976 | $4.29 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000001627 | Ifrd1 | -0.550184 | $4.33 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030256 | Bhlhe41 | 0.4732276 | $4.51 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000021880 | Rnase6 | 1.3031659 | 5.66E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000047867 | Gimap6 | -1.018266 | 6.08E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000024640 | Psat1 | -1.467426 | 6.27E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000039763 | Dnajc28 | 0.9518235 | $6.48 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000029094 | Afap1 | -1.800916 | $6.71 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000037321 | Tap1 | 0.7731897 | 7.11E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000032340 | Neo1 | -1.943872 | 8.76E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000073491 | Ifi213 | 1.9200102 | $9.14 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000028234 | Rps20 | 0.5451621 | $9.26 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000005958 | Ephb3 | -1.61949 | $9.37 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026321 | Tnfrsf11a | -0.507281 | $9.48 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000020424 | Castor1 | 1.0167404 | $1.09 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000042770 | Hebp1 | 0.9350986 | $1.12 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000037685 | Atp8a1 | 0.4434083 | $1.12 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000096727 | Psmb9 | 0.8578789 | $1.14 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026829 | Gbgt1 | -1.266411 | $1.23 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000034353 | Ramp1 | -1.252008 | $1.39 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030123 | Plxnd1 | -1.354021 | $1.59 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000079056 | Kcnip3 | 0.8886062 | $1.59 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000007892 | Rplp1 | 0.461137 | $1.64 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000014599 | Csf1 | -0.70686 | $1.88 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000019818 | Cd164 | -0.480716 | $2.09 \mathrm{E}-09$ |


| ENSMUSG00000020122 | Egfr | -3.351667 | $2.61 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000024672 | Ms4a7 | -1.089735 | $2.74 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022799 | Arhgap31 | -0.82875 | 2.79E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000035373 | Ccl7 | -2.118818 | 3.04E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000031138 | F9 | -1.428655 | $3.10 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026317 | Cln8 | -0.561839 | $3.14 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000019866 | Crybg1 | 1.4369906 | 3.22E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000026442 | Nfasc | -2.303443 | $3.29 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030122 | Ptms | 0.5271499 | $3.71 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022014 | Epsti1 | 0.7584125 | $3.98 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000001300 | Efnb2 | -2.233822 | $4.00 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000029298 | Gbp9 | 0.7190635 | $4.32 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000075602 | Ly6a | 1.5615635 | 4.42E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000004814 | Ccl24 | -2.297972 | $4.98 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000074151 | N/rc5 | 1.7324646 | 5.19E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000015843 | Rxrg | 3.7911073 | 5.36E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000054404 | SIfn5 | 0.8708817 | $5.94 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000025555 | Farp1 | -1.873885 | 6.06E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000038059 | Smim3 | 0.6166394 | 6.26E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000045502 | Hcar2 | 1.589078 | 6.37E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000015314 | Slamf6 | 0.9462932 | $6.40 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000070738 | Dgkd | -0.463249 | $6.74 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000033450 | Tagap | 0.4337381 | 6.80E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000030536 | Iqgap1 | -0.711371 | 6.80E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000063268 | Parp10 | 0.717986 | 7.04E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000066800 | Rnasel | -0.746585 | 7.22E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000013033 | Adgrl1 | -1.691904 | $7.50 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030589 | Rasgrp4 | -1.319647 | 7.75E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000062661 | Ncs1 | -1.466221 | 7.75E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000052920 | Prkg1 | -1.947621 | 7.75E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000027803 | Wwtr1 | 1.6616385 | 7.95E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000030701 | Plekhb1 | -1.895296 | 8.15E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000004730 | Adgre1 | -0.424373 | 8.29E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000031328 | Flna | -0.476136 | 8.45E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000050138 | Kcnk12 | -1.100626 | $8.78 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000003283 | Hck | 0.4943198 | 9.03E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000045136 | Tubb2b | -1.121753 | $9.40 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000054676 | 1600014C10Rik | 0.7477153 | $9.95 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000029096 | Htra3 | -1.925678 | $1.05 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000032860 | P2ry2 | 2.2764102 | $1.07 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000055809 | Dnaaf3 | 1.1214274 | $1.10 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000029919 | Hpgds | -0.41244 | $1.10 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000079298 | Klrb1b | 3.7539153 | $1.22 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000052160 | Pld4 | 0.4476215 | $1.35 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000037921 | Ddx60 | 0.8101358 | $1.44 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000001440 | Kpnb1 | -0.454559 | $1.50 \mathrm{E}-08$ |


| ENSMUSG00000039193 | Nlrc4 | -1.919773 | 1.57E-08 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000027951 | Adar | 0.5995811 | $1.57 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000045817 | Zfp3612 | 0.3958176 | $1.59 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000043391 | 2510009E07Rik | -0.691154 | $1.62 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000000244 | Tspan32 | 1.0044486 | $1.70 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000000594 | Gm2a | 0.5797081 | $1.74 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000021684 | Pde8b | 1.0187178 | $1.80 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022575 | Gsdmd | 0.5031006 | $1.85 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000064370 | mt-Cytb | -1.113027 | $1.85 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000037922 | Bank1 | -0.981883 | $1.95 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000024079 | Eif2ak2 | 0.6711146 | $1.96 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000007891 | Ctsd | 0.3773914 | $1.97 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000025017 | Pik3ap1 | 0.4285205 | 2.04E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000038170 | Pde4dip | 0.4942332 | 2.13E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000055322 | Tns1 | 0.456417 | $2.19 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000063382 | Bcl9 | -0.666544 | 2.40E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000013236 | Ptprs | -0.527885 | $2.61 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000029798 | Herc6 | 0.9026734 | 2.67E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000071042 | Rasgrp3 | -0.444981 | 2.72E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000071068 | Treml2 | 1.2269947 | 2.90E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000114761 | Gm47242 | 3.5243189 | 2.92E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000019843 | Fyn | -1.016825 | 3.27E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000023341 | Mx2 | 1.0746047 | $3.38 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000016256 | Ctsz | 0.4481551 | $3.45 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000017607 | Tns4 | 1.2360593 | 3.52E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000025498 | Irf7 | 1.8514274 | $4.04 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026073 | Il1r2 | 1.3498002 | $4.06 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000041439 | Mfsd6 | -2.559283 | $4.23 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000002625 | Akap8l | 0.4715252 | 4.41E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000048490 | Nrip1 | -0.44786 | 4.53E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000069793 | Slfn9 | 1.1761531 | 4.70E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000039428 | Tmem135 | -0.506603 | $4.78 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000032306 | Mpi | -0.855625 | $4.79 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000031838 | Ifi30 | 0.6388274 | 5.11E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000031849 | Comp | 1.4798112 | 5.40E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000030201 | Lrp6 | -0.504697 | 5.71E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000052688 | Rab7b | -1.0561 | 5.73E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000038034 | Igsf8 | 0.7099961 | 5.82E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000087968 | Gm25395 | 0.605283 | 5.89E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000026315 | Serpinb8 | -1.633241 | 5.97E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000102748 | Pcdhgb2 | -1.109108 | 5.97E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000054008 | Ndst1 | 0.5952898 | 6.18E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000059326 | Csf2ra | 0.5182471 | 6.18E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000015839 | Nfe2l2 | 0.4841195 | $6.66 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000057135 | Scimp | 1.4754369 | 6.66E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000032322 | Pstpip1 | 1.0400359 | 6.68E-08 |


| ENSMUSG00000016552 | Foxred2 | -1.982097 | 6.98E-08 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000033306 | Lpp | -0.798263 | 7.09E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000073902 | Gvin3 | 0.5533057 | 7.23E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000020134 | Peli1 | 0.4956466 | $7.24 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030865 | Chp2 | -6.78286 | 7.40E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000021242 | Npc2 | 0.4650718 | 7.40E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000039109 | F13a1 | -1.597477 | 7.58E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000102717 | Gm37759 | 1.8284658 | 7.63E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000015143 | Actn1 | -1.061561 | 7.65E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000071537 | Klrg2 | 1.4980717 | 8.06E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000024521 | Pmaip1 | 0.5787847 | 8.36E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000004207 | Psap | 0.4198948 | 9.17E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000021556 | Golm1 | -0.384373 | $9.24 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000044708 | Kcnj10 | 1.0463603 | $9.40 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000014418 | Hps5 | 0.5143479 | $1.02 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000032690 | Oas2 | 1.7938191 | $1.11 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000019467 | Arhgef25 | -2.833282 | $1.12 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000066191 | Anks6 | -0.858865 | $1.19 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000006360 | Crip1 | -1.556278 | $1.19 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000038843 | Gcnt1 | 0.5698838 | $1.20 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000061808 | Ttr | -1.025453 | $1.22 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000019970 | Sgk1 | -0.423278 | $1.26 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000029810 | Tmem176b | 0.4866344 | $1.27 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000040848 | Sft2d2 | -0.412362 | $1.28 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000075225 | Ccdc162 | -2.911147 | $1.39 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030465 | Psd3 | -1.003254 | $1.43 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000040855 | Reps2 | -1.378368 | $1.49 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000051495 | Irf2bp2 | 0.4012088 | $1.59 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000035311 | Gnptab | 0.653275 | $1.59 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000036362 | P2ry13 | -0.36555 | $1.65 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026213 | Stk11ip | 0.5542404 | $1.66 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000039501 | Znfx1 | 0.5275089 | $1.72 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000082088 | Gm15753 | 1.9168368 | $1.75 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000007097 | Atp1a2 | -1.303024 | $1.79 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000059479 | B3gnt8 | 1.2159943 | 1.88E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000030878 | Cdr2 | -1.976284 | $1.97 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000024397 | Aif1 | 0.5255594 | 2.08E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000079227 | Ccr5 | -0.365373 | 2.23E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000049791 | Fzd4 | -0.811341 | 2.45E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000025283 | Sat1 | 0.3426288 | $2.52 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026536 | Ifi211 | 1.3606157 | 2.64E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000039997 | Ifi203 | -0.956307 | $2.64 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000007207 | Stx1a | -1.925627 | 2.79E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000016239 | Lonrf3 | -0.850513 | 2.81E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000044811 | Cd300c2 | 0.4411501 | 2.85E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000034412 | Tbc1d10a | 0.7073836 | $3.02 \mathrm{E}-07$ |


| ENSMUSG00000047407 | Tgif1 | 0.4228056 | 3.06E-07 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000039853 | Trim14 | 0.7196639 | $3.06 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000027457 | Snph | -1.312157 | 3.20E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000044468 | Tent5c | 0.3923879 | $3.36 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026600 | Soat1 | 0.4345931 | 3.37E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000102289 | Gm31258 | -2.044676 | $3.41 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000035666 | Gtf3c4 | -0.572749 | 3.41E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000031137 | Fgf13 | -1.230304 | $3.45 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000069601 | Ank3 | -2.793004 | 3.60E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000025332 | Kdm5c | 0.4449991 | $3.82 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000036905 | C1qb | 0.3443723 | 3.90E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000063455 | D630045J12Rik | -2.39436 | $4.16 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000038352 | Arl5c | 0.8755933 | $4.53 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000051043 | Gprc5c | -2.999508 | $4.72 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000082292 | Gm12250 | 1.2155395 | 5.30E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000019726 | Lyst | 0.4266359 | 5.41E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000063889 | Crem | -1.115004 | 5.43E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000023191 | P3h3 | 0.6910423 | 5.55E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000057335 | Cep170 | -0.42475 | 5.65E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000050965 | Prkca | -0.636856 | 5.76E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000029822 | Osbpl3 | 0.9538024 | 6.22E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000020572 | Nampt | 0.6160734 | 6.26E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000040037 | Negr1 | 3.9048936 | 6.28E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000018965 | Ywhah | 0.3855466 | $6.44 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000031662 | Snx20 | 0.4896659 | 6.50E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000040483 | Xaf1 | 1.012164 | 6.54E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000042249 | Grk3 | 0.8079568 | 7.08E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000060402 | Chst8 | -4.838551 | 7.12E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000022010 | Tsc22d1 | -0.748723 | 7.13E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000042190 | Cmklr1 | 0.4528949 | $7.32 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000042589 | Cux2 | -2.202277 | 7.36E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000072612 | Gm10382 | 0.4848507 | $7.39 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000064372 | mt-Tp | -1.355177 | 7.62E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000016496 | Cd274 | 0.7977622 | 8.21E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000032570 | Atp2c1 | -0.419572 | 8.24E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000096351 | Samd11 | -2.578528 | 8.60E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000027959 | Sass6 | 0.9345753 | 8.83E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000034342 | Cbl | -0.396218 | 9.17E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000061577 | Adgrg5 | 3.2927067 | $9.65 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000027215 | Cd82 | 0.4824612 | $9.95 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000039682 | Lap3 | 0.4990897 | $1.02 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000047747 | Rnf150 | 0.974809 | $1.03 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000038648 | Creb312 | -0.568454 | $1.05 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000005107 | Slc2a9 | 0.9563894 | $1.06 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022885 | St6gal1 | -0.515698 | $1.09 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000020282 | Rhbdf1 | -0.934637 | 1.10E-06 |


| ENSMUSG00000115338 | Pnp | -0.639985 | 1.15E-06 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000052142 | Rasal3 | 0.3741261 | 1.18E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000039208 | Metrnl | -1.045283 | 1.19E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000024180 | Pgap6 | -1.675468 | 1.20E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000028565 | Nfia | -0.611721 | 1.23E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000005611 | Irag1 | -3.01155 | 1.26E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000068606 | Gm4841 | 2.0786034 | $1.32 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000025508 | Rplp2 | 0.3994817 | $1.35 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000021708 | Rasgrf2 | 1.1607391 | 1.36E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000056144 | Trim34a | 0.8568498 | 1.39E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000036908 | Unc93b1 | 0.3259716 | $1.41 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000024334 | H2-Oa | 1.1227109 | $1.48 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000041695 | Kcnj2 | -0.435698 | 1.48E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000022216 | Psme1 | 0.6015152 | $1.49 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000039954 | Stk32a | 6.265771 | 1.50E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000037972 | Snn | -0.446924 | 1.51E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000022797 | Tfrc | -1.050452 | 1.54E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000052942 | Glis3 | -3.06176 | 1.60E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000031342 | Gpm6b | -1.342003 | $1.64 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000031497 | Tnfsf13b | 0.6449699 | 1.66E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000025207 | Sema4g | -0.560372 | 1.66E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000032648 | Pygm | -2.612197 | 1.69E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000042613 | Pbxip1 | 0.4177177 | 1.74E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000026605 | Cenpf | -1.785732 | $1.74 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000035448 | Ccr3 | -3.355191 | 1.75E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000028514 | Usp24 | -0.369493 | 1.82E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000041112 | Elmo1 | -0.38214 | 1.84E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000097352 | C920009B18Rik | 1.2823993 | 1.86E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000060935 | Tmem263 | -1.644264 | $1.90 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030930 | Chst15 | 0.6710679 | 1.98E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000006435 | Neurl1a | 0.6013249 | 2.03E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000002885 | Adgre5 | -1.230215 | 2.07E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000078920 | Ifi47 | 1.2636656 | 2.11E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000079339 | Ifit1bl1 | 2.8253691 | 2.16E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000038305 | Spats2l | -3.316954 | 2.26E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000026921 | Egfl7 | -1.846413 | $2.56 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000038156 | Spon1 | 1.9284296 | 2.58E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000052387 | Trpm3 | -2.107679 | 2.72E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000027698 | Nceh1 | 0.6119307 | $2.74 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000034993 | Vat1 | -0.866409 | 2.74E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000099809 | Gm18665 | -8.370737 | 2.92E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000005533 | Igf1r | -0.699515 | 2.95E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000098188 | Sowahc | 0.4145227 | 2.97E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000027375 | Mal | -2.740966 | 3.06E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000052062 | Pard3b | -1.139619 | 3.12E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000104108 | Gm37876 | -3.097761 | 3.24E-06 |


| ENSMUSG00000029592 | Usp30 | 0.7106856 | 3.30E-06 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000028986 | Klhl7 | -0.632522 | 3.32E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000041075 | Fzd7 | -0.549407 | 3.32E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000034248 | Slc25a37 | -0.452971 | 3.33E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000025558 | Dock9 | -0.54948 | 3.33E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000042129 | Rassf4 | 0.3664251 | 3.38E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000034906 | Ncaph | -1.436691 | $3.49 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030283 | St8sia1 | 1.8189101 | 3.58E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000023328 | Ache | -0.986755 | 3.66E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000041202 | Pla2g2d | -1.02843 | $3.78 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000028273 | Pdlim5 | -0.611373 | 3.87E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000029816 | Gpnmb | 1.6901289 | 4.08E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000038332 | Sesn1 | -0.479846 | 4.17E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000036833 | Pnpla7 | 0.3998465 | 4.23E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000022540 | Rogdi | 0.4929526 | 4.30E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000100060 | Gm17944 | 2.5677925 | $4.42 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000091472 | Gm3739 | -1.421478 | 4.53E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000022180 | Slc7a8 | -0.394174 | $4.58 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000019961 | Tmpo | 0.4699358 | 4.60E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000085761 | 4930455G09Rik | 3.3518501 | 4.61E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000073676 | Hspe1 | 0.5212021 | 4.62E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000031431 | Tsc22d3 | 0.4926192 | 4.79E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000026305 | Lrrfip1 | 0.450729 | 4.82E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000027692 | Tnik | 1.7378098 | $4.88 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000033209 | Ttc28 | -0.436355 | 5.04E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000034118 | Tpst1 | 1.1243485 | 5.07E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000056515 | Rab31 | -0.465696 | 5.11E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000030657 | Xylt1 | -0.841536 | 5.23E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000019302 | Atp6v0a1 | -0.475164 | 5.26E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000031217 | Efnb1 | -0.985977 | 5.29E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000021838 | Samd4 | -2.193641 | 5.34E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000026773 | Pfkfb3 | 0.3404742 | 5.54E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000039137 | Whrn | -0.535494 | 5.56E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000094796 | BC147527 | 1.1382722 | 5.72E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000042677 | Zc3h12a | 0.5144077 | 5.83E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000007029 | Vars | 0.4295163 | 5.87E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000051212 | Gpr183 | -0.373495 | 6.05E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000023206 | Il15ra | 1.0166446 | 6.05E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000051586 | Mical3 | -0.731185 | 6.08E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000029605 | Oas1b | 1.3831357 | 6.17E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000028967 | Errfi1 | -0.598774 | 6.24E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000022855 | Senp2 | 0.3881411 | 6.33E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000036896 | C1qc | 0.3646951 | 6.51E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000034330 | Plcg2 | 0.3703649 | 6.55E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000044037 | Als2cl | 0.942455 | 6.61E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000037225 | Fgf2 | -1.214417 | 6.79E-06 |


| ENSMUSG00000075015 | Gm10801 | -2.26333 | 6.85E-06 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000027276 | Jag1 | -1.220717 | 6.90E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000037224 | Zfyve28 | 0.8681458 | $7.07 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000034751 | Mast4 | -0.87927 | 7.07E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000079110 | Capn3 | 0.3774651 | 7.25E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000029765 | Plxna4 | -0.445023 | 7.28E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000055675 | Kbtbd11 | -1.403145 | 7.33E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000090387 | Gm17056 | -1.047033 | 7.37E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000016477 | E2f3 | -0.795491 | 7.55E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000034652 | Cd300a | 0.4540011 | 7.99E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000005360 | Slc1a3 | 0.6463021 | 8.34E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000021281 | Tnfaip2 | 0.7867366 | 8.44E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000105771 | 2900064K03Rik | 4.0023982 | 8.68E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000057841 | Rpl32 | 0.3940954 | 8.85E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000056215 | Lrguk | 1.0649198 | 8.85E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000028073 | Pear1 | -1.215593 | $9.43 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000032194 | Kank2 | -1.087156 | 9.49E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000016933 | Plcg1 | -0.534593 | 9.51E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000060183 | Cxcl11 | 4.2704637 | $9.70 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000036334 | Igsf10 | -1.320962 | $9.70 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000029204 | Rhoh | 0.4078892 | 9.83E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000022892 | App | -0.367041 | 9.95E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000090877 | Hspa1b | 0.3689809 | 9.99E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000026656 | Fcgr2b | 0.4316316 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000052749 | Trim30b | 1.3473279 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030447 | Cyfip1 | -0.312462 | $1.01 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000037706 | Cd81 | 0.3369829 | $1.04 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000064341 | mt-Nd1 | -1.231157 | $1.10 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000033032 | Afap111 | -0.707653 | $1.10 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000045551 | Fpr1 | 1.6312365 | 1.12E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000070327 | Rnf213 | 1.0215799 | $1.14 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000097654 | Gm26714 | 0.9797691 | $1.16 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000041642 | Kif21b | -0.334841 | $1.17 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000053559 | Smagp | -1.031212 | $1.19 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000028517 | Plpp3 | -2.375193 | 1.22E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000057596 | Trim30d | 0.4858379 | $1.23 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022091 | Sorbs3 | -1.441715 | $1.25 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000064339 | mt-Rnr2 | -0.950535 | $1.26 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000036206 | Sh3bp4 | 1.1970728 | $1.27 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000074825 | Itpripl1 | -0.465276 | $1.27 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000038274 | Fau | 0.4037123 | $1.28 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000020102 | Slc16a7 | -0.560902 | $1.31 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000104213 | Ighd | -1.520805 | $1.32 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000100183 | Gm28512 | -2.441927 | $1.35 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000029380 | Cxcl1 | -1.142331 | $1.37 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000008668 | Rps18 | 0.4221455 | $1.38 \mathrm{E}-05$ |


| ENSMUSG00000030352 | Tspan9 | -1.0823 | $1.41 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000019889 | Ptprk | -3.656192 | $1.41 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000046330 | Rpl37a | 0.423844 | $1.43 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000043456 | Zfp536 | -1.401149 | $1.44 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000034445 | Cyb561a3 | 0.4701154 | $1.44 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000017493 | Igfbp4 | -0.485527 | $1.47 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000027223 | Mapk8ip1 | -1.719241 | $1.49 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000058013 | Septin11 | -0.799329 | $1.50 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000033717 | Adra2a | -2.341275 | $1.51 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000054675 | Tmem119 | 0.3458082 | $1.51 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000019920 | Lims1 | -0.439055 | $1.51 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000118123 | Gm50346 | 1.0447481 | $1.52 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000031665 | Sall1 | -0.313578 | $1.52 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000079138 | Gm8818 | -3.899241 | $1.53 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000109408 | A930037H05Rik | 1.0919023 | $1.53 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022489 | Pde1b | -0.571222 | $1.54 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026249 | Serpine2 | 0.4322582 | $1.55 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000053080 | 2700081O15Rik | -0.83321 | $1.59 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000070501 | Ifi214 | 2.5324089 | $1.59 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000020573 | Pik3cg | -0.340401 | $1.61 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000097705 | Gm26740 | 0.9744961 | $1.62 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026986 | Hnmt | -0.974354 | $1.62 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000051790 | Nlgn2 | -1.327015 | $1.64 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000029501 | Ankle2 | 0.4081709 | $1.65 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000032265 | Tent5a | 0.3798395 | $1.67 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000061983 | Rps12 | 0.4002941 | $1.67 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030798 | Cd37 | 0.3951299 | $1.70 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000048806 | Ifnb1 | 4.1583681 | $1.71 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000040907 | Atp1a3 | 0.6693203 | $1.71 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000033542 | Arhgef5 | -2.630568 | $1.73 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000000365 | Rnf17 | 1.5115523 | $1.74 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000049517 | Rps23 | 0.3825363 | $1.74 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030708 | Dnajb13 | 0.7183996 | $1.82 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000028771 | Ptpn12 | -0.845663 | $1.83 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000000562 | Adora3 | 0.5558698 | $1.83 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000001270 | Ckb | -0.368894 | $1.84 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000031639 | Tlr3 | 0.5236159 | $1.95 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030786 | Itgam | -0.410129 | 2.00E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000046841 | Ckap4 | -0.686966 | 2.00E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000002944 | Cd36 | -0.712102 | $2.02 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000034926 | Dhcr24 | -2.461234 | $2.03 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000024164 | C3 | 1.4488237 | $2.15 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000020787 | P2rx1 | 1.035353 | $2.18 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000023019 | Gpd1 | -1.41053 | $2.20 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000039943 | Plcb4 | -2.405818 | $2.20 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000017404 | Rpl19 | 0.4340456 | $2.20 \mathrm{E}-05$ |


| ENSMUSG00000021451 | Sema4d | 0.3515834 | 2.25E-05 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000006731 | B4galnt1 | 0.6299325 | 2.29E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000046805 | Mpeg1 | 0.2978921 | $2.34 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000021870 | Slmap | -0.457543 | $2.34 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000028078 | Dclk2 | -1.29212 | 2.53E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000059248 | Septin9 | 0.635975 | 2.59E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000036948 | Map11 | 0.3934418 | $2.59 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000018923 | Med11 | 0.7246173 | 2.62E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000006930 | Hap1 | 1.5446624 | 2.65E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000020644 | Id2 | 0.4816662 | 2.66E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000042826 | Fgf11 | -1.241075 | 2.67E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000035297 | Cops4 | -0.590194 | $2.69 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000017754 | Pltp | -1.866834 | 2.70E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000031304 | Il2rg | 1.4558704 | $2.72 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000071064 | Zfp827 | -0.877274 | $2.74 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000053477 | Tcf4 | -0.376492 | $2.74 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000039982 | Dtx4 | -0.339223 | $2.76 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000031790 | Mmp15 | -2.406671 | $2.78 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030525 | Chrna7 | 3.7488051 | $2.84 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000073418 | C4b | 0.3430554 | $2.91 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000058145 | Adamts17 | -3.607764 | 3.00E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000015355 | Cd48 | 0.548223 | 3.01E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000027544 | Nfatc2 | -0.486318 | $3.02 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000031586 | Rbpms | 0.6807404 | 3.03E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000089828 | Gm16300 | -7.849819 | 3.04E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000020641 | Rsad2 | 1.7898516 | 3.07E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000066677 | Ifi208 | 1.3065403 | 3.09E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000064367 | mt-Nd5 | -1.167014 | 3.20E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000000489 | Pdgfb | 0.3582712 | $3.21 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000058818 | Pirb | 0.5149892 | $3.22 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030091 | Nup210 | 0.739698 | 3.39E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000024769 | Cdc42bpg | -1.826804 | 3.39E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000037418 | Best1 | 0.4718405 | 3.40E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000024732 | Ccdc86 | 0.5265971 | 3.41E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000026365 | Cfh | -0.285977 | $3.41 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000110397 | Gm45540 | -0.706041 | $3.64 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000024948 | Map4k2 | -0.458237 | $3.72 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000062545 | Tlr12 | 0.6130432 | $3.79 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030345 | Dyrk4 | 0.9440151 | 3.94E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000036875 | Dna2 | 0.8880913 | $3.96 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000047735 | Samd91 | 0.5228338 | 3.97E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000042476 | Abcb4 | -0.583839 | 4.10E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000035458 | Tnni3 | 1.1508576 | 4.12E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000058672 | Tubb2a | -0.564848 | 4.16E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000098557 | Kctd12 | -0.308977 | 4.19E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000037625 | Cldn11 | -2.529055 | 4.19E-05 |


| ENSMUSG00000000184 | Ccnd2 | 0.7270897 | 4.27E-05 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000076431 | Sox4 | -0.389325 | 4.40E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000074657 | Kif5a | -1.359429 | $4.44 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000005583 | Mef2c | -0.357745 | 4.46E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000031714 | Gab1 | -0.509147 | 4.57E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000030275 | Etnk1 | 0.3690236 | 4.61E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000029657 | Hsph1 | 0.3976956 | 4.69E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000045128 | Rpl18a | 0.3409326 | 4.80E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000024462 | Gabbr1 | -0.482326 | 4.96E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000038068 | Rnf144b | -0.545159 | 5.00E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000044066 | Cep68 | -0.385646 | 5.11E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000074578 | Zfas1 | 0.658295 | 5.38E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000004626 | Stxbp2 | 0.3982093 | 5.54E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000039934 | Gsap | 0.4169218 | 5.55E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000022272 | Myo10 | 0.9884338 | 5.56E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000073412 | Lst1 | 0.7540362 | 5.69E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000004665 | Cnn2 | -0.871608 | 5.84E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000101059 | Gm4017 | -7.788259 | 5.95E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000092060 | Bend4 | -1.613626 | 5.96E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000042228 | Lyn | 0.2993775 | 5.99E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000031402 | Mpp1 | -0.595675 | 6.07E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000071226 | Cecr2 | -2.38694 | 6.12E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000037419 | Endod1 | -0.478089 | 6.25E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000038371 | Sbf2 | -0.403355 | $6.25 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000093930 | Hmgcs1 | -0.679119 | 6.39E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000050627 | Gpd11 | 0.4653886 | 6.58E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000117079 | Gm41611 | 1.1027844 | 6.61E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000078350 | Smim1 | -1.403443 | 6.63E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000030691 | Fchsd2 | -0.386954 | 6.71E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000053644 | Aldh7a1 | -0.798344 | 6.88E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000001750 | Tcirg1 | 0.3342073 | 7.03E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000048537 | Phldb1 | -0.793263 | 7.10E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000085084 | 4930570G19Rik | 4.2505654 | 7.10E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000085133 | B930095G15Rik | -2.880754 | 7.12E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000035150 | Eif2s3x | 0.5917104 | 7.27E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000027222 | Pex16 | 0.8906166 | 7.40E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000058056 | Palld | -3.274161 | 7.63E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000053799 | Exoc6 | 0.4860979 | 7.64E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000090231 | Cfb | 3.1016462 | 7.81E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000020387 | Jade2 | 0.4241948 | 7.82E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000073468 | Sft2d1 | -0.398411 | 7.82E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000046204 | Pnma2 | -3.111959 | 7.91E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000043415 | Otud1 | -0.513485 | 8.25E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000031389 | Arhgap4 | 0.3203923 | 8.37E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000025037 | Maoa | -1.496181 | 8.38E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000031785 | Adgrg1 | -0.346387 | 8.38E-05 |


| ENSMUSG00000033577 | Myo6 | -0.898031 | 8.47E-05 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000006333 | Rps9 | 0.3367951 | 8.56E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000019558 | SIc6a8 | -1.566728 | 8.62E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000041120 | Nbl1 | -2.01857 | $8.62 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030084 | Plxna1 | -0.894735 | 8.76E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000032589 | Bsn | -1.106875 | 8.76E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000114996 | Gm48958 | -4.272971 | $8.78 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000110388 | Gm30329 | -0.858536 | 8.87E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000063804 | Lin28b | -4.067816 | 8.89E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000056602 | Fry | -0.517441 | 8.89E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000011179 | Odc1 | 0.4226123 | 8.90E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000041538 | H2-Ob | 0.6009926 | $8.90 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000099974 | Bcl2a1d | 0.8885896 | 8.92E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000029561 | Oasl2 | 1.4459142 | $9.11 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000042644 | Itpr3 | 0.6189442 | $9.12 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000040722 | Scamp5 | -0.465131 | $9.31 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000005483 | Dnajb1 | 0.8998531 | $9.58 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000065987 | Cd209b | -6.91202 | $9.77 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000005656 | Snx6 | -0.485243 | $9.85 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000017057 | Il13ra1 | 0.3412546 | 0.0001016 |
| ENSMUSG00000021200 | Asb2 | 0.4670446 | 0.0001019 |
| ENSMUSG00000028793 | Rnf19b | 0.3524668 | 0.0001063 |
| ENSMUSG00000035919 | Bbs9 | -0.66342 | 0.0001063 |
| ENSMUSG00000028328 | Tmod1 | -1.929449 | 0.0001076 |
| ENSMUSG00000031112 | Stk26 | -1.272545 | 0.000111 |
| ENSMUSG00000071415 | Rpl23 | 0.3860376 | 0.000112 |
| ENSMUSG00000038058 | Nod1 | 0.5697747 | 0.0001123 |
| ENSMUSG00000045287 | Rtn4rl1 | -0.391649 | 0.0001131 |
| ENSMUSG00000043795 | Prr33 | 1.3790585 | 0.0001137 |
| ENSMUSG00000097440 | Gm6277 | -0.770933 | 0.0001148 |
| ENSMUSG00000027750 | Postn | -1.085354 | 0.000116 |
| ENSMUSG00000060477 | Irak2 | 0.3817103 | 0.0001181 |
| ENSMUSG00000000386 | Mx1 | 1.6525307 | 0.0001181 |
| ENSMUSG00000034613 | Ppm1h | 0.3699189 | 0.0001187 |
| ENSMUSG00000038151 | Prdm1 | 0.4696206 | 0.0001214 |
| ENSMUSG00000035441 | Myo1d | -1.783865 | 0.0001272 |
| ENSMUSG00000062997 | Rpl35 | 0.4857019 | 0.0001286 |
| ENSMUSG00000007379 | Dennd2c | -0.554656 | 0.0001299 |
| ENSMUSG00000024338 | Psmb8 | 0.5237159 | 0.00013 |
| ENSMUSG00000079470 | Utp14b | -1.224073 | 0.0001312 |
| ENSMUSG00000006651 | Aplp1 | -1.609739 | 0.0001329 |
| ENSMUSG00000021280 | Exoc314 | 2.1611451 | 0.0001378 |
| ENSMUSG00000022708 | Zbtb20 | -0.502032 | 0.0001378 |
| ENSMUSG00000042684 | Npl | -0.767866 | 0.0001378 |
| ENSMUSG00000026979 | Psd4 | 0.3970769 | 0.0001383 |
| ENSMUSG00000111926 | Gm46204 | 2.6119855 | 0.0001397 |


| ENSMUSG00000002985 | Apoe | 0.2871171 | 0.0001415 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000030165 | Klrd1 | -2.654083 | 0.0001455 |
| ENSMUSG00000029076 | Sdf4 | 0.3665575 | 0.0001484 |
| ENSMUSG00000057440 | Mpp7 | 0.4944151 | 0.0001534 |
| ENSMUSG00000032666 | 1700025G04Rik | -1.741367 | 0.0001535 |
| ENSMUSG00000037852 | Cpe | -1.219689 | 0.0001605 |
| ENSMUSG00000025871 | 4833439L19Rik | -0.477318 | 0.0001647 |
| ENSMUSG00000024772 | Ehd1 | -0.675182 | 0.0001647 |
| ENSMUSG00000074874 | Ctla2b | 1.3944286 | 0.0001658 |
| ENSMUSG00000020589 | Cyria | 0.5911158 | 0.0001694 |
| ENSMUSG00000039741 | Bahcc1 | -0.741429 | 0.0001711 |
| ENSMUSG00000106807 | Gm10441 | -4.952619 | 0.000175 |
| ENSMUSG00000026425 | Srgap2 | -0.29401 | 0.0001756 |
| ENSMUSG00000031740 | Mmp2 | -0.583221 | 0.0001756 |
| ENSMUSG00000085591 | Gm13479 | -1.163172 | 0.0001802 |
| ENSMUSG00000030055 | Rab43 | 0.6662381 | 0.0001802 |
| ENSMUSG00000027995 | Tlr2 | 0.420608 | 0.0001849 |
| ENSMUSG00000053580 | Tanc2 | -0.283781 | 0.0001884 |
| ENSMUSG00000009772 | Nuak2 | 0.4982027 | 0.0001896 |
| ENSMUSG00000020917 | Acly | 0.3126204 | 0.0001957 |
| ENSMUSG00000009621 | Vav2 | 0.3581753 | 0.000196 |
| ENSMUSG00000060636 | Rpl35a | 0.3838209 | 0.0001979 |
| ENSMUSG00000027639 | Samhd1 | 0.336671 | 0.0001984 |
| ENSMUSG00000015312 | Gadd45b | -0.552631 | 0.0001985 |
| ENSMUSG00000064289 | Tank | 0.5922422 | 0.0001987 |
| ENSMUSG00000039713 | Plekhg5 | -0.504038 | 0.0002098 |
| ENSMUSG00000022807 | Osbpl11 | -0.365554 | 0.0002098 |
| ENSMUSG00000016529 | Il10 | -3.205811 | 0.0002148 |
| ENSMUSG00000047810 | Ccdc88b | 0.3264607 | 0.0002293 |
| ENSMUSG00000072889 | Nfx11 | -0.38517 | 0.0002358 |
| ENSMUSG00000041797 | Abca9 | -0.285338 | 0.0002451 |
| ENSMUSG00000042529 | Kcnj12 | -7.371816 | 0.000247 |
| ENSMUSG00000063605 | Ccdc102a | 0.9852136 | 0.0002472 |
| ENSMUSG00000021362 | Gcm2 | 4.1103697 | 0.0002477 |
| ENSMUSG00000027562 | Car2 | -2.054547 | 0.0002485 |
| ENSMUSG00000026519 | Tmem63a | -0.380836 | 0.0002488 |
| ENSMUSG00000061477 | Rps7 | 0.3732858 | 0.0002503 |
| ENSMUSG00000060675 | Plaat3 | 1.1111225 | 0.0002507 |
| ENSMUSG00000053550 | Shisa7 | 1.2286101 | 0.0002547 |
| ENSMUSG00000032725 | Folr2 | -3.79994 | 0.000257 |
| ENSMUSG00000035342 | Lzts2 | -1.101072 | 0.000257 |
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| ENSMUSG00000028268 | Gbp3 | 0.6536421 | 0.0003032 |
| ENSMUSG00000034616 | Ssh3 | 0.4362232 | 0.0003041 |
| ENSMUSG00000027376 | Prom2 | 1.2589726 | 0.0003091 |
| ENSMUSG00000025511 | Tspan4 | -0.589957 | 0.0003133 |
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| ENSMUSG00000037731 | Themis2 | 0.3564489 | 0.0003272 |
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| ENSMUSG00000048154 | Kmt2d | -0.27718 | 0.0003882 |
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| ENSMUSG00000097194 | 9330175E14Rik | 1.3912539 | 0.000403 |
| ENSMUSG00000002307 | Daxx | 0.6021882 | 0.0004042 |
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| ENSMUSG00000084821 | Gm15880 | -2.213416 | 0.0004053 |
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| ENSMUSG00000031278 | Acsl4 | -0.342164 | 0.0026986 |
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| ENSMUSG00000022887 | Masp1 | -1.194392 | 0.0027227 |
| ENSMUSG00000001942 | Siae | 0.486264 | 0.002752 |
| ENSMUSG00000034177 | Rnf43 | 2.7733988 | 0.0027713 |
| ENSMUSG00000055546 | Timd4 | -1.33067 | 0.002773 |
| ENSMUSG00000028081 | Rps3a1 | 0.2768826 | 0.0027961 |
| ENSMUSG00000102418 | Sh2d1b1 | 1.5256437 | 0.0028086 |
| ENSMUSG00000026938 | Fcna | -6.061349 | 0.0028621 |
| ENSMUSG00000034731 | Dgkh | -0.801061 | 0.0028636 |
| ENSMUSG00000038260 | Trpm4 | -0.576591 | 0.0029074 |
| ENSMUSG00000027318 | Adam33 | 0.4815944 | 0.0029168 |
| ENSMUSG00000103585 | Pcdhgb4 | -0.952941 | 0.0029293 |
| ENSMUSG00000032554 | Trf | 0.2620506 | 0.0029571 |
| ENSMUSG00000001783 | Rtcb | 0.3192259 | 0.0029586 |
| ENSMUSG00000022285 | Ywhaz | -0.300763 | 0.002987 |
| ENSMUSG00000013523 | Bcas1 | -1.897077 | 0.0030074 |
| ENSMUSG00000043467 | Zbtb37 | -0.425636 | 0.0030636 |
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| ENSMUSG00000032462 | Pik3cb | 0.3258905 | 0.003201 |
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| ENSMUSG00000054203 | Ifi205 | 2.8080181 | 0.0032241 |
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| ENSMUSG00000041571 | Selenow | 0.5618801 | 0.0032919 |
| ENSMUSG00000028644 | Ermap | 0.498452 | 0.0032968 |
| ENSMUSG00000056888 | Glipr1 | 0.6961878 | 0.0033117 |
| ENSMUSG00000020717 | Pecam1 | -0.596191 | 0.003319 |
| ENSMUSG00000020932 | Gfap | -1.451341 | 0.0033452 |
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| ENSMUSG00000038271 | Iffo1 | -0.33422 | 0.0033605 |
| ENSMUSG00000075122 | Cd80 | 0.5703234 | 0.003376 |
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| ENSMUSG00000022378 | Cyrib | 0.2635837 | 0.0034296 |
| ENSMUSG00000026848 | Tor1b | 0.3501196 | 0.0034999 |
| ENSMUSG00000022791 | Tnk2 | -1.180189 | 0.0035523 |
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| ENSMUSG00000025059 | Gk | 0.7088728 | 0.0035893 |
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| ENSMUSG00000036986 | Pml | 0.5187216 | 0.0036325 |
| ENSMUSG00000017561 | Crlf3 | 0.3077212 | 0.0036557 |
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| ENSMUSG00000031504 | Rab20 | 0.8099148 | 0.0037292 |
| ENSMUSG00000028278 | Rragd | -1.273447 | 0.0037482 |
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| ENSMUSG00000026728 | Vim | -0.450793 | 0.0037724 |
| ENSMUSG00000033781 | Asb13 | 0.5175637 | 0.0037777 |
| ENSMUSG00000026074 | Map4k4 | -0.264106 | 0.0038153 |
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| ENSMUSG00000101167 | Macroh2a3 | 2.4414117 | 0.0039099 |
| ENSMUSG00000028399 | Ptprd | -2.799467 | 0.003911 |
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| ENSMUSG00000039145 | Camk1d | 0.2882622 | 0.0040177 |
| ENSMUSG00000102336 | Gm37233 | -0.472147 | 0.0040405 |
| ENSMUSG00000037260 | Hgsnat | -0.400293 | 0.0040616 |
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| ENSMUSG00000053063 | Clec12a | -0.595837 | 0.0040982 |
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| ENSMUSG00000094628 | Gm3252 | -1.641455 | 0.0044148 |
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| ENSMUSG00000032300 | 1700017B05Rik | 0.2640522 | 0.004553 |
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| ENSMUSG00000022946 | Dop1b | 0.3802344 | 0.0046929 |
| ENSMUSG00000114205 | Gm7480 | 1.2843215 | 0.0047262 |
| ENSMUSG00000033697 | Arhgap39 | 0.2736726 | 0.0047529 |
| ENSMUSG00000053049 | Gm15413 | 4.269843 | 0.0047968 |
| ENSMUSG00000028189 | Ctbs | 0.4367098 | 0.004814 |
| ENSMUSG00000026466 | Tor1aip1 | 0.2965759 | 0.004814 |
| ENSMUSG00000103332 | Pcdhga2 | -1.405382 | 0.004814 |
| ENSMUSG00000090272 | Mndal | -0.554389 | 0.004814 |
| ENSMUSG00000024533 | Spire1 | 0.2998605 | 0.0048191 |
| ENSMUSG00000026782 | Abi2 | -0.48721 | 0.0048191 |
| ENSMUSG00000029490 | Mfsd7a | 0.7366336 | 0.0048564 |
| ENSMUSG00000020682 | Mmp28 | -2.463193 | 0.0048751 |
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| ENSMUSG00000041329 | Atp1b2 | -1.802076 | 0.0049646 |
| ENSMUSG00000032547 | Ryk | -0.63762 | 0.0050024 |
| ENSMUSG00000056145 | Al504432 | -0.695955 | 0.0050115 |
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| ENSMUSG00000066440 | Zfyve26 | 0.3052325 | 0.0053473 |
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| ENSMUSG00000054150 | Syne3 | -1.685973 | 0.0054341 |
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| ENSMUSG00000079481 | Nhsl2 | -0.698998 | 0.0088492 |
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| ENSMUSG00000026458 | Ppfia4 | 0.2452792 | 0.0089849 |
| ENSMUSG00000017670 | Elmo2 | -0.327511 | 0.0089869 |
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| ENSMUSG00000030774 | Pak1 | 0.3299443 | 0.0101561 |
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| ENSMUSG00000026109 | Tmeff2 | -3.803888 | 0.0103054 |
| ENSMUSG00000020256 | Aldh112 | -1.451685 | 0.010471 |
| ENSMUSG00000033790 | Tubgcp5 | -0.278483 | 0.0104776 |
| ENSMUSG00000097571 | Jpx | 0.7823459 | 0.0104776 |
| ENSMUSG00000087107 | Al662270 | -1.855435 | 0.0105059 |
| ENSMUSG00000027199 | Gatm | 0.2590298 | 0.0105398 |
| ENSMUSG00000031309 | Rps6ka3 | -0.345958 | 0.0105398 |
| ENSMUSG00000046314 | Stxbp6 | -3.594422 | 0.0105398 |
| ENSMUSG00000055717 | Slain1 | -2.845732 | 0.0106434 |
| ENSMUSG00000029213 | Commd8 | -0.306858 | 0.0107187 |
| ENSMUSG00000000290 | Itgb2 | 0.2116928 | 0.0107206 |
| ENSMUSG00000029299 | Abcg3 | 0.6556914 | 0.0107212 |
| ENSMUSG00000058881 | Zfp516 | 0.3297303 | 0.0107298 |
| ENSMUSG00000049119 | Fam110b | -1.935518 | 0.0107898 |
| ENSMUSG00000022475 | Hdac7 | 0.7899269 | 0.0108238 |
| ENSMUSG00000086841 | 2410006H16Rik | 0.4253047 | 0.0108269 |
| ENSMUSG00000034009 | Rxfp1 | -2.900818 | 0.010851 |
| ENSMUSG00000028381 | Ugcg | 0.3449972 | 0.0108849 |
| ENSMUSG00000008348 | Ubc | 0.2199585 | 0.0108897 |
| ENSMUSG00000036438 | Calm2 | -0.264826 | 0.0109715 |
| ENSMUSG00000001166 | Oas1c | 1.2992227 | 0.0109958 |
| ENSMUSG00000095041 |  | 0.2329283 | 0.0110763 |
| ENSMUSG00000031604 | Msmo1 | -0.570828 | 0.0110857 |
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| ENSMUSG00000108820 | Gm44620 | 1.4421223 | 0.0111206 |
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| ENSMUSG00000037936 | Scarb1 | -0.602829 | 0.0111312 |
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| ENSMUSG00000111390 | Gm48796 | -2.603055 | 0.0113133 |
| ENSMUSG00000005580 | Adcy9 | -0.4217 | 0.0113198 |
| ENSMUSG00000026880 | Stom | -0.490107 | 0.0114075 |
| ENSMUSG00000089712 | Gm15889 | 0.7614374 | 0.0114783 |
| ENSMUSG00000028811 | Yars | -0.400948 | 0.0115197 |
| ENSMUSG00000070565 | Rasal2 | -0.423338 | 0.0116157 |
| ENSMUSG00000035299 | Mid1 | -0.724523 | 0.0116484 |
| ENSMUSG00000026958 | Dpp7 | 0.3918367 | 0.0117656 |
| ENSMUSG00000037742 | Eef1a1 | 0.2034871 | 0.0117808 |
| ENSMUSG00000069919 | Hba-a1 | -2.656081 | 0.0118363 |
| ENSMUSG00000031320 | Rps4x | 0.22935 | 0.0118634 |
| ENSMUSG00000025855 | Prkar1b | 0.7606472 | 0.0118715 |
| ENSMUSG00000038023 | Atp6v0a2 | 0.2763774 | 0.0120954 |


