# Consistently "Walking the Walk" Partial Weight Bearing: Implications for Practice



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#### Introduction

❖ Partial Weight Bearing (PWB) is commonly taught by physiotherapists. The rationale is a reduced load through an affected limb, implemented at the appropriate time, will enhance stabilisation and bone healing, thus reducing the risk of potential malalignment (Soloman et al, 2005). However, it remains unclear if subjects are consistent in effectively transmitting the advised load.

#### Aim

To see if subjects are able to consistently repeat their perceived level of partial weight bearing (50%) over 3 consecutive days.

#### Method

- Convenience sample of healthy subjects (n = 13)
- Measured over 3 consecutive days using a Kistler Force Platform; 3 attempts on each day (mean calculated)
- Standardised instructions including the use of the same footwear
- Analysed descriptively and using intra class correlation coefficients (ICC's)

## Results

- Day 1: 393.77N (±165.49)
- Day 2: 361.17N (±188.40)
- Day 3: 344.04N (±184.82)

Mean PMB decreased by 8% on day 2, and by 13 % on day 3 (when compared with day 1.

ICC = .924

# Conclusion

- The overall level of reliability of PWB was excellent (Landis and Koch, 1977), but there was tendency for the load to decrease progressively over 3 days
- This suggests clinicians can be confident that perceived PWB is applied consistently thus enhancing the desired goals of stabilisation and bone healing

### References

- Landis J and Koch G (1977). The Measurement of Observer Agreement for Categorical Data. Biometrics 33 (1) 159 – 174
- Solomon L, Warwick D, Nayagam S (2005) Apley's concise system of orthopaedics and fractures (3<sup>rd</sup> ed). London; Arnold



Figure 1: Walking with Elbow Crutches PWB



Figure 2: PWB on Force Platform

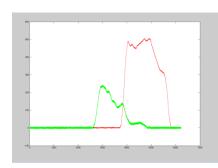


Figure 3: Kistler Platform Output: green line PWB; red line, FWB