| ENSMUSG00000028656 | Cap1 | -0.21475 | 0.0121113 |
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| ENSMUSG00000115762 | Gm34907 | -2.538919 | 0.0121693 |
| ENSMUSG00000032624 | Eml4 | -0.283149 | 0.0122357 |
| ENSMUSG00000030307 | Slc6a11 | -2.168122 | 0.0123507 |
| ENSMUSG00000002190 | Clgn | -1.085563 | 0.0123542 |
| ENSMUSG00000035004 | Igsf6 | 0.3522194 | 0.0123542 |
| ENSMUSG00000035829 | Ppp1r26 | -0.814941 | 0.0125293 |
| ENSMUSG00000040537 | Adam22 | -0.815546 | 0.0125498 |
| ENSMUSG00000042700 | Sipa1I1 | -0.333356 | 0.0125525 |
| ENSMUSG00000039470 | Zdhhc2 | 2.1051556 | 0.0125622 |
| ENSMUSG00000103050 | Gm38273 | 1.7214101 | 0.0126164 |
| ENSMUSG00000079388 | 2610042L04Rik | -2.81229 | 0.0126796 |
| ENSMUSG00000026991 | Pkp4 | -0.476095 | 0.0127913 |
| ENSMUSG00000006576 | Slc4a3 | 1.6619541 | 0.0128845 |
| ENSMUSG00000026395 | Ptprc | 0.2295152 | 0.0129032 |
| ENSMUSG00000054499 | Dedd2 | 0.4945328 | 0.012906 |
| ENSMUSG00000045658 | Pid1 | -0.364312 | 0.0129177 |
| ENSMUSG00000024248 | Cox7a2I | 0.317547 | 0.0129177 |
| ENSMUSG00000018398 | Septin8 | -0.428671 | 0.0129468 |
| ENSMUSG00000029189 | Sel13 | -4.014552 | 0.0129709 |
| ENSMUSG00000045917 | Tmem268 | 0.3628262 | 0.0129841 |
| ENSMUSG00000020399 | Havcr2 | 0.2555452 | 0.0130211 |
| ENSMUSG00000027224 | Duoxa1 | -2.656235 | 0.0130634 |
| ENSMUSG00000064363 | mt-Nd4 | -1.142501 | 0.0130786 |
| ENSMUSG00000112545 | 1300014J16Rik | 0.7560484 | 0.0131488 |
| ENSMUSG00000052698 | Tln2 | -0.318241 | 0.0131488 |
| ENSMUSG00000035064 | Eef2k | -0.259194 | 0.0132869 |
| ENSMUSG00000100017 | 2410022M11Rik | 0.7831219 | 0.0132906 |
| ENSMUSG00000031939 | Taf1d | 0.2922971 | 0.0134321 |
| ENSMUSG00000086291 | Gm15513 | 0.7648726 | 0.0134697 |
| ENSMUSG00000078763 | Slfn1 | 0.9055921 | 0.013492 |
| ENSMUSG00000049532 | Sall2 | -0.461531 | 0.013507 |
| ENSMUSG00000022240 | Ctnnd2 | -0.587918 | 0.0135157 |
| ENSMUSG00000054520 | Sh3bp2 | 0.3407562 | 0.0135284 |
| ENSMUSG00000028337 | Coro2a | 0.4647128 | 0.01359 |
| ENSMUSG00000019082 | Slc25a22 | 0.5639365 | 0.0136079 |
| ENSMUSG00000026826 | Nr4a2 | -0.744609 | 0.0136265 |
| ENSMUSG00000035824 | Tk2 | 0.3105485 | 0.0137335 |
| ENSMUSG00000027293 | Ehd4 | -0.253333 | 0.013832 |
| ENSMUSG00000040747 | Cd53 | -0.204107 | 0.0138324 |
| ENSMUSG00000030921 | Trim30a | 0.6882436 | 0.013929 |
| ENSMUSG00000104034 | 2900092N22Rik | 2.1767645 | 0.0140732 |
| ENSMUSG00000028842 | Ago3 | -0.319286 | 0.0141525 |
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| ENSMUSG00000033192 | Lpcat2 | 0.2506404 | 0.0141901 |
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| ENSMUSG00000031154 | Otud5 | 0.2729931 | 0.0142178 |
| ENSMUSG00000022607 | Ptk2 | -0.88732 | 0.0142606 |
| ENSMUSG00000000901 | Mmp11 | -1.369936 | 0.0142855 |
| ENSMUSG00000059336 | Slc14a1 | -1.203765 | 0.0144309 |
| ENSMUSG00000025997 | Ikzf2 | -0.571047 | 0.0144309 |
| ENSMUSG00000031858 | Mau2 | 0.2457325 | 0.0145332 |
| ENSMUSG00000026489 | Coq8a | 0.6544994 | 0.0145723 |
| ENSMUSG00000039427 | Alg1 | 0.4052905 | 0.0146095 |
| ENSMUSG00000027806 | Tsc22d2 | 0.2602548 | 0.0146359 |
| ENSMUSG00000073728 | Tmem51os1 | 6.2187296 | 0.0146507 |
| ENSMUSG00000022054 | Nefm | -2.175428 | 0.014676 |
| ENSMUSG00000018341 | Il12rb2 | 0.9269421 | 0.0147377 |
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| ENSMUSG00000021198 | Unc79 | -1.105081 | 0.0148329 |
| ENSMUSG00000054843 | Atrnl1 | 0.5138208 | 0.0148515 |
| ENSMUSG00000050578 | Mmp13 | -6.298793 | 0.014862 |
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| ENSMUSG00000034312 | Iqsec1 | -0.420156 | 0.015258 |
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| ENSMUSG00000029538 | Srsf9 | 0.3109057 | 0.0154441 |
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| ENSMUSG00000027078 | Ube2I6 | 0.6458825 | 0.0169687 |
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| ENSMUSG00000032827 | Ppp1r9a | -0.234546 | 0.0170893 |
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| ENSMUSG00000058325 | Dock1 | -0.296614 | 0.0172352 |
| ENSMUSG00000036452 | Arhgap26 | -0.842846 | 0.0173126 |
| ENSMUSG00000029033 | Acap3 | -0.597595 | 0.0173379 |
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| ENSMUSG00000063077 | Kif1b | 0.2625214 | 0.0174818 |
| ENSMUSG00000010663 | Fads1 | -0.324733 | 0.0176562 |
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| ENSMUSG00000045968 | Teddm2 | 0.4659068 | 0.0182212 |
| ENSMUSG00000025701 | Alox5 | 0.3321561 | 0.0183 |
| ENSMUSG00000087674 | 4930447M23Rik | -1.405461 | 0.0184159 |
| ENSMUSG00000008393 | Carhsp1 | -0.549716 | 0.0185698 |
| ENSMUSG00000102808 | 5430420F09Rik | 0.9941698 | 0.0186747 |
| ENSMUSG00000070044 | Fam149a | 0.618632 | 0.0186999 |
| ENSMUSG00000025813 | Homer2 | -3.204569 | 0.0187011 |
| ENSMUSG00000044667 | Plppr4 | 0.6927385 | 0.0187213 |
| ENSMUSG00000030986 | Dhx32 | -0.468293 | 0.0189419 |
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| ENSMUSG00000046718 | Bst2 | 0.945012 | 0.019727 |
| ENSMUSG00000063450 | Syne2 | -0.583778 | 0.0197776 |
| ENSMUSG00000020580 | Rock2 | -0.259496 | 0.019791 |
| ENSMUSG00000036850 | Mrpl41 | 0.5708075 | 0.0198009 |
| ENSMUSG00000030402 | Ppm1n | 2.5636184 | 0.0199045 |
| ENSMUSG00000022884 | Eif4a2 | 0.2112519 | 0.0199064 |
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| ENSMUSG00000106385 | Gm42943 | 2.8313761 | 0.0200099 |
| ENSMUSG00000017466 | Timp2 | -0.236123 | 0.0202083 |
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| ENSMUSG00000025270 | Alas2 | -2.484678 | 0.020291 |
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| ENSMUSG00000028463 | Car9 | 1.4888687 | 0.0203337 |
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| ENSMUSG00000086708 | Gm15577 | 3.7609856 | 0.020596 |
| ENSMUSG00000022667 | Cd200r1 | -0.563024 | 0.0206769 |
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| ENSMUSG00000086813 | Gm13657 | 1.2697474 | 0.0207016 |
| ENSMUSG00000007458 | M6pr | 0.231714 | 0.0208155 |
| ENSMUSG00000033538 | Casp4 | 0.4547219 | 0.0210194 |
| ENSMUSG00000035413 | Tmem98 | -3.180021 | 0.0210412 |
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| ENSMUSG00000017291 | Taok1 | -0.221719 | 0.021149 |
| ENSMUSG00000071547 | Nt5dc2 | -0.750034 | 0.021149 |
| ENSMUSG00000035273 | Hpse | 0.9785918 | 0.0211769 |
| ENSMUSG00000073940 | Hbb-bt | -2.703193 | 0.0212433 |
| ENSMUSG00000024187 | Fam234a | -0.418837 | 0.0214312 |
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| ENSMUSG00000015599 | Ttbk1 | -1.281793 | 0.0218937 |
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| ENSMUSG00000079685 | Ulbp1 | 0.7221904 | 0.0232047 |
| ENSMUSG00000029675 | Eln | -3.781837 | 0.0234414 |
| ENSMUSG00000024097 | Srsf7 | 0.2486176 | 0.0235201 |
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| ENSMUSG00000105873 | Gm43708 | -6.218394 | 0.0243362 |
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| ENSMUSG00000079523 | Tmsb10 | 0.671383 | 0.0245875 |
| ENSMUSG00000005043 | Sgsh | 0.4433993 | 0.0249528 |
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| ENSMUSG00000037816 | Fbxw17 | 0.5630118 | 0.0251813 |
| ENSMUSG00000022451 | Twf1 | -0.394377 | 0.025183 |
| ENSMUSG00000030269 | Mtmr14 | 0.3964899 | 0.0253934 |
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| ENSMUSG00000026110 | Mgat4a | -0.197254 | 0.0256132 |
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| ENSMUSG00000020415 | Pttg1 | 0.5953426 | 0.0258928 |
| ENSMUSG00000061887 | Ssbp3 | -0.438274 | 0.0261046 |
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| ENSMUSG00000002603 | Tgfb1 | -0.218398 | 0.0262857 |
| ENSMUSG00000024548 | Setbp1 | -1.249692 | 0.0262857 |
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| ENSMUSG00000006219 | Fblim1 | 0.418875 | 0.0262857 |
| ENSMUSG00000026589 | Sec16b | -1.226799 | 0.0262857 |
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| ENSMUSG00000070390 | Nlrp1b | 0.2693624 | 0.026507 |
| ENSMUSG00000001175 | Calm1 | -0.218 | 0.0265985 |
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| ENSMUSG00000078945 | Naip2 | 0.2427366 | 0.0271405 |
| ENSMUSG00000049281 | Scn3b | -6.040116 | NA |
| ENSMUSG00000046031 | Calhm6 | 1.0144466 | 0.0271859 |
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| ENSMUSG00000022762 | Ncam2 | -4.375573 | 0.0275683 |
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| ENSMUSG00000048264 | Dip2c | -0.508643 | 0.0276604 |
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| ENSMUSG00000012123 | Crybg2 | 1.4779073 | 0.0278406 |
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| ENSMUSG00000053175 | Bcl3 | 0.68483 | 0.0278793 |
| ENSMUSG00000005442 | Cic | -0.231315 | 0.0279725 |
| ENSMUSG00000042390 | Gatad2b | -0.278033 | 0.0281137 |
| ENSMUSG00000093327 | Mir5107 | -0.991429 | 0.0282592 |
| ENSMUSG00000062980 | Cped1 | 1.7189025 | 0.0283606 |
| ENSMUSG00000114864 | Gm41071 | 0.869749 | 0.0283732 |
| ENSMUSG00000038872 | Zfhx3 | -0.204186 | 0.0284303 |
| ENSMUSG00000102854 | C130023A14Rik | -1.203445 | 0.0285165 |
| ENSMUSG00000026447 | Pik3c2b | 0.5120372 | 0.028612 |
| ENSMUSG00000038172 | Ttc39b | 0.3035056 | 0.0286219 |
| ENSMUSG00000069763 | Tmem100 | -0.662021 | 0.02863 |
| ENSMUSG00000036304 | Zdhhc23 | -1.369255 | 0.0286346 |
| ENSMUSG00000027525 | Phactr3 | -3.276643 | 0.0290195 |
| ENSMUSG00000021130 | Galnt16 | -2.079068 | 0.0290893 |
| ENSMUSG00000025656 | Arhgef9 | -1.218765 | 0.0291283 |
| ENSMUSG00000057963 | Itpk1 | 0.4077152 | 0.0291431 |
| ENSMUSG00000020687 | Cdc27 | -0.342976 | 0.0291505 |
| ENSMUSG00000029223 | Uchl1 | -1.827349 | 0.029218 |
| ENSMUSG00000057863 | Rpl36 | 0.3086512 | 0.0293045 |
| ENSMUSG00000102419 | Gm36940 | -1.236659 | 0.029384 |
| ENSMUSG00000110682 | A530010L16Rik | 1.7508261 | 0.0293863 |
| ENSMUSG00000004892 | Bcan | -1.263541 | 0.0294233 |
| ENSMUSG00000035356 | Nfkbiz | -0.200083 | 0.0294645 |
| ENSMUSG00000023022 | Lima1 | -0.387246 | 0.0297699 |
| ENSMUSG00000030291 | Med21 | 0.4630627 | 0.0297798 |
| ENSMUSG00000059493 | Nhs | -5.230791 | 0.0300503 |
| ENSMUSG00000031897 | Psmb10 | 0.3531561 | 0.0300907 |
| ENSMUSG00000012350 | Ehf | 3.1075497 | 0.0301263 |
| ENSMUSG00000086360 | Gm16214 | 1.6101858 | 0.0301586 |
| ENSMUSG00000032267 | Usp28 | -0.523956 | 0.0301586 |
| ENSMUSG00000022257 | Laptm4b | 0.4659213 | 0.0303448 |
| ENSMUSG00000051065 | Mb21d2 | -2.674011 | 0.0304931 |
| ENSMUSG00000055945 | Prr18 | -1.483409 | 0.0304931 |
| ENSMUSG00000029233 | Srd5a3 | 0.4574615 | 0.0305628 |
| ENSMUSG00000110498 | A630001012Rik | 0.8974664 | 0.0305854 |
| ENSMUSG00000028063 | Lmna | 0.5908919 | 0.0308008 |
| ENSMUSG00000025290 | Rps24 | 0.2724427 | 0.0309632 |
| ENSMUSG00000030826 | Bcat2 | 0.4099486 | 0.03109 |
| ENSMUSG00000030020 | Prickle2 | -2.020976 | 0.031273 |
| ENSMUSG00000026339 | Ccdc93 | -0.228098 | 0.0312777 |
| ENSMUSG00000060147 | Serpinb6a | -0.852116 | 0.0312998 |
| ENSMUSG00000006585 | Cdt1 | 0.6690592 | 0.0312998 |
| ENSMUSG00000021097 | Clmn | -1.897069 | 0.0313065 |
| ENSMUSG00000052310 | Slc39a1 | -0.280079 | 0.0313417 |
| ENSMUSG00000087362 | Gm13710 | 1.3641882 | 0.0313417 |


| ENSMUSG00000031808 | Slc27a1 | 0.3793867 | 0.0314591 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000027009 | Itga4 | -0.448217 | 0.0314772 |
| ENSMUSG00000097715 | Gpr137b-ps | -0.308628 | 0.0315361 |
| ENSMUSG00000010358 | Ifi35 | 0.4799833 | 0.0318731 |
| ENSMUSG00000050721 | Plekho2 | 0.2925221 | 0.0320042 |
| ENSMUSG00000041707 | Tmem273 | 0.3442012 | 0.0320793 |
| ENSMUSG00000063488 | Zkscan7 | 0.6132379 | 0.0321221 |
| ENSMUSG00000039116 | Adgrg6 | -2.835818 | 0.0322561 |
| ENSMUSG00000035104 | Eva1a | -0.752849 | 0.0323932 |
| ENSMUSG00000021820 | Camk2g | -0.359146 | 0.0325232 |
| ENSMUSG00000004568 | Arhgef18 | 0.318048 | 0.0326088 |
| ENSMUSG00000039221 | Rpl22l1 | 0.4488779 | 0.0326751 |
| ENSMUSG00000078794 | Dact3 | -1.202121 | 0.0327059 |
| ENSMUSG00000021624 | Cd180 | -0.300786 | 0.0327209 |
| ENSMUSG00000022641 | Bbx | 0.3060204 | 0.0329342 |
| ENSMUSG00000013419 | Zfp651 | -0.693299 | 0.0329599 |
| ENSMUSG00000021311 | Mtr | -0.236579 | 0.0329599 |
| ENSMUSG00000036158 | Prickle1 | -0.785863 | 0.0330059 |
| ENSMUSG00000064368 | mt-Nd6 | -0.676335 | 0.0330059 |
| ENSMUSG00000111116 | Gm48065 | 0.7878583 | 0.0330355 |
| ENSMUSG00000061132 | Blnk | 0.2255637 | 0.0330639 |
| ENSMUSG00000003992 | Ssbp2 | 0.402029 | 0.0330962 |
| ENSMUSG00000025212 | Sfxn3 | -0.494519 | 0.0331765 |
| ENSMUSG00000097156 | Gm3764 | -3.805684 | 0.0334843 |
| ENSMUSG00000039217 | 1118 | 0.5628406 | 0.0336124 |
| ENSMUSG00000049130 | C5ar1 | -0.379307 | 0.0337164 |
| ENSMUSG00000032702 | Kank1 | -1.712254 | 0.0337164 |
| ENSMUSG00000064350 | mt-Ty | -0.932916 | 0.0337182 |
| ENSMUSG00000108912 | E230020D15Rik | -3.271398 | 0.0338316 |
| ENSMUSG00000113165 | Gm47863 | 0.5898501 | 0.0339732 |
| ENSMUSG00000032086 | Bace1 | -0.542624 | 0.0340274 |
| ENSMUSG00000055538 | Zcchc24 | -0.33848 | 0.0340812 |
| ENSMUSG00000019832 | Rab32 | 0.3534551 | 0.0340812 |
| ENSMUSG00000056069 | Otulinl | 0.2224904 | 0.0340958 |
| ENSMUSG00000068129 | Cst7 | 0.7722573 | 0.0340958 |
| ENSMUSG00000011158 | Brf1 | -0.290744 | 0.0340958 |
| ENSMUSG00000021186 | Fbln5 | -4.238678 | 0.0340958 |
| ENSMUSG00000009214 | Mymk | -1.466179 | 0.0341697 |
| ENSMUSG00000024896 | Minpp1 | 0.4123838 | 0.0342372 |
| ENSMUSG00000078853 | Igtp | 0.5049033 | 0.0342739 |
| ENSMUSG00000064267 | Hven1 | 0.3278607 | 0.0342994 |
| ENSMUSG00000110626 | Gm45805 | 0.975618 | 0.0343814 |
| ENSMUSG00000110697 | Gm31718 | 0.9703939 | 0.0345772 |
| ENSMUSG00000034667 | Xpot | -0.258306 | 0.0346011 |
| ENSMUSG00000044626 | Liph | 0.4791514 | 0.0348166 |
| ENSMUSG00000020300 | Cpeb4 | -0.29858 | 0.0348681 |


| ENSMUSG00000010021 | Kif19a | 0.8158835 | 0.0348905 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000103367 | Gm38158 | -0.478576 | 0.0350018 |
| ENSMUSG00000070436 | Serpinh1 | -1.922234 | 0.0350758 |
| ENSMUSG00000030287 | Itpr2 | 0.2054116 | 0.035197 |
| ENSMUSG00000024174 | Pot1b | 0.3749459 | 0.0352888 |
| ENSMUSG00000091754 | Gm3636 | -0.794396 | 0.0352888 |
| ENSMUSG00000103037 | Pcdhgb1 | -1.765644 | 0.035322 |
| ENSMUSG00000026069 | Il1rl1 | -0.729464 | 0.0353495 |
| ENSMUSG00000036745 | TtII7 | -1.409789 | 0.0353863 |
| ENSMUSG00000011831 | Evi5 | -0.322306 | 0.0353863 |
| ENSMUSG00000028599 | Tnfrsf1b | 0.2059953 | 0.0353863 |
| ENSMUSG00000109438 | Gm45073 | -3.074608 | 0.0354486 |
| ENSMUSG00000025429 | Pstpip2 | -0.823082 | 0.0354486 |
| ENSMUSG00000038204 | Asb10 | -0.880484 | 0.0354625 |
| ENSMUSG00000032020 | Ubash3b | -0.245645 | 0.0354625 |
| ENSMUSG00000001280 | Sp1 | -0.222613 | 0.0354825 |
| ENSMUSG00000090862 | Rps13 | 0.2864519 | 0.035484 |
| ENSMUSG00000090942 | F830016B08Rik | 0.9533052 | 0.0356025 |
| ENSMUSG00000045038 | Prkce | -0.489533 | 0.0356785 |
| ENSMUSG00000015804 | Med28 | 0.3922072 | 0.0358547 |
| ENSMUSG00000066258 | Trim12a | 0.323241 | 0.0358547 |
| ENSMUSG00000059291 | Rpl11 | 0.2800099 | 0.0359837 |
| ENSMUSG00000114980 | 4933432I03Rik | 1.668882 | 0.0359837 |
| ENSMUSG00000027569 | Mrgbp | 0.4626145 | 0.0361112 |
| ENSMUSG00000096573 | 1700009J07Rik | 1.3436687 | 0.0361112 |
| ENSMUSG00000115230 | AU022793 | -0.959553 | 0.0364079 |
| ENSMUSG00000030757 | Zkscan2 | -1.716764 | 0.0364563 |
| ENSMUSG00000116029 | Gm41414 | 5.9403597 | NA |
| ENSMUSG00000111147 | Gm33699 | 0.5403622 | 0.036493 |
| ENSMUSG00000024677 | Ms4a6b | -0.307513 | 0.0367358 |
| ENSMUSG00000030088 | Aldh111 | 1.0518278 | 0.0368377 |
| ENSMUSG00000039234 | Sec24d | -0.499132 | 0.036961 |
| ENSMUSG00000085394 | 2210414B05Rik | 5.8845922 | NA |
| ENSMUSG00000009687 | Fxyd5 | -0.519677 | 0.037018 |
| ENSMUSG00000025877 | Hk3 | -0.242007 | 0.0370504 |
| ENSMUSG00000047139 | Cd24a | -0.782357 | 0.0370859 |
| ENSMUSG00000034641 | Cd300ld | -1.047492 | 0.037193 |
| ENSMUSG00000118265 | Gm50211 | 0.5679004 | 0.0373252 |
| ENSMUSG00000025318 | Jph3 | -0.741824 | 0.0373252 |
| ENSMUSG00000020806 | Rhbdf2 | 0.3850587 | 0.0374548 |
| ENSMUSG00000023348 | Trip6 | 0.3886458 | 0.0374957 |
| ENSMUSG00000022951 | Rcan1 | -0.419672 | 0.0377206 |
| ENSMUSG00000018899 | Irf1 | 0.2995088 | 0.0377206 |
| ENSMUSG00000108420 | Gm45141 | 5.8931676 | NA |
| ENSMUSG00000027858 | Tspan2 | -1.468537 | 0.037898 |
| ENSMUSG00000010307 | Tmem86a | 0.238894 | 0.0379151 |


| ENSMUSG00000038677 | Scube3 | -1.716768 | 0.0379151 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000021589 | Rhobtb3 | -3.40854 | 0.0379451 |
| ENSMUSG00000033579 | Fa2h | -3.039053 | 0.0379451 |
| ENSMUSG00000036218 | Pdzrn4 | -5.921014 | NA |
| ENSMUSG00000033392 | Clasp2 | -0.207826 | 0.0383489 |
| ENSMUSG00000059851 | Kmt5c | 0.3088836 | 0.0384978 |
| ENSMUSG00000045594 | Glb1 | 0.2727045 | 0.0385182 |
| ENSMUSG00000067288 | Rps28 | 0.2467947 | 0.0386135 |
| ENSMUSG00000031029 | Eif3f | 0.2776782 | 0.0386683 |
| ENSMUSG00000029456 | Acad10 | 0.718947 | 0.0387864 |
| ENSMUSG00000024978 | Gpam | -0.380164 | 0.0387864 |
| ENSMUSG00000039783 | Kmo | -1.515672 | 0.0388104 |
| ENSMUSG00000039512 | Uhrf1bp1 | 0.2639572 | 0.0388285 |
| ENSMUSG00000038807 | Rap1gap2 | 0.3038658 | 0.0390488 |
| ENSMUSG00000037747 | Phyhipl | -2.147097 | 0.0390488 |
| ENSMUSG00000042659 | Arrdc4 | 0.3866412 | 0.0390661 |
| ENSMUSG00000022332 | Khdrbs3 | -5.564156 | 0.0390661 |
| ENSMUSG00000047098 | Rnf31 | 0.2847933 | 0.0390661 |
| ENSMUSG00000033767 | Tmem1311 | 0.2438941 | 0.0390661 |
| ENSMUSG00000056952 | Tatdn2 | 0.2556181 | 0.039087 |
| ENSMUSG00000078921 | Tgtp2 | 1.7005099 | 0.0391714 |
| ENSMUSG00000033855 | Ston1 | 0.9881933 | 0.0392287 |
| ENSMUSG00000032046 | Abhd12 | -0.194488 | 0.0395394 |
| ENSMUSG00000020473 | Aebp1 | -1.731908 | 0.0396034 |
| ENSMUSG00000096904 | Lamtor3-ps | -1.880569 | 0.0398909 |
| ENSMUSG00000040354 | Mars1 | -0.329115 | 0.0401713 |
| ENSMUSG00000024507 | Hsd17b4 | 0.260461 | 0.0404538 |
| ENSMUSG00000020099 | Unc5b | -1.645682 | 0.0407688 |
| ENSMUSG00000026657 | Frmd4a | 0.2111935 | 0.0408293 |
| ENSMUSG00000027447 | Cst3 | -0.160622 | 0.0408927 |
| ENSMUSG00000015790 | Surf1 | 0.4633774 | 0.0410227 |
| ENSMUSG00000043895 | S1pr2 | -0.536578 | 0.0410419 |
| ENSMUSG00000042688 | Mapk6 | -0.333892 | 0.0410419 |
| ENSMUSG00000030538 | Cib1 | -0.559296 | 0.0412245 |
| ENSMUSG00000034723 | Tmx4 | -0.220454 | 0.0412326 |
| ENSMUSG00000060036 | Rpl3 | 0.1906138 | 0.0412332 |
| ENSMUSG00000019944 | Rhobtb1 | -0.290113 | 0.0413569 |
| ENSMUSG00000042570 | Mier2 | 0.3140551 | 0.0413586 |
| ENSMUSG00000054293 | P2ry10b | -0.553207 | 0.0414242 |
| ENSMUSG00000041889 | Shisa4 | -2.76214 | 0.0416578 |
| ENSMUSG00000084883 | Ccdc85c | -0.486153 | 0.0418256 |
| ENSMUSG00000058070 | Eml1 | -2.648108 | 0.0418687 |
| ENSMUSG00000002279 | Lmf1 | 0.3848439 | 0.0419258 |
| ENSMUSG00000029156 | Sgcb | 0.4671224 | 0.0419258 |
| ENSMUSG00000024298 | Zfp871 | -0.23275 | 0.0419258 |
| ENSMUSG00000114784 | Gm47754 | 1.3818955 | 0.0419667 |


| ENSMUSG00000097729 | 2310015A10Rik | 0.5225002 | 0.0420476 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000020105 | Lrig3 | 0.3935577 | 0.0420476 |
| ENSMUSG00000022105 | Rb1 | -0.276767 | 0.0420476 |
| ENSMUSG00000021779 | Thrb | -2.748312 | 0.0420595 |
| ENSMUSG00000102302 | Gm38190 | -0.62177 | 0.0421673 |
| ENSMUSG00000037266 | Rsrp1 | 0.1909634 | 0.0422057 |
| ENSMUSG00000030147 | Clec4b1 | -1.82114 | 0.0422526 |
| ENSMUSG00000041515 | Irf8 | 0.1967641 | 0.0426374 |
| ENSMUSG00000032060 | Cryab | -1.561251 | 0.0427874 |
| ENSMUSG00000034771 | Tle2 | -0.795566 | 0.04284 |
| ENSMUSG00000015947 | Fcgr1 | 0.2357191 | 0.0430038 |
| ENSMUSG00000079457 | Gm7609 | 2.417822 | 0.0430618 |
| ENSMUSG00000003420 | Fcgrt | -0.346732 | 0.0431767 |
| ENSMUSG00000056999 | Ide | -0.442195 | 0.0436276 |
| ENSMUSG00000002249 | Tead3 | -0.888583 | 0.0437094 |
| ENSMUSG00000039405 | Prss23 | -4.166049 | 0.043713 |
| ENSMUSG00000041859 | Mcm3 | 0.3076818 | 0.0437375 |
| ENSMUSG00000029804 | Herc3 | 0.547754 | 0.0439826 |
| ENSMUSG00000025145 | Lrrc45 | 0.3119809 | 0.0440445 |
| ENSMUSG00000029385 | Ccng2 | -0.206779 | 0.0442964 |
| ENSMUSG00000106426 | Gm36211 | -2.626977 | 0.0443565 |
| ENSMUSG00000032369 | Plscr1 | 0.7607523 | 0.0443595 |
| ENSMUSG00000018169 | Mfng | 0.266379 | 0.0443595 |
| ENSMUSG00000032399 | Rpl4 | 0.1952327 | 0.0448446 |
| ENSMUSG00000048960 | Prex2 | -1.54161 | 0.0451114 |
| ENSMUSG00000090307 | 1700071M16Rik | -1.91018 | 0.0451114 |
| ENSMUSG00000038523 | 1700003F12Rik | 1.1085266 | 0.0451628 |
| ENSMUSG00000020785 | Camkk1 | 0.5682617 | 0.0453662 |
| ENSMUSG00000024150 | Mcfd2 | 0.2806758 | 0.0455398 |
| ENSMUSG00000056501 | Cebpb | 0.919178 | 0.0457397 |
| ENSMUSG00000040987 | Mill2 | -2.183653 | 0.0457418 |
| ENSMUSG00000013089 | Etv5 | -0.223861 | 0.0457418 |
| ENSMUSG00000097177 | 9330159M07Rik | 0.9269671 | 0.0457418 |
| ENSMUSG00000028019 | Pdgfc | -5.06978 | 0.0460438 |
| ENSMUSG00000030102 | Itpr1 | 0.3887297 | 0.0460982 |
| ENSMUSG00000114961 | A930002C04Rik | -5.854479 | NA |
| ENSMUSG00000026663 | Atf6 | 0.2298153 | 0.0462206 |
| ENSMUSG00000071176 | Arhgef10 | -1.301506 | 0.0465078 |
| ENSMUSG00000031103 | Elf4 | 0.2310004 | 0.0466523 |
| ENSMUSG00000038893 | Fam117a | 0.6881296 | 0.0468407 |
| ENSMUSG00000021047 | Nova1 | -0.562803 | 0.0469059 |
| ENSMUSG00000019966 | Kitl | -0.393766 | 0.0471093 |
| ENSMUSG00000062647 | Rpl7a | 0.2027102 | 0.0477697 |
| ENSMUSG00000035783 | Acta2 | -1.654928 | 0.0478185 |
| ENSMUSG00000066415 | Msl2 | 0.2364699 | 0.0478632 |
| ENSMUSG00000023262 | Acy1 | -0.526953 | 0.0481002 |


| ENSMUSG00000026721 | Rabgap1I | -0.629425 | 0.0481327 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| ENSMUSG00000067203 | H2-K2 | 0.3117668 | 0.0482674 |
| ENSMUSG00000004709 | Cd244a | 0.9863889 | 0.0487513 |
| ENSMUSG00000036192 | Rorb | -3.222398 | 0.0489109 |
| ENSMUSG00000091985 | Gm17354 | -1.064704 | 0.0494651 |
| ENSMUSG00000043259 | Fam13c | -1.873326 | 0.0494698 |
| ENSMUSG00000074502 | Ubtfl1 | -1.561483 | 0.0499287 |
| ENSMUSG00000021638 | Ocln | 0.9043321 | 0.049968 |
| ENSMUSG00000022463 | Srebf2 | -0.301775 | 0.049968 |

Appendix II Differential Gene Discovories from DESeq2 analysis of Naïve Microglia

Appendix III

| Canonical <br> Pathways | $-\log$ <br> (p-value) | z-score | Down | $\begin{gathered} \text { No } \\ \text { Change } \end{gathered}$ | Up | No Overlap | $\mathrm{P}<0.05$ <br> Molecules |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Phagosome <br> Formation | 16 | -0.318 | $\begin{aligned} & 139 / \\ & 276 \\ & (50 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 276 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 99 / 276 \\ & (36 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 38 / 276 \\ & (14 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ADGRE1, <br> ADGRE5, <br> ADGRG1, <br> ADGRG6, <br> ADORA1, <br> ADORA3, <br> APBB1IP, C3, <br> C3AR1, C5AR1, <br> C5AR2, CCR2, <br> CCR3, CCR5, <br> CD14, CD36, <br> CLIP1, CMKLR1, <br> CNR2, CX3CR1, <br> DOCK1, EDNRB, <br> ELMO2, FCGR1A, <br> FCGR2B, <br> FCGR3A/ <br> FCGR3B, FN1, <br> FPR1, FPR2, FYN, <br> GPR108, <br> GPR155, <br> GPR160, <br> GPR183, GPR34, <br> GPR35, HCAR2, <br> HCK, ITGA4, <br> ITGAL, ITGAM, <br> ITGAX, ITGB1, <br> ITGB2, ITGB3, <br> ITGB5, ITPR1, <br> ITPR2, LYN, <br> MRC1, MRC2, <br> MSR1, MYH10, <br> MYO10, P2RY12, <br> P2RY13, P2RY14, <br> P2RY2, PAK1, <br> PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, <br> PIK3CG, <br> PLA2G2D, <br> PLA2G7, PLAAT3, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ITGB1, ITGB2, <br> MMP12, <br> MMP14, MMP2, <br> MMP9, PECAM1, <br> PF4, SDC3, SDC4, <br> TNFRSF1B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Role of Hypercytokinemia/ Hyperchemokinemia in the Pathogenesis of Influenza | 8.34 | 3.674 | $\begin{aligned} & 11 / 51 \\ & (22 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 51 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33 / 51 \\ & \text { (65\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 / 51 \\ & (14 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CCL2, CCL5, <br> CXCL10, CXCL3, <br> DDX58, EIF2AK2, <br> IFIT2, IFIT3, <br> IFNB1, IL10, IL18, <br> IRF7, IRF9, OAS1, <br> OAS2, OAS3, <br> PYCARD, RSAD2, <br> S1PR1, STAT1, <br> STAT2, TLR3, <br> TLR4, TLR9 |
| Crosstalk between <br> Dendritic Cells and <br> Natural Killer Cells | 7.19 | 2.065 | $\begin{aligned} & 18 / 53 \\ & \text { (34\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 53 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26 / 53 \\ & (49 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9 / 53 \\ & (17 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ACTA2, CAMK2G, CD28, CD80, CSF2RB, FSCN1, HLA-DRB5, HLAE, HLA-G, IFNB1, IL15RA, IL18, IL2RG, ITGAL, KLRD1, MICB, NECTIN2, TLN2, TLR3, TLR4, TLR9, TNFRSF1B, TNFSF10 |
| Th1 and Th2 <br> Activation Pathway | 6.94 | N/ A | $\begin{aligned} & 51 / 115 \\ & (44 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 115 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 46 / 115 \\ & (40 \%) \end{aligned}$ | 18/ 115 <br> (16\%) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { BMPR2, CCR3, } \\ & \text { CCR5, CD274, } \\ & \text { CD28, CD4, } \\ & \text { CD80, CXCR4, } \\ & \text { HAVCR2, HLA- } \\ & \text { DMA, HLA-DOA, } \\ & \text { HLA-DQA1, HLA- } \\ & \text { DQB1, HLA- } \\ & \text { DRB5, ICOSLG/ } \\ & \text { LOC102723996, } \\ & \text { IL10, IL10RA, } \\ & \text { IL10RB, IL12RB1, } \\ & \text { IL12RB2, IL18, } \\ & \text { IL1RL1, IL2RG, } \\ & \text { IRF1, ITGB2, } \end{aligned}$ |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | JAG1, JAG2, KLRD1, MAF, NOTCH2, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, S1PR1, STAT1, TGFB1, TIMD4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agranulocyte <br> Adhesion and <br> Diapedesis | 6.91 | N/ A | $\begin{aligned} & 44 / 88 \\ & (50 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 88 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26 / 88 \\ & (30 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18 / 88 \\ & (20 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ACTA2, C5AR1, } \\ & \text { CCL2, CCL24, } \\ & \text { CCL5, CcI7, CCR2, } \\ & \text { CCR3, CCR5, } \\ & \text { CD34, CXCL10, } \\ & \text { CXCL13, CXCL16, } \\ & \text { CXCL2, CXCL3, } \\ & \text { Cxcl9, CXCR4, } \\ & \text { FN1, IL18, ITGA4, } \\ & \text { ITGB1, ITGB2, } \\ & \text { MMP12, } \\ & \text { MMP14, MMP2, } \\ & \text { MMP9, MYH10, } \\ & \text { MYO10, } \\ & \text { PECAM1, PF4, } \\ & \text { SDC4 } \end{aligned}$ |
| Fcy Receptormediated <br> Phagocytosis in <br> Macrophages and <br> Monocytes | 6.33 | 1.46 | $\begin{aligned} & 36 / 58 \\ & (62 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 58 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22 / 58 \\ & \text { (38\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 58 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ACTA2, CBL, <br> DOCK1, FCGR1A, <br> FCGR3A/ <br> FCGR3B, FYB1, <br> FYN, HCK, LYN, <br> PAK1, PIK3CG, <br> PLD4, PRKCA, <br> PRKCB, PRKCD, <br> PTK2B, PXN, SRC, <br> SYK, TLN2, VASP, <br> VAV2, VAV3 |
| Leukocyte <br> Extravasation <br> Signalling | 6.32 | -0.354 | $\begin{aligned} & 58 / 102 \\ & (57 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 102 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33 / 102 \\ & (32 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11 / 102 \\ & (11 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ACTA2, ACTN1, <br> ARHGAP4, CD44, <br> CXCR4, CYBA, <br> CYBB, ITGA4, <br> ITGAL, ITGAM, <br> ITGB1, ITGB2, <br> MMP12, <br> MMP14, MMP2, <br> MMP9, PECAM1, <br> PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PIK3CG, PLCG2, } \\ & \text { PRKCA, PRKCB, } \\ & \text { PRKCD, PTK2, } \\ & \text { PTK2B, PXN, } \\ & \text { ROCK2, SRC, } \\ & \text { TIMP2, VASP, } \\ & \text { VAV2, VAV3 } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Antigen <br> Presentation <br> Pathway | 6.28 | N/ A | $\begin{aligned} & 7 / 25 \\ & (28 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 25 \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16 / 25 \\ & (64 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 / 25 \\ & \text { (8\%) } \end{aligned}$ | B2M, CD74, CIITA, HLA-DMA, HLA-DOA, HLADQA1, HLADQB1, HLADRB5, HLA-E, HLA-G, NLRC5, PSMB9, TAP1, TAPBP |
| Breast Cancer <br> Regulation by <br> Stathmin1 | 5.87 | -0.802 | $\begin{aligned} & 119 / \\ & 230 \\ & (52 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 230 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 76 / 230 \\ & (33 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35 / 230 \\ & (15 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ADGRE1, <br> ADGRE5, <br> ADGRG1, <br> ADGRG6, <br> ADORA1, <br> ADORA3, <br> ARHGEF18, <br> ARHGEF6, <br> C3AR1, C5AR1, <br> C5AR2, CAMK1D, <br> CAMK2G, <br> CCND2, CCR2, <br> CCR3, CCR5, <br> CDK6, CMKLR1, <br> CNR2, CX3CR1, <br> EDNRB, FPR1, <br> FPR2, GPR108, <br> GPR155, <br> GPR160, <br> GPR183, GPR34, <br> GPR35, HCAR2, <br> IGF1, MMP2, <br> MMP9, P2RY12, <br> P2RY13, P2RY14, <br> P2RY2, PAK1, <br> PDGFB, PDGFC, <br> PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, <br> ALCB2, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Complement System | 5.58 | 1.633 | $\begin{aligned} & 4 / 15 \\ & (27 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 15 \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 / 15 \\ & \text { (47\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 / 15 \\ & (27 \%) \end{aligned}$ | C1QA, C1QB, C1QC, C2, C3, C3AR1, C5AR1, ITGAM, ITGAX, ITGB2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Communication between Innate and Adaptive Immune Cells | 5.49 | N/ A | $\begin{aligned} & 15 / 51 \\ & \text { (29\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 51 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 28 / 51 \\ & (55 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 / 51 \\ & (16 \%) \end{aligned}$ | B2M, CCL5, CD28, CD4, CD80, CXCL10, HLA-DRB5, HLA- E, HLA-G, IFNB1, IL10, IL18, TIr12, TLR2, TLR3, TLR4, TLR5, TLR8, TLR9, TNFSF13B |
| Macropinocytosis <br> Signalling | 5.34 | 1.155 | $\begin{aligned} & 28 / 52 \\ & \text { (54\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 52 \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24 / 52 \\ & (46 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 52 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { CD14, CSF1, } \\ & \text { ITGB1, ITGB2, } \\ & \text { ITGB3, ITGB5, } \\ & \text { MET, MRC1, } \\ & \text { PAK1, PDGFB, } \\ & \text { PDGFC, PIK3C2B, } \\ & \text { PIK3CB, PIK3CG, } \\ & \text { PLCG2, PRKCA, } \\ & \text { PRKCB, PRKCD, } \\ & \text { RAB34, SRC } \end{aligned}$ |
| Th1 Pathway | 5.04 | 1.342 | $\begin{aligned} & 30 / 81 \\ & (37 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 81 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40 / 81 \\ & (49 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11 / 81 \\ & (14 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CCR5, CD274, CD28, CD4, CD80, HAVCR2, HLA-DMA, HLA- DOA, HLA-DQA1, HLA-DQB1, HLA- DRB5, ICOSLG/ LOC102723996, IL10, IL10RA, IL10RB, IL12RB1, IL12RB2, IL18, IRF1, ITGB2, KLRD1, NOTCH2, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, STAT1 |
| Neuroinflammation <br> Signalling Pathway | 4.93 | 1.761 | 81/ 179 <br> (45\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 179 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | 85/ 179 (47\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 13 / 179 \\ & (7 \%) \end{aligned}$ | APP, B2M, BIRC2, BMPR2, CCL2, CCL5, CD200R1, CD80, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CX3CR1, CXCL10, CYBB, HLA-DMA, HLA-DOA, HLA- DQA1, HLA- DQB1, HLA- DRB5, HLA-E, HLA-G, IDE, IFNB1, IL10, IL18, IRAK2, IRF7, MMP9, NAIP, NFE2L2, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PLA2G2D, PLCG2, PYCARD, SLC1A2, SLC1A3, STAT1, SYK, TGFB1, TIr12, TLR2, TLR3, TLR4, TLR5, TLR8, TLR9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Osteoarthritis <br> Pathway | 4.89 | -1.732 | $\begin{aligned} & 66 / 132 \\ & (50 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 132 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 48 / 132 \\ & (36 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18 / 132 \\ & (14 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ANKH, BMP2, BMPR2, CASP4, CEBPB, EPAS1, FN1, IL1R2, IL1RL1, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAM, ITGAX, ITGB1, ITGB2, ITGB3, ITGB5, JAG1, LRP1, MEF2C, MMP12, MMP9, NAMPT, PDGFC, PRKAB1, RUNX2, S1PR2, SDC4, SIK3, SMAD7, SP1, TCF4, TGFB1, TLR2, TLR4, TNFRSF1B |
| CREB Signalling in <br> Neurons | 4.85 | -1.089 | $\begin{aligned} & 123 / \\ & 230 \\ & (53 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 230 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 69 / 230 \\ & (30 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 38 / 230 \\ & (17 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ADCY9, ADGRE1, <br> ADGRE5, <br> ADGRG1, <br> ADGRG6, <br> ADORA1, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ADORA3, BMPR2, C3AR1, C5AR1, C5AR2, CACNA1A, CAMK2G, CCR2, CCR3, CCR5, CMKLR1, CNR2, CX3CR1, EDNRB, FPR1, FPR2, GPR108, GPR155, GPR160, GPR183, GPR34, GPR35, HCAR2, IGF1, IGF1R, ITPR1, ITPR2, KDR, P2RY12, P2RY13, P2RY14, P2RY2, PDGFB, PDGFRB, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PLCB2, PLCB4, PLCG2, PLCL2, PRKCA, PRKCB, PRKCD, S1PR1, S1PR2, TGFB1, TNFRSF11A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Axonal Guidance Signalling | 4.78 | N/ A | $\begin{aligned} & 133 / \\ & 220 \\ & (60 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 220 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 67 / 220 \\ & (30 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20 / 220 \\ & (9 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ADAM22, <br> ARHGEF6, <br> BAIAP2, BMP1, <br> BMP2, CXCR4, <br> DOCK1, EFNB1, <br> EPHB6, FYN, <br> IGF1, ITGA4, <br> ITGAL, ITGAM, <br> ITGAX, ITGB1, <br> ITGB2, ITGB3, <br> ITGB5, ITSN1, <br> LNPEP, MET, <br> MMP12, <br> MMP14, MMP2, <br> MMP9, PAK1, <br> PDGFB, PDGFC, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, <br> PIK3CG, PLCB2, <br> PLCB4, PLCG2, <br> PLCL2, PLXNA1, <br> PLXND1, PRKCA, <br> PRKCB, PRKCD, <br> PTK2, PXN, RGS3, <br> ROCK2, RTN4, <br> SEMA6D, <br> SRGAP2, <br> TUBA1A, <br> TUBB2A, UNC5B, <br> VASP |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| T Helper Cell Differentiation | 4.72 | N/ A | $\begin{aligned} & 17 / 52 \\ & (33 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 52 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23 / 52 \\ & (44 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 / 52 \\ & (23 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CD28, CD80, HLA-DMA, HLA- DOA, HLA-DQA1, HLA-DQB1, HLA- DRB5, ICOSLG/ LOC102723996, IL10, IL10RA, IL10RB, IL12RB1, IL12RB2, IL18, IL2RG, IL6ST, STAT1, TGFB1, TNFRSF1B |
| Atherosclerosis <br> Signalling | 4.71 | N/A | $\begin{aligned} & 33 / 70 \\ & (47 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0/70 } \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23 / 70 \\ & (33 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14 / 70 \\ & (20 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ALOX5, APOE, CCL2, CCR2, CCR3, CD36, CLU, CSF1, CXCR4, IL18, ITGA4, ITGB2, LPL, LYZ, MMP9, MSR1, PDGFB, PDGFC, PLA2G2D, PLA2G7, PLAAT3, TGFB1, TNFRSF14 |
| Sperm Motility | 4.68 | 0.258 | $\begin{aligned} & 58 / 109 \\ & (53 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0/ } 109 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41 / 109 \\ & (38 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 / 109 \\ & (9 \%) \end{aligned}$ | AATK, AXL, CSF2RA, DYRK4, FYN, HCK, IGF1R, ITPR1, ITPR2, KDR, LYN, MET, PDGFRB, PEAK1, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PLA2G2D, PLA2G7, PLAAT3, PLCB2, PLCB4, PLCG2, PLCL2, PRKCA, PRKCB, PRKCD, PTK2, PTK2B, RYK, SLC12A2, SRC, SYK, TWF1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Caveolar-mediated <br> Endocytosis <br> Signalling | 4.65 | N/ A | $\begin{aligned} & 21 / 44 \\ & (48 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 44 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23 / 44 \\ & (52 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 44 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ACTA2, B2M, CD48, FYN, HLAE, HLA-G, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAM, ITGAX, ITGB1, ITGB2, ITGB3, ITGB5, ITSN1, PRKCA, SRC |
| TREM1 Signalling | 4.64 | 0.894 | $\begin{aligned} & 23 / 57 \\ & (40 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 57 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 / 57 \\ & (60 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 57 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CCL2, CIITA, CXCL3, FCGR2B, IL10, IL18, IL1RL1, ITGAX, ITGB1, NLRC4, NLRC5, NOD1, PLCG2, Trr12, TLR2, TLR3, TLR4, TLR5, TLR8, TLR9 |
| TEC Kinase <br> Signalling | 4.59 | 1.043 | $\begin{aligned} & 55 / 110 \\ & (50 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0/ } 110 \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 52 / 110 \\ & (47 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 / 110 \\ & (3 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ACTA2, FYN, HCK, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAM, ITGAX, ITGB1, ITGB2, ITGB3, ITGB5, LYN, PAK1, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PLCG2, PRKCA, PRKCB, PRKCD, PTK2, PTK2B, RHOBTB1, RHOC, SRC, STAT1, STAT2, TLR4, TNFSF10, VAV2, VAV3 |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| IL-15 Production | 4.58 |  |  |  |  |  |  |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PRKCB, PRKCD, SRC, TFRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EIF2 Signalling | 4.36 | 3.3 | 47/ 118 (40\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 118 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 70 / 118 \\ & (59 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1/ } 118 \\ & \text { (1\%) } \end{aligned}$ | ACTA2, AGO3, EIF2AK2, EIF2S3, EIF4G2, IGF1R, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, RPL10, RPL11, RPL13, RPL17, RPL18A, RPL19, RPL23, RPL27A, RPL28, RPL35, RPL35A, RPL37, RPL37A, RPS13, RPS14, RPS16, RPS23, RPS24, RPS27A, RPS29, RPS3, RPS4Y1, RPS5 |
| CDC42 Signalling | 4.34 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 43 / 83 \\ & (52 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 83 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 38 / 83 \\ & (46 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 / 83 \\ & (2 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ARHGEF6, B2M, BAIAP2, CLIP1, EXOC5, EXOC6, HLA-DMA, HLADOA, HLA-DQA1, HLA-DQB1, HLADRB5, HLA-E, HLA-G, IQGAP2, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAM, ITGAX, ITGB1, ITGB2, ITGB3, ITGB5, PAK1, SRC, VAV2 |
| T Cell Exhaustion Signalling Pathway | 4.33 | 1.706 | 49/ 103 <br> (48\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 103 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 48 / 103 \\ & (47 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 6/ } 103 \\ & \text { (6\%) } \end{aligned}$ | BMPR2, CD274, CD28, CD80, HAVCR2, HLA- DMA, HLA-DOA, HLA-DQA1, HLA- DQB1, HLA- DRB5, HLA-E, HLA-G, IL10, IL10RA, IL10RB, IL12RB1, IL12RB2, IRF9, KDR, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PLCG2, PPP2R1B, PRDM1, STAT1, STAT2, TGFB1, TNFRSF14 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Systemic Lupus <br> Erythematosus In B <br> Cell Signalling <br> Pathway | 4.32 | 1.852 | 68/ 172 (40\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 172 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | 86/ 172 (50\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 18 / 172 \\ & (10 \%) \end{aligned}$ | BLNK, CBL, CCND2, CD22, FCGR2B, FYN, GAB1, HCK, IFIH1, IFIT2, IFIT3, IFNB1, IL10, IL18, IL6ST, IRF7, IRF9, LILRB3, LILRB4, LYN, MAP4K4, MAVS, PIK3AP1, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PLCG2, PRKCA, PRKCB, PRKCD, SRC, STAT1, STAT2, SYK, SYNJ2, TGFB1, TLR3, TLR8, TLR9, TNFSF10, TNFSF13B, TNFSF8 |
| Altered T Cell and B <br> Cell Signalling in <br> Rheumatoid <br> Arthritis | 4.27 | N/ A | $\begin{aligned} & 23 / 60 \\ & (38 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 60 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26 / 60 \\ & (43 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11 / 60 \\ & (18 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CD28, CD80, CSF1, CXCL13, HLA-DMA, HLA- DOA, HLA-DQA1, HLA-DQB1, HLA- DRB5, IL10, IL18, TGFB1, TIr12, TLR2, TLR3, TLR4, TLR5, TLR8, TLR9, TNFSF13B |
| PI3K Signalling in B Lymphocytes | 4.24 | 1.633 | $\begin{aligned} & 48 / 89 \\ & (54 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 89 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40 / 89 \\ & (45 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 89 \\ & (1 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ATF6, BLNK, C3, CAMK2G, CBL, CD180, CD81, FCGR2B, FYN, IRS2, ITPR1, ITPR2, LYN, PIK3AP1, PIK3CB, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PIK3CG, PLCB2, } \\ & \text { PLCB4, PLCG2, } \\ & \text { PLCL2, PRKCB, } \\ & \text { PTPRC, SYK, } \\ & \text { TLR4, VAV2, } \\ & \text { VAV3 } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B Cell Development | 4.18 | N/ A | $\begin{aligned} & 6 / 13 \\ & (46 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 13 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 / 13 \\ & (46 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 13 \\ & (8 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CD80, HLA-DMA, } \\ & \text { HLA-DOA, HLA- } \\ & \text { DQA1, HLA- } \\ & \text { DQB1, HLA- } \\ & \text { DRB5, IL7R, } \\ & \text { PTPRC } \end{aligned}$ |
| Dendritic Cell <br> Maturation | 4.03 | 1.976 | $\begin{aligned} & 42 / 117 \\ & (36 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 117 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 64/ } 117 \\ & (55 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 11/ } 117 \\ & \text { (9\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { B2M, CD80, } \\ & \text { FCGR1A, } \\ & \text { FCGR2B, } \\ & \text { FCGR3A/ } \\ & \text { FCGR3B, FSCN1, } \\ & \text { HLA-DMA, HLA- } \\ & \text { DOA, HLA-DQA1, } \\ & \text { HLA-DQB1, HLA- } \\ & \text { DRB5, HLA-E, } \\ & \text { HLA-G, IFNB1, } \\ & \text { IL10, IL18, IRF8, } \\ & \text { PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, } \\ & \text { PIK3CG, PLCB2, } \\ & \text { PLCB4, PLCG2, } \\ & \text { PLCL2, STAT1, } \\ & \text { STAT2, TLR2, } \\ & \text { TLR3, TLR4, } \\ & \text { TLR9, TNFRSF1B } \end{aligned}$ |
| Paxillin Signalling | 3.99 | -1 | $\begin{aligned} & 40 / 72 \\ & (56 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 72 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32 / 72 \\ & (44 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 72 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { ACTA2, ACTN1, } \\ & \text { ARHGEF6, } \\ & \text { DOCK1, ITGA4, } \\ & \text { ITGAL, ITGAM, } \\ & \text { ITGAX, ITGB1, } \\ & \text { ITGB2, ITGB3, } \\ & \text { ITGB5, PAK1, } \\ & \text { PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, } \\ & \text { PIK3CG, PTK2, } \\ & \text { PTK2B, PTPN12, } \\ & \text { PXN, SRC, TLN2 } \end{aligned}$ |
| Calcium-induced T <br> Lymphocyte <br> Apoptosis | 3.95 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 17 / 28 \\ & (61 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 28 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9 / 28 \\ & (32 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2/ } 28 \\ & \text { (7\%) } \end{aligned}$ | CAPN2, CD4, HLA-DMA, HLADOA, HLA-DQA1, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | HLA-DQB1, HLADRB5, ITPR1, ITPR2, PRKCA, PRKCB, PRKCD |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Role of <br> Macrophages, <br> Fibroblasts and <br> Endothelial Cells in <br> Rheumatoid <br> Arthritis | 3.93 | N/ A | 87/ 184 (47\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 184 \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | 82/ 184 (45\%) | 15/ 184 (8\%) | C5AR1, CAMK2G, CCL2, CCL5, CEBPA, CEBPB, CSF1, FCGR1A, FCGR3A/ FCGR3B, FN1, IL10, IL18, IL1R2, IL1RL1, IL6ST, IRAK2, LRP1, PDGFB, PDGFC, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PLCB2, PLCB4, PLCG2, PLCL2, PRKCA, PRKCB, PRKCD, ROCK2, RYK, SRC, TCF4, TGFB1, TIr12, TLR2, TLR3, TLR4, TLR5, TLR8, TLR9, TNFRSF1B, TNFSF13B |
| Hepatic Fibrosis / <br> Hepatic Stellate Cell <br> Activation | 3.86 | N/ A | 64/ 130 (49\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 130 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | 41/ 130 (32\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 25 / 130 \\ & (19 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ACTA2, CCL2, CCL5, CCR5, CD14, COL6A3, CSF1, CXCL3, EDNRB, FGF1, FN1, IGF1, IGF1R, IL10, IL10RA, IL1R2, IL1RL1, KDR, KLF6, MET, MMP2, MMP9, MYH10, MYO10, PDGFB, PDGFC, PDGFRB, SMAD7, STAT1, TGFB1, TIMP2, TLR4, TNFRSF1B |
| NUR77 Signalling in <br> T Lymphocytes | 3.84 | 0.333 | 23/50 (46\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 50 \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 24 / 50 \\ & \text { (48\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3 / 50 \\ & (6 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B} 2 \mathrm{M}, \mathrm{CD} 28, \\ & \mathrm{CD} 80, \mathrm{HDAC7} \end{aligned}$ |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | HLA-DMA, HLADOA, HLA-DQA1, HLA-DQB1, HLADRB5, HLA-E, HLA-G, MAP3K3, PRKCA, PRKCB, PRKCD, RPS6KA3, TNFSF10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Clathrin-mediated <br> Endocytosis <br> Signalling | 3.83 | N/ A | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 66/ } 104 \\ & (63 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 104 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 31 / 104 \\ & (30 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 / 104 \\ & (7 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ACTA2, AP2A2, APOE, CBL, CLTC, CLU, DAB2, FGF1, HIP1, IGF1, ITGB1, ITGB2, ITGB3, ITGB5, LDLR, LDLRAP1, LYZ, MET, NUMB, PDGFB, PDGFC, PICALM, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, RPS27A, SRC, TFRC |
| Chemokine <br> Signalling | 3.79 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 36 / 55 \\ & (65 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 55 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17 / 55 \\ & (31 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 / 55 \\ & (4 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CAMK1D, CAMK2G, CCL2, CCL24, CCL5, CCR3, CCR5, CXCR4, PIK3CG, PLCB2, PLCB4, PLCG2, PRKCA, PRKCB, PTK2, PTK2B, ROCK2, SRC |
| ERK/ MAPK <br> Signalling | 3.63 | -0.408 | $\begin{aligned} & 76 / 128 \\ & (59 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 128 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 49 / 128 \\ & (38 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 / 128 \\ & (2 \%) \end{aligned}$ | DOCK1, ELF4, ETS1, ETS2, FYN, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAM, ITGAX, ITGB1, ITGB2, ITGB3, ITGB5, PAK1, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PLA2G2D, PLCG2, PPP1R3D, PPP2R1B, PRKCA, РRKCB, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PRKCD, PTK2, <br> PTK2B, PXN, SRC, <br> STAT1, TLN2, <br> YWHAH, YWHAZ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MSP-RON Signalling <br> Pathway | 3.61 | N/ A | $\begin{aligned} & 12 / 30 \\ & (40 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 30 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15 / 30 \\ & (50 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 / 30 \\ & (10 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ACTA2, CCL2, CCR2, CSF1, CSF2RB, ITGAM, ITGB2, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, TLR2, TLR4 |
| Regulation of Cellular Mechanics by Calpain Protease | 3.49 | -1.633 | $\begin{aligned} & 29 / 53 \\ & (55 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 53 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21 / 53 \\ & (40 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 / 53 \\ & (6 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ACTN1, CAPN2, CCND2, CDK6, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAM, ITGAX, ITGB1, ITGB2, ITGB3, ITGB5, PTK2, PXN, RB1, SRC, TLN2 |
| Phospholipase C <br> Signalling | 3.47 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 77 / 136 \\ & (57 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 136 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 56 / 136 \\ & (41 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 / 136 \\ & (2 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ADCY9, AHNAK, ARHGEF18, <br> ARHGEF6, BLNK, FCGR2B, FYN, HDAC7, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAM, ITGAX, ITGB1, ITGB2, ITGB3, ITGB5, ITPR1, ITPR2, LYN, MEF2C, PLA2G2D, PLCB2, PLCB4, PLCG2, PLD4, PRKCA, PRKCB, PRKCD, RHOBTB1, RHOC, RPS6KA3, SRC, SYK |
| Allograft Rejection <br> Signalling | 3.43 | N/ A | $\begin{aligned} & 9 / 27 \\ & (33 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 27 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 / 27 \\ & (37 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 / 27 \\ & (30 \%) \end{aligned}$ | B2M, CD28, CD80, HLA-DMA, HLA-DOA, HLADQA1, HLADQB1, HLADRB5, HLA-E, HLA-G, IL10 |


| Coronavirus <br> Pathogenesis <br> Pathway | 3.37 | -4.243 | $\begin{aligned} & 49 / 132 \\ & (37 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 132 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 78 / 132 \\ & \text { (59\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 / 132 \\ & (4 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CCL2, CCL5, CCR2, DDX58, EEF1A1, HDAC7, IFNB1, IRF7, IRF9, KPNB1, MAVS, OAS1, OAS2, OAS3, PYCARD, RB1, RPS13, RPS14, RPS16, RPS23, RPS24, RPS27A, RPS29, RPS3, RPS4Y1, RPS5, STAT1, STAT2, TGFB1, TLR3, TRIM25, ZC3HAV1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cardiac Hypertrophy <br> Signalling <br> (Enhanced) | 3.32 | 0.143 | $\begin{aligned} & 143 / \\ & 285 \\ & (50 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 285 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 115 / 285 \\ & (40 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27 / 285 \\ & (9 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ADCY9, ATF6, <br> BMPR2, <br> CACNA1A, <br> CAMK2G, <br> CSF2RB, CYBB, <br> EDNRB, FGF1, <br> GDE1, HDAC7, <br> IGF1, IGF1R, <br> IL10RA, IL10RB, <br> IL12RB1, <br> IL12RB2, <br> IL13RA1, IL15RA, <br> IL18, IL1R2, <br> IL1RL1, IL2RG, <br> IL6ST, IL7R, <br> ITGA4, ITGAL, <br> ITGAM, ITGAX, <br> ITGB1, ITGB2, <br> ITGB3, ITGB5, <br> ITPR1, ITPR2, <br> MAP3K3, <br> MAP3K5, <br> MAPKAPKЗ, <br> MEF2C, PDE3B, <br> РІКЗС2B, РІКЗСВ, <br> PIK3CG, PLCB2, <br> PLCB4, PLCG2, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { PLCL2, PRKCA, } \\ & \text { PRKCB, PRKCD, } \\ & \text { PTK2, RCAN1, } \\ & \text { ROCK2, TGFB1, } \\ & \text { TNFRSF1B, } \\ & \hline \text { TNFSF10, } \\ & \hline \text { TNFSF13B, } \\ & \text { TNFSF8 } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Autoimmune <br> Thyroid Disease <br> Signalling | 3.26 | N/A | $\begin{aligned} & 8 / 24 \\ & (33 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 24 \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9 / 24 \\ & (38 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 / 24 \\ & (29 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { CD28, CD80, } \\ & \text { HLA-DMA, HLA- } \\ & \text { DOA, HLA-DQA1, } \\ & \text { HLA-DQB1, HLA- } \\ & \text { DRB5, HLA-E, } \\ & \text { HLA-G, IL10 } \end{aligned}$ |
| PI3K/ AKT Signalling | 3.18 | -0.632 | $\begin{aligned} & 63 / 124 \\ & (51 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 124 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 58 / 124 \\ & (47 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 / 124 \\ & (2 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CDKN1A, <br> CSF2RB, GAB1, <br> IL10RA, IL10RB, <br> IL12RB1, <br> IL12RB2, <br> IL13RA1, IL15RA, <br> IL1R2, IL1RL1, <br> IL2RG, IL6ST, <br> IL7R, ITGA4, <br> ITGAL, ITGAM, <br> ITGAX, ITGB1, <br> ITGB2, ITGB3, <br> ITGB5, LIMS1, <br> MAPЗK5, <br> PIK3CB, PIK3CG, <br> PPP2R1B, SYNJ2, <br> YWHAH, YWHAZ |
| LXR/ RXR Activation | 3.07 | -1.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 25 / 62 \\ & (40 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 62 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30 / 62 \\ & (48 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 / 62 \\ & (11 \%) \end{aligned}$ | APOE, C3, CCL2, CD14, CD36, CLU, IL18, IL1R2, IL1RL1, LDLR, LPL, LYZ, MMP9, MSR1, SERPINF1, TLR3, TLR4, TNFRSF1B |
| Integrin Signalling | 3.06 | -0.962 | $\begin{aligned} & 82 / 126 \\ & (65 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0/ } 126 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 43 / 126 \\ & (34 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 126 \\ & (1 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ACTA2, ACTN1, ARHGAP26, CAPN2, DOCK1, FYN, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAM, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ITGAX, ITGB1, <br> ITGB2, ITGB3, <br> ITGB5, LIMS1, <br> NEDD9, PAK1, <br> PDGFB, PIK3C2B, <br> PIK3CB, PIK3CG, <br> PLCG2, PTK2, <br> PXN, RHOBTB1, <br> RHOC, SRC, <br> TLN2, TSPAN2, <br> VASP |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pulmonary Healing Signalling Pathway | 3.02 | 0.962 | 61/ 110 (55\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 110 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 / 110 \\ & (31 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15 / 110 \\ & (14 \%) \end{aligned}$ | BMPR2, <br> CHRNA7, CXCR4, <br> FYN, HCK, IDH2, JAG1, KDR, LYN, MMP12, <br> MMP14, MMP2, MMP9, NOTCH2, PDGFC, PECAM1, PRKAB1, PRKCA, PRKCB, PRKCD, SRC, TCF4, TGFB1, THBS1, TLR2, TLR4, TNFRSF1B |
| Role of PKR in Interferon Induction and Antiviral Response | 2.96 | 2.524 | $\begin{aligned} & 35 / 84 \\ & (42 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 84 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 45 / 84 \\ & (54 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 / 84 \\ & (5 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { DDX58, EIF2AK2, } \\ & \text { FCGR1A, } \\ & \text { HSPA1A/ } \\ & \text { HSPA1B, IFIH1, } \\ & \text { IFNB1, IL18, IRF1, } \\ & \text { IRF9, MAVS, } \\ & \text { MSR1, NLRP1, } \\ & \text { PDGFB, PDGFC, } \\ & \text { PDGFRB, } \\ & \text { PYCARD, SP1, } \\ & \text { STAT1, STAT2, } \\ & \text { TLR3, TLR4, TLR9 } \end{aligned}$ |
| Semaphorin <br> Neuronal Repulsive <br> Signalling Pathway | 2.96 | -1.342 | $\begin{aligned} & 50 / 84 \\ & (60 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 84 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33 / 84 \\ & (39 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 84 \\ & (1 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { BCAN, CD44, } \\ & \text { CSPG4, FARP1, } \\ & \text { FYN, ITGA4, } \\ & \text { ITGAL, ITGAM, } \\ & \text { ITGAX, ITGB1, } \\ & \text { ITGB2, ITGB3, } \\ & \text { ITGB5, PAK1, } \end{aligned}$ |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, <br> PIK3CG, PLCG2, <br> PLXNA1, <br> PLXND1, ROCK2, <br> SEMA6D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Graft-versus-Host <br> Disease Signalling | 2.94 | N/ A | $\begin{aligned} & 11 / 26 \\ & (42 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 26 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 / 26 \\ & (38 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 / 26 \\ & (19 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CD28, CD80, HLA-DMA, HLADOA, HLA-DQA1, HLA-DQB1, HLADRB5, HLA-E, HLA-G, IL18 |
| Interferon Signalling | 2.94 | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & 5 / 26 \\ & (19 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 26 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19 / 26 \\ & (73 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 / 26 \\ & \text { (8\%) } \end{aligned}$ | IFIT1, IFIT3, IFITM3, IFNB1, IRF1, IRF9, OAS1, STAT1, STAT2, TAP1 |
| Natural Killer Cell Signalling | 2.87 | 1.512 | 50/ 118 (42\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 118 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 61/ } 118 \\ & \text { (52\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 / 118 \\ & (6 \%) \end{aligned}$ | B2M, CD48, FCGR3A/ FCGR3B, FYN, HLA-E, HLA-G, HSPA1A/ HSPA1B, IL12RB1, IL12RB2, IL18, ITGAL, ITGB1, KLRD1, MAP3K3, MAP3K5, MICB, NECTIN2, PAK1, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PLCG2, PTK2B, PXN, SYK, TNFSF10, VAV2, VAV3 |
| Sphingosine-1phosphate Signalling | 2.81 | -0.728 | $\begin{aligned} & 38 / 65 \\ & (58 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 65 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26 / 65 \\ & (40 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 65 \\ & (2 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ADCY9, CASP4, PDGFB, PDGFC, PDGFRB, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PLCB2, PLCB4, PLCG2, PLCL2, PTK2, PTK2B, RHOBTB1, RHOC, S1PR1, S1PR2 |


| G-Protein Coupled <br> Receptor Signalling | 2.77 | -0.674 | $\begin{aligned} & 149 / \\ & 281 \\ & (53 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 281 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 99 / 281 \\ & (35 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33 / 281 \\ & (12 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ADCY9, ADGRE1, <br> ADGRE5, <br> ADGRG1, <br> ADGRG6, <br> ADORA1, <br> ADORA3, C3AR1, <br> C5AR1, C5AR2, <br> CAMK2G, CCR2, <br> CCR3, CCR5, <br> CMKLR1, CNR2, <br> CX3CR1, EDNRB, <br> FPR1, FPR2, FYN, <br> GDE1, GPR108, <br> GPR155, <br> GPR160, <br> GPR183, GPR34, <br> GPR35, GRK3, <br> HCAR2, МАРЗК3, <br> MAP3K5, MEF2C, <br> P2RY12, P2RY13, <br> P2RY14, P2RY2, <br> PAK1, PDE3B, <br> PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, <br> PIK3CG, PLCB2, <br> PLCB4, PLCG2, <br> PRKCA, PRKCB, <br> PTK2, PTK2B, <br> PXN, RGS18, <br> ROCK2, S1PR1, <br> S1PR2, SRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STAT3 Pathway | 2.7 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 48 / 93 \\ & (52 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 93 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 38 / 93 \\ & (41 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 / 93 \\ & (8 \%) \end{aligned}$ | BMPR2, CDKN1A, CSF2RB, IGF1, IGF1R, IL10RA, IL10RB, IL12RB1, IL12RB2, IL13RA1, IL15RA, IL1R2, IL1RL1, IL2RG, IL6ST, IL7R, KDR, PDGFB, PDGFRB, PIM1, SRC, TGFB1, TNFRSF11A |


| PAK Signalling | 2.67 | -0.832 | $\begin{aligned} & 39 / 72 \\ & (54 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 72 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33 / 72 \\ & (46 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 72 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { ARHGEF6, ITGA4, } \\ & \text { ITGAL, ITGAM, } \\ & \text { ITGAX, ITGB1, } \\ & \text { ITGB2, ITGB3, } \\ & \text { ITGB5, PAK1, } \\ & \text { PDGFB, PDGFC, } \\ & \text { PDGFRB, } \\ & \text { PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, } \\ & \text { PIK3CG, PTK2, } \\ & \text { PTK2B, PXN } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| T Cell Receptor Signalling | 2.66 | 0.962 | $\begin{aligned} & 58 / 116 \\ & (50 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 116 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | 51/ 116 <br> (44\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 7 / 116 \\ & (6 \%) \end{aligned}$ | B2M, CBL, CD28, CD4, CD80, FYB1, FYN, HLA-DMA, HLA-DOA, HLA- DQA1, HLA- DQB1, HLA- DRB5, HLA-E, HLA-G, ICOSLG/ LOC102723996, ITGAL, ITGB1, ITGB2, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PTK2B, PTPN22, PTPRC, TCF4, VAV2, VAV3 |
| Regulation of elF4 <br> and p70S6K <br> Signalling | 2.64 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 54 / 105 \\ & (51 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 105 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 51 / 105 \\ & (49 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 105 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | AGO3, EIF2S3, EIF4G2, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAM, ITGAX, ITGB1, ITGB2, ITGB3, ITGB5, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PPP2R1B, RPS13, RPS14, RPS16, RPS23, RPS24, RPS27A, RPS29, RPS3, RPS4Y1, RPS5 |
| CTLA4 Signalling in Cytotoxic T Lymphocytes | 2.62 | N/ A | $\begin{aligned} & 24 / 47 \\ & (51 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 47 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22 / 47 \\ & (47 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 47 \\ & (2 \%) \end{aligned}$ | AP2A2, B2M, CD28, CD80, CLTC, FYN, HLAE, HLA-G, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PPP2R1B, PTPN22, SYK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IL-12 Signalling and Production in Macrophages | 2.58 | N/ A | $\begin{aligned} & 34 / 84 \\ & (40 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 84 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42 / 84 \\ & (50 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 / 84 \\ & (10 \%) \end{aligned}$ | APOE, CEBPB, CLU, IL10, <br> IL12RB1, <br> IL12RB2, IL18, <br> IRF1, IRF8, LYZ, <br> MAF, PIK3C2B, <br> PIK3CB, PIK3CG, <br> PRKCA, PRKCB, <br> PRKCD, STAT1, <br> TGFB1, TLR2, <br> TLR4 |
| Ephrin A Signalling | 2.46 | N/ A | $\begin{aligned} & 14 / 25 \\ & (56 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 25 \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 / 25 \\ & (40 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 25 \\ & (4 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FYN, PAK1, } \\ & \text { PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, } \\ & \text { PIK3CG, PTK2, } \\ & \text { ROCK2, VAV2, } \\ & \text { VAV3 } \end{aligned}$ |
| VDR/ RXR Activation | 2.44 | -0.302 | $\begin{aligned} & 22 / 44 \\ & \text { (50\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 44 \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13 / 44 \\ & (30 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9 / 44 \\ & (20 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { CCL5, CD14, } \\ & \text { CDKN1A, CEBPA, } \\ & \text { CEBPB, CXCL10, } \\ & \text { IL1RL1, PRKCA, } \\ & \text { PRKCB, PRKCD, } \\ & \text { RUNX2, SP1, } \\ & \text { THBD } \end{aligned}$ |
| Glioblastoma <br> Multiforme <br> Signalling | 2.42 | 0.688 | $\begin{aligned} & 51 / 92 \\ & (55 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 92 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 38 / 92 \\ & (41 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 / 92 \\ & (3 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CCND2, CDK6, CDKN1A, IGF1, IGF1R, ITPR1, ITPR2, PDGFB, PDGFC, PDGFRB, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PLCB2, PLCB4, PLCG2, PLCL2, PRKCD, RB1, RHOBTB1, RHOC, SRC |
| Glioma Signalling | 2.41 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 45 / 81 \\ & (56 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 81 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35 / 81 \\ & (43 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 81 \\ & (1 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CAMK1D, <br> CAMK2G, CCND2, CDK6, CDKN1A, HDAC7, IDH2, IGF1, IGF1R, PDGFB, PDGFC, PDGFRB, РІКЗС2B, РІК3CB, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PIK3CG, PLCG2, <br> PRKCA, PRKCB, <br> PRKCD, RB1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Role of NFAT in Regulation of the Immune Response | 2.4 | 1.043 | 64/ 115 <br> (56\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 115 \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 49/ } 115 \\ & (43 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 / 115 \\ & (2 \%) \end{aligned}$ | BLNK, CD28, CD4, CD80, FCGR1A, FCGR2B, FCGR3A/ FCGR3B, FYN, HLA-DMA, HLA- DOA, HLA-DQA1, HLA-DQB1, HLA- DRB5, ITPR1, ITPR2, KPNB1, LYN, MEF2C, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PLCB2, PLCB4, PLCG2, RCAN1, SYK |
| CXCR4 Signalling | 2.39 | 0.655 | $\begin{aligned} & 60 / 98 \\ & (61 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 98 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 38 / 98 \\ & (39 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 98 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ADCY9, CD4, CXCR4, DOCK1, ELMO2, ITPR1, ITPR2, LYN, PAK1, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PLCB2, PLCB4, PRKCA, PRKCB, PRKCD, PTK2, PXN, RHOBTB1, RHOC, ROCK2, SRC |
| Pyroptosis Signalling <br> Pathway | 2.38 | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 25 / 60 \\ & (42 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 60 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30 / 60 \\ & (50 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 / 60 \\ & (8 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CASP4, GBP2, GSDMD, IL18, NAIP, NLRC4, NLRP1, PYCARD, TIr12, TLR2, TLR3, TLR4, TLR5, TLR8, TLR9, TNFRSF1B |
| Phospholipases | 2.33 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 12 / 26 \\ & (46 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 26 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11 / 26 \\ & (42 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 / 26 \\ & (12 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LPL, PLA2G2D, } \\ & \text { PLA2G7, PLAAT3, } \\ & \text { PLCB2, PLCB4, } \\ & \text { PLCG2, PLCL2, } \\ & \text { PLD4 } \end{aligned}$ |


| PKCӨ Signalling in T Lymphocytes | 2.32 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 43 / 88 \\ & (49 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 88 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 39 / 88 \\ & (44 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 6/ } 88 \\ & \text { (7\%) } \end{aligned}$ | CACNA1A, <br> CAMK2G, CD28, <br> CD4, CD80, FYN, <br> HLA-DMA, HLA- <br> DOA, HLA-DQA1, <br> HLA-DQB1, HLA- <br> DRB5, ITPR1, <br> ITPR2, MAP3K3, <br> MAP3K5, <br> PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, <br> PIK3CG, PLCG2, <br> VAV2, VAV3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B Cell Receptor Signalling | 2.29 | 1.225 | $\begin{aligned} & 59 / 117 \\ & (50 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 117 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | 57/ 117 (49\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 117 \\ & (1 \%) \end{aligned}$ | APBB1IP, BCL2A1, BLNK, CAMK2G, CD22, ETS1, FCGR2B, GAB1, LYN, MAP3K3, MAP3K5, MEF2C, PIK3AP1, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PLCG2, POU2F2, PRKCB, PTK2, PTK2B, PTPRC, SYK, SYNJ2, VAV2, VAV3 |
| Systemic Lupus <br> Erythematosus In T <br> Cell Signalling <br> Pathway | 2.27 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 74 / 129 \\ & (57 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 129 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | 46/ 129 (36\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 9 / 129 \\ & (7 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B2M, CASP4, } \\ & \text { CBL, CD28, CD44, } \\ & \text { CD80, CREM, } \\ & \text { HLA-DMA, HLA- } \\ & \text { DOA, HLA-DQA1, } \\ & \text { HLA-DQB1, HLA- } \\ & \text { DRB5, HLA-E, } \\ & \text { HLA-G, ICOSLG/ } \\ & \text { LOC102723996, } \\ & \text { IL10, ITGAL, } \\ & \text { ITPR1, PIK3C2B, } \\ & \text { PIK3CB, PIK3CG, } \\ & \text { PPP2R1B, PTK2, } \\ & \text { RHOBTB1, RHOC, } \\ & \text { ROCK2, SP1, SYK } \end{aligned}$ |
| TR/ RXR Activation | 2.25 | N/ A | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 22 / 41 \\ & \text { (54\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0 / 41 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 18 / 41 \\ & (44 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 41 \\ & (2 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { COL6A3, LDLR, } \\ & \text { PDE3B, PIK3C2B, } \end{aligned}$ |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PIK3CB, PIK3CG, SCARB1, SLC2A1, SREBF2, THRA, THRB, UCP2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ephrin B Signalling | 2.25 | -0.905 | $\begin{aligned} & 30 / 41 \\ & (73 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 41 \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11 / 41 \\ & (27 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 41 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CBL, CXCR4, EFNB1, EPHB6, ITSN1, PAK1, PTK2, PXN, RGS3, ROCK2, VAV2, VAV3 |
| MSP-RON Signalling <br> In Cancer Cells <br> Pathway | 2.22 | -0.447 | $\begin{aligned} & 46 / 84 \\ & (55 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 84 \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 / 84 \\ & (40 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 / 84 \\ & (5 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ACTA2, CSF2RB, } \\ & \text { ELF4, ETS1, ETS2, } \\ & \text { ITGB1, MET, } \\ & \text { PDGFC, PIK3C2B, } \\ & \text { PIK3CB, PIK3CG, } \\ & \text { PTK2, PTK2B, } \\ & \text { RPS6KA3, SP1, } \\ & \text { SRC, ST14, TCF4, } \\ & \text { YWHAH, YWHAZ } \end{aligned}$ |
| ILK Signalling | 2.21 | -1.606 | $\begin{aligned} & 67 / 107 \\ & (63 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 107 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35 / 107 \\ & \text { (33\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 / 107 \\ & (5 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ACTA2, ACTN1, ARHGEF6, BMP2, DOCK1, FN1, IRS2, ITGB1, ITGB2, ITGB3, ITGB5, LIMS1, MMP9, MYH10, MYO10, PDGFC, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PPP2R1B, PTK2, PXN, RHOBTB1, RHOC |
| Neuropathic Pain <br> Signalling In Dorsal <br> Horn Neurons | 2.21 | 1.291 | $\begin{aligned} & 31 / 57 \\ & (54 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 57 \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20 / 57 \\ & (35 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 / 57 \\ & (11 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CAMK1D, CAMK2G, ITPR1, ITPR2, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PLCB2, PLCB4, PLCG2, PLCL2, PRKCA, PRKCB, PRKCD, SRC |
| ICOS-ICOSL <br> Signalling in T <br> Helper Cells | 2.19 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 31 / 68 \\ & (46 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 68 \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 31 / 68 \\ & (46 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 / 68 \\ & \text { (9\%) } \end{aligned}$ | CAMK2G, CD28, CD4, CD80, HLADMA, HLA-DOA, HLA-DQA1, HLA- |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | DQB1, HLADRB5, ICOSLG/ LOC102723996, IL2RG, ITPR1, ITPR2, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PTPRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Growth Hormone <br> Signalling | 2.16 | 1.265 | $\begin{aligned} & 23 / 42 \\ & (55 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 42 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18 / 42 \\ & (43 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 42 \\ & (2 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CEBPA, IGF1, IGF1R, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PLCG2, PRKCA, PRKCB, PRKCD, RPS6KA3, STAT1 |
| p70S6K Signalling | 2.15 | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 45 / 74 \\ & (61 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 74 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 28 / 74 \\ & (38 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 74 \\ & (1 \%) \end{aligned}$ | EEF2K, IL2RG, LYN, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PLCB2, PLCB4, PLCG2, PLCL2, PPP2R1B, PRKCA, PRKCB, PRKCD, SRC, SYK, YWHAH, YWHAZ |
| Iron homeostasis <br> Signalling pathway | 2.15 | N/ A | $\begin{aligned} & 36 / 74 \\ & (49 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 74 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33 / 74 \\ & (45 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 / 74 \\ & (7 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ATP6V0A1, ATP6VOA2, ATP6V1C1, BMP1, BMP2, BMPR2, CD163, EPAS1, FTH1, HFE, LRP1, PDGFB, PDGFRB, SLC11A1, SLC25A37, SLC40A1, TCIRG1, TFRC |
| Necroptosis <br> Signalling Pathway | 2.13 | 2.065 | $\begin{aligned} & 27 / 80 \\ & (34 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 80 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 46 / 80 \\ & (57 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 / 80 \\ & (9 \%) \end{aligned}$ | AXL, BIRC2, CAMK2G, CAPN2, CYBB, EIF2AK2, IFNB1, IRF9, PELI1, PLA2G2D, PYCARD, RB1, STAT1, STAT2, TLR3, TLR4, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | TNFRSF1B, TNFSF10, TSPO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Role of Osteoblasts, Osteoclasts and Chondrocytes in Rheumatoid Arthritis | 2.09 | N/ A | $\begin{aligned} & 64 / 121 \\ & (53 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 121 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | 44/ 121 <br> (36\%) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 13/ } 121 \\ & \text { (11\%) } \end{aligned}$ | BIRC2, BMP1, BMP2, BMPR2, CBL, CSF1, IGF1, IL10, IL18, IL1R2, IL1RL1, ITGB3, LRP1, MAP3K5, MMP14, NAIP, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PTK2B, RUNX2, SRC, TCF4, TGFB1, TNFRSF11A, TNFRSF1B |
| Primary <br> Immunodeficiency <br> Signalling | 2.07 | N/ A | $\begin{aligned} & 7 / 19 \\ & (37 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 19 \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9 / 19 \\ & (47 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 / 19 \\ & (16 \%) \end{aligned}$ | BLNK, CD4, CIITA, IL2RG, IL7R, PTPRC, TAP1 |
| 14-3-3-mediated Signalling | 2.03 | 0.832 | $\begin{aligned} & 47 / 76 \\ & (62 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 76 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 29 / 76 \\ & (38 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 76 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CBL, GFAP, MAP3K5, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PLCB2, PLCB4, PLCG2, PLCL2, PRKCA, PRKCB, PRKCD, SRC, TUBA1A, TUBB2A, YWHAH, YWHAZ |
| Factors Promoting <br> Cardiogenesis in <br> Vertebrates | 2.02 | -1.807 | $\begin{aligned} & 41 / 65 \\ & (63 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 65 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17 / 65 \\ & (26 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 / 65 \\ & (11 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { BMP1, BMP2, } \\ & \text { BMPR2, } \\ & \text { CAMK2G, LRP1, } \\ & \text { MEF2C, PLCB2, } \\ & \text { PLCB4, PLCG2, } \\ & \text { PLCL2, PRKCA, } \\ & \text { PRKCB, PRKCD, } \\ & \text { ROCK2, TCF4, } \\ & \text { TGFB1 } \end{aligned}$ |
| Cholecystokinin/ <br> Gastrin-mediated <br> Signalling | 1.99 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 50 / 71 \\ & (70 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 71 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21 / 71 \\ & (30 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 71 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CREM, IL18, ITPR1, ITPR2, MEF2C, PLCB2, PLCB4, PRKCA, PRKCB, PRKCD, PTK2, PTK2B, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PXN, RHOBTB1, <br> RHOC, ROCK2, <br> Gustation Pathway |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| PD-1, PD-L1 cancer immunotherapy pathway | 1.93 | -0.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 27 / 72 \\ & (38 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 72 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35 / 72 \\ & (49 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 / 72 \\ & (14 \%) \end{aligned}$ | B2M, CD274, CD28, CD80, HLA-DMA, HLADOA, HLA-DQA1, HLA-DQB1, HLADRB5, HLA-E, HLA-G, IL2RG, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, TGFB1, TNFRSF1B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RHOGDI Signalling | 1.92 | 0.832 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 59/95 } \\ & \text { (62\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 95 \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35 / 95 \\ & (37 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 95 \\ & (1 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { ACTA2, } \\ & \text { ARHGAP4, } \\ & \text { ARHGEF18, } \\ & \text { ARHGEF6, CD44, } \\ & \text { ITGA4, ITGAL, } \\ & \text { ITGAM, ITGAX, } \\ & \text { ITGB1, ITGB2, } \\ & \text { ITGB3, ITGB5, } \\ & \text { MYH10, PAK1, } \\ & \text { PRKCA, } \\ & \text { RHOBTB1, RHOC, } \\ & \text { ROCK2, SRC, } \\ & \text { WASF2 } \end{aligned}$ |
| Tumour <br> Microenvironment <br> Pathway | 1.91 | -1.225 | 58/ 113 (51\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 113 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | 39/ 113 <br> (35\%) | 16/ 113 (14\%) | CCL2, CD274, CD44, CSF1, CSPG4, CXCR4, FGF1, FN1, HLA- E, HLA-G, IGF1, IL10, ITGB3, MMP12, MMP14, MMP2, MMP9, PDGFB, PDGFC, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, SLC2A1, TGFB1 |
| Ephrin Receptor Signalling | 1.91 | -1.155 | $\begin{aligned} & 72 / 113 \\ & \text { (64\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 113 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | 37/ 113 (33\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 4 / 113 \\ & (4 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { CXCR4, EFNB1, } \\ & \text { EPHB6, FGF1, } \\ & \text { FYN, ITGA4, } \\ & \text { ITGAL, ITGAM, } \\ & \text { ITGAX, ITGB1, } \\ & \text { ITGB2, ITGB3, } \\ & \text { ITGB5, ITSN1, } \\ & \text { MAP4K4, PAK1, } \\ & \text { PDGFB, PDGFC, } \end{aligned}$ |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PIK3CG, PTK2, } \\ & \text { PXN, RGS3, } \\ & \text { ROCK2, SRC } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RAC Signalling | 1.88 | -0.258 | $\begin{aligned} & 53 / 96 \\ & (55 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 96 \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40 / 96 \\ & (42 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 / 96 \\ & (3 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { ABI2, BAIAP2, } \\ & \text { CD44, CDK5R1, } \\ & \text { CYBB, CYFIP1, } \\ & \text { IQGAP2, ITGA4, } \\ & \text { ITGAL, ITGAM, } \\ & \text { ITGAX, ITGB1, } \\ & \text { ITGB2, ITGB3, } \\ & \text { ITGB5, PAK1, } \\ & \text { PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, } \\ & \text { PIK3CG, PTK2, } \\ & \text { PTK2B } \end{aligned}$ |
| GP6 Signalling Pathway | 1.85 | 0.258 | $\begin{aligned} & 43 / 79 \\ & (54 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 79 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24 / 79 \\ & (30 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 / 79 \\ & (15 \%) \end{aligned}$ | APBB1IP, <br> COL6A3, FYB1, <br> FYN, ITGB3, <br> ITPR1, LYN, <br> PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, <br> PIK3CG, PLCG2, <br> PRKCA, PRKCB, <br> PRKCD, PTK2, <br> SYK, VAV2, VAV3 |
| GM-CSF Signalling | 1.79 | 2.111 | $\begin{aligned} & 27 / 52 \\ & (52 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 52 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25 / 52 \\ & (48 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 52 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | BCL2A1, CAMK2G, CSF2RA, CSF2RB, ETS1, HCK, LYN, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PIM1, PRKCB, STAT1 |
| Epithelial Adherens Junction Signalling | 1.78 | 1.789 | $\begin{aligned} & 65 / 92 \\ & (71 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0/ } 92 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26 / 92 \\ & \text { (28\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 92 \\ & (1 \%) \end{aligned}$ | BAIAP2, BMPR2, FGF1, FRMD6, FYN, IGF1R, MET, MYH10, NECTIN2, NOTCH2, PAK1, PPP2R1B, PRKAB1, ROCK2, SRC, TCF4, TNS1, VAV2, YWHAH, YWHAZ |
| Neuregulin <br> Signalling | 1.77 | 0.707 | $\begin{aligned} & 43 / 69 \\ & (62 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 69 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24 / 69 \\ & \text { (35\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2/ } 69 \\ & (3 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CDK5R1, DLG4, ERRFI1, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAM, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ITGAX, ITGB1, } \\ & \text { ITGB2, ITGB3, } \\ & \text { ITGB5, PLCG2, } \\ & \text { PRKCA, PRKCB, } \\ & \text { PRKCD, SRC } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| VEGF Signalling | 1.77 | -0.258 | $\begin{aligned} & 41 / 69 \\ & (59 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 69 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25 / 69 \\ & (36 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 / 69 \\ & (4 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ACTA2, ACTN1, EIF2S3, KDR, PDGFC, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PLCG2, PRKCA, PRKCB, PTK2, PTK2B, PXN, ROCK2, SRC |
| Synaptogenesis Signalling Pathway | 1.74 | -0.192 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 90/ } 135 \\ & \text { (67\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 135 \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42 / 135 \\ & (31 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 / 135 \\ & (2 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ADCY9, AP2A2, APOE, CADM1, CAMK2G, CLASP2, DLG4, EFNB1, EPHB6, FARP1, FYN, HCK, ITPR1, ITSN1, LRP1, LYN, PAK1, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PLCG2, PRKCD, SRC, STXBP2, STXBP5, THBS1, YKT6 |
| Production of Nitric <br> Oxide and Reactive <br> Oxygen Species in <br> Macrophages | 1.73 | 2.711 | $\begin{aligned} & 56 / 117 \\ & (48 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 117 \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | 54/ 117 (46\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 7 / 117 \\ & (6 \%) \end{aligned}$ | APOE, CLU, CYBA, CYBB, IRF1, IRF8, LYZ, MAP3K3, MAP3K5, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PLCG2, PPP1R3D, PPP2R1B, PRKCA, PRKCB, PRKCD, RHOBTB1, RHOC, STAT1, TLR2, TLR4, TNFRSF1B |
| Dermatan Sulphate Biosynthesis (Late Stages) | 1.68 | 0.447 | $\begin{aligned} & 5 / 13 \\ & (38 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 13 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 / 13 \\ & (46 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 / 13 \\ & (15 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CHST15, CHST2, <br> CHST7, DSE, <br> NDST1 |


| Protein Kinase A <br> Signalling | 1.67 | 0.539 | $\begin{aligned} & 107 / \\ & 187 \\ & (57 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 187 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 73 / 187 \\ & \text { (39\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 / 187 \\ & (4 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ADCY9, ADD3, } \\ & \text { AKAP8, CAMK2G, } \\ & \text { CDC27, CREM, } \\ & \text { DUSP16, DUSP3, } \\ & \text { GDE1, ITPR1, } \\ & \text { ITPR2, MYH10, } \\ & \text { PDE3B, PLCB2, } \\ & \text { PLCB4, PLCG2, } \\ & \text { PLCL2, PPP1R3D, } \\ & \text { PRKCA, PRKCB, } \\ & \text { PRKCD, PTK2, } \\ & \text { PTK2B, PTPN12, } \\ & \text { PTPN22, PTPRC, } \\ & \text { PTPRM, PXN, } \\ & \text { ROCK2, TCF4, } \\ & \text { TGFB1, } \\ & \text { UBASH3B, VASP, } \\ & \text { YWHAH, YWHAZ } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Signalling by Rho Family GTPases | 1.67 | -0.894 | $\begin{aligned} & 80 / 143 \\ & (56 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 143 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | 59/ 143 <br> (41\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 4 / 143 \\ & (3 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ACTA2, ARHGEF18, ARHGEF6, BAIAP2, CLIP1, CYBB, CYFIP1, GFAP, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAM, ITGAX, ITGB1, ITGB2, ITGB3, ITGB5, PAK1, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PTK2, PTK2B, RHOBTB1, RHOC, ROCK2, SEPTIN11, SEPTIN8, SEPTIN9 |
| Activation of IRF by <br> Cytosolic Pattern <br> Recognition <br> Receptors | 1.66 | 2.714 | $\begin{aligned} & 15 / 43 \\ & \text { (35\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 43 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27 / 43 \\ & (63 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1/ } 43 \\ & \text { (2\%) } \end{aligned}$ | DDX58, IFIH1, IFIT2, IFNB1, IL10, IRF7, IRF9, MAVS, STAT1, STAT2, TANK |
| Toll-like Receptor Signalling | 1.66 | 0.905 | $\begin{aligned} & 23 / 54 \\ & (43 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 54 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 29 / 54 \\ & (54 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2/ } 54 \\ & \text { (4\%) } \end{aligned}$ | CD14, EIF2AK2, IL18, IL1RL1, IRAK2, MAP4K4, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | RPS27A, TLR2, <br> TLR3, TLR4, |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { PRKCB, PRKCD, } \\ & \text { SLC2A1, TGFB1 } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inflammasome pathway | 1.61 | 0.816 | $\begin{aligned} & 7 / 18 \\ & (39 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 18 \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11 / 18 \\ & (61 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 18 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | IL18, NAIP, NLRC4, NLRP1, PYCARD, TLR4 |
| Role of NFAT in <br> Cardiac Hypertrophy | 1.61 | -0.209 | $\begin{aligned} & 74 / 120 \\ & (62 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 120 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40 / 120 \\ & (33 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 / 120 \\ & (5 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ADCY9, CACNA1A, CAMK1D, CAMK2G, HDAC7, IGF1, IGF1R, IL6ST, ITPR1, ITPR2, MEF2C, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PLCB2, PLCB4, PLCG2, PLCL2, PRKCA, PRKCB, PRKCD, RCAN1, SRC, TGFB1 |
| Synaptic Long Term Depression | 1.6 | 0.243 | $\begin{aligned} & 46 / 78 \\ & (59 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 78 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23 / 78 \\ & (29 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9 / 78 \\ & \text { (12\%) } \end{aligned}$ | CACNA1A, IGF1, <br> IGF1R, ITPR1, <br> ITPR2, LYN, <br> PLA2G2D, <br> PLA2G7, PLAAT3, <br> PLCB2, PLCB4, <br> PLCG2, PLCL2, <br> PPP2R1B, <br> PRKCA, PRKCB, <br> PRKCD |
| Dopamine-DARPP32 <br> Feedback in cAMP <br> Signalling | 1.6 | 0.258 | $\begin{aligned} & 49 / 78 \\ & (63 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 78 \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24 / 78 \\ & (31 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 / 78 \\ & (6 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { ADCY9, } \\ & \text { CACNA1A, } \\ & \text { CAMKK1, } \\ & \text { CAMKK2, CREM, } \\ & \text { ITPR1, ITPR2, } \\ & \text { KCNJ2, PLCB2, } \\ & \text { PLCB4, PLCG2, } \\ & \text { PLCL2, PPP1R3D, } \\ & \text { PPP2R1B, } \\ & \text { PRKCA, PRKCB, } \\ & \text { PRKCD } \end{aligned}$ |
| FcyRIIB Signalling in <br> B Lymphocytes | 1.59 | 1.89 | $\begin{aligned} & 22 / 44 \\ & (50 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 44 \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | 19/ 44 (43\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 3 / 44 \\ & (7 \%) \end{aligned}$ | BLNK, CACNA1A, <br> FCGR2B, ITPR1, ITPR2, LYN, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PIK3CG, PLCG2, SYK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Molecular <br> Mechanisms of Cancer | 1.55 | N/ A | $\begin{aligned} & 140 / \\ & 256 \\ & (55 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 256 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 106 / 256 \\ & (41 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 / 256 \\ & (4 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ADCY, ARHGEF18, ARHGEF6, ATR, BIRC2, BMP1, BMP2, BMPR2, CAMK2G, CBL, CCND2, CDK6, CDKN1A, DAXX, FYN, GAB1, HDAC7, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAM, ITGAX, ITGB1, ITGB2, ITGB3, ITGB5, LRP1, MAP3K5, NAIP, PAK1, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PLCB2, PLCB4, PRKCA, PRKCB, PRKCD, PTK2, RB1, RHOBTB1, RHOC, SMAD7, SRC, TCF4, TGFB1 |
| CD28 Signalling in T <br> Helper Cells | 1.55 | 1.155 | $\begin{aligned} & 42 / 79 \\ & (53 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 79 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 / 79 \\ & (43 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 / 79 \\ & (4 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CD28, CD4, CD80, FYN, HLA- DMA, HLA-DOA, HLA-DQA1, HLA- DQB1, HLA- DRB5, ITPR1, ITPR2, PAK1, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PTPRC, SYK |
| Type II Diabetes Mellitus Signalling | 1.55 | 0.577 | $\begin{aligned} & 36 / 85 \\ & (42 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 85 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 43 / 85 \\ & (51 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 6/ } 85 \\ & \text { (7\%) } \end{aligned}$ | ACSL4, <br> CACNA1A, CD36, CEBPB, IRS2, ITPR1, ITPR2, MAP3K5, NSMAF, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PRKAB1, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PRKCA, PRKCB, PRKCD, SLC27A1, TNFRSF1B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chondroitin <br> Sulphate <br> Biosynthesis (Late <br> Stages) | 1.53 | 0.447 | $\begin{aligned} & 5 / 14 \\ & (36 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 14 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 / 14 \\ & (43 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 / 14 \\ & (21 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CHST15, CHST2, <br> CHST7, CHSY1, <br> NDST1 |
| GPCR-Mediated <br> Nutrient Sensing in <br> Enteroendocrine <br> Cells | 1.52 | 0.302 | $\begin{aligned} & 24 / 45 \\ & (53 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 45 \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15 / 45 \\ & (33 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 / 45 \\ & (13 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ADCY9, <br> CACNA1A, ITPR1, <br> ITPR2, PLCB2, PLCB4, PLCG2, PLCL2, PRKCA, PRKCB, PRKCD |
| Hepatic Fibrosis <br> Signalling Pathway | 1.51 | -0.324 | $\begin{aligned} & 130 / \\ & 251 \\ & (52 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 251 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98 / 251 \\ & \text { (39\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 23/ } 251 \\ & \text { (9\%) } \end{aligned}$ | ACTA2, BMPR2, CACNA1A, CCL2, CCL5, CEBPB, CYBB, FTH1, IL18, IL1R2, IL1RL1, IRAK2, IRS2, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAM, ITGAX, ITGB1, ITGB2, ITGB3, ITGB5, KDR, LRP1, PDGFB, PDGFC, PDGFRB, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PLCG2, PRKCA, PRKCB, PRKCD, PTK2, RHOBTB1, RHOC, ROCK2, SMAD7, SP1, TCF4, TFRC, TGFB1, TLR4, TNFRSF1B |
| PTEN Signalling | 1.5 | 1.387 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 60/ } 98 \\ & \text { (61\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 98 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33 / 98 \\ & (34 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 / 98 \\ & (5 \%) \end{aligned}$ | BMPR2, CBL, CDKN1A, IGF1R, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAM, ITGAX, ITGB1, ITGB2, ITGB3, ITGB5, KDR, PDGFRB, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PTK2, SYNJ2, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | TNFRSF11A, YWHAH |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mTOR Signalling | 1.49 | 0.905 | $\begin{aligned} & 64 / 123 \\ & (52 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 123 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 55 / 123 \\ & (45 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 / 123 \\ & (3 \%) \end{aligned}$ | EIF4G2, PDGFC, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PLD4, PPP2R1B, PRKAB1, PRKCA, PRKCB, PRKCD, RHOBTB1, RHOC, RPS13, RPS14, RPS16, RPS23, RPS24, RPS27A, RPS29, RPS3, RPS4Y1, RPS5, RPS6KA3 |
| Pathogenesis of Multiple Sclerosis | 1.46 | N/ A | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3 / 6 \\ & (50 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 6 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 / 6 \\ & (50 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 6 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CCL5, CCR5, CXCL10 |
| Semaphorin Signalling in Neurons | 1.45 | N/ A | $\begin{aligned} & 26 / 35 \\ & (74 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 35 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 / 35 \\ & (23 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 35 \\ & (3 \%) \end{aligned}$ | FYN, ITGB1, MET, <br> PAK1, PLXNA1, <br> PTK2, RHOBTB1, <br> RHOC, ROCK2 |
| OX40 Signalling Pathway | 1.45 | N/ A | $\begin{aligned} & 12 / 35 \\ & (34 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 35 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19 / 35 \\ & (54 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 / 35 \\ & (11 \%) \end{aligned}$ | B2M, CD4, HLADMA, HLA-DOA, HLA-DQA1, HLADQB1, HLADRB5, HLA-E, HLA-G |
| IL-10 Signalling | 1.43 | N/ A | $\begin{aligned} & 28 / 52 \\ & (54 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 52 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23 / 52 \\ & (44 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 52 \\ & (2 \%) \end{aligned}$ | BLVRB, CCR5, CD14, FCGR2B, IL10, IL10RA, IL10RB, IL18, IL1R2, IL1RL1, MAP4K4, SP1 |
| PDGF Signalling | 1.42 | 1.387 | 34/ 58 <br> (59\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 58 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24 / 58 \\ & (41 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 58 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | EIF2AK2, PDGFB, PDGFC, PDGFRB, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PLCG2, PRKCA, PRKCB, SRC, STAT1, SYNJ2 |
| Role of JAK1 and JAK3 in үc Cytokine Signalling | 1.39 | N/ A | $\begin{aligned} & 20 / 47 \\ & (43 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 47 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24 / 47 \\ & (51 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 / 47 \\ & \text { (6\%) } \end{aligned}$ | BLNK, IL15RA, IL2RG, IL7R, IRS2, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PIK3CG, PTK2B, STAT1, SYK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Melatonin Signalling | 1.38 | 0.333 | $\begin{aligned} & 26 / 36 \\ & \text { (72\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 36 \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 / 36 \\ & (28 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 36 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { CAMK2G, PLCB2, } \\ & \text { PLCB4, PLCG2, } \\ & \text { PLCL2, PRKCA, } \\ & \text { PRKCB, PRKCD, } \\ & \text { RORA } \end{aligned}$ |
| Insulin Secretion Signalling Pathway | 1.37 | 0.784 | $\begin{aligned} & 71 / 139 \\ & (51 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 139 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 62 / 139 \\ & (45 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 / 139 \\ & (4 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ADCY9, AGO3, } \\ & \text { CACNA1A, } \\ & \text { CAMK2G, EIF2S3, } \\ & \text { EIF4G2, FYN, } \\ & \text { HCK, ITPR1, } \\ & \text { ITPR2, LYN, } \\ & \text { PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, } \\ & \text { PIK3CG, PLCB2, } \\ & \text { PLCB4, PLCG2, } \\ & \text { PLCL2, PRKCA, } \\ & \text { PRKCB, PRKCD, } \\ & \text { SLC2A1, SRC, } \\ & \text { STAT1, STAT2, } \\ & \text { YKT6 } \end{aligned}$ |
| Actin Nucleation by ARP-WASP Complex | 1.37 | -0.816 | $\begin{aligned} & 38 / 59 \\ & (64 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 59 \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21 / 59 \\ & (36 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 59 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | BAIAP2, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAM, ITGAX, ITGB1, ITGB2, ITGB3, ITGB5, RHOBTB1, RHOC, ROCK2, VASP |
| Phagosome Maturation | 1.37 | N/ A | $\begin{aligned} & 37 / 89 \\ & (42 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 89 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 46 / 89 \\ & (52 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 6/ } 89 \\ & (7 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ATP6V0A1, ATP6VOA2, ATP6V1C1, B2M, CTSD, CTSS, CTSZ, CYBB, HLADRB5, HLA-E, HLA-G, LAMP1, RAB7B, TAP1, TCIRG1, TUBA1A, TUBB2A, YKT6 |
| HOTAIR Regulatory Pathway | 1.37 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 50 / 89 \\ & (56 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 89 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 29 / 89 \\ & (33 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 / 89 \\ & (11 \%) \end{aligned}$ | AGO3, ATXN1, CD44, CDKN1A, IRF1, MET, MMP12, MMP14, MMP2, MMP9, PIK3C2B, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PIK3CB, PIK3CG, <br> RHOC, ROCK2, <br> TCF4, TGFB1, <br> TLR4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fc Epsilon RI Signalling | 1.36 | 0.258 | $\begin{aligned} & 42 / 71 \\ & (59 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 71 \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26 / 71 \\ & (37 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 / 71 \\ & (4 \%) \end{aligned}$ | FYN, GAB1, LYN, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PLA2G2D, PLCG2, PRKCA, PRKCB, PRKCD, SYK, SYNJ2, VAV2, VAV3 |
| Systemic Lupus <br> Erythematosus <br> Signalling | 1.35 | N/ A | 51/ 108 (47\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 108 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 52 / 108 \\ & (48 \%) \end{aligned}$ | 5/ 108 (5\%) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { CBL, CD22, CD28, } \\ & \text { CD80, CREM, } \\ & \text { FCGR1A, } \\ & \text { FCGR2B, } \\ & \text { FCGR3A/ } \\ & \text { FCGR3B, HLA-E, } \\ & \text { HLA-G, IL10, } \\ & \text { IL18, LYN, } \\ & \text { PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, } \\ & \text { PIK3CG, PLCG2, } \\ & \text { PRPF38B, PTPRC, } \\ & \text { TLR9, TNFSF13B } \end{aligned}$ |
| Notch Signalling | 1.32 | -0.447 | $\begin{aligned} & 13 / 26 \\ & (50 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 26 \\ & \text { (0\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11 / 26 \\ & (42 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 / 26 \\ & \text { (8\%) } \end{aligned}$ | DTX4, JAG1, JAG2, MAML3, MFNG, NOTCH2, NUMB |
| Thrombin Signalling | 1.31 | 0.688 | 63/ 109 <br> (58\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 109 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | 45/ 109 (41\%) | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 109 \\ & (1 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ADCY9, ARHGEF6, CAMK1D, CAMK2G, ITPR1, ITPR2, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PIK3CG, PLCB2, PLCB4, PLCG2, PLCL2, PRKCA, PRKCB, PRKCD, PTK2, RHOBTB1, RHOC, ROCK2, SRC |
| eNOS Signalling | 1.31 | 0.577 | $\begin{aligned} & 36 / 72 \\ & (50 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 72 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 28 / 72 \\ & (39 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 / 72 \\ & (11 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ADCY9, CHRNA7, <br> HSPA1A/ <br> HSPA1B, ITPR1, ITPR2, KDR, |

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}\hline & & & & & & & \begin{array}{l}\text { PDGFC, PIK3C2B, } \\ \text { PIK3CB, PIK3CG, }\end{array} \\ \text { PLCG2, PRKAB1, } \\ \text { PRKCA, PRKCB, } \\ \text { PRKCD }\end{array}\right]$

Appendix III Cannonical Pathway Analysis from IPA of DESeq2 analysis of Naïve Microglia

Appendix IV

| Upstream <br> Regulator | $\begin{gathered} \text { Expr } \\ \text { Log } \\ \text { Ratio } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Predicted <br> Activation State | Activation z-score | p-value <br> Overlap | Target Molecules in Dataset |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IFNG |  | Activated | 4.179 | 9.69E-26 | C2, CARD6, CCL5, CcI7, CCND2, CCR2, CCR5, CD274, CD44, CD74, CD80, CDKN1A, CHST7, CIITA, CLEC10A, CMPK2, CSF1, CXCL10, CXCL2, Cxcl9, CXCR4, CYRIA, DAXX, DDX58, ENDOD1, FCGR2B, FGF1, FMNL2, FN1, GBP2, HCAR2, HCK, HIP1, HK2, HLADOA, HLA-DQA1, HLA-DQB1, HLADRB5, ICOSLG/LOC102723996, IFI16, IFI44, IFIH1, IFIT1B, IFIT2, IFIT3, IFNB1, IFRD1, IGF1, IL10, IL13RA1, IRF1, IRF8, ITGAL, ITPR1, LDLR, Ly6a (includes others), MARCKSL1, MRC1, OAS1, OAS3, OASL, P2RY14, PDGFC, PFKFB3, PIM1, PML, PRDM1, RB1, Retnla, RSAD2, SAMHD1, SLC2A1, STAT1, TAP1, TGFB1, THBS1, TLR9, XAF1 |
| IL10RA | 0.45 | Inhibited | -6.823 | 4.71E-23 | ADD3, ALOX5, ANKH, B3GNT7, BMP2, C3, CA2, CALHM6, CCL5, Cd24a, CD300LF, CD34, CD36, CLCN7, CLEC12A, COL14A1, CSF3R, CST7, Cxcl9, EDNRB, F13A1, FN1, FOLR2, GAS6, GBP2, GSAP, HCAR2, HPSE, IFI16, IL12RB1, IL15RA, IL2RG, IRF1, IRF7, KITLG, Ly6a (includes others), NAMPT, NLRC5, NOD1, NPL, OLR1, PARVG, PF4, PLAAT3, PSMB9, REPS2, Retnla, RGS18, RNF213, RSAD2, S1PR1, SAMHD1, SLAMF6, SLAMF8, SLC2A1, SLCO2B1, SPARC, STARD8, STAT1, TAP1, TFEC, TLR2, TNFRSF14, TRPM2, ZC3H12C |
| CITED2 | -0.12 | Inhibited | -5.113 | 1.52E-20 | B2M, BBX, C3, C5AR1, CALHM6, CD274, CD80, CLEC10A, CMPK2, CPEB4, CXCL10, CXCL2, CXCL3, Cxcl9, CYBB, CYRIA, DAXX, DDX58, DTX3L, ENDOD1, FCGR2B, FCGR3A/FCGR3B, FMNL2, GBP2, HCAR2, IFI16, IFI44, IFIH1, IFIT1B, IFIT2, IFIT3, IFNB1, IFRD1, IL13RA1, IRF1, IRF8, IRF9, ITGA4, KLF6, KYNU, LPL, MED13, MRC1, MTMR14, NAMPT, OAS1, OAS3, OASL, P2RY14, PARP14, PDGFC, PFKFB3, PIM1, PLAC8, Retnla, RSAD2, SLAMF8, TAGAP, TOR1AIP1, TTC39B, XAF1 |
| PTGER4 | -0.124 | Inhibited | -4.942 | $3.98 \mathrm{E}-18$ | CCL2, Ccl7, CCNG2, CDK6, CMPK2, CXCL10, Cxcl9, CXCR4, CYBB, CYRIA, DAXX, DDX58, GAB1, GBP2, GLIS3, HAVCR2, HCAR2, HERC6, IFI16, IFIH1, IFIT1B, IFIT2, IL18, IRF1, IRF7, OLR1, PARP14, PDGFB, RASSF2, RNASEL, RNF144B, RNF213, RSAD2, S1PR1, SLAMF8, SLFN5, ST6GAL1, ST8SIA4, TAGAP, TBC1D4, TLR8, TNFSF10, TOR3A, USP18, XAF1 |
| IFNB1 | 4.158 |  | 1.785 | 1.55E-14 | CCL2, CCL5, Cd24a, CD274, CDKN1A, CMPK2, CXCL10, CXCL2, CXCL3, DAXX, DDX3Y, DDX58, GBP2, HMGCS1, ICOSLG/LOC102723996, IFI16, IFIH1, IFIT1B, IFIT2, IFIT3, IL10, IL18, IRF1, |


|  |  |  |  |  | IRF7, NOD1, PRDM1, RNASE4, RSAD2, SQLE, STARD4, STAT1, STAT2, THBS1, USP18 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NFAT5 | -0.064 | Inhibited | -3.343 | $2.16 \mathrm{E}-14$ | CCR3, CD74, CIITA, Cxcl9, DAXX, HLADMA, HLA-DQA1, HLA-DQB1, HLADRB5, IFI16, IFIT1B, IFIT2, IFIT3, IFNB1, IRF1, RSAD2, STAT1, TNFSF10 |
| CSF1 | -0.707 |  | -1.834 | $6.55 \mathrm{E}-11$ | APOE, APP, AXL, C5AR1, CAPN2, CBL, CCL2, CcI7, CCR2, CD163, CD74, CDKN1A, CTSD, GAS7, GPNMB, GPR34, ICOSLG/LOC102723996, IL10, ITGA4, ITGAX, ITGB1, LAMP1, LPL, P2RY12, Retnla, SPARC, TGFB1, TNFRSF11A |
| MYD88 | -0.035 | Activated | 2.926 | 3.06E-10 | CASP4, CCL5, CD200R1, CLEC10A, CMPK2, CXCL10, CXCL13, CXCL2, CXCL3, Cxcl9, EDNRB, ETS2, FPR1, FPR2, IFIT1B, IFIT2, IFNB1, IL10, IL18, IRF1, IRF8, ITGAX, ITPR2, JAG1, MET, MMP14, MRC1, OASL, PILRA, RSAD2, SAMHD1, SCARB1, TFEC, TLR2, TSC22D1 |
| MEF2A | -0.067 | Activated | 3.649 | 8.83E-09 | CXCL10, Cxcl9, GBP2, IFI44, IFIT1B, IFIT2, IFIT3, IFNB1, IRF1, IRF7, NLRC5, NOD1, OAS1, RSAD2 |
| TICAM1 | 0.25 |  | 1.448 | $1.42 \mathrm{E}-08$ | CASP4, CCL5, CMPK2, CXCL10, CXCL13, CXCL2, CXCL3, EDNRB, ETS2, FPR1, FPR2, ICOSLG/LOC102723996, IFIT1B, IFIT2, IFNB1, IRF1, ITPR2, JAG1, MET, OASL, PILRA, RSAD2, SAMHD1, TFEC, TLR2, TSC22D1 |
| COP1 | 0.035 | Inhibited | -2.744 | $9.35 \mathrm{E}-08$ | APOE, C3, CCL5, CEBPB, CXCL10, CXCL3, FPR1, FPR2, FTH1, GPNMB, IFI16, ITGAX |
| TGFBR2 | -0.017 |  | 0.2 | $9.53 \mathrm{E}-08$ | ADGRE1, CX3CR1, ITGAM, MRC1, MSR1, P2RY12, PTPRC, TIMD4 |
| LDLR | -1.479 |  |  | $1.46 \mathrm{E}-07$ | APOE, C1QA, CCL2, CCL5, CcI7, CCR2, CCR3, CCR5, CD274, CD36, CD4, CDKN1A, CX3CR1, FCGR1A, FGL2, FPR1, FPR2, GAS6, GATM, IL10, IL12RB1, IRF7, ITGB3, LSP1, LYZ, MMP14, MMP2, MMP9, MSR1, NOD1, SCARB1, TAP1 |
| NR1H3 | -0.485 |  | 0.332 | $1.56 \mathrm{E}-06$ | APOE, ARL4C, C1QA, CCL2, CCL5, CcI7, CCR2, CCR3, CCR5, CD274, CD4, CDKN1A, CX3CR1, CXCL10, FCGR1A, FGL2, FPR1, FPR2, GAS6, IL10, IL12RB1, IRF7, ITGAL, ITGB3, LSP1, LYZ, MMP9, NOD1, TAP1 |
| QKI | -0.476 |  | -0.632 | $2.64 \mathrm{E}-06$ | CD36, CTSS, FYN, HIP1, HLA-DOA, HLADQA1, HLA-DQB1, ITGAM, ITGAX, TAP1 |
| IFNAR1 | 0.05 | Activated | 2.036 | 4.16E-06 | CCL5, CIITA, CXCL10, EIF2AK2, HMGCS1, IFNB1, IL18, OAS1, OAS2, OAS3, RSAD2, SQLE, SREBF2 |
| STAT1 | 1.178 | Activated | 3.241 | 5.48E-06 | C3, CCL5, CXCL10, Cxcl9, GBP2, IFIT1B, IFNB1, IGF1, IL18, IRF1, PPARGC1B, PSME1, TLR9, TRAFD1 |
| IRF3 | 0.126 | Activated | 2.805 | $1.08 \mathrm{E}-05$ | CCL5, CXCL10, DDX58, IFIH1, IFIT1B, IFIT2, IFNB1, RSAD2 |
| MAP3K8 | 0.237 |  | 0 | 2.01E-05 | ADORA3, BMP1, CCR2, CCR5, CDK5R1, CIITA, CXCL2, DOK2, FSCN1, GAB1, GPR160, HIP1, IFNB1, IGF1R, IL10, PPARGC1B, RGS3, SESN1, SNN, SPATS2L, TSPAN33 |


| RGS10 | -0.001 |  |  | $2.23 \mathrm{E}-05$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { CCL2, CCI7, CCR3, CXCL10, CXCL2, IL10, } \\ \text { IL10RA, IL10RB, IL18, IL1R2, IL6ST, } \\ \text { ITGAM, ITGB2, PF4, Retnla, TGFB1, } \\ \text { TNFRSF1B } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IRF1 | 0.3 | Activated | 2.191 | $2.81 \mathrm{E}-05$ | CCL5, CXCL16, GBP2, IFNB1, IL12RB1, IL12RB2, MAP4K4, MMP9, PML, SAMHD1, TLR3, TLR9 |
| PPARG | 0.108 |  | 1.08 | 7.18E-05 | APOE, C3, CD36, CDK6, CXCL3, HEBP1, IFNB1, LPL, MCTP1, MMP9, PF4, PID1, RAB20, Retnla, RNF144B, SGK1, TLR4, TNFSF10 |
| IL4 | -0.787 |  | -1.884 | 7.55E-05 | CD44, CHST7, CIITA, CLEC10A, CXCL10, IGF1, IL10, KLF6, LPL, MRC1, Retnla, TFRC, TGFB1, TNFRSF11A |
| TBK1 | 0.164 |  | 1.963 | 0.00012 | CXCL10, IFI16, IFNB1, IRF7, RSAD2, USP18 |
| STING1 | -0.119 |  | 1.492 | 0.000234 | CCL5, CXCL10, CXCL2, Cxcl9, GAS7, IFI16, IFIT1B, IFNB1, IL10, OASL |
| NR3C1 | -0.181 | Inhibited | -2.804 | 0.000257 | CCL5, CXCL10, Cxcl9, HCAR2, IFIT1B, IFIT2, IFNB1, OASL |
| ITGB8 | 0.676 |  | -0.132 | 0.000311 | APOE, ITGB5, P2RY12, TMEM119 |
| HIF1A | -0.033 |  | 0.609 | 0.000331 | CCR2, CCR5, CSF1, CXCL2, HK2, MMP2, PFKFB3, SLC2A1, TFRC |
| IRF8 | 0.197 |  | 1.587 | 0.000454 | CBL, CCL5, CXCL16, DAB2, MAP4K4, MMP9, PML, TLR9 |
| TREM2 | 0.038 |  | -0 | 0.000537 | AXL, CD36, CST7, CXCL2, IRF8, ITGAX, LGALS1, LGALS3, LOX, LPL, SULF2 |
| TNF | -0.244 |  | 0.749 | 0.000592 | Acp5, CA2, CCL5, CD44, CSF1, CXCL10, CXCL13, CXCL2, CXCL3, Cxcl9, FPR1, GBP2, IL10, MMP9, TGFB1 |
| TYROBP | 0.18 |  |  | 0.000762 | IL10RA, IL13RA1, IL18, IRF8, ITGAM, ITGAX, NPC2, NRROS, SFT2D2, TCIRG1, TNFRSF1B |
| IRF2 | -0.048 |  | -1.254 | 0.00175 | CLEC10A, HK2, PFKFB3, Retnla, TLR3, TLR4, TLR5 |
| TLR2 | 0.421 |  | 0.347 | 0.00231 | CCL5, CXCL2, CXCL3, Cxcl9, CYBB, HLADQA1, HLA-DRB5, IFNB1, IL10, IRF1, Retnla, SLC40A1, TSPAN33 |
| ITGB5 | 0.416 |  |  | 0.00234 | IL10, MMP2, MMP9 |
| TNFRSF1B | 0.206 |  |  | 0.00234 | ITGB5, MMP9, SRC |
| IRF9 | 0.405 |  |  | 0.00234 | IFIT2, IFNB1, IL18 |
| IL13 | -1.62 |  |  | 0.00246 | IL10, MRC1, Retnla, TFRC, TGFB1, TNFRSF11A |
| PLAU | -0.001 |  | 0.333 | 0.00252 | CCR5, FCGR1A, HLA-DMA, MMP12, OAS1, OAS3, PLK3, Retnla, SLC2A1 |
| MAPKAPK2 | 0.119 |  | -1.746 | 0.00276 | CXCL2, CXCL3, IFNB1, IL10, MRC1, MSR1, Retnla |
| CX3CR1 | -1.329 |  | 0 | 0.00326 | CD14, CD36, IGF1, MSR1, TGFB1 |
| CDKN2A | 1.78 | Activated | 2.309 | 0.00356 | C3, CCL2, CCL24, CCL5, Ccl7, CXCL10, CXCL13, Cxcl9, IL1R2, IL2RG, TLR4, TNFRSF1B |
| NLRP3 | 0.049 |  |  | 0.00373 | CXCL2, IL18, MRC1, MSR1 |
| TAZ | 0.2 |  | 0.632 | 0.004 | CCL5, CD80, CXCL2, CXCL3, CXCR4, FN1, MRC1, PDE3B, ST6GAL1, THBS1 |
| ACE | -1.193 |  | -1 | 0.00581 | CCL2, CCL24, CCL5, CEBPB, Retnla |
| TGFB1 | -0.218 | Inhibited | -2 | 0.00581 | CD44, ITGAM, ITGAX, ITGB1, ITGB2 |
| NFE2L2 | 0.484 |  | -0.954 | 0.00631 | CCL5, CXCL10, CXCL2, CXCL3, IFNB1, SCARB1 |
| GATA6 | -0.383 |  | 0.915 | 0.0069 | ATP6V0A1, ATP6V0A2, ATP6V1C1, CD163, CLEC10A, CXCL13, IL10, LYVE1, MRC1, SORBS3, STARD13 |
| ITGB2 | 0.212 |  | 0 | 0.00779 | BCL2A1, CXCL10, CXCL2, CXCL3 |


| CEBPE | -0.01 |  | -1.214 | 0.00779 | Ccl7, CD14, IL10, IL18 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MAPK7 | 0.049 | Activated | 2 | 0.00779 | CXCL10, Cxcl9, IFNB1, NOD1 |
| PPP2CA | -0.135 |  |  | 0.00844 | Cxcl9, IFNB1, IRF7 |
| CCR3 | -3.355 |  |  | 0.00844 | CCL5, CCR2, CCR5 |
| SMURF1 | -0.192 |  |  | 0.00844 | CXCL10, CxCl9, IRF1 |
| CLEC4E | -0.23 |  |  | 0.00844 | CXCL2, CXCL3, IL10 |
| PPARD | 0.286 |  | 1.067 | 0.00935 | $\begin{gathered} \text { C1QA, C1QB, C1QC, GAS6, MRC1, } \\ \text { THBS1 } \end{gathered}$ |
| TFEC | -1.605 |  |  | 0.0095 | BBX, COL6A3, CSF3R, F13A1, IGF1R |
| TLR4 | 0.305 |  | -0.114 | 0.0129 | CCL5, CD200R1, CDK6, CXCL10, CXCL2, CXCL3, HLA-DQA1, IFNB1, IL10, IL18, IRF1, ITGAM, SCARB1, TSPAN33 |
| TLR7 | -0.171 |  | -0.873 | 0.0133 | BCL2A1, CXCL2, CXCL3, ETS2, IFNB1, IL10 |
| RORA | -0.907 | Inhibited | -2 | 0.0139 | CXCL10, Cxcl9, IL18, TLR3 |
| G6PC3 | -0.009 |  |  | 0.0177 | CYBA, СYBB |
| TARDBP | 0.038 |  |  | 0.0177 | C1QA, C1QB |
| WNT5A | -0.176 |  |  | 0.0177 | CD14, IFNB1 |
| STAT2 | 0.968 |  |  | 0.0177 | CIITA, IRF1 |
| IL2 | 1.707 |  |  | 0.0177 | Ly6a (includes others), PECAM1 |
| TREX1 |  |  |  | 0.0177 | IFI44, USP18 |
| IL6 | -0.026 |  |  | 0.0177 | CD36, IFNB1 |
| TLR3 | 0.524 |  | 0.937 | 0.0183 | CCL5, CXCL10, CXCL2, CXCL3, IFNB1, TSPAN33 |
| MAVS | 0.47 |  |  | 0.019 | CCL5, CXCL10, IFNB1 |
| MAPKAPKЗ | 0.892 | Inhibited | -2 | 0.0225 | CXCL2, CXCL3, IFNB1, IL10 |
| BACH1 | -0.066 |  | 1 | 0.0225 | CEBPB, IGF1, IL10, SLC40A1 |
| NR1H2 | 0.076 |  | 0.092 | 0.0244 | APOE, CCL5, CcI7, CXCL10, ITGAL, MMP9 |
| NFKB1 | 0.169 |  | -0.294 | 0.0244 | CSF2RA, CXCL3, IFNB1, IL10, Retnla, STAT1 |
| CEBPB | 0.919 |  | 0.777 | 0.0259 | BLNK, CCND2, CIRBP, CXCL3, HSD17B4, IRF9, LYN, PRKCD, SERP1, SLC12A2, TMEM50B |
| CYBB | 0.888 |  | 1 | 0.0336 | CCL5, CXCL10, CXCL3, IFNB1 |
| IRAK3 | 0.621 |  | 0 | 0.0336 | BCL2A1, CCR2, CXCL2, ETS2 |
| BCL2L11 | -0.183 |  |  | 0.0343 | CD274, CD36, NOD1 |
| SPI1 | -0.117 |  |  | 0.0343 | ADGRE1, ITGAM, TLR4 |
| IL1A | 0.097 |  |  | 0.0343 | Acp5, CA2, MMP9 |
| IRAK4 | -0.063 |  | -0.651 | 0.0392 | CXCL2, IDE, IFNB1, IL10, IRF7 |
| ZFP36 | 0.089 |  |  | 0.0405 | CXCL2, CXCL3, IFNB1, IL10, PNRC1, PRDM1 |
| EPAS1 | -1.03 |  |  | 0.0483 | CCR2, CCR5 |
| STAT4 | 0.1 |  |  | 0.0483 | DDX58, IFNB1 |
| TRIM3 | -0.02 |  |  | 0.0483 | IFIT1B, IFNB1 |
| SYK | 0.239 |  |  | 0.0483 | CXCL10, CxCl9 |
| PTGS2 | -0.122 |  |  | 0.0483 | CXCL3, PIK3CG |
| TNFRSF1A | 0.077 |  |  | 0.0483 | ITGB5, SRC |
| RHOB | -0.061 |  |  | 0.0483 | ITGB2, ITGB3 |

Appendix IV Upstream Regulator Analysis from IPA of DESeq2 analysis of Naïve Microglia

Appendix V

| Ensembl Gene ID | External Gene Name | $\log _{2}$ <br> Fold Change | Adjusted $P$-Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000022311 | Csmd3 | -5.73756 | 1e-314 |
| ENSMUSG00000064339 | mt-Rnr2 | -0.95058 | 1e-314 |
| ENSMUSG00000069045 | Ddx3y | -14.3626 | 1e-314 |
| ENSMUSG00000086503 | Xist | 11.37509 | $4.69 \mathrm{E}-305$ |
| ENSMUSG00000055435 | Maf | -10.1058 | $6.65 \mathrm{E}-245$ |
| ENSMUSG00000069049 | Eif2s3y | -13.469 | 8.92E-243 |
| ENSMUSG00000056673 | Kdm5d | -13.2663 | 8.92E-243 |
| ENSMUSG00000026303 | Mlph | -4.54769 | $2.52 \mathrm{E}-225$ |
| ENSMUSG00000068457 | Uty | -13.0533 | 8.69E-207 |
| ENSMUSG00000072720 | Myo18b | -6.92072 | $2.15 \mathrm{E}-131$ |
| ENSMUSG00000020181 | Nav3 | -5.3512 | $1.18 \mathrm{E}-116$ |
| ENSMUSG00000027435 | Cd93 | -2.8625 | $5.06 \mathrm{E}-112$ |
| ENSMUSG00000031451 | Gas6 | -2.60216 | 2.22E-107 |
| ENSMUSG00000024371 | C2 | 3.034803 | $5.42 \mathrm{E}-107$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030787 | Lyve1 | -7.79074 | $5.24 \mathrm{E}-101$ |
| ENSMUSG00000069833 | Ahnak | -2.17586 | 6.81E-101 |
| ENSMUSG00000000318 | Clec10a | -4.76457 | $1.08 \mathrm{E}-97$ |
| ENSMUSG00000020695 | Mrc2 | -2.57233 | 9.95E-91 |
| ENSMUSG00000046245 | Pilra | 2.48564 | $1.19 \mathrm{E}-90$ |
| ENSMUSG00000049538 | Adamts16 | -3.53837 | $1.63 \mathrm{E}-88$ |
| ENSMUSG00000027200 | Sema6d | -3.35103 | $2.13 \mathrm{E}-79$ |
| ENSMUSG00000028362 | Tnfsf8 | 2.909422 | 3.38E-78 |
| ENSMUSG00000022957 | Itsn1 | -1.86483 | 2.47E-76 |
| ENSMUSG00000022150 | Dab2 | -3.22027 | $9.89 \mathrm{E}-72$ |
| ENSMUSG00000015852 | Fcrls | -3.35633 | $3.94 \mathrm{E}-71$ |
| ENSMUSG00000039899 | Fgl2 | 1.859491 | $3.94 \mathrm{E}-71$ |
| ENSMUSG00000025150 | Cbr2 | -4.8851 | $2.99 \mathrm{E}-70$ |
| ENSMUSG00000028214 | Gem | -2.08774 | $2.71 \mathrm{E}-65$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022122 | Ednrb | -4.44245 | $1.11 \mathrm{E}-64$ |
| ENSMUSG00000064351 | mt-Co1 | -1.03438 | $4.48 \mathrm{E}-62$ |
| ENSMUSG00000027358 | Bmp2 | -3.56202 | $1.09 \mathrm{E}-61$ |
| ENSMUSG00000062960 | Kdr | 2.073122 | $2.14 \mathrm{E}-61$ |
| ENSMUSG00000048126 | Col6a3 | -6.10633 | $7.78 \mathrm{E}-61$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030117 | Gdf3 | 3.901679 | $1.70 \mathrm{E}-60$ |
| ENSMUSG00000015568 | Lpl | -1.75224 | $1.76 \mathrm{E}-60$ |
| ENSMUSG00000000753 | Serpinf1 | -1.87434 | 6.03E-60 |
| ENSMUSG00000055413 | H2-Q5 | 1.915576 | 6.03E-60 |
| ENSMUSG00000024529 | Lox | 1.88288 | $4.34 \mathrm{E}-59$ |
| ENSMUSG00000073599 | Ecscr | -2.55418 | 5.88E-58 |
| ENSMUSG00000053062 | Jam2 | -1.60576 | 3.98E-57 |
| ENSMUSG00000040950 | Mgl 2 | -2.21788 | $2.63 \mathrm{E}-55$ |


| ENSMUSG00000023078 | Cxcl13 | 4.095953 | 3.05E-55 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000047798 | Cd300lf | 3.28067 | 1.15E-54 |
| ENSMUSG00000026271 | Gpr35 | 1.75043 | 1.40E-54 |
| ENSMUSG00000033278 | Ptprm | -1.78559 | 2.92E-54 |
| ENSMUSG00000074305 | Peak1 | -1.5319 | $1.44 \mathrm{E}-53$ |
| ENSMUSG00000032661 | Oas3 | 2.538636 | $1.95 \mathrm{E}-53$ |
| ENSMUSG00000079298 | Klrb1b | 3.741895 | 3.09E-52 |
| ENSMUSG00000074896 | Ifit3 | 2.440317 | 7.48E-52 |
| ENSMUSG00000027962 | Vcam1 | 2.034841 | 6.35E-50 |
| ENSMUSG00000027799 | Nbea | -1.57264 | $1.32 \mathrm{E}-49$ |
| ENSMUSG00000008845 | Cd163 | -2.82462 | $1.65 \mathrm{E}-49$ |
| ENSMUSG00000021719 | Rgs7bp | -3.10005 | $1.24 \mathrm{E}-48$ |
| ENSMUSG00000060550 | H2-Q7 | 2.402278 | $7.22 \mathrm{E}-48$ |
| ENSMUSG00000043263 | Ifi209 | 1.858784 | 8.46E-48 |
| ENSMUSG00000040037 | Negr1 | 3.887799 | $1.86 \mathrm{E}-47$ |
| ENSMUSG00000042286 | Stab1 | -2.51933 | 4.19E-47 |
| ENSMUSG00000029084 | Cd38 | -4.03766 | 2.56E-46 |
| ENSMUSG00000049436 | Upk1b | -2.69037 | 5.51E-46 |
| ENSMUSG00000029373 | Pf4 | -2.07686 | $5.06 \mathrm{E}-45$ |
| ENSMUSG00000036381 | P2ry14 | 3.598048 | 5.06E-45 |
| ENSMUSG00000052911 | Lamb2 | -1.78272 | $1.94 \mathrm{E}-44$ |
| ENSMUSG00000069515 | Lyz1 | 2.557478 | $2.11 \mathrm{E}-44$ |
| ENSMUSG00000059089 | Fcgr4 | 2.01384 | 1.15E-43 |
| ENSMUSG00000028195 | Ccn1 | -1.95556 | 2.28E-43 |
| ENSMUSG00000042834 | Nrep | -2.67875 | $7.39 \mathrm{E}-43$ |
| ENSMUSG00000027580 | Helz2 | 1.956714 | $1.54 \mathrm{E}-42$ |
| ENSMUSG00000031012 | Cask | -1.507 | 2.13E-42 |
| ENSMUSG00000074743 | Thbd | -2.59973 | $2.28 \mathrm{E}-42$ |
| ENSMUSG00000032609 | Klhdc8b | -1.60381 | $2.55 \mathrm{E}-42$ |
| ENSMUSG00000045932 | Ifit2 | 2.483066 | $1.18 \mathrm{E}-41$ |
| ENSMUSG00000024044 | Epb4113 | 1.374355 | 2.92E-41 |
| ENSMUSG00000041827 | Oasl1 | 3.410965 | $1.51 \mathrm{E}-40$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026712 | Mrc1 | -2.55019 | $1.83 \mathrm{E}-40$ |
| ENSMUSG00000062488 | Ifit3b | 2.214979 | $2.09 \mathrm{E}-40$ |
| ENSMUSG00000023913 | Pla2g7 | -2.08494 | $2.76 \mathrm{E}-39$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030156 | Cd69 | 2.01463 | 5.39E-39 |
| ENSMUSG00000052336 | Cx3cr1 | -1.32843 | 5.73E-39 |
| ENSMUSG00000073489 | Ifi204 | 1.540126 | $1.51 \mathrm{E}-38$ |
| ENSMUSG00000048895 | Cdk5r1 | -1.45152 | $1.77 \mathrm{E}-38$ |
| ENSMUSG00000079491 | H2-T10 | 2.683036 | 2.15E-38 |
| ENSMUSG00000032717 | Mdfi | -3.54388 | 3.07E-38 |
| ENSMUSG00000031216 | Stard8 | -1.34409 | 3.69E-38 |
| ENSMUSG00000030539 | Sema4b | -1.62756 | 1.88E-37 |
| ENSMUSG00000019256 | Ahr | -2.70796 | 8.83E-37 |
| ENSMUSG00000009418 | Nav1 | -1.60389 | 2.25E-36 |
| ENSMUSG00000031327 | Chic1 | 3.292775 | 5.40E-36 |


| ENSMUSG00000034459 | Ifit1 | 2.257824 | 5.59E-36 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000030577 | Cd22 | 1.769405 | $1.60 \mathrm{E}-35$ |
| ENSMUSG00000073491 | Ifi213 | 1.9204 | $2.44 \mathrm{E}-35$ |
| ENSMUSG00000046876 | Atxn1 | -2.16951 | 3.05E-35 |
| ENSMUSG00000035493 | Tgfbi | -1.18313 | 5.98E-35 |
| ENSMUSG00000111118 | Gm6545 | 2.897402 | 6.53E-35 |
| ENSMUSG00000018459 | Slc13a3 | 1.394345 | 1.30E-34 |
| ENSMUSG00000022265 | Ank | -1.27997 | $1.71 \mathrm{E}-34$ |
| ENSMUSG00000075014 | Gm10800 | -2.4268 | 2.55E-34 |
| ENSMUSG00000045092 | S1pr1 | -1.43281 | 7.31E-34 |
| ENSMUSG00000049744 | Arhgap15 | 1.866937 | 1.32E-33 |
| ENSMUSG00000022994 | Adcy6 | -2.81782 | 5.85E-33 |
| ENSMUSG00000039959 | Hip1 | -1.47197 | 1.11E-32 |
| ENSMUSG00000028080 | Lrba | -1.20357 | 5.67E-32 |
| ENSMUSG00000035914 | Cd276 | -1.94255 | 8.98E-32 |
| ENSMUSG00000011256 | Adam19 | -2.76844 | $1.14 \mathrm{E}-31$ |
| ENSMUSG00000049134 | Nrap | -4.94709 | 2.02E-31 |
| ENSMUSG00000024042 | Sik1 | 1.293791 | 2.07E-31 |
| ENSMUSG00000030107 | Usp18 | 2.009282 | 2.90E-31 |
| ENSMUSG00000072966 | Gprasp2 | -2.63719 | 3.51E-31 |
| ENSMUSG00000074570 | Cass4 | -1.77993 | $1.69 \mathrm{E}-30$ |
| ENSMUSG00000074151 | Nlrc5 | 1.73208 | 2.22E-30 |
| ENSMUSG00000097899 | Gm16894 | 2.415602 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-29$ |
| ENSMUSG00000073409 | H2-Q6 | 2.930155 | $1.89 \mathrm{E}-29$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022332 | Khdrbs3 | -5.71345 | 2.82E-29 |
| ENSMUSG00000027514 | Zbp1 | 2.156645 | 5.13E-29 |
| ENSMUSG00000025498 | Irf7 | 1.850281 | 7.09E-29 |
| ENSMUSG00000028037 | Ifi44 | 2.890075 | 2.03E-28 |
| ENSMUSG00000029163 | Emilin1 | 1.737768 | 2.09E-28 |
| ENSMUSG00000050530 | Fam171a1 | -3.9327 | 2.91E-28 |
| ENSMUSG00000038775 | Vill | 2.198019 | 4.23E-28 |
| ENSMUSG00000085337 | Gm15964 | 1.774235 | 6.13E-28 |
| ENSMUSG00000102975 | Gm37347 | 1.791094 | 1.17E-27 |
| ENSMUSG00000033083 | Tbc1d4 | -1.71831 | $1.76 \mathrm{E}-27$ |
| ENSMUSG00000045502 | Hcar2 | 1.587916 | 2.72E-27 |
| ENSMUSG00000021338 | Carmil1 | 1.447242 | 3.63E-27 |
| ENSMUSG00000035042 | Ccl5 | 3.271047 | 4.53E-27 |
| ENSMUSG00000031425 | Plp1 | -2.42586 | 5.81E-27 |
| ENSMUSG00000022537 | Tmem44 | -1.97902 | 6.24E-27 |
| ENSMUSG00000032640 | Chsy1 | -1.05561 | 4.62E-26 |
| ENSMUSG00000032517 | Mobp | -2.78043 | 9.00E-26 |
| ENSMUSG00000021676 | Iqgap2 | -2.36196 | 9.09E-26 |
| ENSMUSG00000024675 | Ms4a4c | 1.571241 | $1.50 \mathrm{E}-25$ |
| ENSMUSG00000031494 | Cd209a | -4.87018 | 5.76E-25 |
| ENSMUSG00000039109 | F13a1 | -1.59377 | $7.08 \mathrm{E}-25$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026104 | Stat1 | 1.178369 | $9.31 \mathrm{E}-25$ |


| ENSMUSG00000052609 | Plekhg3 | -2.18737 | 3.07E-24 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000009376 | Met | 2.24451 | 3.92E-24 |
| ENSMUSG00000030865 | Chp2 | -6.598 | 5.10E-24 |
| ENSMUSG00000041058 | Wwp1 | -1.09076 | 2.20E-23 |
| ENSMUSG00000016206 | H2-M3 | 1.093423 | 4.26E-23 |
| ENSMUSG00000020541 | Tom111 | -1.67845 | 5.27E-23 |
| ENSMUSG00000027784 | Ppm1l | -1.3425 | 5.36E-23 |
| ENSMUSG00000040964 | Arhgef10l | -1.18612 | $9.78 \mathrm{E}-23$ |
| ENSMUSG00000079363 | Gbp4 | 2.205644 | $1.76 \mathrm{E}-22$ |
| ENSMUSG00000020689 | Itgb3 | -1.10316 | 1.78E-22 |
| ENSMUSG00000056313 | Tcim | 1.170313 | $1.81 \mathrm{E}-22$ |
| ENSMUSG00000002799 | Jag2 | -1.57524 | $2.56 \mathrm{E}-22$ |
| ENSMUSG00000004891 | Nes | -1.56329 | 2.58E-22 |
| ENSMUSG00000000957 | Mmp14 | 1.008691 | $2.84 \mathrm{E}-22$ |
| ENSMUSG00000040564 | Apoc1 | 2.263516 | 8.04E-22 |
| ENSMUSG00000058427 | Cxcl2 | -1.36689 | 1.17E-21 |
| ENSMUSG00000029814 | Igf2bp3 | 1.622106 | $1.90 \mathrm{E}-21$ |
| ENSMUSG00000029401 | Rilpl2 | 1.188469 | $1.98 \mathrm{E}-21$ |
| ENSMUSG00000079164 | Tlr5 | -1.66675 | 2.92E-21 |
| ENSMUSG00000032193 | Ldlr | -1.4791 | $3.12 \mathrm{E}-21$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026896 | Ifih1 | 1.025245 | 3.13E-21 |
| ENSMUSG00000029177 | Cenpa | -1.66011 | 3.23E-21 |
| ENSMUSG00000034413 | Neurl1b | 1.841937 | 3.23E-21 |
| ENSMUSG00000021806 | Nid2 | -1.65088 | $4.19 \mathrm{E}-21$ |
| ENSMUSG00000035164 | Zc3h12c | 1.091582 | 5.87E-21 |
| ENSMUSG00000020400 | Tnip1 | 1.126297 | 5.87E-21 |
| ENSMUSG00000064337 | mt-Rnr1 | -1.0661 | 7.07E-21 |
| ENSMUSG00000004317 | Clcn5 | -0.93508 | $8.71 \mathrm{E}-21$ |
| ENSMUSG00000027646 | Src | 0.947898 | $1.09 \mathrm{E}-20$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030747 | Dgat2 | 1.697547 | $1.77 \mathrm{E}-20$ |
| ENSMUSG00000002602 | AxI | 1.594627 | 1.86E-20 |
| ENSMUSG00000018819 | Lsp1 | 0.996168 | $2.60 \mathrm{E}-20$ |
| ENSMUSG00000000682 | Cd52 | 0.964112 | $3.66 \mathrm{E}-20$ |
| ENSMUSG00000039529 | Atp8b1 | -2.82181 | 5.96E-20 |
| ENSMUSG00000017390 | Aldoc | -2.04074 | $1.38 \mathrm{E}-19$ |
| ENSMUSG00000031995 | St14 | 1.327957 | $1.57 \mathrm{E}-19$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022353 | Mtss1 | -0.94715 | 1.80E-19 |
| ENSMUSG00000035929 | H2-Q4 | 1.049135 | 2.13E-19 |
| ENSMUSG00000104713 | Gbp6 | 2.509383 | $2.18 \mathrm{E}-19$ |
| ENSMUSG00000068245 | Phf11d | 1.170691 | $2.19 \mathrm{E}-19$ |
| ENSMUSG00000020641 | Rsad2 | 1.789954 | $2.64 \mathrm{E}-19$ |
| ENSMUSG00000039304 | Tnfsf10 | 1.568263 | 3.19E-19 |
| ENSMUSG00000025492 | Ifitm3 | 1.032253 | 3.26E-19 |
| ENSMUSG00000063611 | Gm10134 | -1.24305 | $3.54 \mathrm{E}-19$ |
| ENSMUSG00000039954 | Stk32a | 6.103265 | $3.58 \mathrm{E}-19$ |
| ENSMUSG00000091649 | Phf11b | 1.517812 | 3.61E-19 |


| ENSMUSG00000024164 | C3 | 1.449621 | $4.24 \mathrm{E}-19$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000073555 | Gm4951 | 1.499531 | 4.98E-19 |
| ENSMUSG00000006800 | Sulf2 | -1.20138 | 6.70E-19 |
| ENSMUSG00000053318 | Slamf8 | 1.084043 | 7.90E-19 |
| ENSMUSG00000020053 | Igf1 | -1.43989 | 8.01E-19 |
| ENSMUSG00000017754 | Pltp | -1.85451 | 8.31E-19 |
| ENSMUSG00000054072 | ligp1 | 1.629422 | $1.08 \mathrm{E}-18$ |
| ENSMUSG00000028270 | Gbp2 | 1.418724 | $1.11 \mathrm{E}-18$ |
| ENSMUSG00000086109 | Gm13391 | 1.547031 | $1.35 \mathrm{E}-18$ |
| ENSMUSG00000023349 | Clec4n | -3.5511 | $1.94 \mathrm{E}-18$ |
| ENSMUSG00000037347 | Chst7 | -0.99793 | $2.06 \mathrm{E}-18$ |
| ENSMUSG00000000386 | Mx1 | 1.652562 | $2.70 \mathrm{E}-18$ |
| ENSMUSG00000004707 | Ly9 | 1.552921 | $2.95 \mathrm{E}-18$ |
| ENSMUSG00000017009 | Sdc4 | -1.37311 | $3.39 \mathrm{E}-18$ |
| ENSMUSG00000101389 | Ms4a4a | -3.33562 | 3.66E-18 |
| ENSMUSG00000037999 | Arap2 | -3.28756 | 3.80E-18 |
| ENSMUSG00000039497 | Dse | -0.86898 | $4.44 \mathrm{E}-18$ |
| ENSMUSG00000000673 | Haao | 1.246215 | $4.57 \mathrm{E}-18$ |
| ENSMUSG00000021411 | Pxdc1 | 1.078015 | 5.15E-18 |
| ENSMUSG00000005087 | Cd44 | 1.266023 | 5.95E-18 |
| ENSMUSG00000031990 | Jam3 | -3.00282 | 8.48E-18 |
| ENSMUSG00000050022 | Amz1 | 0.855436 | $1.01 \mathrm{E}-17$ |
| ENSMUSG00000028459 | Cd72 | 1.108039 | $1.25 \mathrm{E}-17$ |
| ENSMUSG00000023961 | Enpp4 | 1.062228 | $1.54 \mathrm{E}-17$ |
| ENSMUSG00000040829 | Zmynd15 | 1.259638 | $1.56 \mathrm{E}-17$ |
| ENSMUSG00000056116 | H2-T22 | 1.052941 | $1.73 \mathrm{E}-17$ |
| ENSMUSG00000029561 | Oasl2 | 1.446882 | $1.81 \mathrm{E}-17$ |
| ENSMUSG00000015766 | Eps8 | -1.22272 | $3.45 \mathrm{E}-17$ |
| ENSMUSG00000020900 | Myh10 | -1.26282 | $5.28 \mathrm{E}-17$ |
| ENSMUSG00000038390 | Gpr162 | 1.284884 | 5.36E-17 |
| ENSMUSG00000012017 | Scarf2 | 1.204721 | 5.36E-17 |
| ENSMUSG00000099809 | Gm18665 | -8.90777 | 6.24E-17 |
| ENSMUSG00000037849 | Ifi206 | 1.529894 | 7.89E-17 |
| ENSMUSG00000048612 | Myof | -1.36587 | 8.37E-17 |
| ENSMUSG00000003418 | St8sia6 | 1.385634 | 8.53E-17 |
| ENSMUSG00000030830 | Itgal | 1.404082 | $9.34 \mathrm{E}-17$ |
| ENSMUSG00000020021 | Fgd6 | -1.5835 | $9.46 \mathrm{E}-17$ |
| ENSMUSG00000073411 | H2-D1 | 1.163011 | $1.13 \mathrm{E}-16$ |
| ENSMUSG00000027860 | Vangl1 | -3.85204 | 1.15E-16 |
| ENSMUSG00000059810 | Rgs3 | -1.24295 | $1.57 \mathrm{E}-16$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026222 | Sp100 | 1.133288 | $2.33 \mathrm{E}-16$ |
| ENSMUSG00000052776 | Oas1a | 1.347723 | $2.36 \mathrm{E}-16$ |
| ENSMUSG00000097039 | Pvt1 | 1.20712 | $2.69 \mathrm{E}-16$ |
| ENSMUSG00000065987 | Cd209b | -6.59812 | $2.80 \mathrm{E}-16$ |
| ENSMUSG00000032577 | Mapkapk3 | 0.892617 | $2.96 \mathrm{E}-16$ |
| ENSMUSG00000112023 | Lilr4b | -0.91601 | $2.98 \mathrm{E}-16$ |


| ENSMUSG00000020638 | Cmpk2 | 1.5606 | 2.98E-16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000002233 | Rhoc | -1.22683 | $3.04 \mathrm{E}-16$ |
| ENSMUSG00000043740 | B430306N03Rik | 1.290723 | 3.75E-16 |
| ENSMUSG00000033721 | Vav3 | -1.99902 | 4.00E-16 |
| ENSMUSG00000047945 | Marcksl1 | -0.9393 | 4.00E-16 |
| ENSMUSG00000025151 | Maged1 | -0.86669 | 4.30E-16 |
| ENSMUSG00000031210 | Gpr165 | -1.67902 | $4.60 \mathrm{E}-16$ |
| ENSMUSG00000090386 | Mir99ahg | -1.03135 | $4.63 \mathrm{E}-16$ |
| ENSMUSG00000057914 | Cacnb2 | 1.217995 | 7.00E-16 |
| ENSMUSG00000040276 | Pacsin1 | -2.34054 | 7.53E-16 |
| ENSMUSG00000032690 | Oas2 | 1.793367 | 7.67E-16 |
| ENSMUSG00000004558 | Ndrg2 | -2.07315 | 8.64E-16 |
| ENSMUSG00000025887 | Casp12 | 1.974854 | 1.13E-15 |
| ENSMUSG00000043671 | Dpy1913 | -2.01729 | 1.20E-15 |
| ENSMUSG00000026193 | Fn1 | -1.84042 | $1.60 \mathrm{E}-15$ |
| ENSMUSG00000068220 | Lgals1 | -2.85874 | $1.63 \mathrm{E}-15$ |
| ENSMUSG00000072235 | Tuba1a | -1.06098 | $1.97 \mathrm{E}-15$ |
| ENSMUSG00000033066 | Gas7 | -1.07424 | 2.23E-15 |
| ENSMUSG00000079017 | Ifi27l2a | 1.161923 | $4.52 \mathrm{E}-15$ |
| ENSMUSG00000024640 | Psat1 | -1.46473 | 5.43E-15 |
| ENSMUSG00000041607 | Mbp | -0.87119 | 5.83E-15 |
| ENSMUSG00000024168 | Tmem204 | -1.6539 | $6.45 \mathrm{E}-15$ |
| ENSMUSG00000025044 | Msr1 | -1.00422 | $6.45 \mathrm{E}-15$ |
| ENSMUSG00000064370 | mt-Cytb | -1.11281 | 8.10E-15 |
| ENSMUSG00000022102 | Dok2 | -1.99667 | $8.24 \mathrm{E}-15$ |
| ENSMUSG00000016756 | Cmah | -1.46388 | $9.46 \mathrm{E}-15$ |
| ENSMUSG00000033350 | Chst2 | 1.099365 | $1.05 \mathrm{E}-14$ |
| ENSMUSG00000041849 | Card6 | 0.889178 | $1.09 \mathrm{E}-14$ |
| ENSMUSG00000009292 | Trpm2 | 1.386653 | $1.35 \mathrm{E}-14$ |
| ENSMUSG00000021880 | Rnase6 | 1.302155 | 1.35E-14 |
| ENSMUSG00000060402 | Chst8 | -4.75021 | $1.46 \mathrm{E}-14$ |
| ENSMUSG00000017830 | Dhx58 | 1.110312 | 1.80E-14 |
| ENSMUSG00000029094 | Afap1 | -1.80395 | $2.02 \mathrm{E}-14$ |
| ENSMUSG00000023274 | Cd4 | -3.46554 | $2.05 \mathrm{E}-14$ |
| ENSMUSG00000015843 | Rxrg | 3.763728 | $2.72 \mathrm{E}-14$ |
| ENSMUSG00000061232 | H2-K1 | 1.115782 | $2.95 \mathrm{E}-14$ |
| ENSMUSG00000037661 | Gpr160 | 0.810661 | 3.02E-14 |
| ENSMUSG00000022098 | Bmp1 | -2.25986 | 3.28E-14 |
| ENSMUSG00000019866 | Crybg1 | 1.436921 | $4.04 \mathrm{E}-14$ |
| ENSMUSG00000040522 | Tlr8 | -1.52233 | $4.57 \mathrm{E}-14$ |
| ENSMUSG00000005958 | Ephb3 | -1.61353 | $4.57 \mathrm{E}-14$ |
| ENSMUSG00000025324 | Atp10a | 1.901412 | $4.58 \mathrm{E}-14$ |
| ENSMUSG00000031138 | F9 | -1.42821 | $4.58 \mathrm{E}-14$ |
| ENSMUSG00000006344 | Ggt5 | -0.92247 | $4.73 \mathrm{E}-14$ |
| ENSMUSG00000006611 | Hfe | -0.73394 | 5.23E-14 |
| ENSMUSG00000025203 | Scd2 | -0.89475 | $5.41 \mathrm{E}-14$ |


| ENSMUSG00000034656 | Cacna1a | -1.3252 | 5.69E-14 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000047867 | Gimap6 | -1.01732 | 6.04E-14 |
| ENSMUSG00000039763 | Dnajc28 | 0.953498 | $6.41 \mathrm{E}-14$ |
| ENSMUSG00000034438 | Gbp8 | 2.766907 | 6.83E-14 |
| ENSMUSG00000040033 | Stat2 | 0.968687 | 6.90E-14 |
| ENSMUSG00000003882 | II7r | -0.87803 | 8.07E-14 |
| ENSMUSG00000026442 | Nfasc | -2.30346 | $1.09 \mathrm{E}-13$ |
| ENSMUSG00000034353 | Ramp1 | -1.25355 | $1.15 \mathrm{E}-13$ |
| ENSMUSG00000075602 | Ly6a | 1.561575 | $1.33 \mathrm{E}-13$ |
| ENSMUSG00000032340 | Neo1 | -1.93448 | $1.41 \mathrm{E}-13$ |
| ENSMUSG00000079056 | Kcnip3 | 0.890018 | 2.90E-13 |
| ENSMUSG00000013033 | Adgrl1 | -1.68921 | $3.17 \mathrm{E}-13$ |
| ENSMUSG00000066861 | Oas1g | 1.621994 | 3.27E-13 |
| ENSMUSG00000060227 | Golm2 | -2.54797 | $3.88 \mathrm{E}-13$ |
| ENSMUSG00000040296 | Ddx58 | 0.927442 | $5.24 \mathrm{E}-13$ |
| ENSMUSG00000087006 | Gm13889 | -1.27948 | 6.11E-13 |
| ENSMUSG00000040274 | Cdk6 | -0.8761 | 6.54E-13 |
| ENSMUSG00000027803 | Wwtr1 | 1.659166 | 7.35E-13 |
| ENSMUSG00000030701 | Plekhb1 | -1.88865 | 8.22E-13 |
| ENSMUSG00000024014 | Pim1 | -0.71556 | $1.07 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000042770 | Hebp1 | 0.935641 | 1.10E-12 |
| ENSMUSG00000015314 | Slamf6 | 0.946043 | 1.51E-12 |
| ENSMUSG00000114761 | Gm47242 | 3.500287 | 2.05E-12 |
| ENSMUSG00000089828 | Gm16300 | -8.3885 | $2.11 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000004814 | Ccl24 | -2.28618 | $2.14 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000050138 | Kcnk12 | -1.0975 | $2.16 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000017607 | Tns4 | 1.237248 | $2.19 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000078349 | AW011738 | 1.229096 | $2.35 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000096727 | Psmb9 | 0.857804 | $2.36 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022425 | Enpp2 | -1.31589 | $3.42 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000035373 | Ccl7 | -2.12254 | $3.58 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000038642 | Ctss | 0.671906 | $3.58 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000052920 | Prkg1 | -1.94137 | $3.89 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000045136 | Tubb2b | -1.12287 | $3.89 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000075225 | Ccdc162 | -2.89721 | $4.30 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022014 | Epsti1 | 0.75923 | 5.10E-12 |
| ENSMUSG00000025555 | Farp1 | -1.865 | $5.42 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000019467 | Arhgef25 | -2.829 | $5.68 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000038679 | Trps1 | 0.845822 | $6.35 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000058254 | Tspan7 | -0.68638 | $6.46 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000062661 | Ncs1 | -1.46008 | $6.68 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000001300 | Efnb2 | -2.22412 | $6.71 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026829 | Gbgt1 | -1.2619 | 7.20E-12 |
| ENSMUSG00000019843 | Fyn | -1.01489 | $8.69 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000025795 | Rassf3 | 0.716225 | $9.23 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000039193 | NIrc4 | -1.90813 | $9.24 \mathrm{E}-12$ |


| ENSMUSG00000030123 | Plxnd1 | -1.35153 | 9.54E-12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000057135 | Scimp | 1.474991 | $1.06 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000029096 | Htra3 | -1.91929 | $1.06 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030589 | Rasgrp4 | -1.31563 | $1.17 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000020122 | Egfr | -3.34487 | $1.29 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000102717 | Gm37759 | 1.825619 | $1.36 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000066800 | Rnasel | -0.7459 | $1.41 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000000244 | Tspan32 | 1.005915 | $1.44 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000074505 | Fat3 | -1.16005 | $1.48 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000102748 | Pcdhgb2 | -1.1052 | $1.83 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022906 | Parp9 | 0.679331 | $2.16 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000020424 | Castor1 | 1.016009 | $2.36 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000024672 | Ms4a7 | -1.08565 | $2.48 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000031749 | St3gal2 | -0.66224 | $2.68 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000061577 | Adgrg5 | 3.271667 | $3.47 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000054676 | 1600014C10Rik | 0.748053 | $4.29 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000032860 | P2ry2 | 2.272703 | $4.66 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000038305 | Spats21 | -3.30423 | $4.84 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000035352 | Ccl12 | 1.025975 | $4.99 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000049313 | Sorl1 | 1.1837 | 5.75E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000007097 | Atp1a2 | -1.29767 | $6.11 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000069601 | Ank3 | -2.7738 | $6.12 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000021684 | Pde8b | 1.019729 | 6.27E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000016552 | Foxred2 | -1.97149 | $6.45 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000041439 | Mfsd6 | -2.54107 | 7.13E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000051043 | Gprc5c | -2.98712 | 7.71E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000006360 | Crip1 | -1.55214 | 7.83E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000055809 | Dnaaf3 | 1.122055 | $8.24 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000031137 | Fgf13 | -1.22609 | 8.47E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000037922 | Bank1 | -0.97826 | 8.91E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000071537 | Klrg2 | 1.495768 | $9.18 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026073 | Il1r2 | 1.349063 | 9.37E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000026315 | Serpinb8 | -1.6371 | $1.15 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000036353 | P2ry12 | -0.89975 | $1.16 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030878 | Cdr2 | -1.96658 | $1.19 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000043943 | Naalad2 | 1.131756 | $1.24 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000082088 | Gm15753 | 1.916951 | $1.34 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000046879 | Irgm1 | 0.903242 | $1.45 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000052688 | Rab7b | -1.05357 | $1.52 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000052560 | Cpne8 | -6.09326 | $1.53 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000031849 | Comp | 1.479977 | $1.63 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000032322 | Pstpip1 | 1.039212 | $1.65 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000007207 | Stx1a | -1.92824 | $1.67 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000019889 | Ptprk | -3.64284 | $1.69 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000037369 | Kdm6a | 0.662603 | $1.71 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000063268 | Parp10 | 0.718261 | $1.79 \mathrm{E}-10$ |


| ENSMUSG00000032306 | Mpi | -0.85587 | 1.89E-10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000079138 | Gm8818 | -3.82369 | $2.04 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000106807 | Gm10441 | -4.79941 | 2.05E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000044708 | Kcnj10 | 1.045242 | $2.06 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000085761 | 4930455G09Rik | 3.325828 | 2.08E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000037921 | Ddx60 | 0.810671 | $2.35 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000079339 | Ifit1bl1 | 2.811192 | $2.38 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000029798 | Herc6 | 0.902005 | $2.46 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000027457 | Snph | -1.3086 | $2.49 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000066191 | Anks6 | -0.85665 | $2.56 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000029298 | Gbp9 | 0.719789 | 2.60E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000085084 | 4930570G19Rik | 4.184871 | $2.84 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030465 | Psd3 | -1.00288 | 3.33E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000040855 | Reps2 | -1.37134 | 4.07E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000064341 | mt-Nd1 | -1.23095 | $4.07 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000063382 | Bcl9 | -0.66516 | $4.38 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000049791 | Fzd4 | -0.81144 | $4.62 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000021708 | Rasgrf2 | 1.161895 | 5.62E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000039853 | Trim14 | 0.720699 | 5.62E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000102289 | Gm31258 | -2.03243 | 5.79E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000032648 | Pygm | -2.59302 | 5.91E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000033306 | Lpp | -0.79676 | 5.98E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000059479 | B3gnt8 | 1.214814 | 6.23E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000069919 | Hba-a1 | -2.65097 | 6.96E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000035448 | Ccr3 | -3.32734 | 7.02E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000024180 | Pgap6 | -1.66954 | 7.78E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000024334 | H2-Oa | 1.124176 | 8.34E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000026536 | Ifi211 | 1.358015 | 8.75E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000114996 | Gm48958 | -4.20198 | 8.95E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000082292 | Gm12250 | 1.213465 | $9.04 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000064372 | mt-Tp | -1.3504 | $9.78 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000017737 | Mmp9 | -1.17362 | 9.83E-10 |
| ENSMUSG00000016239 | Lonrf3 | -0.84728 | $1.01 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000049502 | Dtx31 | 0.646857 | 1.02E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000040229 | Gpr34 | -1.01042 | 1.09E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000039208 | Metrnl | -1.04498 | $1.18 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000024079 | Eif2ak2 | 0.671894 | $1.20 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000063889 | Crem | -1.10995 | 1.29E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000100060 | Gm17944 | 2.562841 | $1.31 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000104108 | Gm37876 | -3.05741 | $1.32 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000058145 | Adamts17 | -3.57203 | 1.35E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000027959 | Sass6 | 0.936328 | 1.37E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000060935 | Tmem263 | -1.63928 | 1.37E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000047747 | Rnf150 | 0.976463 | $1.40 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000105771 | 2900064K03Rik | 3.969568 | 1.54E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000030789 | Itgax | 1.191447 | 1.57E-09 |


| ENSMUSG00000063455 | D630045J12Rik | -2.38962 | 1.70E-09 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000071068 | Treml2 | 1.225726 | $1.77 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000092591 | Gm20429 | 5.032441 | $1.95 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000063804 | Lin28b | -4.00131 | $1.98 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000023191 | P3h3 | 0.691774 | 2.05E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000015143 | Actn1 | -1.05786 | $2.22 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000016496 | Cd274 | 0.799391 | $2.33 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022010 | Tsc22d1 | -0.74672 | $2.41 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000020282 | Rhbdf1 | -0.93372 | $2.52 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000042589 | Cux2 | -2.19252 | 2.55E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000029822 | Osbpl3 | 0.95452 | 2.55E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000052062 | Pard3b | -1.13614 | $2.55 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000018217 | Pmp22 | -1.07489 | 2.80E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000031342 | Gpm6b | -1.33575 | 3.07E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000030525 | Chrna7 | 3.729465 | 3.19E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000101059 | Gm4017 | -8.32524 | 3.25E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000069793 | SIfn9 | 1.176039 | 3.62E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000035311 | Gnptab | 0.654391 | 3.70E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000092277 | Gm19684 | 5.08928 | $3.85 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000052942 | Glis3 | -3.02564 | 3.90E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000005107 | Slc2a9 | 0.955715 | 3.92E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000049103 | Ccr2 | -1.32695 | $4.09 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026921 | Egfl7 | -1.84072 | 4.20E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000021838 | Samd4 | -2.19549 | 4.45E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000050965 | Prkca | -0.63534 | 4.80E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000052387 | Trpm3 | -2.10765 | 4.87E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000068606 | Gm4841 | 2.072997 | 4.87E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000043391 | 2510009E07Rik | -0.68932 | 5.04E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000023328 | Ache | -0.98456 | 5.06E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000035692 | Isg15 | 1.716959 | 5.45E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000070501 | Ifi214 | 2.522394 | 5.86E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000030283 | St8sia1 | 1.815123 | 6.81E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000027692 | Tnik | 1.737408 | 7.30E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000056144 | Trim34a | 0.857331 | 7.93E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000042529 | Kcnj12 | -7.91165 | 7.97E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000078920 | Ifi47 | 1.2619 | 8.30E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000054404 | Slfn5 | 0.870997 | 8.32E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000030536 | Iqgap1 | -0.70961 | 8.70E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000005611 | Irag1 | -2.97876 | 8.84E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000022799 | Arhgap31 | -0.8287 | 8.87E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000100183 | Gm28512 | -2.44155 | 9.12E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000034855 | Cxcl10 | 1.167581 | 9.69E-09 |
| ENSMUSG00000090387 | Gm17056 | -1.04532 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000023206 | Il15ra | 1.015955 | $1.10 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000064367 | mt-Nd5 | -1.16702 | $1.10 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000035681 | Kcnc2 | -4.94033 | $1.13 \mathrm{E}-08$ |


| ENSMUSG00000038034 | Igsf8 | 0.710177 | $1.14 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000097352 | C920009B18Rik | 1.285865 | $1.15 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000041202 | Pla2g2d | -1.02895 | $1.16 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000002957 | Ap2a2 | -0.59547 | $1.19 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000033542 | Arhgef5 | -2.61647 | $1.27 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000023341 | Mx2 | 1.074339 | $1.33 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030930 | Chst15 | 0.671489 | $1.41 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000029869 | Ephb6 | -4.29232 | $1.41 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000039943 | Plcb4 | -2.3976 | $1.51 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000091472 | Gm3739 | -1.41567 | $1.52 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000034993 | Vat1 | -0.86316 | $1.56 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000038352 | Arl5c | 0.874857 | $1.57 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000096351 | Samd11 | -2.57861 | $1.58 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000038156 | Spon1 | 1.924579 | 1.58E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000037225 | Fgf2 | -1.21442 | $1.59 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000021362 | Gcm2 | 4.037158 | 1.80E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000031217 | Efnb1 | -0.98649 | $1.83 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000043822 | Adamtsl5 | -7.89844 | $1.84 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000032194 | Kank2 | -1.08338 | $1.99 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000043456 | Zfp536 | -1.39766 | $1.99 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000073940 | Hbb-bt | -2.69555 | $2.14 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000097654 | Gm26714 | 0.981511 | $2.15 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000033880 | Lgals3bp | 1.346284 | $2.26 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000094796 | BC147527 | 1.138376 | $2.38 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000033717 | Adra2a | -2.32582 | $2.44 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000016529 | Il10 | -3.17713 | 2.57E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000036206 | Sh3bp4 | 1.19705 | $2.61 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022091 | Sorbs3 | -1.44464 | 2.61E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000028073 | Pear1 | -1.21622 | $2.61 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000058626 | Capn11 | -4.59348 | 2.63E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000054008 | Ndst1 | 0.596507 | 2.78E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000070327 | Rnf213 | 1.021627 | $2.81 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000035666 | Gtf3c4 | -0.57185 | 2.87E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000036334 | Igsf10 | -1.31824 | 2.91E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000044037 | Als2cl | 0.942602 | $2.94 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000028517 | Plpp3 | -2.35455 | 2.96E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000115338 | Pnp | -0.63771 | $2.98 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000055675 | Kbtbd11 | -1.39744 | 3.15E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000027276 | Jag1 | -1.21668 | $3.26 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000046204 | Pnma2 | -3.06265 | 3.36E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000038648 | Creb312 | -0.56752 | 3.37E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000027698 | Nceh1 | 0.612604 | $3.45 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000048806 | Ifnb1 | 4.100578 | 3.47E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000034751 | Mast4 | -0.87676 | $3.50 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000029592 | Usp30 | 0.710742 | 3.70E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000097705 | Gm26740 | 0.976282 | $4.09 \mathrm{E}-08$ |


| ENSMUSG00000028986 | Klhl7 | -0.63199 | 4.23E-08 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000027223 | Mapk8ip1 | -1.71607 | $4.33 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000053559 | Smagp | -1.02816 | $4.37 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000034412 | Tbc1d10a | 0.708204 | $4.47 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000025270 | Alas2 | -2.47703 | $4.48 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000090231 | Cfb | 3.082678 | $4.48 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000104213 | Ighd | -1.51447 | $4.48 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000051586 | Mical3 | -0.72869 | $4.53 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026213 | Stk11ip | 0.555188 | $4.68 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000029816 | Gpnmb | 1.686376 | $4.92 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000051790 | Nlgn2 | -1.32551 | $4.92 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000118123 | Gm50346 | 1.044368 | 5.15E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000038507 | Parp12 | 0.812451 | 5.18E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000024521 | Pmaip1 | 0.579651 | $5.74 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000071226 | Cecr2 | -2.37136 | $5.74 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000032725 | Folr2 | -3.73317 | 5.97E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000029605 | Oas1b | 1.379999 | 6.11E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000026317 | Cln8 | -0.56069 | 6.66E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000020572 | Nampt | 0.61661 | $6.66 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030352 | Tspan9 | -1.08391 | 7.19E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000061808 | Ttr | -1.02427 | 7.39E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000028565 | Nfia | -0.61043 | $7.77 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000024769 | Cdc42bpg | -1.8233 | 8.00E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000026986 | Hnmt | -0.96986 | 8.51E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000030657 | Xylt1 | -0.83816 | 8.53E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000034926 | Dhcr24 | -2.45778 | 8.72E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000023019 | Gpd1 | -1.40583 | 8.97E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000036949 | Slc39a12 | -3.63694 | 9.35E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000042826 | Fgf11 | -1.23887 | $1.00 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000060183 | Cxcl11 | 4.217891 | $1.03 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000085133 | B930095G15Rik | -2.87665 | $1.04 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026535 | Ifi202b | -4.53985 | $1.17 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000028771 | Ptpn12 | -0.84418 | $1.18 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022376 | Adcy8 | -4.92444 | 1.20E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000030345 | Dyrk4 | 0.944714 | $1.22 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000056215 | Lrguk | 1.063401 | $1.23 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000058013 | Septin11 | -0.79676 | 1.26E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000042249 | Grk3 | 0.807452 | $1.27 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000028967 | Errfi1 | -0.59751 | $1.28 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000025207 | Sema4g | -0.55896 | 1.30E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000034906 | Ncaph | -1.42938 | $1.51 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000021281 | Tnfaip2 | 0.788551 | $1.55 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000052305 | Hbb-bs | -2.6188 | $1.56 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000037224 | Zfyve28 | 0.870889 | $1.61 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000053080 | 2700081015Rik | -0.83032 | $1.62 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000051906 | Cd209f | -7.63764 | $1.66 \mathrm{E}-07$ |


| ENSMUSG00000030165 | Klrd1 | -2.62464 | $1.66 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000026605 | Cenpf | -1.77669 | $1.69 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000046718 | Bst2 | 0.944635 | $1.70 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000039997 | Ifi203 | -0.95384 | $1.70 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000040483 | Xaf1 | 1.011687 | $1.78 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000024600 | Slc27a6 | -7.60625 | $1.80 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000016477 | E2f3 | -0.79188 | 1.87E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000064345 | mt-Nd2 | -1.23859 | 2.02E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000031497 | Tnfsf13b | 0.64531 | 2.03E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000111926 | Gm46204 | 2.605743 | $2.11 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000060802 | B2m | 0.821022 | 2.20E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000031790 | Mmp15 | -2.39313 | 2.31E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000037625 | Cldn11 | -2.50952 | 2.31E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000000365 | Rnf17 | 1.514756 | 2.36E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000109408 | A930037H05Rik | 1.090025 | $2.36 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022797 | Tfrc | -1.05001 | $2.57 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000029380 | Cxcl1 | -1.14521 | $2.59 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000006930 | Hap1 | 1.540458 | 2.65E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000045551 | Fpr1 | 1.630779 | 2.80E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000028078 | Dclk2 | -1.2882 | $2.83 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000031586 | Rbpms | 0.682275 | 2.96E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000091418 | Gm3164 | -3.13726 | 3.03E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000006235 | Epor | -2.7224 | 3.05E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000026938 | Fcna | -5.74778 | 3.19E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000018923 | Med11 | 0.724851 | 3.20E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000022272 | Myo10 | 0.988049 | $3.49 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000034118 | Tpst1 | 1.12255 | 3.69E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000074657 | Kif5a | -1.36102 | 3.80E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000071064 | Zfp827 | -0.875 | 3.93E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000092060 | Bend4 | -1.61508 | 4.16E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000006435 | Neurl1a | 0.602613 | 4.17E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000041075 | Fzd7 | -0.54868 | 4.31E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000117079 | Gm41611 | 1.10462 | 4.42E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000028273 | Pdlim5 | -0.61094 | 4.55E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000059248 | Septin9 | 0.636917 | 4.98E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000061100 | Retnla | -7.54604 | 5.00E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000000791 | Il12rb1 | 3.459862 | 5.07E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000000184 | Ccnd2 | 0.727292 | 5.90E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000074578 | Zfas1 | 0.659262 | 6.04E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000006731 | B4galnt1 | 0.62986 | 6.13E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000079470 | Utp14b | -1.22345 | 6.13E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000078350 | Smim1 | -1.40165 | 6.27E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000069917 | Hba-a2 | -2.68839 | 6.51E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000027222 | Pex16 | 0.890238 | 8.04E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000078921 | Tgtp2 | 1.702782 | 8.10E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000058056 | Palld | -3.28383 | 8.25E-07 |


| ENSMUSG00000005533 | lgf1r | -0.69687 | 8.45E-07 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000003974 | Grm3 | -3.15106 | $8.49 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022885 | St6gal1 | -0.51465 | 8.56E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000030091 | Nup210 | 0.740695 | 9.06E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000033032 | Afap111 | -0.70452 | $9.32 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000037852 | Cpe | -1.21815 | 9.40E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000028328 | Tmod1 | -1.91377 | $9.59 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000035458 | Tnni3 | 1.150587 | 9.59E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000027562 | Car2 | -2.05383 | 1.01E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000075015 | Gm10801 | -2.255 | $1.02 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000027750 | Postn | -1.08526 | $1.02 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000046841 | Ckap4 | -0.68391 | $1.03 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000014418 | Hps5 | 0.51537 | $1.04 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000036585 | Fgf1 | -2.45917 | $1.04 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000052749 | Trim30b | 1.345342 | $1.07 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000042677 | Zc3h12a | 0.515795 | 1.13E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000016933 | Plcg1 | -0.53322 | 1.15E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000066677 | Ifi208 | 1.306878 | 1.27E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000043795 | Prr33 | 1.375727 | $1.28 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000015829 | Tnr | -2.60444 | 1.30E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000036887 | C1qa | 0.613808 | 1.30E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000053049 | Gm15413 | 4.18292 | $1.34 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000073412 | Lst1 | 0.754736 | 1.34E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000085759 | 1700061E18Rik | -2.49598 | $1.43 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022489 | Pde1b | -0.57074 | $1.49 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000031304 | l\|2rg | 1.452858 | 1.50E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000025037 | Maoa | -1.48812 | $1.54 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000093930 | Hmgcs1 | -0.67665 | $1.54 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000031402 | Mpp1 | -0.59403 | $1.56 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000002885 | Adgre5 | -1.22605 | $1.58 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000041120 | Nbl1 | -2.01604 | 1.67E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000027375 | Mal | -2.72767 | $1.76 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000035441 | Myo1d | -1.77995 | 1.80E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000104696 | Gm42946 | 2.865232 | 1.80E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000053644 | Aldh7a1 | -0.79681 | $1.83 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000102291 | Gm37542 | -2.43922 | $1.89 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000048537 | Phldb1 | -0.7896 | 1.97E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000067212 | H2-T23 | 0.969333 | $1.97 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000084821 | Gm15880 | -2.20532 | $1.98 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000110388 | Gm30329 | -0.85935 | 2.00E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000026012 | Cd28 | -3.65599 | $2.01 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000073680 | Tmem88b | -3.43893 | $2.04 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022216 | Psme1 | 0.601774 | 2.08E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000023885 | Thbs2 | -2.68298 | $2.13 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000035919 | Bbs9 | -0.66173 | 2.17E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000020787 | P2rx1 | 1.03417 | 2.19E-06 |


| ENSMUSG00000053550 | Shisa7 | 1.228118 | 2.23E-06 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000033577 | Myo6 | -0.89394 | 2.30E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000042684 | Npl | -0.76719 | 2.34E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000033355 | Rtp4 | 1.154936 | 2.35E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000043556 | Fbxl7 | -5.40907 | 2.35E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000032184 | Lysmd2 | 2.884366 | $2.49 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000035297 | Cops4 | -0.59031 | 2.57E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000005483 | Dnajb1 | 0.899784 | 2.59E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000087117 | Gm11523 | -7.58435 | 2.64E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000040616 | Tmem51 | 1.969558 | 2.72E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000028108 | Ecm1 | -1.77795 | $2.74 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000025558 | Dock9 | -0.54794 | $2.74 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000002944 | Cd36 | -0.7093 | 2.79E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000024732 | Ccdc86 | 0.527255 | 2.99E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000035150 | Eif2s3x | 0.592223 | 3.00E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000020102 | SIc16a7 | -0.55883 | 3.02E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000031112 | Stk26 | -1.26571 | 3.14E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000063605 | Ccdc102a | 0.98464 | 3.21E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000048347 | Pcdhb18 | -7.45866 | 3.24E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000042476 | Abcb4 | -0.58281 | 3.25E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000030084 | Plxna1 | -0.89658 | 3.25E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000032911 | Cspg4 | -2.34092 | 3.27E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000042644 | Itpr3 | 0.619298 | 3.27E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000110397 | Gm45540 | -0.70362 | 3.28E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000005360 | Slc1a3 | 0.647204 | 3.30E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000032666 | 1700025G04Rik | -1.73125 | 3.31E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000027674 | Pex5I | -2.8139 | 3.50E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000039682 | Lap3 | 0.500056 | 3.55E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000035342 | Lzts2 | -1.09718 | 3.73E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000040907 | Atp1a3 | 0.669049 | 3.86E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000058818 | Pirb | 0.516044 | 4.22E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000006651 | Aplp1 | -1.60524 | 4.44E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000030055 | Rab43 | 0.667562 | 4.46E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000058672 | Tubb2a | -0.56259 | $4.50 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000039741 | Bahcc1 | -0.73872 | 4.51E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000107723 | Gm43964 | 1.159182 | 4.60E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000074874 | Ctla2b | 1.391137 | 4.77E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000041538 | H2-Ob | 0.603141 | 4.83E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000007379 | Dennd2c | -0.5542 | 4.96E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000060519 | Tor3a | 0.863772 | 5.08E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000047735 | Samd91 | 0.523284 | 5.50E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000027254 | Map1a | -1.66528 | 6.17E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000020589 | Cyria | 0.591174 | 6.56E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000055110 | A630012P03Rik | 3.614168 | 6.57E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000024772 | Ehd1 | -0.67263 | 6.57E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000044703 | Phf11a | 2.124746 | 6.75E-06 |


| ENSMUSG00000057596 | Trim30d | 0.486571 | 6.85E-06 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000097440 | Gm6277 | -0.76993 | 6.92E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000031714 | Gab1 | -0.50803 | 7.22E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000037419 | Endod1 | -0.47709 | 7.47E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000085591 | Gm13479 | -1.16468 | 7.61E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000039765 | Cc2d2a | -1.28287 | 7.79E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000024462 | Gabbr1 | -0.48113 | 8.31E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000025993 | Slc40a1 | -0.814 | 8.35E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000060675 | Plaat3 | 1.11226 | 8.68E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000064289 | Tank | 0.59274 | 8.75E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000038058 | Nod1 | 0.569945 | 8.88E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000017493 | Igfbp4 | -0.48401 | 8.96E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000024338 | Psmb8 | 0.524037 | 9.10E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000063193 | Cd300lb | -1.36779 | 9.15E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000024222 | Fkbp5 | 0.892796 | $9.24 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026866 | Kynu | 1.478424 | 9.27E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000001700 | Gramd3 | 1.255387 | 9.35E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000027315 | Spint1 | 0.849449 | 9.65E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000038732 | Mboat1 | -1.97398 | 9.92E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000079445 | B3gnt7 | -1.58218 | $1.03 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000004267 | Eno2 | -1.53744 | $1.04 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030708 | Dnajb13 | 0.720764 | $1.06 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000028399 | Ptprd | -2.76793 | 1.09E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000021280 | Exoc314 | 2.154809 | $1.10 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000018593 | Sparc | -0.57806 | $1.13 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000038068 | Rnf144b | -0.54478 | $1.15 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000040111 | Gramd1b | -0.68059 | $1.15 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000029309 | Sparcl1 | -0.99871 | $1.15 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000028976 | Slc2a5 | -0.84401 | $1.18 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000099974 | Bcl2a1d | 0.887207 | $1.19 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000004665 | Cnn2 | -0.8696 | $1.21 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000032261 | Sh3bgrl2 | -2.12672 | $1.21 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000064349 | mt-Tc | -0.90422 | $1.22 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000034177 | Rnf43 | 2.762825 | $1.24 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000036875 | Dna2 | 0.888012 | $1.25 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000007039 | Ddah2 | -0.78724 | $1.26 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000050335 | Lgals3 | -0.82699 | $1.27 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000031740 | Mmp2 | -0.58368 | $1.28 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000038400 | Pmepa1 | -0.79206 | $1.29 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000000562 | Adora3 | 0.556132 | $1.31 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000031709 | Tbc1d9 | 0.822998 | $1.34 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000048285 | Frmd6 | -1.08128 | $1.36 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000031488 | Rab11fip1 | 1.214509 | $1.36 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000020288 | Ahsa2 | 0.618747 | $1.37 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000048621 | Gm6377 | -1.16957 | $1.40 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000046160 | Olig1 | -2.49371 | $1.41 \mathrm{E}-05$ |


| ENSMUSG00000000732 | Icosl | 0.858383 | $1.41 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000082402 | Gm15621 | 1.461772 | $1.51 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000041736 | Tspo | 0.574942 | $1.51 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022540 | Rogdi | 0.493653 | $1.51 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000020262 | Adarb1 | -1.25142 | $1.53 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000112148 | Lilrb4a | -0.80715 | $1.59 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000024610 | Cd74 | -0.77495 | $1.59 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000032281 | Acsbg1 | -2.19019 | $1.62 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000032589 | Bsn | -1.1088 | $1.62 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000054203 | Ifi205 | 2.774104 | $1.65 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000014782 | Plekhg4 | 4.34582 | $1.66 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000062591 | Tubb4a | -1.51364 | $1.66 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000050627 | Gpd11 | 0.466266 | $1.66 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000044042 | Fmn1 | -1.0801 | $1.72 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000090881 | Phf11 | 2.448573 | $1.73 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000039013 | Siglecf | -0.68759 | $1.73 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000015340 | Cybb | 0.889808 | $1.77 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000066129 | Kndc1 | -2.22451 | $1.79 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000042804 | Gpr153 | -2.11695 | 1.80E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000019558 | SIc6a8 | -1.56964 | 1.80E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000036957 | Lrfn3 | -2.61477 | $1.81 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000028268 | Gbp3 | 0.654099 | 1.81E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000022114 | Spry2 | -2.46359 | $1.95 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000109089 | 4833411C07Rik | 1.004487 | $1.95 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000041444 | Arhgap32 | -0.6862 | $1.98 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000054252 | Fgfr3 | -2.40605 | 2.03E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000010660 | Plcd1 | 0.56792 | $2.04 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000064363 | mt-Nd4 | -1.14287 | $2.06 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000088185 | Scarna2 | 0.659088 | $2.06 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000104030 | 5330406M23Rik | 0.639803 | 2.07E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000015355 | Cd48 | 0.548353 | $2.08 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026014 | Raph1 | -0.65555 | 2.10E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000027376 | Prom2 | 1.255614 | 2.21E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000039713 | Plekhg5 | -0.50218 | 2.21E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000046006 | Gapt | 1.536748 | 2.28E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000061186 | Sfmbt2 | -1.52445 | $2.31 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000062545 | TIr12 | 0.612908 | $2.33 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000025511 | Tspan4 | -0.59021 | $2.42 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000005656 | Snx6 | -0.48337 | $2.58 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000095742 |  | -0.82528 | 2.64E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000046314 | Stxbp6 | -3.6112 | $2.74 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000027544 | Nfatc2 | -0.48572 | 2.80E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000026109 | Tmeff2 | -3.69577 | 2.87E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000038151 | Prdm1 | 0.471212 | $2.95 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000029419 | Ajm1 | -0.62584 | 2.95E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000021185 | Dglucy | 0.518656 | 2.95E-05 |


| ENSMUSG00000029189 | Sel113 | -3.93252 | 2.95E-05 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000053799 | Exoc6 | 0.487193 | 3.02E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000030310 | Slc6a1 | -2.29018 | 3.16E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000002307 | Daxx | 0.602893 | 3.16E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000041245 | Wnk3 | -2.9667 | 3.23E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000076621 | Ighj1 | -1.27788 | 3.24E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000044092 | C130050018Rik | 0.779178 | 3.27E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000022629 | Kif21a | -2.68669 | 3.28E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000024210 | lp6k3 | 3.175518 | 3.31E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000032067 | Pts | 0.609426 | 3.41E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000052727 | Map1b | -1.11393 | 3.50E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000025871 | 4833439L19Rik | -0.47576 | 3.54E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000023927 | Satb1 | -0.94117 | 3.65E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000027843 | Ptpn22 | 1.145927 | 3.72E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000055421 | Pcdh9 | -2.56171 | 3.94E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000026305 | Lrrfip1 | 0.451787 | 3.98E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000026509 | Capn2 | -1.09441 | 4.07E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000038332 | Sesn1 | -0.47857 | 4.13E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000076619 | Ighj3 | -1.92622 | $4.18 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000039137 | Whrn | -0.53414 | $4.24 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000074825 | Itpripl1 | -0.46423 | $4.24 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000040797 | Iqsec3 | -7.10419 | $4.56 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000063873 | Slc24a3 | -0.64637 | $4.65 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000020682 | Mmp28 | -2.41733 | $4.68 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000072964 | Bhlhb9 | -0.90342 | 4.87E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000050121 | Opalin | -7.06175 | 4.87E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000079388 | 2610042L04Rik | -2.79259 | 4.89E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000022586 | Ly6i | 2.504955 | 5.05E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000022708 | Zbtb20 | -0.5 | 5.27E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000003949 | HIf | -1.7832 | 5.29E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000021701 | Plk2 | -0.49747 | 5.29E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000105700 | Gm42772 | 7.134836 | 5.37E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000090105 | Gm15890 | 0.727261 | 5.43E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000036617 | Etl4 | -1.4672 | 5.45E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000105742 | Gm42748 | -0.95718 | 5.69E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000038894 | Irs2 | 0.830124 | 5.71E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000060586 | H2-Eb1 | -0.7957 | 5.73E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000107075 | Gm43068 | 2.207375 | 5.76E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000031647 | Mfap3I | -2.06382 | 5.76E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000042451 | Mybph | 0.999439 | 5.96E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000056602 | Fry | -0.51536 | 5.96E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000051456 | Hspb3 | -0.86028 | 5.99E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000057315 | Arhgap24 | 0.802276 | 6.01E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000026778 | Prkcq | -1.86394 | 6.02E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000101167 | Macroh2a3 | 2.42363 | 6.09E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000097194 | 9330175E14Rik | 1.38696 | $6.30 \mathrm{E}-05$ |


| ENSMUSG00000067878 | Map7d3 | 1.226875 | $6.30 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000029553 | Tfec | -1.59213 | $6.30 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000024661 | Fth1 | 0.550926 | 6.47E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000113326 | Gm47586 | -2.29866 | $6.48 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000015312 | Gadd45b | -0.55285 | $6.49 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000115762 | Gm34907 | -2.5297 | $6.63 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000111390 | Gm48796 | -2.56045 | $6.98 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000030149 | Klrk1 | 1.898854 | 7.03E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000009772 | Nuak2 | 0.498402 | $7.13 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000027224 | Duoxa1 | -2.64116 | $7.30 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000003134 | Tbc1d8 | 0.80301 | $7.40 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000101191 | Gm28809 | 0.691716 | $7.40 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000065232 | Gm22973 | 1.187142 | 7.42E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000040957 | Cables1 | -0.85509 | 7.80E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000032202 | Rab27a | 0.475226 | $7.86 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000031639 | Tlr3 | 0.524425 | 7.99E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000046442 | Ppm1e | -0.96814 | $8.14 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000096957 | E230013L22Rik | 0.663218 | 8.39E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000004207 | Psap | 0.420386 | $8.47 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000037418 | Best1 | 0.473176 | $8.49 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000055717 | Slain1 | -2.87174 | 8.50E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000102418 | Sh2d1b1 | 1.525831 | 8.61E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000032854 | Ugt8a | -2.34395 | 8.74E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000021175 | Cdca7l | 1.613638 | 8.98E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000053398 | Phgdh | -0.7219 | $9.08 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000037523 | Mavs | 0.470165 | $9.18 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000039007 | Cpq | 0.65986 | 9.19E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000017713 | Tha1 | 0.671954 | $9.20 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000052151 | Plpp2 | 0.967601 | $9.27 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000036564 | Ndrg4 | -1.44998 | 9.28E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000011257 | Pabpc4 | -0.52232 | $9.42 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000106047 | Gm42942 | 6.948215 | $9.66 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000018001 | Cyth3 | 0.47296 | 9.67E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000029207 | Apbb2 | -0.50318 | 0.000102789 |
| ENSMUSG00000027956 | Tmem144 | -0.61633 | 0.000102789 |
| ENSMUSG00000099398 | Ms4a14 | -1.66183 | 0.000103274 |
| ENSMUSG00000024948 | Map4k2 | -0.45687 | 0.000103274 |
| ENSMUSG00000085977 | Gm5970 | 1.437842 | 0.000107463 |
| ENSMUSG00000028546 | Elavl4 | -1.42906 | 0.000112036 |
| ENSMUSG00000102037 | Bcl2a1a | 0.616011 | 0.000113431 |
| ENSMUSG00000013523 | Bcas1 | -1.88398 | 0.000113898 |
| ENSMUSG00000066170 | E230001N04Rik | 1.712569 | 0.000114535 |
| ENSMUSG00000085037 | 4933421010Rik | 0.439036 | 0.000115494 |
| ENSMUSG00000035725 | Prkx | -0.50134 | 0.0001164 |
| ENSMUSG00000055546 | Timd4 | -1.32961 | 0.000116956 |
| ENSMUSG00000018830 | Myh11 | -3.35726 | 0.000119117 |


| ENSMUSG00000005089 | Slc1a2 | -0.9552 | 0.000124166 |
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| ENSMUSG00000006411 | Nectin4 | 0.486292 | 0.000126473 |
| ENSMUSG00000019763 | Rmnd1 | 0.491218 | 0.00012741 |
| ENSMUSG00000076620 | Ighj2 | -1.81717 | 0.000128171 |
| ENSMUSG00000020798 | Spns3 | 0.763347 | 0.000130125 |
| ENSMUSG00000026604 | Ptpn14 | -1.97979 | 0.000133283 |
| ENSMUSG00000068735 | Trp53i11 | 0.717525 | 0.000134851 |
| ENSMUSG00000037295 | Ldlrap1 | 0.553496 | 0.000135105 |
| ENSMUSG00000023805 | Synj2 | 0.50532 | 0.00013664 |
| ENSMUSG00000029470 | P2rx4 | 0.745889 | 0.000139209 |
| ENSMUSG00000114329 | Gm30489 | -2.33675 | 0.000140431 |
| ENSMUSG00000016128 | Stard13 | -2.14902 | 0.000144291 |
| ENSMUSG00000042429 | Adora1 | 1.367271 | 0.000150773 |
| ENSMUSG00000036995 | Asap3 | -0.46858 | 0.000156248 |
| ENSMUSG00000035413 | Tmem98 | -3.13845 | 0.000156347 |
| ENSMUSG00000034616 | Ssh3 | 0.436799 | 0.00015675 |
| ENSMUSG00000021061 | Sptb | -1.91111 | 0.000159392 |
| ENSMUSG00000029322 | Plac8 | 1.267094 | 0.000160314 |
| ENSMUSG00000008658 | Rbfox1 | -1.98233 | 0.000162127 |
| ENSMUSG00000049401 | Ogfr | 0.447412 | 0.000162498 |
| ENSMUSG00000105504 | Gbp5 | 0.635349 | 0.000163269 |
| ENSMUSG00000040249 | Lrp1 | -0.50119 | 0.000163691 |
| ENSMUSG00000004996 | Mri1 | 0.976508 | 0.000164868 |
| ENSMUSG00000007891 | Ctsd | 0.378231 | 0.00016712 |
| ENSMUSG00000024601 | Isoc1 | 0.451178 | 0.000167782 |
| ENSMUSG00000040612 | Ildr2 | 0.922817 | 0.000167782 |
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| ENSMUSG00000033917 | Gde1 | 0.469136 | 0.00016951 |
| ENSMUSG00000020886 | Dlg4 | -0.61722 | 0.000170576 |
| ENSMUSG00000041762 | Gpr155 | -0.72146 | 0.000170733 |
| ENSMUSG00000103585 | Pcdhgb4 | -0.94928 | 0.000171203 |
| ENSMUSG00000025743 | Sdc3 | 0.875347 | 0.000175623 |
| ENSMUSG00000073590 | 3222401L13Rik | -0.70914 | 0.000176371 |
| ENSMUSG00000033436 | Armcx2 | -0.75908 | 0.000177349 |
| ENSMUSG00000033871 | Ppargc1b | 1.002018 | 0.000178151 |
| ENSMUSG00000002265 | Peg3 | -1.84305 | 0.000178151 |
| ENSMUSG00000032058 | Ppp2r1b | -0.49706 | 0.000178385 |
| ENSMUSG00000030282 | Cmas | -0.4773 | 0.000180457 |
| ENSMUSG00000043415 | Otud1 | -0.51195 | 0.00018131 |
| ENSMUSG00000006462 | A530013C23Rik | 0.772127 | 0.000183775 |
| ENSMUSG00000094628 | Gm3252 | -1.63385 | 0.000188281 |
| ENSMUSG00000025058 | Tasl | 0.502982 | 0.000188827 |
| ENSMUSG00000037940 | Inpp4b | 0.418509 | 0.000191168 |
| ENSMUSG00000020331 | Hen2 | -1.8785 | 0.000197725 |
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| ENSMUSG00000030402 | Ppm1n | 2.553443 | 0.00020355 |
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| ENSMUSG00000028610 | Dmrtb1 | 0.971837 | 0.00020355 |
| ENSMUSG00000030187 | Klra2 | 0.633726 | 0.000203809 |
| ENSMUSG00000034101 | Ctnnd1 | -0.67221 | 0.000204653 |
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| ENSMUSG00000025059 | Gk | 0.708979 | 0.000210326 |
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| ENSMUSG00000059493 | Nhs | -4.9356 | 0.000211488 |
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| ENSMUSG00000026199 | Ankzf1 | 0.460774 | 0.000214168 |
| ENSMUSG00000038028 | Tigar | 0.861627 | 0.000222241 |
| ENSMUSG00000003484 | Cyp4f18 | 0.775396 | 0.000222281 |
| ENSMUSG00000039934 | Gsap | 0.417975 | 0.000222973 |
| ENSMUSG00000034135 | Sik3 | 0.441552 | 0.00022784 |
| ENSMUSG00000025813 | Homer2 | -3.09705 | 0.000228094 |
| ENSMUSG00000029581 | Fscn1 | -0.72829 | 0.000230322 |
| ENSMUSG00000028989 | Angptl7 | -1.27147 | 0.000237122 |
| ENSMUSG00000058290 | Espl1 | -0.66558 | 0.000237826 |
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| ENSMUSG00000039953 | Clstn1 | -0.71093 | 0.000242641 |
| ENSMUSG00000085875 | Gm12905 | 0.530311 | 0.000243689 |
| ENSMUSG00000023367 | Tmem176a | 0.75985 | 0.00024416 |
| ENSMUSG00000000127 | Fer | -0.61252 | 0.000251061 |
| ENSMUSG00000021200 | Asb2 | 0.467642 | 0.000251061 |
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| ENSMUSG00000070034 | Sp110 | 0.437783 | 0.00029946 |
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| ENSMUSG00000040165 | Cd209c | -6.98595 | 0.000305045 |
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| ENSMUSG00000036594 | H2-Aa | -0.74416 | 0.00030514 |
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| ENSMUSG00000001774 | Chordc1 | 0.417492 | 0.00030887 |
| ENSMUSG00000056888 | Glipr1 | 0.697047 | 0.000311791 |
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| ENSMUSG00000073728 | Tmem51os1 | 6.844106 | 0.000327873 |
| ENSMUSG00000040212 | Emp3 | -0.61288 | 0.000330293 |
| ENSMUSG00000032359 | Ctsh | 0.679389 | 0.000344684 |
| ENSMUSG00000117239 | Gpr31c | 2.04385 | 0.00034942 |
| ENSMUSG00000047220 | Iho1 | -1.58084 | 0.000355043 |
| ENSMUSG00000033033 | Calhm2 | 0.413245 | 0.000359384 |
| ENSMUSG00000062997 | Rpl35 | 0.486368 | 0.000369535 |
| ENSMUSG00000020077 | Srgn | 0.437213 | 0.000369827 |
| ENSMUSG00000036036 | Zfp57 | -2.13253 | 0.000372164 |
| ENSMUSG00000028278 | Rragd | -1.26806 | 0.000375518 |
| ENSMUSG00000022887 | Masp1 | -1.1922 | 0.000377268 |
| ENSMUSG00000097156 | Gm3764 | -3.6836 | 0.000378312 |
| ENSMUSG00000037280 | Galnt6 | -1.16867 | 0.00037871 |
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| ENSMUSG00000097296 | Gm26532 | -0.72754 | 0.00039506 |
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| ENSMUSG00000022371 | Col14a1 | -0.75095 | 0.00040699 |
| ENSMUSG00000004270 | Lpcat3 | -0.39718 | 0.00041013 |
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| ENSMUSG00000032718 | Mansc1 | 1.634839 | 0.000437874 |
| ENSMUSG00000091549 | Gm6548 | 0.649794 | 0.000443029 |
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| ENSMUSG00000041571 | Selenow | 0.562505 | 0.000499108 |
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| ENSMUSG00000020717 | Pecam1 | -0.59321 | 0.000503113 |
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| ENSMUSG00000033781 | Asb13 | 0.517287 | 0.000515511 |
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| ENSMUSG00000104292 | Gm38042 | 0.637096 | 0.000528288 |
| ENSMUSG00000064348 | mt-Tn | -0.88768 | 0.000531443 |
| ENSMUSG00000032118 | Fez1 | -1.849 | 0.000535128 |
| ENSMUSG00000031760 | Mt3 | -1.7356 | 0.000547385 |
| ENSMUSG00000022587 | Ly6e | 0.709111 | 0.000549968 |
| ENSMUSG00000039405 | Prss23 | -4.0091 | 0.000568788 |
| ENSMUSG00000022351 | Sqle | -1.19849 | 0.000577542 |
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| ENSMUSG00000026630 | Batf3 | 0.613466 | 0.000579156 |
| ENSMUSG00000039116 | Adgrg6 | -2.81041 | 0.000580215 |
| ENSMUSG00000032238 | Rora | -0.90435 | 0.000584774 |
| ENSMUSG00000073421 | H2-Ab1 | -0.71688 | 0.000586393 |
| ENSMUSG00000033208 | S100b | -1.72398 | 0.000591427 |
| ENSMUSG00000033579 | Fa2h | -2.99738 | 0.000597773 |
| ENSMUSG00000029490 | Mfsd7a | 0.736043 | 0.000610651 |
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| ENSMUSG00000108912 | E230020D15Rik | -3.26241 | 0.000616777 |
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| ENSMUSG00000050002 | Idnk | 0.482397 | 0.000665381 |
| ENSMUSG00000026678 | Rgs5 | -1.36139 | 0.000672594 |
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| ENSMUSG00000002059 | Rab34 | -0.79713 | 0.000794424 |
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| ENSMUSG00000118183 | Gm50345 | 0.715852 | 0.00080766 |
| ENSMUSG00000074342 | I830077J02Rik | 0.403514 | 0.000838042 |
| ENSMUSG00000025375 | Aatk | 0.561694 | 0.000841188 |
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| ENSMUSG00000022982 | Sod1 | 0.387334 | 0.000852112 |
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| ENSMUSG00000028189 | Ctbs | 0.437949 | 0.000891255 |
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| ENSMUSG00000079222 |  | 6.693397 | 0.000916222 |
| ENSMUSG00000032596 | Uba7 | 0.72378 | 0.000933414 |
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| ENSMUSG00000024805 | Pcgf5 | 0.659079 | 0.000946154 |
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| ENSMUSG00000029513 | Prkab1 | -0.4051 | 0.000947632 |
| ENSMUSG00000024597 | Slc12a2 | -0.70423 | 0.000950293 |
| ENSMUSG00000027852 | Nras | -0.3811 | 0.000956179 |
| ENSMUSG00000025008 | Tctn3 | 0.659332 | 0.000962802 |
| ENSMUSG00000109438 | Gm45073 | -3.10929 | 0.000963623 |
| ENSMUSG00000033174 | Mgll | -0.4968 | 0.000984679 |
| ENSMUSG00000050549 | Fam241a | 1.198359 | 0.000986389 |
| ENSMUSG00000035877 | Zhx3 | -0.57134 | 0.000987873 |
| ENSMUSG00000022762 | Ncam2 | -4.2611 | 0.000997751 |
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| ENSMUSG00000039081 | Zfp503 | 1.222839 | 0.001012956 |
| ENSMUSG00000072889 | Nfxl1 | -0.38401 | 0.001018228 |
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| ENSMUSG00000040339 | Fam102b | -0.70163 | 0.001035708 |
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| ENSMUSG00000104339 | C130089K02Rik | 0.663619 | 0.001069574 |
| ENSMUSG00000037260 | Hgsnat | -0.39933 | 0.001072851 |
| ENSMUSG00000074415 | Mir100hg | -6.64707 | 0.001073768 |
| ENSMUSG00000035208 | SIfn8 | 0.723291 | 0.0010828 |
| ENSMUSG00000058756 | Thra | -0.78543 | 0.001084374 |
| ENSMUSG00000102336 | Gm37233 | -0.47142 | 0.001090654 |
| ENSMUSG00000054150 | Syne3 | -1.68934 | 0.001091305 |
| ENSMUSG00000036192 | Rorb | -3.12144 | 0.001108967 |
| ENSMUSG00000031227 | Magee1 | -1.03906 | 0.001108967 |
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| ENSMUSG00000029759 | Pon3 | 0.387075 | 0.001148021 |
| ENSMUSG00000025503 | Taldo1 | 0.374364 | 0.001166057 |
| ENSMUSG00000028680 | Plk3 | 0.759567 | 0.001178571 |
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| ENSMUSG00000021097 | Clmn | -1.88955 | 0.001216452 |
| ENSMUSG00000049119 | Fam110b | -1.93858 | 0.001221156 |
| ENSMUSG00000044629 | Cnrip1 | -0.83309 | 0.00124569 |
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| ENSMUSG00000063458 | Lrmda | 0.762292 | 0.001263971 |
| ENSMUSG00000040852 | Plekhh2 | -0.7148 | 0.001269285 |
| ENSMUSG00000012350 | Ehf | 3.044038 | 0.001283404 |
| ENSMUSG00000024851 | Pitpnm1 | 0.439775 | 0.001285623 |
| ENSMUSG00000072620 | Slfn2 | 0.52969 | 0.001287317 |
| ENSMUSG00000022475 | Hdac7 | 0.791922 | 0.001290033 |
| ENSMUSG00000048965 | Mrgpre | -0.96242 | 0.001293771 |
| ENSMUSG00000029299 | Abcg3 | 0.658019 | 0.001298477 |
| ENSMUSG00000092035 | Peg10 | -0.4559 | 0.001302944 |
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| ENSMUSG00000038173 | Enpp6 | -4.55452 | 0.001308236 |
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| ENSMUSG00000040466 | Blvrb | -0.65052 | 0.001347142 |
| ENSMUSG00000076617 | Ighm | -0.68425 | 0.001350074 |
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| ENSMUSG00000000881 | Dlg3 | -0.55113 | 0.001376385 |
| ENSMUSG00000049999 | Ppp1r3d | 0.576999 | 0.001425598 |
| ENSMUSG00000073771 | Btbd19 | 0.444197 | 0.001426991 |
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| ENSMUSG00000056268 | Dennd1b | 0.38142 | 0.001445875 |
| ENSMUSG00000028463 | Car9 | 1.489596 | 0.001445875 |
| ENSMUSG00000045193 | Cirbp | 0.522765 | 0.001446523 |
| ENSMUSG00000098132 | Rassf10 | -4.01024 | 0.001450905 |
| ENSMUSG00000089712 | Gm15889 | 0.762253 | 0.001456347 |
| ENSMUSG00000028019 | Pdgfc | -4.76698 | 0.00145999 |
| ENSMUSG00000022360 | Atad2 | 0.475384 | 0.001481903 |
| ENSMUSG00000025648 | Pfkfb4 | 0.384742 | 0.001491244 |


| ENSMUSG00000028497 | Hacd4 | 0.424335 | 0.001497663 |
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| ENSMUSG00000035900 | Gramd4 | -0.62451 | 0.00156252 |
| ENSMUSG00000002190 | Clgn | -1.0802 | 0.001566923 |
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| ENSMUSG00000027318 | Adam33 | 0.481288 | 0.001573644 |
| ENSMUSG00000078763 | SIfn1 | 0.903632 | 0.001582303 |
| ENSMUSG00000090272 | Mndal | -0.55132 | 0.001600698 |
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| ENSMUSG00000104034 | 2900092N22Rik | 2.179334 | 0.001613805 |
| ENSMUSG00000037936 | Scarb1 | -0.60169 | 0.001615924 |
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| ENSMUSG00000026177 | Slc11a1 | 0.661669 | 0.00194139 |
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| ENSMUSG00000034575 | Tent4a | 0.4168 | 0.001962107 |
| ENSMUSG00000032702 | Kank1 | -1.69145 | 0.001976138 |
| ENSMUSG00000062170 | Fmr1nb | -2.9254 | 0.001976703 |
| ENSMUSG00000057337 | Chst3 | -3.61588 | 0.001987128 |
| ENSMUSG00000061451 | Tmem151a | -3.08602 | 0.002014253 |
| ENSMUSG00000018920 | Cxcl16 | 0.693605 | 0.002044296 |
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| ENSMUSG00000039531 | Zup1 | 0.361196 | 0.002061441 |
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| ENSMUSG00000100017 | 2410022M11Rik | 0.784648 | 0.002069696 |
| ENSMUSG00000002007 | Srpk3 | -0.5688 | 0.002134657 |
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| ENSMUSG00000040537 | Adam22 | -0.81753 | 0.002169426 |
| ENSMUSG00000111324 | Gm31410 | 0.953959 | 0.002193373 |
| ENSMUSG00000030638 | Sh3gl3 | -4.50959 | 0.002223111 |
| ENSMUSG00000029417 | Cxcl9 | 1.772427 | 0.00225933 |
| ENSMUSG00000020591 | Ntsr2 | -2.36124 | 0.002264292 |
| ENSMUSG00000086291 | Gm15513 | 0.765604 | 0.002270634 |
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| ENSMUSG00000027273 | Snap25 | -1.04834 | 0.00231939 |
| ENSMUSG00000053063 | Clec12a | -0.59246 | 0.002345175 |
| ENSMUSG00000112545 | 1300014J16Rik | 0.759242 | 0.002351679 |
| ENSMUSG00000025372 | Baiap2 | 0.636828 | 0.002374522 |
| ENSMUSG00000085394 | 2210414B05Rik | 6.503792 | 0.002395624 |
| ENSMUSG00000114310 | Gm48602 | -3.23044 | 0.002428738 |
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| ENSMUSG00000087674 | 4930447M23Rik | -1.39195 | 0.002636949 |
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| ENSMUSG00000022607 | Ptk2 | -0.88113 | 0.003222028 |
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| ENSMUSG00000029675 | Eln | -3.75438 | 0.003340633 |
| ENSMUSG00000037747 | Phyhipl | -2.16482 | 0.003362899 |
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| ENSMUSG00000025656 | Arhgef9 | -1.21498 | 0.003706048 |
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| ENSMUSG00000004562 | Arhgef40 | -0.6218 | 0.003706048 |
| ENSMUSG00000028378 | Ptgr1 | 0.590972 | 0.003731038 |
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| ENSMUSG00000056966 | Gjc3 | -1.72761 | 0.003758599 |
| ENSMUSG00000056004 | Elapor2 | -6.31105 | 0.003819654 |
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| ENSMUSG00000012123 | Crybg2 | 1.474359 | 0.003881163 |
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| ENSMUSG00000030317 | Timp4 | -2.68797 | 0.0039865 |
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| ENSMUSG00000044807 | Zfp354c | -0.90314 | 0.004039851 |
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| ENSMUSG00000033900 | Map9 | -1.79776 | 0.004090033 |
| ENSMUSG00000079685 | Ulbp1 | 0.722948 | 0.004092265 |
| ENSMUSG00000028811 | Yars | -0.39908 | 0.00410622 |
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| ENSMUSG00000029461 | Fam168a | -0.34768 | 0.004153573 |
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| ENSMUSG00000034449 | Dhrs11 | 0.772293 | 0.00422251 |
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| ENSMUSG00000025855 | Prkar1b | 0.760402 | 0.004283516 |
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| ENSMUSG00000017781 | Pitpna | -0.34594 | 0.004427484 |
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| ENSMUSG00000028868 | Wasf2 | -0.61656 | 0.004525922 |
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| ENSMUSG00000114784 | Gm47754 | 1.377705 | 0.004648859 |
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| ENSMUSG00000036053 | Fmnl2 | 0.370521 | 0.004669561 |
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| ENSMUSG00000009214 | Mymk | -1.44955 | 0.004723333 |
| ENSMUSG00000074502 | Ubtfl1 | -1.55782 | 0.004798148 |
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| ENSMUSG00000056413 | Adap1 | 0.444061 | 0.004853116 |
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| ENSMUSG00000074622 | Mafb | 0.506332 | 0.004942929 |
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| ENSMUSG00000045968 | Teddm2 | 0.465874 | 0.005346155 |
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| ENSMUSG00000029254 | Stap1 | -0.75881 | 0.005385007 |
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| ENSMUSG00000071550 | Cfap44 | -3.80776 | 0.005452953 |
| ENSMUSG00000022529 | Zfp263 | 0.33955 | 0.005473934 |
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| ENSMUSG00000032537 | Ephb1 | -2.81541 | 0.005580154 |
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| ENSMUSG00000052364 | B630019K06Rik | -2.66244 | 0.005748353 |
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| ENSMUSG00000020396 | Nefh | -2.72016 | 0.006223392 |
| ENSMUSG00000055945 | Prr18 | -1.48198 | 0.006252127 |
| ENSMUSG00000020176 | Grb10 | -1.96835 | 0.006361893 |
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| ENSMUSG00000086360 | Gm16214 | 1.606618 | 0.00638378 |
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| ENSMUSG00000028152 | Tspan5 | -0.58411 | 0.00665451 |
| ENSMUSG00000034312 | Iqsec1 | -0.41769 | 0.006678716 |
| ENSMUSG00000038776 | Ephx1 | -0.51907 | 0.006678716 |
| ENSMUSG00000069763 | Tmem100 | -0.66134 | 0.006678716 |
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| ENSMUSG00000033538 | Casp4 | 0.455609 | 0.00718457 |
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| ENSMUSG00000073902 | Gvin3 | 0.554556 | 0.011116827 |
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| ENSMUSG00000096904 | Lamtor3-ps | -1.88529 | 0.01244423 |
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| ENSMUSG00000030826 | Bcat2 | 0.409719 | 0.014060317 |
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| ENSMUSG00000039110 | Mycbpap | 1.117339 | 0.014121607 |
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| ENSMUSG00000096988 | A930029G22Rik | 1.460845 | 0.014409534 |
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| ENSMUSG00000069792 | Wfdc17 | -1.03727 | 0.014532876 |
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| ENSMUSG00000024302 | Dtna | -1.65124 | 0.014736511 |
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| ENSMUSG00000040289 | Hey1 | -1.79283 | 0.016581567 |
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| ENSMUSG00000024248 | Cox7a21 | 0.318707 | 0.016689895 |
| ENSMUSG00000020151 | Ptprr | -6.17155 | 0.016800393 |
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| ENSMUSG00000026721 | Rabgap1I | -0.62485 | 0.01684672 |
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| ENSMUSG00000115529 | 9630013A20Rik | -4.35367 | 0.017188209 |
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| ENSMUSG00000098207 | Arl14 | 5.856285 | 0.040913204 |
| ENSMUSG00000094930 | Igkv6-25 | 6.417191 | 0.040914399 |
| ENSMUSG00000097081 | Gm10425 | 1.553792 | 0.040970734 |
| ENSMUSG00000026321 | Tnfrsf11a | -0.5064 | 0.041069378 |
| ENSMUSG00000116226 | Gm49502 | -1.56575 | 0.041099768 |
| ENSMUSG00000029053 | Prkcz | 0.89029 | 0.041184093 |
| ENSMUSG00000011831 | Evi5 | -0.3203 | 0.041208504 |
| ENSMUSG00000109499 | Gm44864 | 1.613187 | 0.041355336 |
| ENSMUSG00000028496 | Mllt3 | 0.580705 | 0.041402652 |
| ENSMUSG00000087222 | E030042O20Rik | 0.514023 | 0.041402652 |
| ENSMUSG00000036062 | Phf24 | -2.11949 | 0.041405284 |
| ENSMUSG00000046562 | Unc119b | -0.39135 | 0.041508866 |
| ENSMUSG00000058897 | Col25a1 | -2.01154 | 0.041576941 |
| ENSMUSG00000019970 | Sgk1 | -0.42214 | 0.041576941 |
| ENSMUSG00000040717 | ll17rd | -2.99892 | 0.041628532 |
| ENSMUSG00000097127 | Gm26886 | -2.99892 | 0.041628532 |
| ENSMUSG00000072612 | Gm10382 | 0.485561 | 0.041940269 |


| ENSMUSG00000022231 | Sema5a | -2.4718 | 0.042066385 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000047098 | Rnf31 | 0.285514 | 0.042066385 |
| ENSMUSG00000032556 | Bfsp2 | -2.98699 | 0.042211926 |
| ENSMUSG00000039781 | Cep131 | 0.489872 | 0.042488031 |
| ENSMUSG00000028461 | Ccdc107 | 0.480636 | 0.042501536 |
| ENSMUSG00000029338 | Antxr2 | 0.408463 | 0.042902182 |
| ENSMUSG00000070407 | Hs3st3b1 | 0.616416 | 0.042906854 |
| ENSMUSG00000090894 | Olfr110 | -0.74006 | 0.042906854 |
| ENSMUSG00000027009 | Itga4 | -0.4456 | 0.042906854 |
| ENSMUSG00000048677 | Tpen2 | 0.331856 | 0.0431767 |
| ENSMUSG00000037434 | Slc30a1 | 0.384302 | 0.0431767 |
| ENSMUSG00000030161 | Gabarapl1 | -0.43558 | 0.043179548 |
| ENSMUSG00000101249 | Gm29216 | -1.47564 | 0.043249223 |
| ENSMUSG00000032679 | Cd59a | 2.11417 | 0.043249223 |
| ENSMUSG00000020300 | Cpeb4 | -0.29715 | 0.043678035 |
| ENSMUSG00000022463 | Srebf2 | -0.30046 | 0.043855961 |
| ENSMUSG00000038170 | Pde4dip | 0.495518 | 0.043930762 |
| ENSMUSG00000006386 | Tek | -1.57493 | 0.043954296 |
| ENSMUSG00000027459 | Fam110a | -0.43381 | 0.044072162 |
| ENSMUSG00000032373 | Car12 | -2.15939 | 0.044301383 |
| ENSMUSG00000109812 | Gm45640 | 0.598641 | 0.04434766 |
| ENSMUSG00000001128 | Cfp | -0.54434 | 0.044400909 |
| ENSMUSG00000067203 | H2-K2 | 0.311966 | 0.044667559 |
| ENSMUSG00000109568 | Gm45074 | -5.78672 | 0.045022006 |
| ENSMUSG00000117503 | Gm7527 | 2.133082 | 0.045269139 |
| ENSMUSG00000047415 | Gpr68 | 1.19108 | 0.045269139 |
| ENSMUSG00000023033 | Scn8a | -2.53839 | 0.045368579 |
| ENSMUSG00000023009 | Nckap51 | -0.30503 | 0.045370292 |
| ENSMUSG00000063660 | Olfr98 | 3.913203 | 0.045472205 |
| ENSMUSG00000096842 | Gm10736 | 0.809695 | 0.04547365 |
| ENSMUSG00000073676 | Hspe1 | 0.522406 | 0.04547365 |
| ENSMUSG00000045180 | Shroom2 | -2.00175 | 0.045521188 |
| ENSMUSG00000052310 | Slc39a1 | -0.27905 | 0.045628529 |
| ENSMUSG00000046805 | Mpeg1 | 0.298646 | 0.045689319 |
| ENSMUSG00000117430 | Gm49968 | -0.75919 | 0.046116806 |
| ENSMUSG00000003410 | Elavi3 | -1.46337 | 0.046388845 |
| ENSMUSG00000087213 | 2810408I11Rik | 3.395067 | 0.046454043 |
| ENSMUSG00000095440 | Fignl2 | 0.630959 | 0.046527771 |
| ENSMUSG00000090257 | Gm4524 | -0.68997 | 0.046596988 |
| ENSMUSG00000087485 | Gm13383 | 2.228441 | 0.046858484 |
| ENSMUSG00000106579 | Gm42771 | 6.013246 | 0.046877884 |
| ENSMUSG00000022951 | Rcan1 | -0.41955 | 0.04714789 |
| ENSMUSG00000014226 | Cacybp | 0.343745 | 0.04714789 |
| ENSMUSG00000112009 | Gm48591 | 1.147031 | 0.047352774 |
| ENSMUSG00000027173 | Depdc7 | 0.525998 | 0.047472696 |
| ENSMUSG00000060961 | Slc4a4 | -1.29213 | 0.047546674 |


| ENSMUSG00000028542 | Slc6a9 | 0.986338 | 0.047576923 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000033615 | Cplx1 | -1.54032 | 0.047589502 |
| ENSMUSG00000107647 | Gm44445 | 1.614139 | 0.047908668 |
| ENSMUSG00000116589 | Gm31323 | -3.35501 | 0.048038651 |
| ENSMUSG00000037826 | Ppm1k | 0.356936 | 0.048100904 |
| ENSMUSG00000048100 | Taf13 | 0.460279 | 0.048202476 |
| ENSMUSG00000070524 | Fcrlb | 1.180007 | 0.048250936 |
| ENSMUSG00000097387 | 4930563E18Rik | 2.162487 | 0.048319 |
| ENSMUSG00000114859 | Gm47735 | 3.859854 | 0.048770363 |
| ENSMUSG00000057969 | Sema3b | -2.40534 | 0.048770363 |
| ENSMUSG00000026566 | Mpzl1 | -1.19613 | 0.048806282 |
| ENSMUSG00000079036 | Alkbh1 | 0.396668 | 0.048845649 |
| ENSMUSG00000037997 | Parp11 | 0.38907 | 0.048845649 |
| ENSMUSG00000033855 | Ston1 | 0.990299 | 0.048845649 |
| ENSMUSG00000039501 | Znfx1 | 0.528118 | 0.048845649 |
| ENSMUSG00000073402 | Gm8909 | 5.768141 | 0.048852627 |
| ENSMUSG00000039774 | Galnt12 | -0.39672 | 0.048976451 |
| ENSMUSG00000027420 | Bfsp1 | 1.983078 | 0.049037665 |
| ENSMUSG00000106662 | Gm43034 | 1.197655 | 0.049060703 |
| ENSMUSG00000031788 | Kifc3 | -0.53459 | 0.049104883 |
| ENSMUSG00000027215 | Cd82 | 0.48385 | 0.049498482 |

Appendix V Differential Gene Discovories from edgeR analysis of Naïve Microglia

## Appendix VI

| Canonical <br> Pathways | -log <br> (p-value) | z-score | Down | No Change | Up | No Overlap | $\mathrm{P}<0.05$ <br> Molecules |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Phagosome Formation | 10.1 | -1.213 | $\begin{gathered} 153 / \\ 276 \\ (55 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 / 276 \\ (4 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 111 / \\ 276 \\ (40 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 / 276 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | ADGRE5, ADGRG6, ADORA1, ADORA2B, ADORA3, APBB1IP, C3, C3AR1, C5AR2, CCR2, CCR3, CD14, CD36, CNR2, CX3CR1, DOCK1, EDNRB, ELMO2, FCGR3A/ FCGR3B, FN1, FPR1, FPR2, FYN, FZD1, GPR108, GPR155, <br> GPR160, GPR34, GPR35, GPR68, HCAR2, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAX, ITGB3, ITGB5, ITPR1, MRC1, MRC2, MSR1, MYH10, MYO10, P2RY12, P2RY14, P2RY2, PAK1, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PLA2G2D, <br> PLA2G7, PLAAT3, PLD4, PRKCA, PRKCB, PTGER3, PTK2, RASGRP1, S1PR1, S1PR2, SRC, TIMD4, TIr12, TLR3, TLR5, TLR8, TTN, VAV3, WASF2 |
| Role of Hypercytokinemia/ Hyperchemokinemia in the Pathogenesis of Influenza | 9.1 | 3.128 | $\begin{aligned} & 14 / 51 \\ & (27 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 / 51 \\ & (8 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33 / 51 \\ & (65 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 51 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CCL2, CCL5, CXCL10, CXCL3, DDX58, EIF2AK2, IFIT2, IFIT3, IFNB1, IL10, IL18, IL33, IRF7, IRF9, OAS1, OAS2, OAS3, PYCARD, RSAD2, S1PR1, STAT1, STAT2, TLR3 |
| Role of Pattern <br> Recognition <br> Receptors in <br> Recognition of <br> Bacteria and Viruses | 7.53 | 2.683 | $\begin{gathered} 36 / 108 \\ (33 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 / 108 \\ (10 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 61/ } 108 \\ & (56 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 108 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | ```C1QA, C1QB, C3, C3AR1, CCL5, CLEC6A, DDX58, EIF2AK2, IFIH1, IFNB1, IL10, IL18, IL33, IRF7, MAVS, NLRC4, NOD1, OAS1, OAS2, OAS3, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB,``` |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PRKCA, PRKCB, RELB, RNASEL, TLR3, TLR5, TLR8, TNFSF10, TNFSF13B, <br> TNFSF14, TNFSF8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Granulocyte <br> Adhesion and Diapedesis | 7.25 | N/A | $\begin{aligned} & 49 / 90 \\ & (54 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 / 90 \\ & (11 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 31 / 90 \\ (34 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 90 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { CCL2, CCL24, } \\ \text { CCL5, CCI7, CCR2, } \\ \text { CCR3, CSF3R, } \\ \text { CXCL10, CXCL13, } \\ \text { CXCL16, CXCL2, } \\ \text { CXCL3, Cxcl9, } \\ \text { CXCR4, FPR1, } \\ \text { FPR2, IL18, } \\ \text { IL1R2, IL1RL1, } \\ \text { IL33, ITGA4, } \\ \text { MMP12, } \\ \text { MMP14, MMP2, } \\ \text { MMP9, PECAM1, } \\ \text { PF4, SDC3, SDC4 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Agranulocyte Adhesion and Diapedesis | 6.89 | N/A | $\begin{aligned} & 51 / 88 \\ & (58 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9 / 88 \\ & (10 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 28 / 88 \\ & (32 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 88 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | ACTA2, CCL2, CCL24, CCL5, Ccl7, CCR2, CCR3, CD34, CXCL10, CXCL13, CXCL16, CXCL2, CXCL3, Cxcl9, CXCR4, FN1, IL18, IL33, ITGA4, MMP12, MMP14, MMP2, MMP9, MYH10, MYO10, PECAM1, PF4, SDC4 |
| Atherosclerosis Signalling | 6.05 | N/A | $\begin{gathered} 33 / 70 \\ (47 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6 / 70 \\ (9 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 31 / 70 \\ (44 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 70 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ALOX5, APOE, CCL2, CCR2, <br> CCR3, CD36, CLU, CSF1, <br> CXCR4, IL18, <br> IL33, ITGA4, LPL, LYZ, MMP9, MSR1, PDGFC, PLA2G2D, PLA2G7, PLAAT3, RELB, TNFRSF14, TNFSF14 |
| Breast Cancer Regulation by Stathmin1 | 5.75 | -0.429 | $\begin{gathered} 133 / \\ 230 \\ (58 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 / 230 \\ (5 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 86 / 230 \\ (37 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 230 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | ADGRE5, ADGRG6, ADORA1, ADORA2B, ADORA3, ARHGEF18, C3AR1, C5AR2, CAMK2G, CCND2, CCR2, CCR3, CDK6, CNR2, CX3CR1, EDNRB, FPR1, FPR2, FZD1, GPR108, GPR155, GPR160, GPR34, GPR35, GPR68, HCAR2, HGF, IGF1, MMP2, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | MMP9, P2RY12, P2RY14, P2RY2, <br> PAK1, PDGFC, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PLCB2, PLCB4, PPP1R3D, PPP2R1B, PRKCA, PRKCB, PTGER3, <br> RPS6KA3, S1PR1, S1PR2, TUBA1A, TUBB2A, VEGFC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Crosstalk between Dendritic Cells and Natural Killer Cells | 5.74 | 1.291 | $\begin{aligned} & 17 / 53 \\ & (32 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 / 53 \\ & (11 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30 / 53 \\ & (57 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 53 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ACTA2, CAMK2G, CD28, CD80, FSCN1, HLADRB5, HLA-E, HLA-G, IFNB1, IL15RA, IL18, IL2RG, ITGAL, KLRD1, MICB, NECTIN2, RELB, TLR3, TNFSF10 |
| Antigen Presentation Pathway | 5.37 | N/A | $\begin{aligned} & 7 / 25 \\ & (28 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 / 25 \\ (4 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17 / 25 \\ & (68 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 25 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | B2M, CD74, CIITA, HLA-DOA, HLA-DQA1, HLADQB1, HLADRB5, HLA-E, HLA-G, NLRC5, PSMB9, TAP1 |
| Communication between Innate and Adaptive Immune Cells | 5.36 | N/A | $\begin{aligned} & 15 / 51 \\ & (29 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 / 51 \\ & (10 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30 / 51 \\ & (59 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 51 \\ & (2 \%) \end{aligned}$ | B2M, CCL5, CD28, CD4, CD80, CXCL10, HLA-DRB5, HLA- E, HLA-G, IFNB1, IL10, IL18, IL33, TIr12, TLR3, TLR5, TLR8, TNFSF13B |
| LXR/ RXR Activation | 4.61 | -0.775 | $\begin{aligned} & 26 / 62 \\ & (42 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 / 62 \\ & (6 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32 / 62 \\ & (52 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 62 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | APOE, C3, CCL2, CD14, CD36, CLU, IL18, IL1R2, IL1RL1, IL33, LDLR, LPL, LYZ, MMP9, MSR1, RELB, SCD, SERPINF1, TLR3 |
| IL-15 Production | 4.61 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 31 / 62 \\ & (50 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 62 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 31 / 62 \\ & (50 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 62 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | AATK, AXL, CSF2RA, DYRK4, ERBB4, FYN, IFNB1, IGF1R, KDR, MET, PDGFRB, PEAK1, PTK2, RELB, RYK, SRC, STAT1, TEK, TWF1 |
| Th1 and Th2 <br> Activation Pathway | 4.38 | N/A | $\begin{gathered} 55 / 115 \\ (48 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10 / 115 \\ (9 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 49 / 115 \\ (43 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 / 115 \\ (1 \%) \end{gathered}$ | CCR3, CD274, CD28, CD4, CD80, CXCR4, HLA-DOA, HLADQA1, HLADQB1, HLADRB5, ICOSLG/ LOC102723996, IL10, IL10RA, IL12RB1, IL12RB2, IL18, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | IL1RL1, IL2RG, IL33, JAG1, JAG2, KLRD1, MAF, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, S1PR1, STAT1, TIMD4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Altered T Cell and B Cell Signalling in Rheumatoid Arthritis | 4.26 | N/A | $\begin{aligned} & 22 / 60 \\ & (37 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6 / 60 \\ (10 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 31 / 60 \\ & (52 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 60 \\ & (2 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CD28, CD80, CSF1, CXCL13, HLA-DOA, HLADQA1, HLADQB1, HLADRB5, IL10, IL18, IL33, RELB, SPP1, Tlr12, TLR3, TLR5, TLR8, TNFSF13B |
| Hepatic Fibrosis / Hepatic Stellate Cell Activation | 4.18 | N/A | $\begin{gathered} 72 / 130 \\ (55 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8 / 130 \\ (6 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50 / 130 \\ (38 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 130 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | ACTA2, CCL2, CCL5, CD14, COL25A1, COL6A3, COL8A1, CSF1, CXCL3, EDNRB, FGF1, FN1, HGF, IGF1, IGF1R, IL10, IL10RA, IL1R2, IL1RL1, KDR, MET, MMP2, MMP9, MYH10, MYO10, PDGFC, PDGFRB, RELB, STAT1, VEGFC |
| Th2 Pathway | 4.05 | -0.258 | $\begin{gathered} 45 / 90 \\ (50 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8 / 90 \\ (9 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36 / 90 \\ (40 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 90 \\ & (1 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CCR3, CD28, CD4, CD80, CXCR4, HLA- DOA, HLA-DQA1, HLA-DQB1, HLA- DRB5, ICOSLG/ LOC102723996, IL10, IL12RB1, IL12RB2, IL1RL1, IL2RG, IL33, JAG1, JAG2, MAF, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, S1PR1, TIMD4 |
| Caveolar-mediated Endocytosis Signalling | 3.74 | N/A | $\begin{aligned} & 21 / 44 \\ & (48 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 44 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 23 / 44 \\ (52 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 44 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | ACTA2, B2M, CD48, FYN, HLAE, HLA-G, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAX, ITGB3, ITGB5, ITSN1, PRKCA, SRC |
| CREB Signalling in Neurons | 3.72 | -0.905 | $\begin{gathered} 143 / \\ 230 \\ (62 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10 / 230 \\ (4 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 77 / 230 \\ (33 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 230 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | ADCY9, ADGRE5, ADGRG6, ADORA1, ADORA2B, <br> ADORA3, C3AR1, C5AR2, CACNA1A, <br> CAMK2G, CCR2, CCR3, CNR2, CX3CR1, EDNRB, FPR1, FPR2, FZD1, GPR108, GPR155, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | GPR160, GPR34, GPR35, GPR68, HCAR2, HGF, IGF1, IGF1R, ITPR1, KDR, P2RY12, P2RY14, P2RY2, PDGFRB, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PLCB2, PLCB4, PRKCA, PRKCB, PTGER3, S1PR1, S1PR2, TNFRSF11A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dermatan Sulfate Biosynthesis (Late Stages) | 3.72 | 0.378 | $\begin{aligned} & 6 / 13 \\ & (46 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 13 \\ & (8 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 / 13 \\ & (46 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 13 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { CHST15, CHST2, } \\ \text { CHST3, CHST7, } \\ \text { DSE, HS3ST3B1, } \\ \text { NDST1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Graft-versus-Host Disease Signalling | 3.57 | N/A | $\begin{aligned} & 11 / 26 \\ & (42 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 / 26 \\ (8 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 / 26 \\ & (46 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 26 \\ & (4 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CD28, CD80, <br> HLA-DOA, HLA- <br> DQA1, HLA- <br> DQB1, HLA- <br> DRB5, HLA-E, <br> HLA-G, IL18, IL33 |
| Sperm Motility | 3.54 | -0.632 | $\begin{gathered} 64 / 109 \\ (59 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 / 109 \\ (1 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 44 / 109 \\ (40 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 109 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | AATK, AXL, CSF2RA, DYRK4, ERBB4, FYN, IGF1R, ITPR1, KDR, MET, PDGFRB, PEAK1, PLA2G2D, PLA2G7, PLAAT3, PLCB2, PLCB4, PRKCA, PRKCB PTK2, RYK, SLC12A2, SRC, TEK, TWF1 |
| TREM1 Signalling | 3.48 | -0.258 | $\begin{aligned} & 22 / 57 \\ & (39 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 57 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35 / 57 \\ & (61 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 57 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CCL2, CIITA, CXCL3, IL10, IL18, IL1RL1, ITGAX, NLRC4, NLRC5, NOD1, RELB, SIGIRR, TIr12, TLR3, TLR5, TLR8 |
| Clathrin-mediated Endocytosis Signalling | 3.46 | N/A | $\begin{gathered} 67 / 104 \\ (64 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4 / 104 \\ (4 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33 / 104 \\ (32 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 104 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | ACTA2, AP2A2, APOE, CLTC, CLU, CTTN, DAB2, FGF1, HIP1, IGF1, ITGB3, ITGB5, LDLR, LDLRAP1, LYZ, MET, MYO1E, NUMB, PDGFC, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, SRC, TFRC, VEGFC |
| Chondroitin Sulfate Biosynthesis (Late Stages) | 3.46 | 0.378 | $\begin{aligned} & 7 / 14 \\ & (50 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 14 \\ & (7 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 / 14 \\ & (43 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 14 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { CHST15, CHST2, } \\ \text { CHST3, CHST7, } \\ \text { CHSY1, } \\ \text { HS3ST3B1, } \\ \text { NDST1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| T Helper Cell Differentiation | 3.44 | N/A | $\begin{aligned} & 21 / 52 \\ & (40 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 / 52 \\ & (10 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 25 / 52 \\ (48 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 52 \\ & (2 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CD28, CD80, <br> HLA-DOA, HLADQA1, HLADQB1, HLADRB5, ICOSLG/ LOC102723996, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | IL10, IL10RA, IL12RB1, IL12RB2, IL18, IL2RG, IL6ST, STAT1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Macropinocytosis Signalling | 3.44 | 0.632 | $\begin{aligned} & 28 / 52 \\ & (54 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 52 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24 / 52 \\ & (46 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 52 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | CD14, CSF1, HGF, <br> ITGB3, ITGB5, <br> MET, MRC1, <br> PAK1, PDGFC, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PRKCA, PRKCB, RAB34, SRC |
| Allograft Rejection Signalling | 3.41 | N/A | $\begin{aligned} & 9 / 27 \\ & (33 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 / 27 \\ & (19 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 / 27 \\ & (44 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 27 \\ & (4 \%) \end{aligned}$ | B2M, CD28, CD80, HLA-DOA, HLA-DQA1, HLADQB1, HLADRB5, HLA-E, HLA-G, IL10 |
| Osteoarthritis Pathway | 3.29 | -1.706 | $\begin{gathered} 69 / 132 \\ (52 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 9 / 132 \\ (7 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 53 / 132 \\ (40 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 / 132 \\ (1 \%) \end{gathered}$ | ANKH, BMP2, CASP4, CEBPB, EPAS1, FN1, FZD1, IL1R2, IL1RL1, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAX, ITGB3, ITGB5, JAG1, LRP1, <br> MMP12, MMP9, NAMPT, PDGFC, PRKAB1, RELB, RUNX2, S1PR2, SDC4, SIK3, SPP1, VEGFC |
| Tumor Microenvironment Pathway | 3.29 | -1.633 | $\begin{gathered} 61 / 113 \\ (54 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7 / 113 \\ (6 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 45 / 113 \\ (40 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 113 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | CCL2, CD274, CD44, CSF1, CSPG4, CXCR4, FGF1, FN1, HGF, HLA-E, HLA-G, IGF1, IL10, ITGB3, MMP12, MMP14, MMP2, MMP9, PDGFC, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, RELB, SLC2A1, SPP1, VEGFC |
| Axonal Guidance Signalling | 3.26 | N/A | $\begin{gathered} 137 / \\ 220 \\ (62 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7 / 220 \\ (3 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 76 / 220 \\ (35 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 220 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | ADAM22, BAIAP2, BMP1, BMP2, CXCR4, DOCK1, EFNB1, EFNB3, EPHB6, FYN, FZD1, IGF1, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAX, ITGB3, ITGB5, ITSN1, MET, MMP12, MMP14, MMP2, MMP9, PAK1, PDGFC, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PLCB2, PLCB4, PLXNA1, PLXND1, PRKCA, PRKCB, PTK2, RGS3, SEMA6D, SLIT1, TUBA1A, TUBB2A, UNC5B, VEGFC |


| Leukocyte Extravasation Signalling | 3.19 | -0.218 | $\begin{gathered} 61 / 102 \\ (60 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5 / 102 \\ (5 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36 / 102 \\ (35 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 102 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | ACTA2, ACTN1, CD44, CTTN, CXCR4, CYBB, EDIL3, ITGA4, ITGAL, MMP12, MMP14, MMP2, MMP9, PECAM1, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PRKCA, PRKCB, PTK2, RASGRP1, SRC, TIMP4, VAV3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Autoimmune Thyroid Disease Signalling | 3.16 | N/A | $\begin{aligned} & 8 / 24 \\ & (33 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4 / 24 \\ (17 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11 / 24 \\ & (46 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 24 \\ & (4 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { CD28, CD80, } \\ \text { HLA-DOA, HLA- } \\ \text { DQA1, HLA- } \\ \text { DQB1, HLA- } \\ \text { DRB5, HLA-E, } \\ \text { HLA-G, IL10 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| NUR77 Signalling in T Lymphocytes | 3.1 | -0.378 | $\begin{aligned} & 23 / 50 \\ & (46 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 50 \\ & (2 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25 / 50 \\ & (50 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 50 \\ & (2 \%) \end{aligned}$ | B2M, CD28, CD80, HDAC7, HLA-DOA, HLADQA1, HLADQB1, HLADRB5, HLA-E, HLA-G, PRKCA, PRKCB, RPS6KA3, TNFSF10 |
| LPS/ IL-1 Mediated Inhibition of RXR Function | 3.09 | -0.816 | $\begin{gathered} 49 / 110 \\ (45 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5 / 110 \\ (5 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 56 / 110 \\ (51 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 110 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | ACSL3, ALDH1A1, ALDH1A2, ALDH1L1, ALDH1L2, ALDH7A1, APOE, CD14, CHST15, CHST2, CHST3, CHST7, GSTO1, HMGCS1, HS3ST3B1, IL18, IL1R2, IL1RL1, IL33, MAOA, NDST1, PPARGC1B, SCARB1, SLC27A1 |
| Actin Cytoskeleton Signalling | 2.99 | -1 | $\begin{gathered} 72 / 118 \\ (61 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 / 118 \\ (1 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 45 / 118 \\ (38 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 118 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | ABI2, ACTA2, ACTN1, BAIAP2, CD14, DOCK1, FGF1, FN1, IQGAP2, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAX, ITGB3, ITGB5, MYH10, MYO10, PAK1, PDGFC, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PTK2, SSH3, TTN, VAV3, WASF2 |
| Virus Entry via Endocytic Pathways | 2.95 | N/A | $\begin{gathered} 35 / 63 \\ (56 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 63 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 28 / 63 \\ & (44 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 63 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ACTA2, AP2A2, B2M, CLTC, FYN, HLA-E, HLA-G, ITGB3, ITGB5, ITSN1, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PRKCA, PRKCB, SRC, TFRC |
| Systemic Lupus Erythematosus In B | 2.95 | 1.768 | $\begin{gathered} 70 / 172 \\ (41 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 / 172 \\ (6 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 91 / 172 \\ (53 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 172 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { CCND2, CD22, } \\ \text { FYN, GAB1, } \\ \text { IFIH1, IFIT2, } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |


| Cell Signalling Pathway |  |  |  |  |  |  | IFIT3, IFNB1, IL10, IL18, IL33, IL6ST, IRF7, IRF9, LILRB3, LILRB4, MAVS, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PRKCA, PRKCB, RASGRP1, RELB, SRC, STAT1, STAT2, SYNJ2, TLR3, TLR8, TNFSF10, TNFSF13B, TNFSF14, TNFSF8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Neuroinflammation Signalling Pathway | 2.95 | 1.3 | $\begin{gathered} 83 / 179 \\ (46 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6 / 179 \\ (3 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 90 / 179 \\ (50 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 179 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | B2M, BIRC2, CCL2, CCL5, CD200R1, CD80, CX3CR1, CXCL10, CYBB, FZD1, HLA- DOA, HLA-DQA1, HLA-DQB1, HLA- DRB5, HLA-E, HLA-G, IFNB1, IL10, IL18, IRAK3, IRF7, MMP9, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PLA2G2D, PYCARD, RELB, SLC1A2, SLC1A3, STAT1, TIr12, TLR3, TLR5, TLR8 |
| Dermatan Sulfate Biosynthesis | 2.92 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 / 21 \\ & (48 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 21 \\ & (5 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 / 21 \\ & (48 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 21 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { CHST15, CHST2, } \\ \text { CHST3, CHST7, } \\ \text { CHSY1, DSE, } \\ \text { HS3ST3B1, } \\ \text { NDST1 } \end{gathered}$ |
| Interferon Signalling | 2.87 | 2.828 | $\begin{aligned} & 4 / 26 \\ & (15 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 26 \\ & (4 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20 / 26 \\ & (77 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 26 \\ & (4 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { IFIT1, IFIT3, } \\ \text { IFITM3, IFNB1, } \\ \text { IRF9, OAS1, } \\ \text { STAT1, STAT2, } \\ \text { TAP1 } \end{gathered}$ |
| B Cell Development | 2.8 | N/A | $\begin{aligned} & 6 / 13 \\ & (46 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 13 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 / 13 \\ & (54 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 13 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { CD80, HLA-DOA, } \\ \text { HLA-DQA1, HLA- } \\ \text { DQB1, HLA- } \\ \text { DRB5, IL7R } \end{gathered}$ |
| T Cell Exhaustion Signalling Pathway | 2.75 | 2 | $\begin{gathered} 50 / 103 \\ (49 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2/ } 103 \\ (2 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50 / 103 \\ (49 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 / 103 \\ (1 \%) \end{gathered}$ | CD274, CD28, CD80, HLA-DOA, HLA-DQA1, HLA- DQB1, HLA- DRB5, HLA-E, HLA-G, IL10, IL10RA, IL12RB1, IL12RB2, IRF9, KDR, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PPP2R1B, PRDM1, STAT1, STAT2, TNFRSF14 |
| Activation of IRF by Cytosolic Pattern Recognition Receptors | 2.72 | 2.714 | $\begin{aligned} & 14 / 43 \\ & (33 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 43 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 29 / 43 \\ & (67 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 43 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | DDX58, IFIH1, IFIT2, IFNB1, IL10, IRF7, IRF9, MAVS, RELB, STAT1, STAT2, TANK |
| VDR/ RXR Activation | 2.63 | -0.333 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 23 / 44 \\ & (52 \%) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 / 44 \\ & (11 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 16 / 44 \\ & (36 \%) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 0 / 44 \\ (0 \%) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | CCL5, CD14, CDKN1A, CEBPA, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| Xenobiotic <br> Metabolism PXR <br> Signalling Pathway | 2.46 | 0.243 | $\begin{aligned} & 43 / 76 \\ & (57 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 / 76 \\ & (3 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 31 / 76 \\ & (41 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 76 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | ALDH1A1, ALDH1A2, ALDH1L1, ALDH1L2, ALDH7A1, CAMK2G, CHST15, CHST2, CHST3, CHST7, GSTO1, HS3ST3B1, MAOA, NDST1, PPP1R3D, PRKCA, PRKCB |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CDC42 Signalling | 2.42 | 0.447 | $\begin{aligned} & 42 / 83 \\ & (51 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 83 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40 / 83 \\ & (48 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 83 \\ & (1 \%) \end{aligned}$ | B2M, BAIAP2, EXOC5, EXOC6, HLA-DOA, HLADQA1, HLADQB1, HLADRB5, HLA-E, HLA-G, IQGAP2, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAX, ITGB3, ITGB5, PAK1, SRC |
| Complement System | 2.42 | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 7 / 15 \\ & (47 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 15 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 / 15 \\ & (53 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 15 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { C1QA, C1QB, C2, } \\ \text { C3, C3AR1, } \\ \text { ITGAX } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| TEC Kinase Signalling | 2.38 | -0.258 | $\begin{gathered} 54 / 110 \\ (49 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 / 110 \\ (1 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 54 / 110 \\ (49 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 / 110 \\ (1 \%) \end{gathered}$ | ACTA2, FYN, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAX, ITGB3, ITGB5, PAK1, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PRKCA, PRKCB, PTK2, RELB, RHOBTB1, RHOC, RND3, SRC, STAT1, STAT2, TNFSF10, VAV3 |
| CTLA4 Signalling in Cytotoxic T Lymphocytes | 2.37 | N/A | $\begin{aligned} & 24 / 47 \\ & (51 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 47 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22 / 47 \\ & (47 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 47 \\ & (2 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ```AP2A2, B2M, CD28, CD80, CLTC, FYN, HLA- E, HLA-G, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PPP2R1B, PTPN22``` |
| ILK Signalling | 2.19 | -1.5 | $\begin{gathered} 65 / 107 \\ (61 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 / 107 \\ (1 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 40 / 107 \\ (37 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 / 107 \\ (1 \%) \end{gathered}$ | ACTA2, ACTN1, BMP2, DOCK1, FN1, IRS2, ITGB3, ITGB5, MMP9, MYH10, MYO10, PDGFC, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PPP2R1B, PTK2, RELB, RHOBTB1, RHOC, RND3, VEGFC |
| Role of Macrophages, Fibroblasts and Endothelial Cells in Rheumatoid Arthritis | 2.19 | N/A | $\begin{gathered} 90 / 184 \\ (49 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7 / 184 \\ (4 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 87 / 184 \\ (47 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 184 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | ```CAMK2G, CCL2, CCL5, CEBPA, CEBPB, CSF1, FCGR3A/ FCGR3B, FN1, FZD1, IL10, IL18, IL1R2, IL1RL1, IL33, IL6ST, IRAK3, LRP1, PDGFC, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PLCB2,``` |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PLCB4, PRKCA, PRKCB, RYK, SRC, TIr12, TLR3, TLR5, TLR8, TNFSF13B, VEGFC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Role of RIG1-like Receptors in Antiviral Innate Immunity | 2.14 | 2.646 | $\begin{aligned} & 4 / 27 \\ & (15 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 27 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22 / 27 \\ & (81 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 27 \\ & (4 \%) \end{aligned}$ | DDX58, IFIH1, IFNB1, IRF7, MAVS, RELB, TANK, TRIM25 |
| Histamine Degradation | 2.14 | -2 | $\begin{gathered} 5 / 8 \\ (63 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 8 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3 / 8 \\ (38 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 8 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { ALDH1A1, } \\ \text { ALDH1A2, } \\ \text { ALDH7A1, HNMT } \end{gathered}$ |
| Dendritic Cell <br> Maturation | 2.05 | 1.279 | $\begin{gathered} 42 / 117 \\ (36 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3 / 117 \\ (3 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 71 / 117 \\ (61 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 / 117 \\ (1 \%) \end{gathered}$ | B2M, CD80, FCGR3A/ <br> FCGR3B, FSCN1, HLA-DOA, HLADQA1, HLADQB1, HLADRB5, HLA-E, HLA-G, IFNB1, IL10, IL18, IL33, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PLCB2, PLCB4, RELB, STAT1, STAT2, TLR3 |
| HGF Signalling | 1.99 | 0.277 | $\begin{aligned} & 52 / 91 \\ & (57 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 91 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 39 / 91 \\ & (43 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 91 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CDKN1A, DOCK1, ETS1, GAB1, HGF, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAX, ITGB3, ITGB5, MAP3K5, MET, PAK1, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PRKCA, PRKCB, PTK2 |
| Sphingosine-1phosphate Signalling | 1.97 | -1.387 | $\begin{aligned} & 37 / 65 \\ & (57 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 65 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27 / 65 \\ & (42 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 65 \\ & (2 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ADCY9, CASP4, PDGFC, PDGFRB, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PLCB2, PLCB4, PTK2, RHOBTB1, RHOC, RND3, S1PR1, S1PR2 |
| Integrin Signalling | 1.96 | -0.894 | $\begin{gathered} 80 / 126 \\ (63 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 / 126 \\ (1 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 45 / 126 \\ (36 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 126 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | ACTA2, ACTN1, ARHGAP26, CAPN2, CTTN, DOCK1, FYN, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAX, ITGB3, ITGB5, NEDD9, PAK1, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PTK2, RHOBTB1, RHOC, RND3, SRC, TSPAN2, TTN |
| OX40 Signalling Pathway | 1.92 | N/A | $\begin{aligned} & 11 / 35 \\ & (31 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 35 \\ & (3 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22 / 35 \\ & (63 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 35 \\ & (3 \%) \end{aligned}$ | B2M, CD4, HLADOA, HLA-DQA1, HLA-DQB1, HLADRB5, HLA-E, HLA-G, RELB |
| Gustation Pathway | 1.91 | -0.535 | $\begin{gathered} 38 / 66 \\ (58 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4 / 66 \\ (6 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24 / 66 \\ & (36 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 66 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | ADCY9, CACNA1A, CD36, ITPR1, LPL, P2RX1, P2RX4, P2RY12, P2RY14, P2RY2, PLCB2, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | SCN3B, SCN8A, TRPM4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TR/ RXR Activation | 1.91 | N/A | $\begin{gathered} 22 / 41 \\ (54 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 41 \\ & (2 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18 / 41 \\ & (44 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 41 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | COL6A3, LDLR, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, SCARB1, SLC2A1, SREBF2, THRA, THRB, UCP2 |
| Ascorbate Recycling (Cytosolic) | 1.91 | N/A | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0 / 2 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0 / 2 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 / 2 \\ (100 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0 / 2 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | GLRX, GSTO1 |
| STAT3 Pathway | 1.89 | -0.707 | $\begin{aligned} & 53 / 93 \\ & (57 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 93 \\ & (1 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 39 / 93 \\ (42 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 93 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { CDKN1A, HGF, } \\ & \text { IGF1, IGF1R, } \\ & \text { IL10RA, IL12RB1, } \\ & \text { IL12RB2, IL15RA, } \\ & \text { IL1R2, IL1RL1, } \\ & \text { IL2RG, IL6ST, } \\ & \text { IL7R, KDR, } \\ & \text { PDGFRB, PIM1, } \\ & \text { SRC, TNFRSF11A } \end{aligned}$ |
| Inhibition of Matrix Metalloproteases | 1.89 | 0.447 | $\begin{aligned} & 15 / 24 \\ & (63 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 / 24 \\ & (17 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 / 24 \\ & (21 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 24 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | HSPG2, LRP1, MMP12, <br> MMP14, MMP2, MMP9, TIMP4 |
| Necroptosis Signalling Pathway | 1.87 | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 30 / 80 \\ & (38 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3 / 80 \\ (4 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 46 / 80 \\ & (57 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 80 \\ & (1 \%) \end{aligned}$ | AXL, BIRC2, CAMK2G, CAPN2, CYBB, EIF2AK2, IFNB1, IRF9, PELI1, PLA2G2D, PYCARD, STAT1, STAT2, TLR3, TNFSF10, TSPO |
| Airway Pathology in Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease | 1.85 | N/A | $\begin{aligned} & 16 / 48 \\ & (33 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14 / 48 \\ & (29 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18 / 48 \\ & (38 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 48 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CCL2, CXCL3, FGF1, IL18, IL33, MMP2, MMP9, TNFSF10, TNFSF13B, TNFSF14, TNFSF8 |
| Systemic Lupus Erythematosus In T Cell Signalling Pathway | 1.84 | -0.209 | $\begin{gathered} 73 / 129 \\ (57 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3 / 129 \\ (2 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 51 / 129 \\ (40 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 / 129 \\ (2 \%) \end{gathered}$ | B2M, CASP4, CD28, CD44, CD80, CREM, HLA-DOA, HLADQA1, HLADQB1, HLADRB5, HLA-E, HLA-G, ICOSLG/ LOC102723996, IL10, ITGAL, ITPR1, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PPP2R1B, PTK2, RHOBTB1, RHOC, RND3 |
| Chemokine Signalling | 1.8 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 35 / 55 \\ & (64 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 55 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20 / 55 \\ & (36 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 55 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { CAMK2G, CCL2, } \\ \text { CCL24, CCL5, } \\ \text { CCR3, CXCR4, } \\ \text { PLCB2, PLCB4, } \\ \text { PRKCA, PRKCB, } \\ \text { PTK2, SRC } \end{gathered}$ |
| ICOS-ICOSL Signalling in $T$ Helper Cells | 1.8 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 31 / 68 \\ & (46 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 / 68 \\ (3 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34 / 68 \\ (50 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 68 \\ & (1 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CAMK2G, CD28, CD4, CD80, HLADOA, HLA-DQA1, HLA-DQB1, HLADRB5, ICOSLG/ LOC102723996, IL2RG, ITPR1, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, RELB |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Glioma Invasiveness Signalling | 1.78 | -0.632 | $\begin{aligned} & 32 / 49 \\ & (65 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 49 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17 / 49 \\ & (35 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 49 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CD44, ITGB3, MMP2, MMP9, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PTK2, RHOBTB1, RHOC, RND3, TIMP4 |
| Phospholipases | 1.69 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 13 / 26 \\ & (50 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 26 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13 / 26 \\ & (50 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 26 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LPL, PLA2G2D, } \\ \text { PLA2G7, PLAAT3, } \\ \text { PLCB2, PLCB4, } \\ \text { PLD4 } \end{gathered}$ |
| FAK Signalling | 1.68 | N/A | $\begin{aligned} & 46 / 77 \\ & (60 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 77 \\ & (1 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30 / 77 \\ & (39 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 77 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ACTA2, ARHGAP26, CAPN2, DOCK1, FYN, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAX, ITGB3, ITGB5, PAK1, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PTK2, SRC |
| Semaphorin Neuronal Repulsive Signalling Pathway | 1.68 | -1.807 | $\begin{aligned} & 49 / 84 \\ & (58 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 84 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35 / 84 \\ (42 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 84 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | BCAN, CD44, CSPG4, FARP1, FYN, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAX, ITGB3, ITGB5, PAK1, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PLXNA1, PLXND1, SEMA6D |
| CXCR4 Signalling | 1.67 | 0.5 | $\begin{gathered} 59 / 98 \\ (60 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 98 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 39 / 98 \\ & (40 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 98 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ADCY9, CD4, CXCR4, DOCK1, ELMO2, ITPR1, PAK1, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PLCB2, PLCB4, PRKCA, PRKCB, PTK2, RHOBTB1, RHOC, RND3, SRC |
| Cardiac Hypertrophy Signalling (Enhanced) | 1.66 | -0.174 | $\begin{gathered} 147 / \\ 285 \\ (52 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 12 / 285 \\ (4 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 126 / \\ 285 \\ (44 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 285 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | ADCY9, CACNA1A, CAMK2G, CYBB, EDNRB, FGF1, FZD1, GDE1, HDAC7, IGF1, IGF1R, IL10RA, IL12RB1, IL12RB2, IL15RA, IL18, IL1R2, IL1RL1, IL2RG, IL33, IL6ST, IL7R, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAX, ITGB3, ITGB5, ITPR1, MAP3K5, MAPKAPK3, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PLCB2, PLCB4, PRKCA, PRKCB, PTK2, RCAN1, RELB, TNFSF10, TNFSF13B, TNFSF14, TNFSF8 |
| Heparan Sulfate Biosynthesis (Late Stages) | 1.64 | 0.816 | $\begin{aligned} & 9 / 21 \\ & (43 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 / 21 \\ (10 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 / 21 \\ & (48 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 21 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CHST15, CHST2, CHST3, CHST7, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { HS3ST3B1, } \\ \text { NDST1 } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FXR/ RXR Activation | 1.63 | N/A | $\begin{aligned} & 25 / 45 \\ & (56 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 / 45 \\ & (13 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14 / 45 \\ & (31 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 45 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | ABCB4, APOE, C3, CLU, IL18, IL33, LPL, SCARB1, SERPINF1, VLDLR |
| Glioblastoma Multiforme Signalling | 1.63 | -0.535 | $\begin{gathered} 50 / 92 \\ (54 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 92 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42 / 92 \\ & (46 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 92 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | CCND2, CDK6, CDKN1A, FZD1, IGF1, IGF1R, ITPR1, PDGFC, PDGFRB, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PLCB2, PLCB4, RHOBTB1, RHOC, RND3, SRC |
| Role of Osteoblasts, Osteoclasts and Chondrocytes in Rheumatoid Arthritis | 1.61 | N/A | $\begin{gathered} 67 / 121 \\ (55 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7 / 121 \\ (6 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 47 / 121 \\ (39 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 121 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | BIRC2, BMP1, BMP2, CSF1, FZD1, IGF1, IL10, IL18, IL1R2, IL1RL1, IL33, ITGB3, LRP1, MAP3K5, MMP14, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, RUNX2, SPP1, SRC, TNFRSF11A |
| Paxillin Signalling | 1.6 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 40 / 72 \\ & (56 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 72 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32 / 72 \\ & (44 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 72 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ACTA2, ACTN1, DOCK1, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAX, ITGB3, ITGB5, PAK1, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PTK2, PTPN12, SRC |
| PD-1, PD-L1 cancer immunotherapy pathway | 1.6 | -0.535 | $\begin{gathered} 29 / 72 \\ (40 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4 / 72 \\ (6 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 38 / 72 \\ & (53 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 72 \\ & (1 \%) \end{aligned}$ | B2M, CD274, CD28, CD80, HLA-DOA, HLADQA1, HLADQB1, HLADRB5, HLA-E, HLA-G, IL2RG, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, RASGRP1 |
| Phospholipase C Signalling | 1.59 | -1.069 | $\begin{gathered} 75 / 136 \\ (55 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 / 136 \\ (1 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 59 / 136 \\ (43 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 / 136 \\ (1 \%) \end{gathered}$ | ADCY9, AHNAK, ARHGEF18, FYN, HDAC7, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAX, ITGB3, ITGB5, ITPR1, PLA2G2D, PLCB2, PLCB4, PLD4, PRKCA, PRKCB, RELB, RHOBTB1, RHOC, RND3, RPS6KA3, SRC |
| Tryptophan Degradation X (Mammalian, via Tryptamine) | 1.58 | -2 | $\begin{gathered} 6 / 11 \\ (55 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 11 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 / 11 \\ & (45 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 11 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { ALDH1A1, } \\ \text { ALDH1A2, } \\ \text { ALDH7A1, MAOA } \end{gathered}$ |
| Putrescine Degradation III | 1.58 | -2 | $\begin{aligned} & 7 / 11 \\ & (64 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 11 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 / 11 \\ & (36 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 11 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { ALDH1A1, } \\ \text { ALDH1A2, } \\ \text { ALDH7A1, MAOA } \end{gathered}$ |
| Regulation of Cellular Mechanics by Calpain Protease | 1.54 | -1 | $\begin{gathered} 30 / 53 \\ (57 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 / 53 \\ & (4 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21 / 53 \\ & (40 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 53 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | ACTN1, CAPN2, CCND2, CDK6, ITGA4, ITGAL, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ITGAX, ITGB3, ITGB5, PTK2, SRC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis Signalling | 1.51 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 35 / 67 \\ & (52 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 / 67 \\ & (4 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 29 / 67 \\ & (43 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 67 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | BIRC2, CACNA1A, CAPN2, IGF1, NEFH, NEFL, PAK1, PDGFC, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, SLC1A2, SOD1, VEGFC |
| PKCӨ Signalling in T Lymphocytes | 1.5 | -0.832 | $\begin{aligned} & 42 / 88 \\ & (48 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 88 \\ & (1 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 44 / 88 \\ & (50 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 88 \\ & (1 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CACNA1A, CAMK2G, CD28, CD4, CD80, FYN, HLA-DOA, HLADQA1, HLADQB1, HLADRB5, ITPR1, MAP3K5, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, RELB, VAV3 |
| Glioma Signalling | 1.5 | -1 | $\begin{aligned} & 45 / 81 \\ & (56 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 81 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36 / 81 \\ (44 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 81 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CAMK2G, CCND2, CDK6, CDKN1A, HDAC7, IDH1, IDH2, IGF1, IGF1R, PDGFC, PDGFRB, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PRKCA, PRKCB |
| PI3K/ AKT Signalling | 1.5 | 0 | $\begin{gathered} 62 / 124 \\ (50 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 / 124 \\ (1 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 61 / 124 \\ (49 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 124 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | CDKN1A, GAB1, IL10RA, IL12RB1, IL12RB2, IL15RA, IL1R2, IL1RL1, IL2RG, IL6ST, IL7R, ITGA4, ITGAL, ITGAX, ITGB3, ITGB5, MAP3K5, PIK3CB, PPP2R1B, RELB, SYNJ2 |
| NF-кB Signalling | 1.5 | 0.894 | $\begin{gathered} 59 / 124 \\ (48 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 / 124 \\ (2 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 62 / 124 \\ (50 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 / 124 \\ (1 \%) \end{gathered}$ | BMP2, EIF2AK2, IGF1R, IL18, IL1R2, IL33, IRAK3, KDR, PDGFRB, PELI1, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PRKCB, RELB, SIGIRR, TANK, TLR3, TLR5, TLR8, TNFRSF11A, TNFSF13B |
| Toll-like Receptor Signalling | 1.49 | -0.333 | $\begin{gathered} 22 / 54 \\ (41 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 / 54 \\ (2 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 31 / 54 \\ & (57 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 54 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | CD14, EIF2AK2, IL18, IL1RL1, IL33, IRAK3, RELB, SIGIRR, TLR3, TLR5, TLR8 |
| Ephrin B Signalling | 1.48 | -1 | $\begin{aligned} & 29 / 41 \\ & (71 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 41 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 / 41 \\ & (29 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 41 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CXCR4, EFNB1, EFNB3, EPHB6, ITSN1, PAK1, PTK2, RGS3, VAV3 |
| Pulmonary Healing Signalling Pathway | 1.48 | -0.688 | $\begin{gathered} 67 / 110 \\ (61 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5 / 110 \\ (5 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 38 / 110 \\ (35 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 110 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | CHRNA7, CXCR4, FYN, FZD1, IDH2, JAG1, KDR, MMP12, <br> MMP14, MMP2, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | MMP9, PDGFC, PECAM1, PRKAB1, PRKCA, PRKCB, SRC, THBS1, VEGFC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oleate Biosynthesis II (Animals) | 1.47 | N/A | $\begin{gathered} 3 / 3 \\ (100 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 3 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 3 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 / 3 \\ & (0 \%) \end{aligned}$ | SCD, Scd2 |
| Semaphorin Signalling in Neurons | 1.46 | N/A | $\begin{aligned} & 25 / 35 \\ & (71 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 35 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 / 35 \\ & (29 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 35 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | FYN, MET, PAK1, PLXNA1, PTK2, RHOBTB1, RHOC, RND3 |
| Natural Killer Cell Signalling | 1.46 | 1.147 | $\begin{gathered} 48 / 118 \\ (41 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4 / 118 \\ (3 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 66 / 118 \\ (56 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 118 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | B2M, CD48, FCGR3A/ <br> FCGR3B, FYN, HLA-E, HLA-G, IL12RB1, IL12RB2, IL18, ITGAL, KLRD1, MAP3K5, MICB, NECTIN2, PAK1, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, RELB, TNFSF10, VAV3 |
| Dopamine Degradation | 1.44 | -2 | $\begin{aligned} & 6 / 12 \\ & (50 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 12 \\ & (8 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 / 12 \\ & (42 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 12 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { ALDH1A1, } \\ \text { ALDH1A2, } \\ \text { ALDH7A1, MAOA } \end{gathered}$ |
| Xenobiotic <br> Metabolism Signalling | 1.43 | N/A | $\begin{gathered} 71 / 141 \\ (50 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3 / 141 \\ (2 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 67 / 141 \\ (48 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 141 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | AHR, ALDH1A1, ALDH1A2, ALDH1L1, ALDH1L2, ALDH7A1, CAMK2G, <br> CHST15, CHST2, CHST3, CHST7, GSTO1, HS3ST3B1, MAF, MAOA, MAP3K5, NDST1, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PPP2R1B, PRKCA, PRKCB, RELB |
| Growth Hormone Signalling | 1.42 | 1.134 | $\begin{aligned} & 23 / 42 \\ & (55 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 42 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18 / 42 \\ & (43 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 42 \\ & (2 \%) \end{aligned}$ | CEBPA, IGF1, IGF1R, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PRKCA, PRKCB, RPS6KA3, STAT1 |
| Role of MAPK <br> Signalling in Inhibiting the Pathogenesis of Influenza | 1.4 | 1.265 | $\begin{aligned} & 26 / 49 \\ & (53 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 49 \\ & (2 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22 / 49 \\ & (45 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 49 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | CCL2, CCL5, CXCL10, EIF2AK2, IFNB1, MAP3K5, PLA2G2D, PLA2G7, PLAAT3, RPS6KA3 |
| IL-12 Signalling and Production in Macrophages | 1.38 | N/A | $\begin{aligned} & 34 / 84 \\ & (40 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5 / 84 \\ (6 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 45 / 84 \\ & (54 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 84 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | APOE, CEBPB, CLU, IL10, IL12RB1, IL12RB2, IL18, LYZ, MAF, PIK3C2B, PIK3CB, PRKCA, PRKCB, RELB, STAT1 |
| Role of PKR in Interferon Induction and Antiviral Response | 1.38 | 2.309 | $\begin{aligned} & 35 / 84 \\ & (42 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 / 84 \\ (2 \%) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 47 / 84 \\ & (56 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 / 84 \\ (0 \%) \end{gathered}$ | DDX58, EIF2AK2, IFIH1, IFNB1, IL18, IRF9, MAVS, MSR1, PDGFC, PDGFRB, |


|  |  |  |  |  |  | PYCARD, RELB, <br> STAT1, STAT2, <br> TLR3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Appendix VI Cannonical Pathway Analysis from IPA of edgeR analysis of Naïve Microglia

Appendix VII

| Upstream <br> Regulator | Expr Log Ratio | Predicted <br> Activation State | Activation z-score | p -value <br> Overlap | Target Molecules in Dataset |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IL10RA | 0.451 | Inhibited | -6.605 | 6.26E-25 | ADD3, ALOX5, ANKH, B3GNT7, BMP2, C3, CA2, CALHM6, CCL5, Cd24a, CD300LF, CD34, CD36, CLCN7, CLEC12A, CLEC4M, COL14A1, CSF3R, CST7, Cxcl9, EDNRB, F13A1, FN1, FOLR2, GAS6, GBP2, GSAP, HCAR2, HPSE, IFI16, IL12RB1, IL15RA, IL2RG, IRF7, KITLG, Ly6a (includes others), NAMPT, NLRC5, NOD1, NPL, OLR1, PF4, PLAAT3, PSMB9, REPS2, Retnla, RGS18, RNF213, RSAD2, S1PR1, SERPINB9, SLAMF6, SLAMF8, SLC2A1, SPARC, STARD8, STAT1, TAP1, TFEC, TNFRSF14, TRPM2, ZC3H12C |
| IFNG | 0 | Activated | 3.274 | 9.57E-24 | ADORA2B, C2, CARD6, CCL5, Ccl7, CCND2, CCR2, CD274, CD44, CD74, CD80, CDKN1A, CHST3, CHST7, CIITA, CLEC10A, CMPK2, CSF1, CXCL10, CXCL2, Cxcl9, CXCR4, CYRIA, DAXX, DDX58, ENDOD1, FGF1, FMNL2, FN1, GBP2, HCAR2, HIP1, HLA-DOA, HLADQA1, HLA-DQB1, HLA-DRB5, ICOSLG/LOC102723996, IFI16, IFI44, IFIH1, IFIT1B, IFIT2, IFIT3, IFNB1, IFRD1, IGF1, IL10, ITGAL, ITPR1, LDLR, Ly6a (includes others), MARCKSL1, MRC1, OAS1, OAS3, OASL, P2RY14, PDGFC, PIM1, PML, PRDM1, Retnla, RSAD2, RTP4, SLC2A1, STAT1, TAP1, THBS1, XAF1 |
| PTGER4 | -0.122 | Inhibited | -5.162 | 1.33E-17 | CCL2, Ccl7, CDK6, CMPK2, CXCL10, Cxcl9, CXCR4, CYBB, CYRIA, DAXX, DDX58, GAB1, GBP2, GLIS3, HCAR2, HERC6, HGF, IFI16, IFIH1, IFIT1B, IFIT2, IL18, IRF7, OLR1, PARP14, RNASEL, RNF144B, RNF213, RSAD2, RTP4, S1PR1, SLAMF8, SLFN5, ST6GAL1, ST8SIA4, TBC1D4, TLR8, TNFSF10, TOR3A, USP18, XAF1 |
| CITED2 | -0.12 | Inhibited | -5.057 | $1.78 \mathrm{E}-17$ | B2M, BBX, C3, CALHM6, CD274, CD80, CLEC10A, CMPK2, CPEB4, CXCL10, CXCL2, CXCL3, Cxcl9, CYBB, CYRIA, DAXX, DDX58, DTX3L, ENDOD1, FCGR3A/FCGR3B, FMNL2, GBP2, HCAR2, IFI16, IFI44, IFIH1, IFIT1B, IFIT2, IFIT3, IFNB1, IFRD1, IRF9, ITGA4, KYNU, LPL, MRC1, MTMR14, NAMPT, OAS1, OAS3, OASL, P2RY14, PARP14, PDGFC, PIM1, PLAC8, Retnla, RSAD2, RTP4, SLAMF8, TTC39B, XAF1 |
| IFNB1 | 4.101 |  | 1.785 | 6.08E-17 | CCL2, CCL5, Cd24a, CD274, CDKN1A, CMPK2, CXCL10, CXCL2, CXCL3, DAXX, DDX3Y, DDX58, GBP2, HMGCS1, ICOSLG/LOC102723996, IFI16, IFIH1, IFIT1B, IFIT2, IFIT3, IL10, IL18, IRF7, NOD1, NPTX1, PRDM1, RND3, RSAD2, SQLE, STARD4, STAT1, STAT2, THBS1, USP18 |


| NFAT5 | -0.063 | Inhibited | -3.494 | 1.47E-12 | CCR3, CD74, CIITA, Cxcl9, DAXX, HLADQA1, HLA-DQB1, HLA-DRB5, IFI16, IFIT1B, IFIT2, IFIT3, IFNB1, RSAD2, STAT1, TNFSF10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MYD88 | -0.035 | Activated | 2.561 | $5.45 \mathrm{E}-09$ | CASP4, CCL5, CD200R1, CLEC10A, CMPK2, CXCL10, CXCL13, CXCL2, CXCL3, Cxcl9, EDNRB, FPR1, FPR2, IFIT1B, IFIT2, IFNB1, IL10, IL18, ITGAX, JAG1, MET, MMP14, MRC1, OASL, PILRA, RELB, RSAD2, SCARB1, TFEC, TSC22D1 |
| LDLR | -1.479 |  |  | 7.7E-09 | APOE, C1QA, CCL2, CCL5, Ccl7, CCR2, CCR3, CD274, CD36, CD4, CDKN1A, CX3CR1, FGL2, FPR1, FPR2, GAS6, IL10, IL12RB1, IRF7, ITGB3, LSP1, LYZ, MMP14, MMP2, MMP9, MSR1, NOD1, SCARB1, SCD, TAP1, TNFSF14 |
| CSF1 | -0.706 |  | -1.501 | 1.09E-08 | APOE, AXL, CAPN2, CCL2, CCI7, CCR2, CD163, CD74, CDKN1A, CTSD, GAS7, GPNMB, GPR34, ICOSLG/LOC102723996, IL10, ITGA4, ITGAX, LPL, P2RY12, Retnla, SPARC, SPP1, TNFRSF11A |
| COP1 | 0.036 | Inhibited | -2.744 | 1.19E-08 | APOE, C3, CCL5, CEBPB, CXCL10, CXCL3, FPR1, FPR2, FTH1, GPNMB, IFI16, ITGAX |
| MEF2A | -0.066 | Activated | 3.512 | 1.31E-08 | CXCL10, Cxcl9, GBP2, IFI44, IFIT1B, IFIT2, IFIT3, IFNB1, IRF7, NLRC5, NOD1, OAS1, RSAD2 |
| QKI | -0.475 |  | -0.905 | $2.66 \mathrm{E}-08$ | CD36, CLEC4M, CTSS, FYN, HIP1, HLADOA, HLA-DQA1, HLA-DQB1, ITGAX, SCD, TAP1 |
| TICAM1 | 0.249 |  | 1.174 | $2.44 \mathrm{E}-07$ | CASP4, CCL5, CMPK2, CXCL10, CXCL13, CXCL2, CXCL3, EDNRB, FPR1, FPR2, ICOSLG/LOC102723996, IFIT1B, IFIT2, IFNB1, JAG1, MET, OASL, PILRA, RELB, RSAD2, TFEC, TSC22D1 |
| NR1H3 | -0.476 |  | 0.027 | 4.85E-07 | APOE, C1QA, CCL2, CCL5, CcI7, CCR2, CCR3, CD274, CD4, CDKN1A, CX3CR1, CXCL10, FGL2, FPR1, FPR2, GAS6, IL10, IL12RB1, IRF7, ITGAL, ITGB3, LSP1, LYZ, MMP9, NOD1, SCD, TAP1 |
| IFNAR1 | 0.051 | Activated | 2.036 | 5.16E-07 | CCL5, CIITA, CXCL10, EIF2AK2, HMGCS1, IFNB1, IL18, OAS1, OAS2, OAS3, RSAD2, SQLE, SREBF2 |
| PPARG | 0.094 |  | 0.515 | 1.28E-06 | APOE, C3, CD36, CDK6, CXCL3, FZD1, HEBP1, IDH1, IFNB1, LPL, MCTP1, MMP9, PF4, PID1, RAB20, Retnla, RNF144B, SGK1, TNFSF10 |
| IRF3 | 0.127 | Activated | 2.805 | $2.71 \mathrm{E}-06$ | CCL5, CXCL10, DDX58, IFIH1, IFIT1B, IFIT2, IFNB1, RSAD2 |
| STING1 | -0.118 |  | 1.117 | 6.57E-06 | CCL5, CXCL10, CXCL2, Cxcl9, GAS7, IFI16, IFIT1B, IFNB1, IL10, IL33, OASL |
| MAP3K8 | 0.238 |  | 0 | 1.89E-05 | ADORA3, BMP1, CCR2, CDK5R1, CIITA, CXCL2, DOK2, FSCN1, GAB1, GPR160, HIP1, IFNB1, IGF1R, IL10, PPARGC1B, RGS3, SESN1, SPATS2L, TSPAN33 |
| TBK1 | 0.165 |  | 1.963 | $4.23 \mathrm{E}-05$ | CXCL10, IFI16, IFNB1, IRF7, RSAD2, USP18 |
| IL4 | -0.799 | Inhibited | -2.442 | 5.07E-05 | CD44, CHST3, CHST7, CIITA, CLEC10A, CXCL10, IGF1, IL10, LPL, MRC1, Retnla, TFRC, TNFRSF11A |
| NR3C1 | -0.18 | Inhibited | -2.804 | 7.03E-05 | CCL5, CXCL10, Cxcl9, HCAR2, IFIT1B, IFIT2, IFNB1, OASL |
| STAT1 | 1.178 | Activated | 2.768 | 0.000155 | C3, CCL5, CXCL10, Cxcl9, GBP2, IFIT1B, IFNB1, IGF1, IL18, PPARGC1B, PSME1 |


| TNF | -0.246 |  | 0.443 | 0.000308 | Acp5, CA2, CCL5, CD44, CSF1, CXCL10, CXCL13, CXCL2, CXCL3, Cxcl9, FPR1, GBP2, IL10, MMP9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TLR2 | 0.421 |  | 0.347 | 0.000418 | CCL5, CXCL2, CXCL3, Cxcl9, CYBB, HLADQA1, HLA-DRB5, IFNB1, IL10, IL33, Retnla, SLC40A1, TSPAN33 |
| TREM2 | 0.039 |  | 0.268 | 0.000543 | AXL, CD36, CST7, CXCL2, ITGAX, LGALS1, LGALS3, LOX, LPL, SULF2 |
| TGFBR2 | -0.016 |  | 0.492 | 0.0007 | CX3CR1, MRC1, MSR1, P2RY12, TIMD4 |
| MAPKAPK2 | 0.12 |  | -1.746 | 0.000939 | CXCL2, CXCL3, IFNB1, IL10, MRC1, MSR1, Retnla |
| IRF1 | 0.3 | Activated | 2.138 | 0.000964 | CCL5, CXCL16, GBP2, IFNB1, IL12RB1, IL12RB2, MMP9, PML, TLR3 |
| TAZ | 0.201 |  | 0.632 | 0.00101 | ALDH1A2, CCL5, CD80, CXCL2, CXCL3, CXCR4, FN1, MRC1, ST6GAL1, THBS1 |
| ITGB5 | 0.417 |  |  | 0.00136 | IL10, MMP2, MMP9 |
| TNFRSF1B | 0.207 |  |  | 0.00136 | ITGB5, MMP9, SRC |
| IRF9 | 0.406 |  |  | 0.00136 | IFIT2, IFNB1, IL18 |
| BACH1 | -0.064 |  | 1.342 | 0.00143 | CEBPB, IGF1, IL10, SLC40A1, SPP1 |
| NLRP3 | 0.05 |  |  | 0.00188 | CXCL2, IL18, MRC1, MSR1 |
| RGS10 | -0 |  |  | 0.00235 | CCL2, CCl7, CCR3, CXCL10, CXCL2, IL10, IL10RA, IL18, IL1R2, IL6ST, PF4, Retnla |
| NFE2L2 | 0.485 |  | -0.954 | 0.00251 | CCL5, CXCL10, CXCL2, CXCL3, IFNB1, SCARB1 |
| ACE | -1.202 |  | -1 | 0.0026 | CCL2, CCL24, CCL5, CEBPB, Retnla |
| ITGB2 | 0.213 |  | 0 | 0.004 | BCL2A1, CXCL10, CXCL2, CXCL3 |
| CEBPE | -0.002 |  | -1.214 | 0.004 | CcI7, CD14, IL10, IL18 |
| MAPK7 | 0.048 | Activated | 2 | 0.004 | CXCL10, Cxcl9, IFNB1, NOD1 |
| TFEC | -1.592 |  |  | 0.00434 | BBX, COL6A3, CSF3R, F13A1, IGF1R |
| PPP2CA | -0.133 |  |  | 0.005 | Cxcl9, IFNB1, IRF7 |
| ITGB8 | 0.669 |  |  | 0.005 | APOE, ITGB5, P2RY12 |
| CLEC4E | -0.225 |  |  | 0.005 | CXCL2, CXCL3, IL10 |
| IL13 | -1.558 |  |  | 0.00676 | IL10, MRC1, Retnla, TFRC, TNFRSF11A |
| RORA | -0.904 | Inhibited | -2 | 0.00731 | CXCL10, Cxcl9, IL18, TLR3 |
| TLR3 | 0.524 |  | 0.937 | 0.00774 | CCL5, CXCL10, CXCL2, CXCL3, IFNB1, TSPAN33 |
| CDKN2A | 1.756 |  | 1.897 | 0.00851 | C3, CCL2, CCL24, CCL5, Ccl7, CXCL10, CXCL13, Cxcl9, IL1R2, IL2RG |
| NR1H2 | 0.078 |  | 0.092 | 0.0105 | APOE, CCL5, Ccl7, CXCL10, ITGAL, MMP9 |
| NFKB1 | 0.17 |  | -0.294 | 0.0105 | CSF2RA, CXCL3, IFNB1, IL10, Retnla, STAT1 |
| MAVS | 0.47 |  |  | 0.0115 | CCL5, CXCL10, IFNB1 |
| CX3CR1 | -1.328 |  | -0.577 | 0.012 | CD14, CD36, IGF1, MSR1 |
| MAPKAPK3 | 0.893 | Inhibited | -2 | 0.012 | CXCL2, CXCL3, IFNB1, IL10 |
| TARDBP | 0.04 |  |  | 0.0123 | C1QA, C1QB |
| WNT5A | -0.144 |  |  | 0.0123 | CD14, IFNB1 |
| IL2 | 1.47 |  |  | 0.0123 | Ly6a (includes others), PECAM1 |
| TREX1 | 0 |  |  | 0.0123 | IFI44, USP18 |
| IL6 | -0.024 |  |  | 0.0123 | CD36, IFNB1 |
| PLAU | -0.001 |  | -0.378 | 0.0129 | MMP12, OAS1, OAS3, PLK3, RELB, Retnla, SLC2A1 |
| HIF1A | -0.032 |  | -0.647 | 0.014 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CCR2, CSF1, CXCL2, MMP2, SLC2A1, } \\ & \text { TFRC } \end{aligned}$ |
| TLR4 | 0.306 |  | -0.557 | 0.018 | CCL5, CD200R1, CDK6, CXCL10, CXCL2, CXCL3, HLA-DQA1, IFNB1, IL10, IL18, SCARB1, TSPAN33 |
| CYBB | 0.89 |  | 1 | 0.0183 | CCL5, CXCL10, CXCL3, IFNB1 |


| PPARD | 0.286 |  | 0.776 | 0.0193 | C1QA, C1QB, GAS6, MRC1, THBS1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BCL2L11 | -0.182 |  |  | 0.0211 | CD274, CD36, NOD1 |
| IL1A | 0.097 |  |  | 0.0211 | Acp5, CA2, MMP9 |
| TLR7 | -0.17 |  | -0.485 | 0.0256 | BCL2A1, CXCL2, CXCL3, IFNB1, IL10 |
| IRF8 | 0.198 |  | 1.457 | 0.0256 | CCL5, CXCL16, DAB2, MMP9, PML |
| APOE | 0.288 |  |  | 0.0256 | CD36, CD80, IL10, TNFRSF14, TNFSF14 |
| TLR9 | 0.346 |  | 0.391 | 0.0256 | CCL5, CXCL2, IFNB1, IL10, RAB7B |
| HMOX1 | -0.167 |  | -1.067 | 0.0263 | CXCL10, IL10, MRC1, TNFSF14 |
| TIRAP | -0.282 |  |  | 0.0339 | CXCL10, IFNB1, IL10 |
| IRAK1 | 0.019 |  |  | 0.0339 | IFNB1, IL10, RELB |
| STAT4 | 0.093 |  |  | 0.0342 | DDX58, IFNB1 |
| TRIM3 | -0.02 |  |  | 0.0342 | IFIT1B, IFNB1 |
| SYK | 0.24 |  |  | 0.0342 | CXCL10, Cxcl9 |
| TNFRSF1A | 0.079 |  |  | 0.0342 | ITGB5, SRC |
| FCGR2A | -0.01 |  | -1 | 0.036 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { CXCL10, FCGR3A/FCGR3B, MARCKSL1, } \\ \text { RASGRP1 } \end{gathered}$ |
| BCL6 | 0.024 |  | 0.555 | 0.0417 | Ccl7, CSF1, CXCL3, IL10, IL18 |
| GATA6 | -0.397 |  | 1.292 | 0.0466 | CD163, CLEC10A, CXCL13, IL10, LYVE1, MRC1, SORBS3, STARD13 |
| EIF4EBP1 | -0.186 |  | -1.091 | 0.0476 | CCL5, CEBPB, CXCL10, IL10 |
| EIF4EBP2 | -0.195 |  | -1.091 | 0.0476 | CCL5, CEBPB, CXCL10, IL10 |
| KDM6B | -0.056 |  |  | 0.0498 | CCL5, ITGAL, OASL |
| MSR1 | -1.004 |  |  | 0.0498 | CCL5, CXCL10, IL10 |
| IRF4 | -0.238 |  |  | 0.0498 | CIITA, CXCL3, IL10 |
| TICAM2 | -0.274 |  |  | 0.0498 | ICOSLG/LOC102723996, IFNB1, MMP14 |
| AXL | 1.595 |  |  | 0.0498 | IL10, IL18, Retnla |
| MERTK | 0.134 |  |  | 0.0498 | IL10, IL18, Retnla |
| NOS2 | 0.176 |  |  | 0.0498 | CcI7, CXCL2, CXCL3 |
| CCR6 | 0.309 |  |  | 0.0498 | CXCL10, IL10, MMP12 |

Appendix VII Upstream Regulator Analysis from IPA of edgeR analysis of Naïve Microglia

Appendix VIII

| Ensembl Gene ID | External Gene Name | $\log _{2}$ <br> Fold Change | Adjusted P-Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000055435 | Maf | -7.426402313 | 6.65E-64 |
| ENSMUSG00000005611 | Mrvi1 | -1.123015676 | $1.09 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000118423 | Lrrc70 | -1.258910251 | $3.29 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000068606 | Gm4841 | 1.831703769 | 5.91E-11 |
| ENSMUSG00000033278 | Ptprm | -1.230865783 | $1.21 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000074677 | Sirpb1c | 1.169592823 | $2.76 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000045165 | Al467606 | -0.701885307 | $1.31 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000017754 | Pltp | -0.844327381 | $1.31 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000042286 | Stab1 | -0.966480515 | $2.89 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022180 | Slc7a8 | -0.946737166 | 3.51E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000010796 | Asz1 | -3.402471225 | 8.08E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000053062 | Jam2 | -0.708353018 | $9.84 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000036019 | Tmtc2 | -2.425587679 | $9.98 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000028976 | Slc2a5 | 1.902440206 | $1.15 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000025330 | Padi4 | -0.802164284 | $1.50 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000090942 | F830016B08Rik | 1.030215438 | $1.70 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000010797 | Wnt2 | -0.564763014 | $2.31 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000044206 | Vsig4 | -0.643045389 | 6.31E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000039982 | Dtx4 | -0.941662963 | 0.000156 |
| ENSMUSG00000029287 | Tgfbr3 | -0.9002809 | 0.000221 |
| ENSMUSG00000073678 | Pgap1 | 0.654243329 | 0.000265 |
| ENSMUSG00000085977 | Gm5970 | 0.924653545 | 0.000279 |
| ENSMUSG00000090084 | Srpx | -2.446454439 | 0.000295 |
| ENSMUSG00000054072 | ligp1 | 1.391805291 | 0.000574 |
| ENSMUSG00000055541 | Lair1 | 0.745242311 | 0.000963 |
| ENSMUSG00000039191 | Rbpj | -0.542039511 | 0.000963 |
| ENSMUSG00000039629 | Strip2 | 0.912287529 | 0.001294 |
| ENSMUSG00000035493 | Tgfbi | -0.491384426 | 0.001294 |
| ENSMUSG00000017670 | Elmo2 | -0.728749856 | 0.001708 |
| ENSMUSG00000022623 | Shank3 | -0.81265396 | 0.001957 |
| ENSMUSG00000013089 | Etv5 | -0.584789403 | 0.002137 |
| ENSMUSG00000024772 | Ehd1 | -0.554981073 | 0.002772 |
| ENSMUSG00000000682 | Cd52 | 0.671849432 | 0.002772 |
| ENSMUSG00000037894 | H2az1 | 0.472194339 | 0.002772 |
| ENSMUSG00000044827 | Tlr1 | 0.768367617 | 0.003103 |
| ENSMUSG00000043391 | 2510009E07Rik | -0.616358406 | 0.003103 |
| ENSMUSG00000032289 | Thsd4 | -1.574852303 | 0.003202 |
| ENSMUSG00000026825 | Dnm1 | -1.102782716 | 0.003503 |
| ENSMUSG00000073555 | Gm4951 | 0.688742354 | 0.004019 |
| ENSMUSG00000073902 | Gm1966 | 0.453531244 | 0.004205 |
| ENSMUSG00000027692 | Tnik | 0.691162433 | 0.004742 |


| ENSMUSG00000038843 | Gcnt1 | 0.982962788 | 0.004742 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000066026 | Dhrs3 | -0.520601964 | 0.004902 |
| ENSMUSG00000059588 | Calcrl | 0.466421829 | 0.005188 |
| ENSMUSG00000025150 | Cbr2 | -1.282052998 | 0.005313 |
| ENSMUSG00000005373 | Mlxipl | -0.632585323 | 0.007424 |
| ENSMUSG00000092021 | Gbp11 | 1.544471067 | 0.007424 |
| ENSMUSG00000040855 | Reps2 | 0.764974229 | 0.007424 |
| ENSMUSG00000051177 | Plcb1 | -0.606944181 | 0.007664 |
| ENSMUSG00000095609 | Gm21188 | -0.678495696 | 0.007664 |
| ENSMUSG00000045092 | S1pr1 | -0.501176128 | 0.007664 |
| ENSMUSG00000034647 | Ankrd12 | 0.735240038 | 0.007827 |
| ENSMUSG00000042364 | Snx18 | -0.55173536 | 0.007928 |
| ENSMUSG00000036158 | Prickle1 | -0.893188493 | 0.008375 |
| ENSMUSG00000032737 | Inppl1 | -0.543540457 | 0.009673 |
| ENSMUSG00000047798 | Cd300lf | 1.175595856 | 0.009846 |
| ENSMUSG00000031101 | Sash3 | -0.419720891 | 0.009873 |
| ENSMUSG00000090307 | 1700071M16Rik | -1.039953361 | 0.009873 |
| ENSMUSG00000059824 | Dbp | 3.953598454 | 0.010045 |
| ENSMUSG00000114422 | Gm30411 | -1.98725382 | 0.010389 |
| ENSMUSG00000014846 | Tppp3 | -0.770438133 | 0.011052 |
| ENSMUSG00000022102 | Dok2 | -0.580491461 | 0.014023 |
| ENSMUSG00000036381 | P2ry14 | 0.58919914 | 0.015581 |
| ENSMUSG00000028011 | Tdo2 | 0.940370964 | 0.016006 |
| ENSMUSG00000053007 | Creb5 | 1.679075023 | 0.016992 |
| ENSMUSG00000046410 | Kcnk6 | -0.546828024 | 0.016992 |
| ENSMUSG00000071324 | Armc2 | -1.099454199 | 0.016992 |
| ENSMUSG00000028957 | Per3 | 2.302029117 | 0.016992 |
| ENSMUSG00000051495 | Irf2bp2 | -0.432503217 | 0.016992 |
| ENSMUSG00000049130 | C5ar1 | -0.507598793 | 0.01727 |
| ENSMUSG00000068742 | Cry2 | 1.188253694 | 0.017524 |
| ENSMUSG00000055322 | Tns1 | -1.007238567 | 0.018452 |
| ENSMUSG00000029108 | Pcdh7 | -2.016739282 | 0.018616 |
| ENSMUSG00000114608 | Gm36161 | -0.86744831 | 0.021387 |
| ENSMUSG00000060181 | Slc35e3 | -0.641534122 | 0.023837 |
| ENSMUSG00000022270 | Retreg1 | -0.541423826 | 0.025702 |
| ENSMUSG00000001761 | Smo | -0.908365744 | 0.027068 |
| ENSMUSG00000020604 | Arsg | -0.40939459 | 0.027068 |
| ENSMUSG00000021477 | Ctsl | -0.430586477 | 0.02752 |
| ENSMUSG00000000562 | Adora3 | 1.160553006 | 0.02752 |
| ENSMUSG00000030678 | Maz | -0.399748613 | 0.027602 |
| ENSMUSG00000062939 | Stat4 | -0.634376199 | 0.027732 |
| ENSMUSG00000054626 | XIr | 0.769055485 | 0.027732 |
| ENSMUSG00000017493 | Igfbp4 | -0.67669579 | 0.027894 |
| ENSMUSG00000029925 | Tbxas1 | -0.553329651 | 0.028567 |
| ENSMUSG00000029833 | Trim24 | 0.449396694 | 0.031652 |
| ENSMUSG00000006235 | Epor | 1.200540877 | 0.037869 |


| ENSMUSG00000013584 | Aldh1a2 | -0.808314419 | 0.039753 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| ENSMUSG00000034993 | Vat1 | -0.468680695 | 0.04234 |
| ENSMUSG00000026991 | Pkp4 | -0.507917826 | 0.042851 |
| ENSMUSG000000045664 | Cdc42ep2 | -0.694934376 | 0.043715 |
| ENSMUSG00000103546 | Gm37666 | 0.888606236 | 0.043921 |
| ENSMUSG00000060147 | Serpinb6a | -0.663457111 | 0.046571 |
| ENSMUSG00000104955 | $1700016 F 12$ Rik | 1.381641573 | 0.046571 |
| ENSMUSG00000030208 | Emp1 | -0.643483398 | 0.048328 |
| ENSMUSG00000059089 | Fcgr4 | 0.570675671 | 0.048328 |
| ENSMUSG00000002504 | Slc9a3r2 | -0.586044452 | 0.049775 |
| ENSMUSG00000040430 | Pitpnc1 | -0.59877788 | 0.049785 |

Appendix VIII Differential Gene Discovories from DESeq2 analysis of Naïve Peritoneal Tissue Resident Macrophages

Appendix IX

| Ensembl Gene ID | External Gene Name | $\log _{2}$ <br> Fold Change | Adjusted P-Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000055435 | Maf | -7.37272 | $6.88 \mathrm{E}-162$ |
| ENSMUSG00000005611 | Mrvi1 | -1.10789 | $2.21 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000118423 | AC154328.1 | -1.2442 | $1.39 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000068606 | Gm4841 | 1.846217 | $2.29 \mathrm{E}-10$ |
| ENSMUSG00000033278 | Ptprm | -1.21684 | $2.44 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000028957 | Per3 | 2.31546 | $2.76 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000074677 | Sirpb1c | 1.183668 | $2.77 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000028976 | Slc2a5 | 1.909862 | $4.51 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000059824 | Dbp | 3.963076 | $4.51 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000042286 | Stab1 | -0.95367 | $1.20 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022180 | Slc7a8 | -0.93174 | $4.02 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000090942 | F830016B08Rik | 1.046331 | $1.07 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022389 | Tef | 2.062098 | $1.21 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000045165 | Al467606 | -0.68644 | $1.96 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000017754 | Pltp | -0.82917 | 7.84E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000053062 | Jam2 | -0.69272 | $7.96 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000029581 | Fscn1 | -1.67286 | $9.52 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000034438 | Gbp8 | 2.455952 | 0.000144 |
| ENSMUSG00000020889 | Nr1d1 | 1.961019 | 0.00019 |
| ENSMUSG00000114422 | Gm30411 | -1.95119 | 0.00019 |
| ENSMUSG00000039982 | Dtx4 | -0.92577 | 0.00019 |
| ENSMUSG00000021775 | Nr1d2 | 1.384774 | 0.000208 |
| ENSMUSG00000073678 | Pgap1 | 0.670226 | 0.000306 |
| ENSMUSG00000029287 | Tgfbr3 | -0.88508 | 0.000336 |
| ENSMUSG00000085977 | Gm5970 | 0.938701 | 0.000371 |
| ENSMUSG00000044206 | Vsig4 | -0.62898 | 0.000395 |
| ENSMUSG00000025150 | Cbr2 | -1.26423 | 0.000447 |
| ENSMUSG00000055541 | Lair1 | 0.759054 | 0.000557 |
| ENSMUSG00000010797 | Wnt2 | -0.5496 | 0.000557 |
| ENSMUSG00000044337 | Ackr3 | -1.47756 | 0.000576 |
| ENSMUSG00000054072 | ligp1 | 1.406993 | 0.000848 |
| ENSMUSG00000039629 | Strip2 | 0.92762 | 0.001107 |
| ENSMUSG00000092021 | Gbp11 | 1.553418 | 0.001171 |
| ENSMUSG00000000682 | Cd52 | 0.686568 | 0.001349 |
| ENSMUSG00000055866 | Per2 | 2.999086 | 0.00138 |
| ENSMUSG00000017670 | Elmo2 | -0.71323 | 0.001553 |
| ENSMUSG00000073555 | Gm4951 | 0.704906 | 0.001739 |
| ENSMUSG00000030787 | Lyve1 | -3.13134 | 0.001793 |
| ENSMUSG00000022623 | Shank3 | -0.79873 | 0.002195 |
| ENSMUSG00000038843 | Gcnt1 | 0.997234 | 0.002518 |
| ENSMUSG00000040855 | Reps2 | 0.778501 | 0.002919 |


| ENSMUSG00000039191 | Rbpj | -0.52764 | 0.003074 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000044827 | Tlr1 | 0.783189 | 0.003706 |
| ENSMUSG00000027692 | Tnik | 0.706601 | 0.00378 |
| ENSMUSG00000034647 | Ankrd12 | 0.749189 | 0.004265 |
| ENSMUSG00000026825 | Dnm1 | -1.08881 | 0.004464 |
| ENSMUSG00000013089 | Etv5 | -0.56918 | 0.005646 |
| ENSMUSG00000043391 | 2510009E07Rik | -0.60185 | 0.005921 |
| ENSMUSG00000059588 | Calcrl | 0.482109 | 0.007367 |
| ENSMUSG00000047798 | Cd300lf | 1.186447 | 0.008238 |
| ENSMUSG00000036381 | P2ry14 | 0.605354 | 0.009536 |
| ENSMUSG00000095609 | Gm21188 | -0.66384 | 0.010345 |
| ENSMUSG00000022114 | Spry2 | -1.08507 | 0.010661 |
| ENSMUSG00000042364 | Snx18 | -0.53797 | 0.010661 |
| ENSMUSG00000037894 | H2afz | 0.487735 | 0.011353 |
| ENSMUSG00000051177 | Plcb1 | -0.59281 | 0.011739 |
| ENSMUSG00000036158 | Prickle1 | -0.87934 | 0.013324 |
| ENSMUSG00000006235 | Epor | 1.214314 | 0.013752 |
| ENSMUSG00000014846 | Tppp3 | -0.75726 | 0.014738 |
| ENSMUSG00000045092 | S1pr1 | -0.48662 | 0.015975 |
| ENSMUSG00000028011 | Tdo2 | 0.954173 | 0.01642 |
| ENSMUSG00000032737 | Inppl1 | -0.52897 | 0.016458 |
| ENSMUSG00000090307 | 1700071M16Rik | -1.02305 | 0.016734 |
| ENSMUSG00000103546 | Gm37666 | 0.900619 | 0.017221 |
| ENSMUSG00000022102 | Dok2 | -0.56547 | 0.017647 |
| ENSMUSG00000068742 | Cry2 | 1.201916 | 0.024097 |
| ENSMUSG00000049130 | C5ar1 | -0.49277 | 0.024097 |
| ENSMUSG00000046410 | Kcnk6 | -0.5335 | 0.025446 |
| ENSMUSG00000054626 | XIr | 0.781688 | 0.027362 |
| ENSMUSG00000001761 | Smo | -0.89126 | 0.027614 |
| ENSMUSG00000114608 | Gm36161 | -0.85325 | 0.027614 |
| ENSMUSG00000005373 | Mlxipl | -0.6182 | 0.030287 |
| ENSMUSG00000060181 | Slc35e3 | -0.6277 | 0.030287 |
| ENSMUSG00000017493 | Igfbp4 | -0.6593 | 0.032367 |
| ENSMUSG00000029925 | Tbxas1 | -0.54048 | 0.032367 |
| ENSMUSG00000073902 | Gm1966 | 0.468492 | 0.032367 |
| ENSMUSG00000031101 | Sash3 | -0.405 | 0.032367 |
| ENSMUSG00000104955 | 1700016F12Rik | 1.398217 | 0.032801 |
| ENSMUSG00000059089 | Fcgr4 | 0.584124 | 0.034708 |
| ENSMUSG00000021728 | Emb | 0.619545 | 0.034708 |
| ENSMUSG00000029833 | Trim24 | 0.464666 | 0.040344 |
| ENSMUSG00000024772 | Ehd1 | -0.54115 | 0.042671 |
| ENSMUSG00000025511 | Tspan4 | 0.651128 | 0.043071 |
| ENSMUSG00000025330 | Padi4 | -0.78697 | 0.043933 |
| ENSMUSG00000013584 | Aldh1a2 | -0.79294 | 0.044294 |
| ENSMUSG00000060147 | Serpinb6a | -0.65091 | 0.044367 |
| ENSMUSG00000020644 | Id2 | 0.507392 | 0.045572 |


| ENSMUSG00000087838 | Gm23954 | 0.980282 | 0.046014 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| ENSMUSG00000073739 | Gm16287 | -0.85495 | 0.046014 |
| ENSMUSG00000062939 | Stat4 | -0.61973 | 0.046906 |
| ENSMUSG00000002504 | Slc9a3r2 | -0.57145 | 0.048226 |
| ENSMUSG00000022203 | Efs | 0.735155 | 0.048752 |
| ENSMUSG00000118361 | Gm50237 | 1.180057 | 0.048752 |
| ENSMUSG00000055116 | Arntl | -1.55356 | 0.048991 |
| ENSMUSG00000021477 | Ctsl | -0.41632 | 0.049037 |

Appendix IX Differential Gene Discovories from edgeR analysis of Naïve Peritoneal Tissue

## Resident Macrophages

Appendix X

| Ensembl Gene ID | External Gene Name | $\log _{2}$ Fold Change | Adjusted P-Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000055435 | Maf | -7.369870462 | 1.85E-166 |
| ENSMUSG00000033278 | Ptprm | -1.23088438 | $3.83 \mathrm{E}-14$ |
| ENSMUSG00000118423 | AC154328.1 | -1.240711283 | $1.57 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000005611 | Mrvi1 | -1.112107421 | $1.68 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000068606 | Gm4841 | 1.874784981 | 3.63E-12 |
| ENSMUSG00000042286 | Stab1 | -0.950850121 | $1.33 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000074677 | Sirpb1c | 1.182273887 | $1.33 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000022180 | Slc7a8 | -0.952214261 | $6.59 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000028957 | Per3 | 2.105212578 | $1.22 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000028976 | Slc2a5 | 1.876163484 | $3.81 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000017754 | Pltp | -0.817650332 | $7.12 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000090942 | F830016B08Rik | 1.036053047 | $1.33 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000045165 | Al467606 | -0.684337928 | $2.82 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000073555 | Gm4951 | 0.716373781 | $4.58 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000055116 | Arnt | -1.947398352 | $6.32 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000053062 | Jam2 | -0.693354207 | $3.33 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000017670 | Elmo2 | -0.743179174 | $3.33 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000044206 | Vsig4 | -0.634534689 | $3.33 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026825 | Dnm1 | -1.123607167 | $4.81 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000025330 | Padi4 | -0.801124856 | $4.81 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000020889 | Nr1d1 | 1.689181997 | 8.13E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000022389 | Tef | 1.855810305 | 0.000103364 |
| ENSMUSG00000114422 | Gm30411 | -2.010685427 | 0.000148872 |
| ENSMUSG00000039982 | Dtx4 | -0.93203039 | 0.00015103 |
| ENSMUSG00000010797 | Wnt2 | -0.550474352 | 0.000151073 |
| ENSMUSG00000073678 | Pgap1 | 0.665760466 | 0.000151073 |
| ENSMUSG00000034438 | Gbp8 | 2.600804297 | 0.000177967 |
| ENSMUSG00000029287 | Tgfbr3 | -0.880144445 | 0.000228412 |
| ENSMUSG00000085977 | Gm5970 | 0.937225372 | 0.000233055 |
| ENSMUSG00000059824 | Dbp | 3.613227755 | 0.000233055 |
| ENSMUSG00000021775 | Nr1d2 | 1.267594608 | 0.000277959 |
| ENSMUSG00000038843 | Gcnt1 | 1.037925714 | 0.000314157 |
| ENSMUSG00000021728 | Emb | 0.600833315 | 0.000314157 |
| ENSMUSG00000030787 | Lyve1 | -3.243814551 | 0.00034272 |
| ENSMUSG00000036381 | P2ry14 | 0.603331 | 0.000348129 |
| ENSMUSG00000055541 | Lair1 | 0.759568273 | 0.000358145 |
| ENSMUSG00000054072 | ligp1 | 1.446053065 | 0.000407727 |
| ENSMUSG00000029581 | Fscn1 | -1.598940334 | 0.000420217 |
| ENSMUSG00000042364 | Snx18 | -0.534349253 | 0.000517883 |
| ENSMUSG00000025150 | Cbr2 | -1.26466004 | 0.000517883 |
| ENSMUSG00000040855 | Reps2 | 0.76523558 | 0.000533142 |


| ENSMUSG00000039191 | Rbpj | -0.531660433 | 0.000790776 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000039629 | Strip2 | 0.924681155 | 0.000790776 |
| ENSMUSG00000034647 | Ankrd12 | 0.720501469 | 0.000790776 |
| ENSMUSG00000000682 | Cd52 | 0.682989734 | 0.000818475 |
| ENSMUSG00000051177 | Plcb1 | -0.593507802 | 0.000893246 |
| ENSMUSG00000092021 | Gbp11 | 1.487942698 | 0.000893246 |
| ENSMUSG00000044827 | Tlr1 | 0.785792224 | 0.001153859 |
| ENSMUSG00000059588 | Calcrl | 0.485818764 | 0.001357685 |
| ENSMUSG00000043391 | 2510009E07Rik | -0.590567401 | 0.001397225 |
| ENSMUSG00000005373 | Mlxipl | -0.595910672 | 0.001451937 |
| ENSMUSG00000044337 | Ackr3 | -1.404017846 | 0.001641303 |
| ENSMUSG00000037894 | H2afz | 0.48570149 | 0.002001984 |
| ENSMUSG00000022623 | Shank3 | -0.801348816 | 0.002014198 |
| ENSMUSG00000019987 | Arg1 | -1.42893867 | 0.002458582 |
| ENSMUSG00000045092 | S1pr1 | -0.49377803 | 0.002811837 |
| ENSMUSG00000013089 | Etv5 | -0.570360699 | 0.00283338 |
| ENSMUSG00000047798 | Cd300lf | 1.13098115 | 0.003020231 |
| ENSMUSG00000002504 | Slc9a3r2 | -0.570548014 | 0.003093633 |
| ENSMUSG00000027692 | Tnik | 0.705567784 | 0.003170836 |
| ENSMUSG00000045502 | Hcar2 | 0.674952639 | 0.003378527 |
| ENSMUSG00000024772 | Ehd1 | -0.547621278 | 0.003512125 |
| ENSMUSG00000095609 | Gm21188 | -0.667045042 | 0.00395578 |
| ENSMUSG00000064373 | Selenop | -0.512140967 | 0.004204782 |
| ENSMUSG00000030707 | Coro1a | 0.627468901 | 0.004261819 |
| ENSMUSG00000040026 | Saa3 | -0.908308947 | 0.00428114 |
| ENSMUSG00000032737 | Inppl1 | -0.532789424 | 0.00428114 |
| ENSMUSG00000019564 | Arid3a | -0.621987029 | 0.00440237 |
| ENSMUSG00000073902 | Gm1966 | 0.470771231 | 0.005393225 |
| ENSMUSG00000049130 | C5ar1 | -0.500461059 | 0.005696152 |
| ENSMUSG00000024501 | Dpysl3 | -0.510429406 | 0.005864191 |
| ENSMUSG00000104955 | 1700016F12Rik | 1.358071053 | 0.006558432 |
| ENSMUSG00000035273 | Hpse | -0.510025544 | 0.007302912 |
| ENSMUSG00000106951 | 5930430L01Rik | 0.880630748 | 0.007504979 |
| ENSMUSG00000035493 | Tgfbi | -0.479377814 | 0.007580396 |
| ENSMUSG00000029925 | Tbxas1 | -0.523852263 | 0.008612483 |
| ENSMUSG00000023992 | Trem2 | -0.69175229 | 0.00897867 |
| ENSMUSG00000000248 | Clec2g | -1.919979363 | 0.009923236 |
| ENSMUSG00000046410 | Kcnk6 | -0.528372178 | 0.01009136 |
| ENSMUSG00000103546 | Gm37666 | 0.915568195 | 0.010411223 |
| ENSMUSG00000027360 | Hdc | 0.427934045 | 0.010609867 |
| ENSMUSG00000034993 | Vat1 | -0.45809161 | 0.010609867 |
| ENSMUSG00000022114 | Spry2 | -1.074272116 | 0.010671951 |
| ENSMUSG00000014846 | Tppp3 | -0.757590915 | 0.010896683 |
| ENSMUSG00000060181 | Slc35e3 | -0.631697899 | 0.011799946 |
| ENSMUSG00000090307 | 1700071M16Rik | -0.997034876 | 0.012372942 |
| ENSMUSG00000022899 | Slc15a2 | 3.65010743 | 0.012372942 |


| ENSMUSG00000022102 | Dok2 | -0.565260856 | 0.012372942 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000066026 | Dhrs3 | -0.495281335 | 0.01270598 |
| ENSMUSG00000054626 | XIr | 0.789998833 | 0.013019742 |
| ENSMUSG00000035954 | Dock4 | 0.477812074 | 0.013134538 |
| ENSMUSG00000028011 | Tdo2 | 0.970259298 | 0.013134538 |
| ENSMUSG00000006235 | Epor | 1.201820558 | 0.013134538 |
| ENSMUSG00000036158 | Prickle1 | -0.852957247 | 0.013206923 |
| ENSMUSG00000068742 | Cry2 | 1.069544028 | 0.013660887 |
| ENSMUSG00000051495 | Irf2bp2 | -0.42165781 | 0.013660887 |
| ENSMUSG00000013584 | Aldh1a2 | -0.792116579 | 0.013660887 |
| ENSMUSG00000025511 | Tspan4 | 0.612949759 | 0.014108513 |
| ENSMUSG00000017493 | lgfbp4 | -0.676069629 | 0.014122757 |
| ENSMUSG00000001761 | Smo | -0.912374171 | 0.014176778 |
| ENSMUSG00000031101 | Sash3 | -0.40540398 | 0.015107168 |
| ENSMUSG00000024140 | Epas1 | -0.500651167 | 0.015107168 |
| ENSMUSG00000060147 | Serpinb6a | -0.654987806 | 0.016626984 |
| ENSMUSG00000028480 | Glipr2 | -0.619501637 | 0.016693894 |
| ENSMUSG00000087150 | BC064078 | -0.861291009 | 0.016693894 |
| ENSMUSG00000026991 | Pkp4 | -0.498276529 | 0.018080321 |
| ENSMUSG00000020644 | Id2 | 0.512847812 | 0.019147532 |
| ENSMUSG00000008845 | Cd163 | -0.884300566 | 0.019147532 |
| ENSMUSG00000059089 | Fcgr4 | 0.592705232 | 0.019488357 |
| ENSMUSG00000114608 | Gm36161 | -0.853926578 | 0.020392499 |
| ENSMUSG00000029833 | Trim24 | 0.462998478 | 0.021845661 |
| ENSMUSG00000035441 | Myo1d | 0.495572078 | 0.022894586 |
| ENSMUSG00000026581 | Sell | 0.653125088 | 0.025206528 |
| ENSMUSG00000038807 | Rap1gap2 | -0.418410068 | 0.026522799 |
| ENSMUSG00000040564 | Apoc1 | 0.688683719 | 0.027021421 |
| ENSMUSG00000021477 | Ctsl | -0.417079879 | 0.027506304 |
| ENSMUSG00000042616 | Oscp1 | 0.483657047 | 0.02774176 |
| ENSMUSG00000087838 | Gm23954 | 0.962058559 | 0.02774176 |
| ENSMUSG00000020377 | Ltc4s | -0.43937308 | 0.02774176 |
| ENSMUSG00000034764 | 1700006J14Rik | 0.736893419 | 0.02774176 |
| ENSMUSG00000060568 | Fam78b | -0.451579558 | 0.029220001 |
| ENSMUSG00000022203 | Efs | 0.739579152 | 0.029220001 |
| ENSMUSG00000032691 | Nlrp3 | -0.699546252 | 0.029220001 |
| ENSMUSG00000045664 | Cdc42ep2 | -0.694993608 | 0.029260052 |
| ENSMUSG00000016382 | Pls3 | 0.601244419 | 0.029260052 |
| ENSMUSG00000098973 | Mir6236 | -0.930939224 | 0.029309152 |
| ENSMUSG00000086150 | Bach2os | -1.002011806 | 0.029309152 |
| ENSMUSG00000034265 | Zdhhc14 | -0.516843101 | 0.030016464 |
| ENSMUSG00000062939 | Stat4 | -0.614601143 | 0.030636639 |
| ENSMUSG00000030208 | Emp1 | -0.633326068 | 0.03474505 |
| ENSMUSG00000087805 | Gm27926 | -4.813774961 | 0.034753412 |
| ENSMUSG00000027712 | Anxa5 | -0.647687587 | 0.035663103 |
| ENSMUSG00000046562 | Unc119b | -0.441125298 | 0.036746718 |


| ENSMUSG00000030678 | Maz | -0.383810828 | 0.037159137 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000020604 | Arsg | -0.394207649 | 0.037597356 |
| ENSMUSG00000073739 | Gm16287 | -0.856098118 | 0.037597356 |
| ENSMUSG00000020212 | Mdm1 | -0.605960305 | 0.037597356 |
| ENSMUSG00000035891 | Cerk | -0.496315832 | 0.04089649 |
| ENSMUSG00000089417 | Gm22009 | 0.416881533 | 0.04089649 |
| ENSMUSG00000022220 | Adcy4 | 0.580437962 | 0.041348562 |
| ENSMUSG00000056749 | Nfil3 | -0.856019686 | 0.041668498 |
| ENSMUSG00000022270 | Retreg1 | -0.526656547 | 0.041786288 |
| ENSMUSG00000042487 | Leo1 | -0.801793843 | 0.042204996 |
| ENSMUSG00000055866 | Per2 | 2.857613646 | 0.042204996 |
| ENSMUSG00000030257 | Srgap3 | -0.439819663 | 0.04262507 |
| ENSMUSG000000039735 | Fnbp1l | 0.537815003 | 0.043024389 |
| ENSMUSG00000118361 | Gm50237 | 1.123104646 | 0.045987532 |
| ENSMUSG00000021879 | Dnah12 | -0.445944105 | 0.04999822 |

Appendix X Differential Gene Discovories from edgeR analysis when sex is included in the matrix of Naïve Peritoneal Tissue Resident Macrophages

Appendix XI

| Ensembl Gene ID | External Gene Name | $\log _{2}$ Fold Change | Adjusted P-Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000055435 | Maf | -7.565943543 | 2.20E-16 |
| ENSMUSG00000033278 | Ptprm | -1.245455995 | $3.78 \mathrm{E}-13$ |
| ENSMUSG00000068606 | Gm4841 | 1.858963876 | $5.13 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000005611 | Mrvi1 | -1.127668193 | $5.13 \mathrm{E}-12$ |
| ENSMUSG00000118423 | Lrrc70 | -1.255695126 | $1.33 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000025330 | Padi4 | -0.816346183 | $2.47 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000042286 | Stab1 | -0.964231488 | $2.47 \mathrm{E}-08$ |
| ENSMUSG00000017754 | Pltp | -0.831732855 | 7.85E-08 |
| ENSMUSG00000022180 | Slc7a8 | -0.966918089 | $1.18 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000074677 | Sirpb1c | 1.168612472 | $1.18 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000045165 | Al467606 | -0.700227574 | $1.16 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000090942 | F830016B08Rik | 1.019832418 | $9.08 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000073555 | Gm4951 | 0.701227434 | $1.63 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000044206 | Vsig4 | -0.648899397 | $1.83 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000017670 | Elmo2 | -0.758104077 | 3.58E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000010796 | Asz1 | -3.414962446 | $3.58 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000036019 | Tmtc2 | -2.521284585 | $3.58 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026825 | Dnm1 | -1.137469459 | $3.61 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000053062 | Jam2 | -0.708960086 | $4.97 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000010797 | Wnt2 | -0.565712285 | $5.35 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000028976 | Slc2a5 | 1.868403375 | $9.00 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000090084 | Srpx | -2.514195259 | 0.000132542 |
| ENSMUSG00000039982 | Dtx4 | -0.948796832 | 0.000206403 |
| ENSMUSG00000073678 | Pgap1 | 0.650153774 | 0.000480812 |
| ENSMUSG00000005373 | Mlxipl | -0.611839014 | 0.000480812 |
| ENSMUSG00000038843 | Gcnt1 | 1.025519772 | 0.000589301 |
| ENSMUSG00000042364 | Snx18 | -0.548723273 | 0.000686681 |
| ENSMUSG00000029287 | Tgfbr3 | -0.894707135 | 0.000722855 |
| ENSMUSG00000039191 | Rbpj | -0.546528104 | 0.000736932 |
| ENSMUSG00000064373 | Selenop | -0.526182922 | 0.000974427 |
| ENSMUSG00000035493 | Tgfbi | -0.494636213 | 0.001011195 |
| ENSMUSG00000024772 | Ehd1 | -0.561974942 | 0.001011195 |
| ENSMUSG00000036381 | P2ry14 | 0.587691822 | 0.001011195 |
| ENSMUSG00000021728 | Emb | 0.586443654 | 0.001423126 |
| ENSMUSG00000043391 | 2510009E07Rik | -0.606045404 | 0.001423126 |
| ENSMUSG00000085977 | Gm5970 | 0.922767239 | 0.001607052 |
| ENSMUSG00000051177 | Plcb1 | -0.608018937 | 0.001702909 |
| ENSMUSG00000066026 | Dhrs3 | -0.510621918 | 0.001776729 |
| ENSMUSG00000055541 | Lair1 | 0.745744889 | 0.001840098 |
| ENSMUSG00000034647 | Ankrd12 | 0.705857264 | 0.002703331 |
| ENSMUSG00000045092 | S1pr1 | -0.508666863 | 0.002799297 |


| ENSMUSG00000040855 | Reps2 | 0.75138598 | 0.002871755 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000037894 | H2az1 | 0.470235438 | 0.002895723 |
| ENSMUSG00000039629 | Strip2 | 0.908813524 | 0.003026445 |
| ENSMUSG00000059588 | Calcrl | 0.470728727 | 0.0031681 |
| ENSMUSG00000000682 | Cd52 | 0.667784473 | 0.003520086 |
| ENSMUSG00000013089 | Etv5 | -0.585910819 | 0.004399705 |
| ENSMUSG00000027692 | Tnik | 0.689225396 | 0.004484839 |
| ENSMUSG00000073902 | Gm1966 | 0.455341482 | 0.004489729 |
| ENSMUSG00000002504 | Slc9a3r2 | -0.584595972 | 0.004489729 |
| ENSMUSG00000024501 | Dpysl3 | -0.525400265 | 0.005215317 |
| ENSMUSG00000049130 | C5ar1 | -0.51543656 | 0.005215317 |
| ENSMUSG00000051495 | Irf2bp2 | -0.436408644 | 0.005215317 |
| ENSMUSG00000032289 | Thsd4 | -1.543335639 | 0.005926159 |
| ENSMUSG00000044827 | Tlr1 | 0.770727733 | 0.006245383 |
| ENSMUSG00000095609 | Gm21188 | -0.681758114 | 0.007339838 |
| ENSMUSG00000032737 | Inppl1 | -0.547464194 | 0.009547659 |
| ENSMUSG00000047798 | Cd300lf | 1.118551626 | 0.009726944 |
| ENSMUSG00000035273 | Hpse | -0.524402218 | 0.009956146 |
| ENSMUSG00000029925 | Tbxas1 | -0.537905241 | 0.009999036 |
| ENSMUSG00000090307 | 1700071M16Rik | -1.015622499 | 0.010697424 |
| ENSMUSG00000019564 | Arid3a | -0.637644912 | 0.012269513 |
| ENSMUSG00000036158 | Prickle1 | -0.868900354 | 0.012269513 |
| ENSMUSG00000030707 | Corola | 0.612458237 | 0.012670393 |
| ENSMUSG00000045502 | Hcar2 | 0.661250971 | 0.013642282 |
| ENSMUSG00000022102 | Dok2 | -0.579606764 | 0.014677371 |
| ENSMUSG00000068742 | Cry2 | 1.05472135 | 0.015075074 |
| ENSMUSG00000028011 | Tdo2 | 0.954255318 | 0.01631954 |
| ENSMUSG00000014846 | Tppp3 | -0.771005718 | 0.01631954 |
| ENSMUSG00000046410 | Kcnk6 | -0.542255532 | 0.01631954 |
| ENSMUSG00000114422 | Gm30411 | -2.076691564 | 0.01688071 |
| ENSMUSG00000031101 | Sash3 | -0.420083537 | 0.01688071 |
| ENSMUSG00000034993 | Vat1 | -0.472586525 | 0.01688071 |
| ENSMUSG00000017493 | Igfbp4 | -0.6926761 | 0.01688071 |
| ENSMUSG00000071324 | Armc2 | -1.069131817 | 0.01688071 |
| ENSMUSG00000055322 | Tns1 | -1.02629456 | 0.01688071 |
| ENSMUSG00000013584 | Aldh1a2 | -0.808199752 | 0.017568047 |
| ENSMUSG00000092021 | Gbp11 | 1.47416081 | 0.018810536 |
| ENSMUSG00000024140 | Epas1 | -0.514574113 | 0.020021127 |
| ENSMUSG00000025150 | Cbr2 | -1.282849548 | 0.020427856 |
| ENSMUSG00000060147 | Serpinb6a | -0.667608928 | 0.020429762 |
| ENSMUSG00000023992 | Trem2 | -0.708073638 | 0.021226224 |
| ENSMUSG00000027360 | Hdc | 0.413132765 | 0.021700077 |
| ENSMUSG00000060181 | Slc35e3 | -0.645651293 | 0.025200294 |
| ENSMUSG00000038807 | Rap1gap2 | -0.432821007 | 0.025200294 |
| ENSMUSG00000025511 | Tspan4 | 0.59756429 | 0.026116969 |
| ENSMUSG00000104955 | 1700016F12Rik | 1.340413337 | 0.026116969 |


| ENSMUSG00000028957 | Per3 | 2.08941888 | 0.026838623 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000053007 | Creb5 | 1.725390686 | 0.027082087 |
| ENSMUSG00000114608 | Gm36161 | -0.86734007 | 0.03051028 |
| ENSMUSG00000021477 | Ctsl | -0.431344161 | 0.031282264 |
| ENSMUSG00000020377 | Ltc4s | -0.453616129 | 0.032428783 |
| ENSMUSG00000028480 | Glipr2 | -0.634409503 | 0.033983933 |
| ENSMUSG00000023913 | Pla2g7 | -0.438437165 | 0.037121124 |
| ENSMUSG00000035891 | Cerk | -0.511205697 | 0.037121124 |
| ENSMUSG00000020604 | Arsg | -0.409510958 | 0.038801697 |
| ENSMUSG00000026991 | Pkp4 | -0.513052907 | 0.038832927 |
| ENSMUSG00000026581 | Sell | 0.63773065 | 0.038832927 |
| ENSMUSG00000001761 | Smo | -0.93031205 | 0.039047339 |
| ENSMUSG00000030678 | Maz | -0.399259281 | 0.03920088 |
| ENSMUSG00000017466 | Timp2 | -0.406066367 | 0.03931556 |
| ENSMUSG00000040564 | Apoc1 | 0.671786222 | 0.039817888 |
| ENSMUSG00000035954 | Dock4 | 0.46260914 | 0.040694408 |
| ENSMUSG00000020644 | Id2 | 0.499258023 | 0.043778349 |
| ENSMUSG00000052681 | Rap1b | -0.370354599 | 0.045330578 |
| ENSMUSG00000045664 | Cdc42ep2 | -0.709536323 | 0.045375541 |
| ENSMUSG00000046562 | Unc119b | -0.455990041 | 0.048379503 |
| ENSMUSG00000059089 | Fcgr4 | 0.578054839 | 0.048379503 |
| ENSMUSG00000060568 | Fam78b | -0.46587915 | 0.049189887 |

Appendix XI Differential Gene Discovories from DESeq2 analysis when sex is included in the matrix of Naïve Peritoneal Tissue Resident Macrophages

Appendix XII

| Ensembl Gene ID | External Gene Name | $\log _{2}$ <br> Fold Change | Adjusted <br> P-Value |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000055435 | Maf | -13.87776009 | $2.20 \mathrm{E}-25$ |
| ENSMUSG000000072294 | KIf12 | -7.645240139 | 0.000108649 |
| ENSMUSG00000029287 | Tgfbr3 | -1.361706449 | 0.00510816 |
| ENSMUSG00000092415 | Gm20513 | 5.039129868 | 0.00510816 |
| ENSMUSG00000021217 | Tshz3 | -3.694589561 | 0.020708627 |

Appendix XII Differential Gene Discovories from DESeq2 analysis in Zymosan treated Peritoneal
Tissue Resident Macrophages

Appendix XIII

| Ensembl Gene ID | External Gene Name | log $_{2}$ <br> Fold Change | Adjusted <br> P-Value |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000055435 | Maf | -12.80410169 | $1.71 \mathrm{E}-11$ |
| ENSMUSG00000029287 | Tgfbr3 | -1.324553129 | $2.97 \mathrm{E}-07$ |
| ENSMUSG00000033278 | Ptprm | -1.27645555 | $3.67 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000029581 | Fscn1 | -1.988240536 | 0.000639353 |
| ENSMUSG00000044206 | Vsig4 | -1.303300805 | 0.001745728 |
| ENSMUSG00000010796 | Asz1 | -3.315810942 | 0.007078151 |
| ENSMUSG00000036377 | C530008M17Rik | -1.06008814 | 0.011506666 |
| ENSMUSG00000029162 | Khk | 0.618562206 | 0.011506666 |
| ENSMUSG00000073409 | H2-Q6 | 1.00524329 | 0.014640539 |
| ENSMUSG00000015243 | Abca1 | -0.561707007 | 0.021074231 |
| ENSMUSG00000072294 | KIf12 | -6.568264877 | 0.031736768 |
| ENSMUSG00000024770 | Lipn | -1.192715431 | 0.031736768 |
| ENSMUSG00000022938 | Fam3b | -1.085818596 | 0.031934238 |
| ENSMUSG00000031548 | Sfrp1 | -1.945154732 | 0.051618928 |
| ENSMUSG00000067219 | Nipal1 | 0.043634413 |  |

Appendix XIII Differential Gene Discovories from edgeR analysis in Zymosan treated Peritoneal
Tissue Resident Macrophages

Appendix XIV

| Ensembl Gene ID | External Gene Name | $\begin{gathered} \log _{2} \\ \text { Fold Change } \end{gathered}$ | Adjusted P-Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000055435 | Maf | -5.055307032 | 3.68E-07 |
| ENSMUSG00000026825 | Dnm1 | -2.676150933 | 5.83E-06 |
| ENSMUSG00000002504 | Slc9a3r2 | -1.409906254 | 2.17E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000026938 | Fcna | -2.406665917 | 2.17E-05 |
| ENSMUSG00000002980 | Bcam | -1.472767121 | 0.000335434 |
| ENSMUSG00000005611 | Mrvi1 | -1.607609904 | 0.00055498 |
| ENSMUSG00000091971 | Hspa1a | -2.91352396 | 0.000765895 |
| ENSMUSG00000090877 | Hspa1b | -2.686523779 | 0.00113188 |
| ENSMUSG00000030208 | Emp1 | -1.640407064 | 0.002411463 |
| ENSMUSG00000030465 | Psd3 | -1.281035643 | 0.002530819 |
| ENSMUSG00000042286 | Stab1 | -1.652378077 | 0.002839308 |
| ENSMUSG00000004814 | Ccl24 | -2.089450473 | 0.002839308 |
| ENSMUSG00000103747 | Gm38236 | 1.344216664 | 0.003226258 |
| ENSMUSG00000015854 | Cd5I | -1.80524005 | 0.003258469 |
| ENSMUSG00000022957 | Itsn1 | -1.294583853 | 0.004396999 |
| ENSMUSG00000040722 | Scamp5 | -1.506085599 | 0.004702463 |
| ENSMUSG00000020773 | Trim47 | -1.438030005 | 0.005101941 |
| ENSMUSG00000030787 | Lyve1 | -5.474388099 | 0.005101941 |
| ENSMUSG00000045092 | S1pr1 | -2.139760421 | 0.005101941 |
| ENSMUSG00000019944 | Rhobtb1 | -0.961415115 | 0.005101941 |
| ENSMUSG00000037095 | Lrg1 | -1.368257356 | 0.006549532 |
| ENSMUSG00000006445 | Epha2 | -1.694236854 | 0.007494188 |
| ENSMUSG00000030409 | Dmpk | -2.10636995 | 0.007494188 |
| ENSMUSG00000050777 | Tmem37 | -1.111747866 | 0.007494188 |
| ENSMUSG00000019539 | Rcn3 | -1.995861088 | 0.013063324 |
| ENSMUSG00000024501 | Dpysl3 | -1.591197892 | 0.017089602 |
| ENSMUSG00000031451 | Gas6 | -3.493972174 | 0.017089602 |
| ENSMUSG00000103233 | Gm37159 | 1.220685793 | 0.018992304 |
| ENSMUSG00000029084 | Cd38 | -1.269685559 | 0.018992304 |
| ENSMUSG00000010047 | Hyal2 | -1.002550868 | 0.019672846 |
| ENSMUSG00000074677 | Sirpb1c | 1.294949373 | 0.019672846 |
| ENSMUSG00000022353 | Mtss1 | -0.773644282 | 0.020400955 |
| ENSMUSG00000015243 | Abca1 | -1.16781783 | 0.022056534 |
| ENSMUSG00000022091 | Sorbs3 | -1.853642842 | 0.022376239 |
| ENSMUSG00000014453 | Blk | -1.652543876 | 0.023884118 |
| ENSMUSG00000016024 | Lbp | -1.238924836 | 0.024029674 |
| ENSMUSG00000089542 | Gm25835 | -1.204239238 | 0.024029674 |
| ENSMUSG00000024206 | Rfx2 | -2.066462244 | 0.024029674 |
| ENSMUSG00000085247 | 4930545L23Rik | 1.271569542 | 0.027368908 |
| ENSMUSG00000019139 | Isyna1 | -1.000556948 | 0.027483154 |
| ENSMUSG00000017493 | Igfbp4 | -1.248010041 | 0.031886321 |


| ENSMUSG00000063415 | Cyp26b1 | -2.870449113 | 0.031886321 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000035373 | Ccl7 | -3.510189479 | 0.032468666 |
| ENSMUSG00000000204 | Slfn4 | -0.691374946 | 0.036343588 |
| ENSMUSG00000104888 | 1500005C15Rik | 1.273954145 | 0.036343588 |
| ENSMUSG00000055322 | Tns1 | -1.583932924 | 0.036343588 |
| ENSMUSG00000003746 | Man1a | -0.60282251 | 0.037753723 |
| ENSMUSG00000036887 | C1qa | -0.70532717 | 0.037753723 |
| ENSMUSG00000028121 | Bcar3 | -1.458402226 | 0.037753723 |
| ENSMUSG00000053559 | Smagp | -0.857962866 | 0.040688039 |
| ENSMUSG00000017466 | Timp2 | -0.977682149 | 0.042461119 |
| ENSMUSG00000079293 | Clec7a | 1.012727153 | 0.042807893 |
| ENSMUSG00000086804 | Gm43154 | -6.224344927 | NA |
| ENSMUSG00000036896 | C1qc | -0.728497707 | 0.044714928 |
| ENSMUSG00000046546 | Fam43a | -0.846688591 | 0.044714928 |
| ENSMUSG00000103546 | Gm37666 | 1.082311419 | 0.044714928 |
| ENSMUSG00000118339 | 4930592I03Rik | 1.352955878 | 0.046033482 |
| ENSMUSG00000055980 | Irs1 | -6.43810362 | 0.048117073 |
| ENSMUSG00000003420 | Fcgrt | -0.895772524 | 0.048117073 |
| ENSMUSG00000034751 | Mast4 | 1.255731174 | 0.048117073 |
| ENSMUSG00000098851 | Mir6353 | 1.412376772 | 0.048117073 |
| ENSMUSG00000044162 | Tnip3 | 0.968633001 | 0.048117073 |
| ENSMUSG00000039943 | Plcb4 | -2.648275846 | 0.048117073 |
| ENSMUSG00000040430 | Pitpnc1 | -0.692747821 | 0.048117073 |
| ENSMUSG00000032246 | Calml4 | -1.168174116 | 0.049961786 |
| ENSMUSG00000099241 | Gm18852 | 1.186896373 | 0.049961786 |
| ENSMUSG00000020823 | Sec1411 | -0.586499783 | 0.049961786 |

Appendix XIV Differential Gene Discovories from DESeq2 analysis in Zymosan-recruited Inflammatory Macrophages

Appendix XV

| Ensembl Gene ID | External Gene Name | $\begin{gathered} \log _{2} \\ \text { Fold Change } \end{gathered}$ | Adjusted P-Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENSMUSG00000055435 | Maf | -5.066407597 | $1.08 \mathrm{E}-09$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026825 | Dnm1 | -2.688058566 | $2.52 \mathrm{E}-06$ |
| ENSMUSG00000002504 | Slc9a3r2 | -1.426201263 | $1.99 \mathrm{E}-05$ |
| ENSMUSG00000026938 | Fcna | -2.420735972 | 0.000550232 |
| ENSMUSG00000030465 | Psd3 | -1.297447916 | 0.001871472 |
| ENSMUSG00000022957 | Itsn1 | -1.310296128 | 0.002558529 |
| ENSMUSG00000015854 | Cd5I | -1.820544649 | 0.002737743 |
| ENSMUSG00000030787 | Lyve1 | -5.459642967 | 0.002737743 |
| ENSMUSG00000045092 | S1pr1 | -2.156443635 | 0.002737743 |
| ENSMUSG00000002980 | Bcam | -1.490085229 | 0.004196835 |
| ENSMUSG00000020773 | Trim47 | -1.454348767 | 0.004359588 |
| ENSMUSG00000086804 | Gm43154 | -6.952301088 | 0.004359588 |
| ENSMUSG00000063415 | Cyp26b1 | -2.872980546 | 0.004972049 |
| ENSMUSG00000030208 | Emp1 | -1.654308559 | 0.004972049 |
| ENSMUSG00000030409 | Dmpk | -2.122983943 | 0.005171314 |
| ENSMUSG00000091971 | Hspa1a | -2.93098728 | 0.00808136 |
| ENSMUSG00000040722 | Scamp5 | -1.520459022 | 0.008999087 |
| ENSMUSG00000006445 | Epha2 | -1.710406583 | 0.008999087 |
| ENSMUSG00000042286 | Stab1 | -1.666519411 | 0.008999087 |
| ENSMUSG00000090877 | Hspa1b | -2.705041361 | 0.009307218 |
| ENSMUSG00000005611 | Mrvi1 | -1.622256367 | 0.01008902 |
| ENSMUSG00000081164 | Gm8722 | 3.648635604 | 0.01008902 |
| ENSMUSG00000004814 | Ccl24 | -2.105905531 | 0.01008902 |
| ENSMUSG00000074677 | Sirpb1c | 1.279996785 | 0.013979921 |
| ENSMUSG00000022091 | Sorbs3 | -1.870120482 | 0.017484452 |
| ENSMUSG00000055980 | Irs1 | -7.174493835 | 0.020296654 |
| ENSMUSG00000015243 | Abca1 | -1.183921901 | 0.020296654 |
| ENSMUSG00000025150 | Cbr2 | -2.602031381 | 0.022208351 |
| ENSMUSG00000057457 | Phex | 4.47970828 | 0.022499481 |
| ENSMUSG00000032725 | Folr2 | -3.314443895 | 0.022499481 |
| ENSMUSG00000017466 | Timp2 | -0.99469408 | 0.024865988 |
| ENSMUSG00000027209 | Fam227b | 2.93843106 | 0.027788586 |
| ENSMUSG00000029084 | Cd38 | -1.283228483 | 0.029565801 |
| ENSMUSG00000022132 | Cldn10 | -2.287653096 | 0.03172976 |
| ENSMUSG00000074115 | Saa1 | -4.112970292 | 0.036194473 |
| ENSMUSG00000048138 | Dmrt2 | -5.906801965 | 0.036194473 |
| ENSMUSG00000039943 | Plcb4 | -2.661637443 | 0.036251372 |
| ENSMUSG00000065573 | Mir350 | 2.31519616 | 0.036251372 |
| ENSMUSG00000019944 | Rhobtb1 | -0.977964651 | 0.036251372 |
| ENSMUSG00000017493 | Igfbp4 | -1.262072911 | 0.038916212 |
| ENSMUSG00000034487 | Poglut3 | -1.445490177 | 0.040705953 |


| ENSMUSG00000016024 | Lbp | -1.25365261 | 0.040705953 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| ENSMUSG00000037095 | Lrg1 | -1.383078488 | 0.043939828 |
| ENSMUSG00000026482 | Rgl1 | -1.17535186 | 0.049495557 |
| ENSMUSG000000023931 | Efhb | -5.83776009 | 0.049495557 |

Appendix XV Differential Gene Discovories from edgeR analysis in Zymosan-recruited Inflammatory Macrophages


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